Command Line Interface Guide UPS Network Management Card 2

AP9630, AP9631, AP9635

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Command Line Interface (CLI)

How To Log On

Overview

To access the command line interface, you can use either a local, serial connection, or a remote connection (Telnet or SSH) with a computer on the same network as the Network Management Card (NMC).



To access the Command Line Interface detailed in this CLI Guide, the NMC must have the Smart-UPS or Single Phase Symmetra firmware installed, and the NMC must be installed in a Smart-UPS or Single Phase Symmetra model UPS. For more information on UPS models compatible with your NMC, see KBase article **FA237786** on the APC support website, www.apc.com/support

Use case-sensitive user name and password entries to log on (by default, **apc** and **apc** for a Super User or Administrator, or **device** and **apc** for a Device User). A Read-Only User cannot access the command line interface.

Security Lockout. If a valid user name is used with an invalid password consecutively for the number of times specified in the NMC web interface under **Configuration > Security > Local Users > Default Settings**, the Device User account will be locked until a Super User or Administrator re-enables the account.

See the UPS Network Management Card 2 *User Guide* (for AP9630, AP9631, AP9635) for more information on these options.



If you cannot remember your user name or password, see "How to Recover from a Lost Password" in the *User Guide*.

Remote access to the command line interface

You can access the command line interface through Telnet or SSH. Telnet is enabled by default.

To enable or disable these access methods, use the Web interface. On the **Configuration** menu, select **Network > Console > Access**.



You can also enable or disable Telnet or SSH access through the command line interface. See "console" on page 15.

Telnet for basic access. Telnet provides the basic security of authentication by user name and password, but not the high-security benefits of encryption.

To use Telnet to access the command line interface:

- From a computer that has access to the network on which the NMC is installed, at a command prompt, type telnet and the IP address for the NMC (for example, telnet 139.225.6.133, when the NMC uses the default Telnet port of 23), and press ENTER.
 - **NOTE:** This example works for command prompt based Telnet clients. The commands may differ for different Telnet clients.
 - If the NMC uses a non-default port number (from 5000 to 32768), you must include a colon or a space, depending on your Telnet client, between the IP address (or DNS name) and the port number. (These

- are commands for general usage: some clients don't allow you to specify the port as an argument and some types of Linux might want extra commands).
- 2. Enter the user name and password (by default, **apc** and **apc** for a Super User, or **device** and **apc** for a Device User).

SSH for high-security access. If you use the high security of SSL/TLS for the Web interface, use SSH for access to the command line interface. SSH encrypts user names, passwords, and transmitted data. The interface, user accounts, and user access rights are the same whether you access the command line interface through SSH or Telnet, but to use SSH, you must first configure SSH and have an SSH client program installed on your computer. Enabling SSH also enables SCP (Secure Copy), for secure file transfer.

Dial-in access to the Command Line Interface (AP9635 only). To use a modem to dial in to the command line interface on the AP9635 NMC:

- 1. Connect an active telephone cable (RJ-11) to the Modem port on the front panel of the AP9635
- 2. On a computer connected to a modem, use modem terminal software (e.g. 3rd party terminal emulator programs like HyperTerminal or Tera Term) to dial the telephone number assigned to the cable connected to the AP9635 card.
- 3. When connected, the modem terminal software opens a command line terminal. When prompted, enter the user name and password (by default, **apc** and **apc** for a Super User, or **device** and **apc** for a Device User).

Configuring the AP9635 NMC modem settings.

The configuration of the AP9635 modem is available only in the Configuration INI file.



For more information on directly editing the Configuration INI file, see "Retrieving and Exporting the .ini File - Customizing" in the NMC User's Guide, available on the Network Management Card Utility CD and on the APC website, www.apc.com.

To configure the modem settings in the Configuration INI file:

- 1. Open the Configuration INI file in a text editor
- 2. Locate the section heading [SystemModem] and update the following settings:

Option	Argument	Description	
ConsoleDialIn	enabled disabled	Enable this option to allow remote modem dial-in access to the command line interface. Enabled by default.	
InitString	[AT command] [& Command] [MNP Command]	The InitString option accepts standard Hayes Protocol options. It is not necessary to edit the InitString. The default is [AT&F0E0].	
Country	Text string	Used to specify the country of the dial-in number of the active telephone cable connected to the NMC.	

