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Дифференцирование композиции
                  1) f: X \to Y, X \subset \mathbb{R}^m, Y \subset \mathbb{R}^n, f \in D(x)
Teopana
                  2) g: Y \to \mathbb{R}^k, g \in D(y), y = f(x)
  f(x) \Rightarrow g(f(x)) \in D(x), npureu
   d(g(f))(x): T_x/R^m \to T_g(f(x))/R^k en kounguyun
     guappepeuguanob df(x): T_x \mathbb{R}^m \to T_{y=f(x)} \mathbb{R}^n
                                      dg(y): T_g \mathbb{R}^n \to T_{g(y)} \mathbb{R}^K \left( y = f(K) \right)
Uges gonogailersala
     g(f(x+h)) - g(f(x)) = dg(y)(f(x+h)-f(x)) + \overline{O}(f(x+h)-f(x)) =
=dg(y)(df(x)h+\bar{O}(h))+\bar{O}(f(x+h)-f(x))=
= dg(y)(df(x)h) + dg(y)(\overline{o}(h)) + \overline{o}(f(x+h)-f(x))
                                      d(x, h)
  Kounozugud
 gu q quepeu yuand
   (dg(g)(\bar{o}(h)) = \bar{o}(h)
  \int f(x+h) - f(x) = df(x)h + \overline{O}(h) = \underline{O}(h) + \overline{O}(h) = \underline{O}(h) \quad (h \to 0)
  \int_{\overline{O}} (f(x+h) - f(x)) = \overline{O}(Q(h)) = \overline{O}(h)
     \Rightarrow \lambda(x,h) = \overline{O}(h)
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$$\frac{B}{f} \underbrace{capguation}_{f(x', \dots, x'')} \underbrace{gpound}_{f(x', \dots, x'')} = \underbrace{f'(x', \dots, x'')}_{f'(x', \dots, x'')}, df(x) = \underbrace{df'(x', \dots, x'')}_{df'(x', \dots, x'')}, h = \underbrace{\int_{-1}^{1} \underbrace{\partial f'}_{\partial x'} h'}_{f'(x', \dots, x'')} = \underbrace{\int_{-1}^{1} \underbrace{\partial f'}_{\partial x'} h'}_{f'(x', \dots, x'')} = \underbrace{\int_{-1}^{1} \underbrace{\partial f'}_{\partial x'} dx'}_{f'(x', \dots, x'')}_{f'(x', \dots, x'')} = \underbrace{\int_{-1}^{1} \underbrace{\partial f'}_{\partial x'} dx'}_{f'(x', \dots, x'')}_{f'(x'$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
O \quad \text{rackulx} \quad \text{upayboguex} \\
\varphi(x) = g(f(x)) : X \rightarrow R^{k}, X < IR^{m} \\
\rho(x) = \begin{cases} \varphi(x) \\ \varphi(x) \end{cases} \\
d\varphi^{\beta}(x) h = \frac{\partial \varphi^{\beta}}{\partial x^{i}} f^{i} + \frac{\partial \varphi^{\beta}}{\partial x^{i}} f$$

Apory bogueur no nanjabronna u spagneni f: U(xo) → IR, U(xo) CIRM (Oxpectaocoo Torka xo & IRM) VET XO IRM (V- BEKROP, NAMICIMEANGER K TOKE NO) Oup Apocy Boguoù grynkgun f Bronce xo no bereopy v Heyerbaeral  $D_{v} f(x_{0}) = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{f(x_{0} + v t) - f(x_{0})}{t}$   $(vt = \begin{pmatrix} v^{1} \\ \vdots \\ v^{m} \end{pmatrix} \cdot t = \begin{pmatrix} tv^{1} \\ \vdots \\ tv^{m} \end{pmatrix})$ 3 aurera une 1 Eune  $x(t) = x_0 + \vartheta t$ ,  $\tau 0$  $D_{r}f(x_{0}) = \frac{d(f(x(t))(0))}{dt}(0) = df(x_{0})v \Leftrightarrow$  $\Rightarrow p_{\nu}f(x_0) = \underbrace{\partial f}_{\partial x_1}(x_0)v^1 + \dots + \underbrace{\partial f}_{\partial x_m}(x_0)v^m$ Barneraceur 2 Eans  $V = (0, ..., 0, 1, 0..., 0) = l_{ij} TO$  $D_{v}f(x_{0}) = D_{e_{i}}f(x_{0}) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_{i}}(x_{0})$ ( hpocyboguai no Sagucnany benespy cobhagair c coorbercibyousen racinol- upogboguoù) Baneralier 3 Mpocipación Rem nermo pacanaficibalis как ввинидово пропранство (пространство со сканериван Mocybegeauau). Eara V, W & Txo Rm, TO (v, w) = v<sup>4</sup>w<sup>4</sup>+v<sup>2</sup>w<sup>2</sup>+...+v<sup>m</sup>w<sup>m</sup> (oupe geneume chance pane)

3ameranne 4 B ebunagiban upat panethe

110 Sand unional grynagial menne Jons upequabiena

120 kak chanepuse upaybigence Lx = (3, x), 3- nearotoper bearop.

