Daggepenengupobaciae grynagua Receasion upparelución Onp $f: E \to \mathbb{R}^m$, $E \subset \mathbb{R}^m$ regulateral graphen function of take $x \in E$ (x-n) graphen graphen $E \in E$ $f(x+h)-f(x)=b(x)h+\lambda(x,h), \qquad (*)$ rge L(x): RM-- uneand gryunged by $d(x, h) = \bar{\partial}(h)$, ever $h \to 0$, $x + h \in E$ Konnecagua Munermon negabaren grynrycal L, yychuet boplewegal ch by: L: RM > IR": $\forall h_1, h_2 \in \mathbb{R}^m$: $L(\lambda_1 h_1 + \lambda_2 h_2) = \lambda_1 L(h_1) + \lambda_2 L(h_2), \lambda_1, \lambda_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ Ecrece h = (h' - h'') TO $L_{1}(x)h = A(x)\cdot h = \begin{cases} a_{11} & a_{12} - a_{1m} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} - a_{2m} \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} - a_{mn} \\ h'' & \end{cases} \qquad 0 : f = a_{ij}(x) : R'' \Rightarrow R$ Bracinoau, eau f: E→R, To freguebacial gapppepengupgende 6 mue XEECIRM (X npégenéreau mua E) Quea $f(x+h) - f(x) = A'(x)h^{1} + A'(x)h^{2} + ... + A''(x)h'' + J(x,h),$ $rg d(x,h) \rightarrow 0$ upa $h \rightarrow 0$. (x+h $\in E$) <u> 3ameranae</u> $\Delta x(h) = (x+h) - x = h - npapauseneae aprymonta$ $\Delta f(x,h) = f(x+h) - f(x) - upaparasenae granagua$ Oup* Pyungue L(x): 1km x kn b (x) nagubaeral: $\begin{cases} \frac{\text{gagagepensulation}}{\text{Ka catenessen brognamessen}} & \text{gapanessen } \\ \frac{\text{Ka catenessen brognamessen}}{\text{Npour bogname orognamessensen}} & \text{Brown } \mathcal{X}. \end{cases}$

Odozuanemu df(x), Df(x), f'(x) $T.o, \qquad \Delta f(x,h) = df(x)h + L(x,h)$ 3 ameraine 2h? colongunos bensols, npunamentaix KTOWE X. Our odpaggior bekopuse upocipaucibo pajuepuour M, osoznaraanol Te Rin u najubaanol Kacareleseer njoupacoiban K IRM browne X hobep xwo w b (Rm) Bamerauce lunewice orogenneuce df(x) ects OTOSparuecica TCIRM > Tfx) RM. Yacanoce mousboquel Ty cro f(x) = (f(x), f(x), --, f(x)) $L(x) = \left(L'(x), L'(x), ---L''(x)\right)$ $(x) \iff f^{i}(x+h) - f^{i}(x) = L^{i}(x)h + L^{i}(x,h),$ i=1,2,--- 4. $L^{i}(x): \mathbb{R}^{m} \to \mathbb{R}^{-}$ remembre grynkynd, Li(x, h) → 0 wa h→0, x+h∈E. ∀i=1,2,...n. YTG. (f: E → IR" (ECIRM), gargapepenceappens bronce XEE (x- npegenteral gene E)) = (+i=1,2...n: f'; E→ R gargarepeusupgeeu & T.X)