Option	Argument	Description
DialBack	enabled disabled	Enable this to instruct the NMC modem to hang up and dial back a specified number when it receives a dial-in request. DialBack is disabled by default.
DialBackString	Telephone number	If DialBack is enabled, this is the telephone number to dial back when the NMC receives a dial-in request.

Local access to the command line interface

For local access, use a computer that connects to the Network Management Card through the console serial port to access the command line interface:

- 1. Select a serial port at the computer and disable any service that uses the port.
- 2. Connect the provided serial cable (part number 940-0299) from the selected port on the computer to the console port at the NMC.
- 3. Run a terminal program (e.g.3rd party terminal emulator programs like HyperTerminal, PuTTy, or Tera Term), and configure the selected port for 9600 bps, 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, and no flow control.
- 4. Press ENTER. At the prompts, enter your user name and password.

Main Screen

Sample main screen

Following is an example of the screen displayed when you log on to the command line interface at the Network Management Card (NMC).

```
Schneider Electric
                                      Network Management Card AOS vx.x.x
(c) Copyright 2018 All Rights Reserved Symmetra APP
                                                                    \forall x.x.x
Name
        : Test Lab
                                                     Date: 10/30/2018
Contact : Don Adams
                                                     Time : 5:58:30
Location: Building 3
                                                    User : Super User
Up Time : 0 Days, 21 Hours, 21 Minutes
                                                     Stat : P+ N4+ N6+ A+
Type ? for command listing
Use tcpip command for IP address(-i), subnet(-s), and gateway(-g)
apc>
```

Information and status fields

Main screen information fields.

• Two fields identify the American Power Conversion operating system (AOS) and application (APP) firmware versions. The application firmware name identifies the device that connects to the network through this NMC. In the example above, the NMC uses the application firmware for a Symmetra UPS.

```
Network Management Card AOS vx.x.x
Symmetra APP vx.x.x
```

• Three fields identify the system name, contact person, and location of the NMC.

Name : Test Lab Contact: Don Adams Location: Building 3

 The Up Time field reports how long the NMC management interface has been running since it was last turned on or reset.

```
Up Time: 0 Days 21 Hours 21 Minutes
```

Two fields report when you logged in, by date and time.

Date : 10/30/2018Time : 5:58:30

 The User field reports whether you logged in through the Super User, Administrator, Device Manager, Network Only or Read Only account.

When you log on as Device Manager (equivalent to Device User in the user interface), you can access the event log, configure some UPS settings, and view the number of active alarms.

Main screen status fields.

• The **Stat** field reports the NMC status. The middle status varies according to whether you are running IPv4, IPv6, or both, as indicated in the second table below.

P+	The operating system (AOS) is functioning properly.
----	---

IPv4 only	IPv6 only	IPv4 and IPv6*	Description
N+	N6+	N4+ N6+	The network is functioning properly.
И3	N6?	N4? N6?	A BOOTP request cycle is in progress.
N-	N6-	N4- N6-	The NMC did not connect to the network.
N!	N6!	N4! N6!	Another device is using the IP address of the NMC.

^{*} The N4 and N6 values can be different from one another: you could, for example, have N4– N6+.

A+	The application is functioning properly.
A-	The application has a bad checksum.
A?	The application is initializing.
A!	The application is not compatible with the AOS.



If P+ is not displayed, see customer support at http://www.apc.com/site/support/.

How to Use the Command Line Interface

Overview

The command line interface provides options to configure the network settings and manage the UPS and its Network Management Card (NMC).

How to enter commands

At the command line interface, use commands to configure the NMC. To use a command, type the command and press ENTER. Commands and arguments are valid in lowercase, uppercase, or mixed case. Options are case-sensitive.

While using the command line interface, you can also do the following:

- Type ? and press ENTER to view a list of available commands, based on your account type.
 - To obtain information about the purpose and syntax of a specified command, type the command, a space, and ? or the word help. For example, to view RADIUS configuration options, type: radius ?

radius help

- Press the UP arrow key to view the command that was entered most recently in the session. Use the UP and DOWN arrow keys to scroll through a list of up to ten previous commands.
- Type at least one letter of a command and press the TAB key to scroll through a list of valid commands that match the text you typed in the command line.
- Type ups -st to view the status of the UPS.
- Type exit or quit to close the connection to the command line interface.

