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He coou benuoe un espaise
 \frac{Oup}{I} \quad f(x): [a; +\infty) \rightarrow /R, \quad \forall \, \theta > a: \, f(x) \in \mathcal{R}[a, \theta]
       Berunua  \int_{\beta}^{+\infty} f(x) dx = \lim_{\beta \to +\infty} \int_{\beta}^{\beta} f(x) dx, \quad (*)
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  ne cotabenaine unterpreneous of f(x) no upassenigities
  [a;+\infty] (necodabeansia metapan mega).
Oup Tobapet, no unaspeur Sflx)dx exogeth, lance
  cyusen byet kanerusia njugen (*).
B npotuluoru angrae robopet, no unterpan pacxoquitel
 Принер (интеграл Дирихие)
     \int_{1}^{b} \frac{dx}{x^{d}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{1-d} x^{1-d} \Big|_{1}^{b} = \frac{1}{1-d} \left( \frac{1}{b^{d-1}} - 1 \right), & \text{ean } d \neq 1 \\ \ln x \Big|_{1}^{b} = \ln b, & \text{ean } d = 1 \end{cases}
      lim \int \frac{dx}{x^d} = \int \frac{1}{d-1}, lance d > 1

\delta \to \infty, lance d < 1
 Taucen odjegan,
             \int \frac{dx}{x^{d}}
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 $\underline{Oup}_{\overline{I}} \qquad f(x): [a, B) \rightarrow IR, \qquad \forall \ a < b < B: f(x) \in \mathcal{R}[a; B]$ Benurceaa $\int f(x) dx = \lim_{\beta \to B-0} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx, \quad (**)$ lena cycisetiblet FOT upoget, nagabateth

LecoScibenasin uniterparane of f(x) no nposeeringthese

[a; B) (necoscibenasia antipas Broposo poga). Oup Toboper, un unterpar Sf(x) de Cxoquete earce Bupoinbuan angua roloper, no une par paexognetal. Bailierauce B Unterpail Sf(x) dx moment packogetal, eau grynogene тиш В. <u>3αχιεταμμε</u> Αμαμονωνιών στραμα μομονων ομεσμαίτο πωτεκρών οτ γραμαμαί, ομροσωνίων κα προευνωστιαχ $(-\infty, b]$, (A, b], a τακκίε $(-\infty; +\infty)$, (A, B). Musico (unterpais Dupaxee) $\int_{\alpha}^{1} \frac{dx}{x^{d}} = \int_{\alpha}^{1-d} \frac{1}{1-d} x^{1-d} = \frac{1}{1-d} \left(1 - \alpha^{1-d}\right), \text{ even } d \neq 1$ $\lim_{\alpha} x \Big|_{\alpha}^{1} = - \ln \alpha \qquad \text{even } d = 1$ $\lim_{\alpha \to 0+} \int_{\alpha}^{1} \frac{dx}{x^{\alpha}} = \int_{-\infty}^{1} \frac{1}{1-\lambda} \quad \text{lead } \lambda < 1$ $0 \to 0+ \int_{\alpha}^{1} \frac{dx}{x^{\alpha}} = \int_{-\infty}^{1} \frac{1}{1-\lambda} \quad \text{lead } \lambda < 1$

Taxum objeyom, $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{x^{d}} \qquad \text{cxogutal uper } d < 1$ parxonethe ma d > 1 3 ameranae Ean $f(x):[a;B]V(B;B] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ monno robopuis of $\int f(x) dx$ coodennocisio ma x = BB From alyrae ecrecibenno orutais, tio $\int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) dx + \int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) dx = cxoquial, earn$ сходети оба интеграна в правой гасти равенства. Themop $\int_{-1}^{2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{|x|'}} = \int_{-1}^{2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-x}} + \int_{-1}^{2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}} = -2\sqrt{-x'} + 2\sqrt{x} \Big|_{0}^{2} =$ = 2+2=4 > OSce unterface $\frac{cxogetal}{1}$ ma x=0. Thereop $\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x} = \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x} + \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x} \Rightarrow unterpart hackogaital,$ $V.p. \int \frac{dx}{x} = \lim_{\varepsilon \to 0} \left(\int \frac{dx}{x} + \int \frac{dx}{x} \right) =$ $=\lim_{\xi \to 0} \left(\ln |\mathbf{x}| \right)^{-\xi} + \ln |\mathbf{x}| \left(\frac{1}{\xi} \right) = \lim_{\xi \to 0} \left(\ln \xi - \ln \xi \right) = 0$ V.p. (valeur principale de Cauchy)-- mabrier zua reune 6 avenure Koun.

4) $\varphi:[d,\chi) \to [a,\omega)$, $\varphi \in C^1[d,\chi)$, φ corpor decuciona mald, χ), $\varphi(d) = a$, $\lim_{\beta \to \chi} \varphi(\beta) = \omega$.

To $\int_{a}^{\omega} f(x)dx$ in $\int_{a}^{\omega} f(x)dx$ exogetal use packogetal ognospheneumo. T_{a} o, exogenous use packoguseous necoalisements unterpassa expogneetas hobegenesse pyrayua b oxpeations, coole anotal $x=\omega$.

