

CH-73

Judiciary System In India :-

Exercises.

A. Short Answer type questions:

Q1. What are the two types of cases in which the court deals with?

Ans The Court deals with civil and criminal cases.

Q2. Which process is called impeachment?

Ans The Process of removing any Judge or minister from his office who he ~~is~~ is found guilty is called. Impeachment.

Q3. What are the qualifications to become the chief Justice of supreme court?

Ques. For appointment as a Judge after Supreme Court a person must:-

- be the Citizen of India,
- have served as an Advocate in a High Court for at least 10 years
- or he should be a distinguished Jurist in eyes of the President.

Q4. What is an FIR? What is its importance?

Ans FIR means First information report which is received by Police officer this is given about the commission of a crime. Its importance is that from that as first guilty Report is FIR & we use to find and hear the arguments of both parties and find who is guilty rest works will be done by Court later.

Q5. What are Lok Adalats? How are they useful?

Ans Lok Adalats are made for

providing cheap and speedy Justice to poor. This is useful as The disputing parties present their Cases and matter is settled without a pleader.

~~Q~~ Long answer type Question:-

Q1. What does 'equality before law' mean?

Ans 'equality before law' mean that all people are also equal in law. which means same law apply to all citizen. It can be also said that it is a principle that each independent being must be treated equally by the law.

Q2. Explain main functions and power of supreme court

Ans It has wide Jurisdiction of powers which can be:-
i) original

→ this cases are occurred when there is war between 2 state in this ~~for~~ Supreme court include the disputes between two State government.

- Appellate Jurisdiction
- Advisory Function
- Judicial Review

Q3. Explain the powers of the Judicial review of Supreme Courts.

Ans In Judicial review power it has power to review the laws passed by legislature or order issued by the executive and check whether they are in accordance with the provisions of the constitution.