Command syntax

Item	Description
-	Options are preceded by a hyphen.
< >	The definitions of options are enclosed in angle brackets. For example: -pw <user password=""></user>
[]	If a command accepts multiple options or an option accepts mutually exclusive arguments, the values may be enclosed in brackets.
	A vertical line between items enclosed in brackets or angle brackets indicates that the items are mutually exclusive. You must use one of the items.

Syntax examples

A command that supports multiple options:

```
user -n <user name> -pw <user password>
```

Here, the user command accepts both the option -n, which specifies the user name, and the option -pw, which changes the password.

For example, to change a password to XYZ:

```
user -n apc -pw XYZ
```

NOTE: Super User also requires the current password when changing the password remotely. See the "user" section.

A command that accepts mutually exclusive arguments for an option:

```
alarmcount -p [all | warning | critical]
```

In this example, the option -p accepts only three arguments: all, warning, or critical. For example, to view the number of active critical alarms, type:

```
alarmcount -p critical
```

The command will not work if you type an argument that is not specified.

Command Response Codes

The command response codes enable scripted operations to detect error conditions reliably without having to match error message text.

The CLI reports all command operations with the following format:

Code	Error message
E000	Success
E001	Successfully Issued
E002	Reboot required for change to take effect
E100	Command failed
E101	Command not found
E102	Parameter Error
E103	Command Line Error
E107	Serial communication with the UPS has been lost
E108	EAPoL disabled due to invalid/encrypted certificate

Command Descriptions



The availability of the commands and options below can vary between UPS devices.

?

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: View a list of all the CLI commands available to your account type. To view help text for a specific command, type the command followed by a question mark.

Example: To view a list of options that are accepted by the alarmcount command, type:

alarmcount ?

about

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only

Description: View hardware and firmware information. This information is useful in troubleshooting and enables you to determine if updated firmware is available at the website.

alarmcount

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Read Only

Description:

Option	Arguments	Description
-p	all	View the number of active alarms reported by the NMC. Information about the alarms is provided in the event log.
	warning	View the number of active warning alarms.
	critical	View the number of active critical alarms.

Example: To view all active warning alarms, type:

alarmcount -p warning

bacnet

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: View and define the BACnet settings.



For more information on the UPS data points made available via BACnet, see the BACnet Application Maps available on the APC website, www.apc.com.

Option	Arguments	Description	
-S	enable disable	Select the option to enable or disable BACnet. If BACnet is disabled, the NMC cannot be accessed via BACnet. BACnet is disabled by default.	
-d	0-4194303	A unique identifier for this BACnet device, used for addressing the device.	
-n	<device name></device 	A name for this BACnet device, which must be unique on the BACnet network. The default device name is "BACn"+ the last eight digits of the NMC MAC address. The minimum length is 1, the maximum length is 150 characters, and special characters are permitted.	
-t	1000 - 30000	Specify the APDU timeout; the number of milliseconds the NMC will wait for a response to a BACnet request. The default value is 6000.	
-r	0 - 10	Specify the APDU retries; the number of BACnet requests attempts that the NMC will make before aborting the request. The default value is 3.	
	<password></password>	The Device Communication Control service is used by a BACnet client to instruct a remote device (e.g. a BACnet-enabled NMC) to stop initiating, or stop responding to all APDUs (except the Device Communication Control service) for a specified duration of time. This service can be used for diagnostic purposes. Specify the Device Communication Control password to ensure that a	
-pw		BACnet client cannot control the BACnet communication of an NMC without first providing the password set here. The password is required to be between 8 and 20 characters, and must contain:	
Ρ	·F ···································	A number.	
		An uppercase character.	
		A lowercase character.	
		A special character.	
		It is recommended to update the password when you first enable BACnet. You do not need to know the current password to update the password.	
BACr	BACnet IP options:		
-0	47808, 5000-65535	Specify the UDP/IP port the NMC uses to send and receive BACnet/IP messages. NOTE: The address of a BACnet/IP-enabled NMC is defined as the IP address of the NMC and the local port.	