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Thanker $\int \frac{8n(x^4+x^2+3)}{x^2} dx \rightarrow cxoguire a xomorno, T.K.$ $\left|\frac{Sin(x^4+x^2+1)}{x^2}\right| \leq \frac{1}{x^2}$, a $\int \frac{dx}{x^2} - cxoguital$ Cueque (hpegenenoin upaquex chabacual)

Ean banonneme yandar 1) 2) Teoperan u $f(x) \ge 0$, $g(x) \ge 0$, TO $\frac{1}{x \to \omega} \lim_{\alpha \to \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = A, \quad A \ne 0, \quad A \in \mathbb{R}, \quad TO$ $\omega \qquad \chi \in [a, \omega) \qquad \omega \qquad \chi \in [a, \omega) \qquad \chi \in$ $\frac{D \cdot 60}{\sum_{x \neq \omega} g(x)} = A \Rightarrow \forall \xi \neq 0 \exists \xi \in [a, \omega]:$ $x \in [a, \omega]$ $x \in [a, \omega]$, x > 6: $A - \varepsilon < \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} < A + \varepsilon$ Tyero $\varepsilon < A$ traga $(A - \varepsilon)g(x) < f(x) < (A + \varepsilon)g(x) \Rightarrow g(a)ee$ an njegnggusee areguser Liegibel Byasbalx Teopensi lain f(x)~g(x) max=w TO Sf(x)dx u Sg(x)dx cxogetal au paixogetal однов решению. 1 panepar J. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \, dx}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} ; \quad \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} \sim \frac{1}{\chi^{3k}} \quad \text{who } x \to +\infty; \quad \frac{3}{2} > 1 - c \text{ regular}$

2. $\int e^{-x^2} dx$: $0 < e^{-x^2} e^{-x}$ you x > 1, $\int e^{-x} dx - cxoguita \Rightarrow$ => ucxogueres un rupai exoguéal 3. $\int \frac{dx}{\ln x} : \frac{1}{\ln x} > \frac{1}{x} \quad \text{what gottations fixe-constraints} \int \frac{dx}{x} - \text{hack operator} \Rightarrow \text{uck operator} \quad \text{untilpast packoguital.}$ 4. $\int_{-\infty}^{\frac{11}{2}} \ln \sin x \, dx \qquad (oco Seu u o a o u pa x = 0)$ Max = Ot: In sinx ~ lux < 1/x (7.16. lim Vx lux = 0) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}} - cxoguial \Rightarrow ucxogua autenpal exoguial.$ Onp Ecre recoxebenação unterpas exoguital, no re adomotho, to robopute, no on exoguital garobuo Thumber $\int \frac{81000}{x} dx = -\int \frac{d\cos x}{x} = -\frac{\cos x}{x} - \int \frac{\cos x}{x^2} dx = -\int \frac{\cos x}{x} dx = -\int \frac{\cos x}{x^2} dx = -\int \frac{\cos x}{x^2} dx \Rightarrow Cxoguill$ $\int \frac{|\sin x|}{|x|} dx \ge \int \frac{\sin^2 x}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{|-\cos^2 x|}{|x|} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{dx}{|x|} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos^2 x}{|x|} dx$ $= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{|\sin x|}{|x|} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{|\cos^2 x|}{|x|} dx$

$$\int_{R}^{R} \frac{ca7x}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{R}^{R} \frac{dsun^2x}{x} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{sun^2x}{x} \int_{R}^{R} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{R}^{R} \frac{sun^2x}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \frac{sun^2x}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{R}^{R} \frac{sun^2x}{x^2} dx - cxoguzux = \frac{1}{2} \frac{sun^2x}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{R}^{R} \frac{sun^2x}{x^2} dx - cxoguzux = \frac{1}{2} \frac{su$$

 $\frac{D-60}{b_{2}} + b_{1}, b_{2} \in [a, \omega) = 3 \in (b_{1}, b_{2}):$ $\int_{b_{1}}^{b_{2}} (f(x) \cdot g(x)) dx = g(b_{1}) \int_{a}^{b_{1}} f(x) dx + g(b_{2}) \int_{b_{1}}^{b_{2}} f(x) dx \quad (*)(v)$ (au. Bropigio Teopeny o chequen gue naturpara) Eun Banonneau garobal de 1 4 ps), 70 l'emig exognicion strond strongues Sf(x)dx) u Sf(x)dx/ menone regerais kan grogue mannen 6, 1 (menome 4 2 > 0) (an kparepair Koua que recodirbeauno un respana) T. K. g(x) - requirence, T. e. |g(x)| < C, $C \in \mathbb{R}$, $x \in Sa$, ω), TO 600 upabyo ració (*)(V) monuo equead no accomorno Benarane macascercà ran 20É, => gold unterpana f f(x) g(x) dx bounceente kpatepaa Koum. Eura banonneur garcher de de pr) 4 pr), 70 bereviais g(bi) u g(bi) monião equado leas gróquo mantama (mensione \$400), B TO Brench Wick B comen or panconara F(b), kangan us unterpand b mabou racia (x)(v) манно ограничеть (по абсолютной велание) ревоторой диксированной канстантой), то ест и в жи анутае que nurerpaira. I flx) g(x) dx la nameeral xparegrain Kocence.