

November 6

Cournot's competition

n firms

each firm decides on production quantity q_i

The inverse demand is given

$$P(\underbrace{q_1 + \dots + q_n}_{\substack{\text{total} \\ \text{quantity} \\ \text{produced}}}) =$$

profit for firm i $q_i \cdot P(q_1, \dots, q_n) - C_i(q_i)$

In our game $n=3$

$$\begin{cases} p(Q) = 30 - Q \\ C_i(q_i) = 6q_i \end{cases}$$

what would a monopoly do?

$$\underset{q}{\text{maximize}} \quad q \cdot \left(\underbrace{30 - q}_{\text{price}} - \underbrace{6}_{\substack{\text{cost} \\ \text{of production}}} \right)$$

$$q^* = 12$$

$$\text{profit of monopoly} = 144$$

3 firms: If each produce q the total profit is 144.

what should I do if opponents produce x each?

$$1. \quad (30 - 2x - q - 6) = q \cdot (24 - 2x - q) \quad q^* = 12 - x$$

price cost

Best response function; how should I play if I knew opponent's strategy

$$BR(x) = 12 - x \quad BR(x, x) = 12 - x$$

if all opponents play x

If I know that my opponents produce x , the best thing for me to do is to produce 12.

In an equilibrium $x = BR(x)$
fixed point

an n -player game is given by

S_1, \dots, S_n ; set of pure strategies

and payoff functions $u_i; \underbrace{S_1 \times \dots \times S_n}_{\text{strategy-profile}} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

best-response correspondence BR_i is given by

$$BR_i(s_{-i}) = \operatorname{argmax} \{ u_i(s_i, s_{-i}) : s_i \in S_i \}$$

↓
An element of $\prod_{j \neq i} S_j$

A Nash-equilibrium is given by a strategy profile

$s^* = (s_1^*, \dots, s_n^*)$ such that

$s_i^* \in BR_i(s_{-i}^*)$ for every i

A strategy s_i for player i is strictly dominant if

$$S_i = BA(S_{-i}) \quad \text{for any } S_{-i} \in S_{-i}$$

Battle of the sexes

	Concept	plag
Concept	3, 2	0, 0
plag	0, 0	2, 3

$$B_{A_{row}}(\text{concert}) = \text{concert}$$

$$BA_{row} (plas) = plas$$

	Foreign			
	old	new	mixed	
Domestic	old	60, 40 (57), 43	(55), (45)	
	new	(75), 25	47, (53)	53, 42
	mixed	20, (80)	70, 30	50, 50

$$BA_{\text{domestic}}(\text{old}) = \text{new}$$

BA domestic (new) = mixed

BA domestic (mixed) = old

Worst-case analysis in constant-sum games

Worst-case analysis in the context of the function $f(x)$ that can happen is

If I play old the worst thing that can happen is
 " " " New " " " " " is
 " " " mixed " " " " " is

Theorem In a two-player constant-sum game, under a Nash equilibrium profile, each player maximizes his worst-case payoff

$$S_i^* \in \arg \max_{S_i} \min_{S_{-i}} U_i(S_i, S_{-i})$$

↓
 worst thing that can happen
 to me if I pick S_i

example in which worst case analysis an equilibrium gives different outcomes

		L	R
T →		0, -2	0, -3
B →		-1, -1	100, 100

(B, R) is a Nash equilibrium

but worst-case analysis says play (T, R)

Penalty kick keeper

		L	R
L		64, 36	94, 6
R		89, 11	44, 56

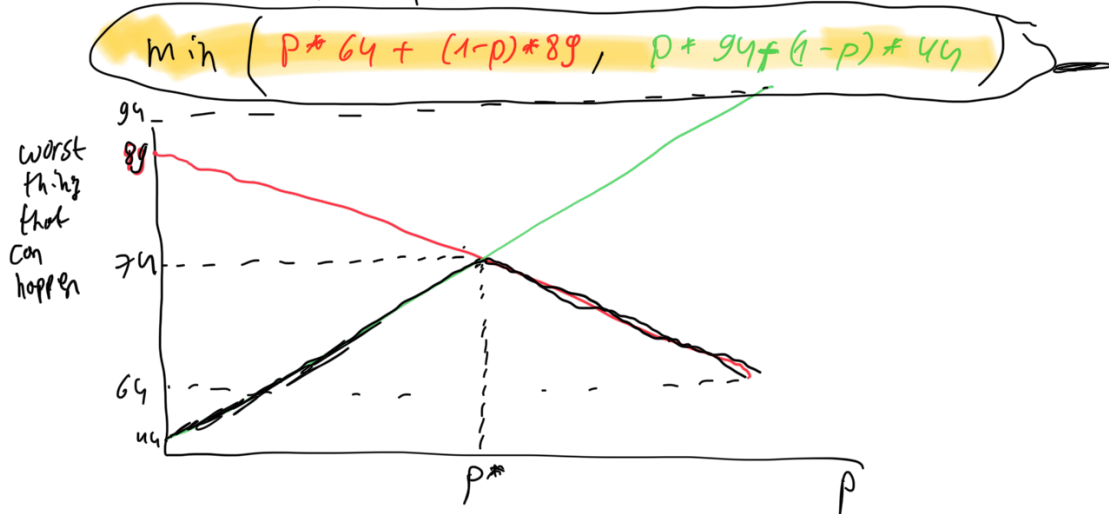
no pure strategy NE

worst case analysis for kicker

If kicker goes L. Worst thing is 64 = min(64,

$U_1 = \min(89, \dots)$
 $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$. Worst is $\min\left(\frac{64+89}{2}, \frac{94+44}{2}\right) =$

$(\frac{L}{p}, \frac{A}{1-p})$. Worst thing that can happen



$$p \cdot 64 + (1-p) \cdot 89 = p \cdot 94 + (1-p) \cdot 44$$

$$p = \frac{3}{5}$$

at home; Find the strategy that is optimal for kicker using worst-case analysis; check that these two strategies are an equilibrium.

n players

S_1, S_2, \dots, S_n pure-strategy sets

$$U_i: S_1 \times \dots \times S_n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

We let $\Sigma_i = \Delta(S_i)$ be the set of mixed strategies

we let

$$U_i(\underbrace{\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \dots, \sigma_n}_{\text{strategy profile}}) = \sum \underbrace{U_i(s_1, \dots, s_n)}_{\text{payoff}} \cdot \underbrace{\sigma_1(s_1) \cdot \sigma_2(s_2) \cdot \dots}_{\text{probability of profile}}$$

mixed-strategy profile
 $\sigma_i \in \Sigma_i$

$$S = (s_1, \dots, s_n)$$

players choose
strategies simultaneously
and independently

A mixed-strategy NE is a profile $(\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_n)$ of mixed strategies, such that if my opponents follow this profile, then it is in my best interest to follow the profile

$$u_i(s_i, \sigma_{-i}) = \sum_{s_{-i}} u_i(s_i, s_{-i}) \prod_{j \neq i} \sigma_j(s_j)$$

my payoff if I use pure-strategy s_i and opponents use mixed strategy profile σ_{-i}