Option	Arguments	Description
-fdre	enable disable	Specify enable to register the NMC with a BACnet broadcast management device (BBMD). NOTE: You need to register your NMC as a foreign device with a BBMD if there is no BBMD currently on the subnet of the NMC, or if the NMC uses a different local port to the BBMD. See the NMC User Guide on the APC website for more information on Foreign Device Registration.
-rip	IP address	The IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the BACnet broadcast management device with which this NMC card will be registered.
-rpo	5000 - 65535	The port of the BBMD with which this NMC card will be registered.
- fdrttl	1-65535	The number of seconds (Time To Live) that the BBMD will maintain the NMC as a registered device. If the NMC does not re-register before this time expires, the BBMD will delete it from its foreign-device table, and the NMC will no longer be able to send and receive broadcast messages via the BBMD.

Example:

bacnet

E000: Success Enabled: yes Device ID: 1013

Device name: BACnB7D7E5F2 Network Protocol: BACnet/IP APDU timeout (ms): 6000

APDU retries: 3

IP Port: 47808 (0xBAC0)
Registration Enabled: no

Registration Status: Foreign device registration inactive

Registration BBMD: 0.0.0.0

Registration BBMD port: 47808 (0xBAC0)

Registration TTL: 7200

boot

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Define how the NMC will obtain its network settings, including the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway. Then configure the BOOTP or DHCP server settings.

Option	Argument	Description	
-b <boot mode></boot 	dhcp bootp manual	Define how the TCP/IP settings will be configured when the NMC turns on, resets, or restarts.	
- C	enable disable	dhcp boot modes only. Enable or disable the requirement that the DHCP server provide the APC cookie.	
The d	The default values for these three settings generally do not need to be changed:		
-v	<pre><vendor class=""></vendor></pre>	APC.	
-i	<client id=""></client>	The MAC address of the NMC, which uniquely identifies it on the network.	
-u	<user class=""></user>	The name of the application firmware module.	

Example: To use a DHCP server to obtain network settings:

- 1. Type boot -b dhcp
- 2. Enable the requirement that the DHCP server provide the APC cookie:

boot -c enable

bye

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only

Description: Exit from the command line interface session. This works the same as the exit or quit commands.

Example:

bye

Connection Closed - Bye

cd

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only

Description: Navigate to a folder in the directory structure of the NMC.

Example 1: To change to the ssh folder and confirm that an SSH security certificate was uploaded to the NMC:

- 1. Type cd ssh and press ENTER.
- 2. Type dir and press ENTER to list the files stored in the SSH folder.

Example 2: To return to the previous directory folder, type:

cd ..

cipher

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Enable or disable cryptographic algorithms for Web UI sessions. You cannot enable or disable these algorithms directly from the Web interface. You must reboot your NMC after enabling or disabling algorithms for changes to take effect.

There are three categories of algorithms: Authentication Algorithms, Block Cipher Algorithms, and MAC Algorithms. Available and Blocked Cipher Suites are also listed.



Disabling the only algorithm in a category will block all SSL/TLS sessions and HTTPS access may not work depending on your browser and its configuration.

NOTE: In v6.7.2 and higher, you must explicitly enable or disable an algorithm.

Option	Argument	Description
-3des	enable disable	Enable or disable Triple DES.
-aes	enable disable	Enable or disable Advanced Encryption Standard (AES).
-dh	enable disable	Enable or disable Diffie-Hellman (DH).
-rsake	enable disable	Enable or disable RSA key exchange.
-rsaau	enable disable	Enable or disable RSA authentication.
-sha1	enable disable	Enable or disable Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1).
-sha2	enable disable	Enable or disable Secure Hash Algorithm 2 (SHA-2).
-ecdhe	enable disable	Enable or disable Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman Exchange (ECDHE).

Example: Disable Triple DES.

cipher -3des disable

E000: Success

Reboot required for change to take effect.

cfgshutdn

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: Configure the shutdown parameters: this enables you to show and configure UPS Shutdown Delay, UPS Return Delay, UPS Low Battery Duration, UPS Sleep Time, UPS Minimum Battery Charge, and UPS Min Return Runtime.



