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Student Notebooks

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Crafts And Industries.

Exercise

Q1) ~~Ab~~ Short answer questions:-

Q1) Which Indian Items were in great demand in Pre - British era?

Ans The Indian Handicrafts ~~were~~ Items were in great demand in Pre - British era.

Q2) Explain 'Domestic' system?

Ans The productions system which is not satisfied specify the growing demand goods a new method called Domestic system.

Q3) What type of machine were invented in the factory system

~~Q3)~~ There were spinning wheel, weavers and spinning machine were invented in the factory system.

~~Q4)~~ What happen to Indian artisans because of building of Suez Canal?

~~Q4)~~ After building Suez Canal, the trade became faster & so British import large number of good so the handicraft were delivered.

Q5) Define De-industrialization.

~~Q5)~~ It is a process by which one company or industry did not provide any loan, benefit of Banking and other thing to other industry and also discriminate with it.

To Long Answer type Questions:-

Q1. What was the result of Industrial Revolution?

~~Ans~~ The Result of Industrial Revolution were:-

- After 1757, more and more areas came under the direct control of the Company.
- Roads were also improved and canal and Railway system were made to import in India and trade fastly.
- After building of suez canal England became closer and it became cheaper to bring goods in India.
- British goods coming to India without tax but Indian goods were bounded with tax. This way British materials get cheaper and people started buying it.
- The Indian Handicraft goods were unable to compete against the much cheaper of British mill. Indian goods also face heavy duties.

Q2. Enumerate the factors that led to the downfall of Indian handicrafts.

Ans Factors led to downfall of Indian Industry are as follows:-

- Imposition of heavy duties on Indian goods.
- The British policy of free trade in India.
- Exporting raw material from India in large quantities.
- Operation of weavers as they were paid less amount than usual.
- The unfair competition with British machine made goods.
- Bad attitude of British toward Indian.

Q3 Why did living conditions become deplorable in towns during the Industrial revolution?

Ans During the Industrial revolution rate of production went up new luxury goods were produced. This caused large population migration towards towns and cities. As people crowded the condition

of living became bad because of housing and sanitation problems. Poor sewerage system led to the epidemics of people and animals. Women and workers were employed in large no in factories without safety, etc.

Q4. What were the consequences of free trade in India?

Ans

There were following consequences :-

- Due to this the Indians handicrafts were exposed to an unequal competition of machine made goods from British.
- Indian handmade goods which competed with British products were subjected to heavy duties when exported, but British did not pay duties. This led to decline of Indian export market.
- The British commercial policy was guided by the needs of British Industry.

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Q5. Cotton textiles in India have now become a well established manufacturing industries. Give reason in support your answer.

A5. Cotton textiles in India have now become a well established manufacturing industry and employ more workers than any other sector. The textile industry of India is undergoing a major relationship towards non-clothing application of textiles known as technical textile.

- * The variety of Indian Handicrafts are different all over the world.
- Our main Export market is Russia.