3 centera come 5  $\exists 3 \in T_{x_0} \mid R^m : df(x_0)v = (3, v)$ Oup Berrop 3, onpegendent zamerannens, Royabarras paquentom f(x) Broke Xo 3 anera une 6 grad  $f(x_0) = (\frac{\partial f}{\partial x^1}(x_0), -, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^m}(x_0))$ Bancerauue 7 Eura e E Txo Rm- eganceraum bevorp. ((e,e)=1),  $\tau o$   $P_{e}f(x_{o})=|gradf(x_{o})|\cos\varphi$ , rgeφ - yron memogy bearrhann e u granf l w)

Now memogy bearrhann v, wseayabacene φ =  $arccos \frac{(V, w)}{|V|, |w|}$ , rge |V| = V(V, V)', |w| = V(w, w)'Def(xo) = (grad f(xo), e) = | grad f(xo)|. |e|. ces q

Dewel,

Bameranue B max Def(xo) = | gradf(xo) |, upurene ef TxoRm | el = 1

TOT mannaya gottmatth, ean gradf(xo) 11 e.

Dup Eun l-equiensuois le exop, 70 munuer-60 Berropob {te, tek, t>0} ieagubaerne manyabelucien berrona l. beriopa e.

Oup Bereurua Deflxo), rge e-equacionasió bereop, regorbater proceso procesos preservas flxo) no reaupoblemos e  $\left(D_{\epsilon}f(x_{0})=\frac{\partial f}{\partial e}(x_{0})\right)$ 

3 aucerance 9 He Fd1, --- dm : e=(ces d1, ces d2) --- ces dm)

nanpabulongue koxungen bearopa C

Koopgueeinen gopma upoug bog uos no naujabrenmo  $Def(\kappa) = \frac{\partial f(\kappa)}{\partial \rho} = \frac{\partial f(\kappa)}{\partial r} (\kappa_0) ces d_1 + \dots + \frac{\partial f(\kappa_0)}{\partial r} (\kappa_0) ces d_m$ Duggepenengapobanae coparnos grynryuu  $f: U(x) \rightarrow V(y)$ ,  $U(x) \subset IR^m$ ,  $V(y) \subset IR^m$ , y=f(x)/ copeua  $f \in C(x)$  (respeptible  $\beta$  torse x) 3)  $\exists f^{-1}, V(g) \Rightarrow U(x), f^{-1} \in C(g)$ 4) f ED(x) (gapppeagupgena 67. X) 5) OroSpæneeure  $df(x): T_x \mathbb{R}^m \to T_y \mathbb{R}^m$  uncer Spennee oroSpanneaue  $(df(x))^1: T_y \mathbb{R}^m \to T_x \mathbb{R}^m$ 1)2)3)4)5) => f<sup>-1</sup> ED(y), maren  $df^{-1}(y) = \left(df(x)\right)^{-1}$  $\frac{B}{y} = f(x), \quad y = \begin{pmatrix} y' \\ y'' \end{pmatrix} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ x'' \end{pmatrix}, \quad f \in D(x) \Rightarrow$  $df(x)h = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^{i}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^{i}} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^{i}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^{m}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h \\ h \\ h \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \partial_{i}f(x) \end{pmatrix} h$  $x = f^{-1}(y) = \rho(y)$   $d f^{-1}(y) t = \begin{cases} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y^{1}} & \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y^{1}} & \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y^{1}} \\ \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y^{1}} & \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y^{m}} & \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y^{m}} \end{cases} = (\frac{\partial_{x}}{\partial_{x}} \varphi^{\beta}(y)) t$ 

Eun Bornonneum yourblue Tegrena, TO  $\left(\partial_{x}\varphi^{\beta}(y)\right)^{-1}=\left(\partial_{i}f'(x)\right)\qquad \left(y=f(x)\right)$ Т. е. местрици Якоби взаимно обративний Взаимно ображен взашино ображен  $\varphi = f^{-1} \Rightarrow x = \varphi(f(x))$   $\gamma = f^{-1} \Rightarrow \varphi(f(x)) \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x^{j}} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{each } i = j \\ 0, & \text{each } i \neq j \end{cases}$   $\gamma = f^{-1} \Rightarrow \chi = \varphi(f(x)) \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x^{j}} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{each } i \neq j \\ 0, & \text{each } i \neq j \end{cases}$   $\gamma = f^{-1} \Rightarrow \chi = \varphi(f(x)) \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x^{j}} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{each } i \neq j \\ 0, & \text{each } i \neq j \end{cases}$ T. e.  $d\psi(x)h = Eh$ , rge E- equicipal leathaga. С другой стороии,  $d\psi(x)h = d\varphi(y) \circ df(x)h = \partial_x \varphi^{\beta}(y) \cdot \partial_i f^{j}(x)h$ 3 amerance det (2, ply) +0; det (2; f'(x)) +0 П-теорила) O rather wholespoaner Berchenx national  $y = f(x) : \mathbb{R}^m \to \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f(x) \in D^2(G)$   $G' = \delta u a cas G \mathbb{R}^m$ Oup  $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x^i \partial x^j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x^i} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x^j} \right)$ Teopaua 1) f: G - IR, GC IRM 2) fe D(G), T.e. tx EG, tij J DxiDxi 3)  $\exists x \in G': \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x^i \partial x^j} \in C(x), \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x^i \partial x^i} \in C(x), i \neq j$  $(2)(3) \Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^i \partial x^j}(x) = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^i \partial x^i}(x)$