В дань нешени буден расслестрован другикани. f: E = IR (ECIRM), T. C.
que gaggepousquede b T. x (hpegenende KE) grynnym f; $f(x^1+h^1,...,x^m+h^m)-f(x',...,x^m)=$ $= A^{2}(x)h^{2} + - - + A^{m}(x)h^{m} + \overline{O}(h) \qquad (h \to 0, x + h \in E)$ Budepau hi=0, eau jti (r.e. hyuò h=(0, ... 0, h, 0... 0). Taga: $f(x^1, ..., x^{i_1}, x^{i_1}h^i, x^{i_1}, ..., x^m) - f(x^1, ..., x^m) =$ $=A^{i}(x)h^{i}+\overline{O}(h^{i}) \quad \text{we } h^{i} \to 0$ Torgai $A^{i}(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x^{i}, \dots, x^{i+h}, \dots, x^{m}) - f(x^{i}, \dots, x^{m})}{h}$ Oboquanum: $A^{i}(x) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^{i}}(x) - \text{variance upour boqueal or}$ quyuuyuu f(x) no neperencuoù χ^{i} b ronke xThumb $f(x, y, z) = and f(xy^2) + e^2$ $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{y^2}{1 + x^2 y^4}$ $\int \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{2xy}{1 + x^2 y^4}$ $\int \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = e^2$ 46 Eura grynngud f: E-IR (ECIRM) guggepepengufigure la bayThennew mue XEE, TO 8 From Torne cycise abyrot tactuoil impoces bogusel son gryangue no Ramgon repetituade aparen gagsgrepassian oguequanto oupegentellatel maner uporgbogueena. Bluge $df(x)h = \frac{\partial f(x)h^{1}}{\partial x^{1}}(x)h^{1} + \dots + \frac{\partial f(x)h^{m}}{\partial x^{m}}(x)h^{m} =$ $= \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{\int_{X_{i}}^{x}(x)h^{i}}{\partial x^{i}} = \frac{\int_{X_{i}}^{x}(x)h^{i}}{\partial x^{i}}$ $= \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{\int_{X_{i}}^{x}(x)h^{i}}{\partial x^{i}} = \frac{\int_{X_{i}}^{x}(x)$

Thump Tyus f(x)=xi (T.H. moergue) $f(x+h) - f(x) = x^i + h^i - x^i = h^i \quad uell$ $\Delta f(x,h) = h^2 \implies \Delta f(x,h) = df(x)h$ no! $f=x^i \Rightarrow dx^i(x)h = dx^ih = h^i$ Temps f: E > IR", ECIRM, SCEE, x-bugipennes Torka E, u $f \in D(x)$ (gaggepeneagypyena 6 True x) $\frac{\partial f(x)h}{\partial f(x)h} = \frac{\partial f(x)h}{\partial x^{i}} = \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x^{i}} = \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x^{i}} + \frac{\partial$ $\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial f^{J}(x)}{\partial x^{i}}(x)\right) -$ D(f,-fn)
D(x1,--xm)
(gpgroe oбозначение) - marjaya looda (akodian) f 070 Thanneual f Bronke X. Bameralue 4 aux 9 10 Suanom Lecyalacerot det(2f(x)) = 2f(x) (oupegenuters) 46. Eun grynnyme gagsgepengaggena 6 rome, TO ona henpepalua B ma Torke (Dominuo orelaquad grave, areggiocesad us apregendad

Bameraune Cyciseabobinne zaanux npocesbognoix grynnym В тогие не гарантируя дирорересицируемой другиция в son Toke. Thurse $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 0, ear xy = 0 \\ 1, ear xy \neq 0 \end{cases}$ $f(0,y)=0 \Rightarrow \frac{3 + 1}{3y}\Big|_{x=0} = 0$ $f(x,0)=0 \Rightarrow J(x)=0$ Ho! f(x,y) pagnorbua 6 roske (0,0), T. e. he escalette gaggepenousupgened l' son rome. 476. Origaneme gagopepenengaplaceal remodera. (3 gecs noy onepayuée yceopepeperesupolance nomeneral conociabeaux granques et gaggérensiale 6 rouce) $d(\lambda_1 f_1 + \lambda_2 f_2)(x) = \lambda_1 df_1(x) + \lambda_2 df_2(x)$, $\lambda_1, \lambda_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ (enu, vouenno, f_1 u f_2 gappepengupgenen f_2 f_3 f_4 f_5 f_6 f_7 f_8 f_8 476. 1) f; E > IR, g; E > IR, ECIRM 2) $f \in D(x)$, $g \in D(x)$, $x \in E(x-buy)$ pour (x-buy) $1)2) \Rightarrow a) d(f \cdot g)(x) = g(x) df(x) + f(x) dg(x)$ $\delta) d\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{g(x)df(x) - f(x)dg(x)}{g^2(x)} \left(\frac{g(x)f(x)}{g(x)}\right)$