

Classification of Data

Classification is the grouping of related facts into different classes

Facts in one class differ from those of another class with respect to some characteristics called a basis of classification.

Class	Number of Students
0-10	5
10-20	6
20-30	8
30-40	2
40-50	1

Types of Classification

- ① Geographically i.e. area wise
- ② Chronological, i.e., on the basis of time
- ③ Qualitative i.e., according to some attributes
- ④ Quantitative i.e., in terms of magnitude