These options are not available with all UPS devices.

Option	Argument	Description	
-all		Show all applicable shutdown parameters for this UPS.	

Option	Argument	Description	
-sd	000 090 180 270 360 450 540 630	Set the shutdown delay in seconds.	
-10	02 05 08 11 14 17 20 23	Set the low battery duration in minutes.	
-rd	000 060 120 180 240 300 360 420	Set the UPS return delay in seconds, that is, the delay time before the UPS turns on again.	
-rrt	0-3600	Set the minimum return runtime in seconds, that is, the battery runtime to support the load must reach this value before the UPS turns on again.	
-sl	0.0-359.9	Set the sleep time, in hours. The argument can have any number between 0.0 and 359.9.	
-rsc	00 15 30 45 60 75 90	Set the minimum battery charge, as a percentage of the total capacity.	

Example:

cfgshutdn -all

E000: Success

Low Battery Duration: 4 min

Sleep Time: 0.0 hr

cfgpower

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: Configure the power parameters: this enables you to show and configure transfer points, sensitivity and output voltage.



These options are not available with all UPS devices.

Option	Argument	Description	
	These values can vary with different devices.		
-all		Show all applicable power parameters for this UPS.	
-1	97-106	Set the low transfer point, in VAC.	
-h	127-136	Set the high transfer point, in VAC.	

Option	Argument	Description
	These values can vary with different devices.	
-ov	100 120 110	Set the outlet voltage, in VAC.
- S	Normal Reduced Low	Set the sensitivity, using one of the three arguments.
-bu	127 130 133 136 139 142 145 148	Set the bypass upper voltage in VAC; when the voltage rises above this value, the device goes into bypass.
-bl	086 088 090 092 094 096 098 100	Set the bypass lower voltage in VAC; when the voltage drops below this value, the device goes into bypass.
-rda	Never n+1 n+2	Set an alarm to occur if available redundant power drops below n+1 or n+2. Enter Never to prevent an alarm in response to any loss of redundancy. This option is available for Symmetra model UPS only.
-lda	Never 01.0 02.0 03.0 04.0 05.0 06.0 07.0 08.0 09.0 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0	Set an alarm to occur if the load exceeds the specified kVA load level. Enter Never to prevent an alarm in response to changes to the load level. This option is available for Symmetra model UPS only.
-rta	Never 005 010 015 030 045 060 120 180 240 300 360 420 480	Set an alarm to occur if the Available Battery Runtime drops below the specified number of minutes. Available Battery Runtime is the number of minutes the UPS can support the current load while operating on battery power. Enter Never to prevent an alarm in response to a drop in available battery runtime. This option is available for Symmetra model UPS only.

Example:

cfgpower -all
E000: Success

Low Transfer Voltage: 106 VAC
High Transfer Voltage: 127 VAC

Sensitivity: Normal

clrrst

Access: Super User, Administrator

Definition: Clear the network interface reset reason. See "lastrst" on page 24.

console

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Define whether users can access the command line interface using Telnet, which is enabled by default, or Secure Shell (SSH), which provides protection by transmitting user names, passwords, and data in encrypted form. You can change the Telnet or SSH port setting for additional security. Alternately, disable network access to the command line interface.

Option	Argument	Description
- g	enable disable	Enable or disable SSH. Enabling SSH enables SCP.
-t	enable disable	Enable or disable Telnet.
-pt	<pre><telnet number="" port=""></telnet></pre>	Specify the Telnet port number used to communicate with the NMC (23 by default). The other range is 5000–32768.
-ps	<ssh number="" port=""></ssh>	Specify the SSH port number used to communicate with the NMC (22 by default). The other range is 5000–32768
-b	2400 9600 19200 38400	Configure the serial baud rate (9600 by default).

Example 1: To enable SSH access to the command line interface, type:

console -s

Example 2: To change the Telnet port to 5000, type:

console -pt 5000

date

Access: Super User, Administrator

Definition: Configure the date used by the NMC.



To configure an NTP server to define the date and time for the NMC, see the User's Guide.

Option	Argument	Description	
-d	<"datestri ng">	Set the current date. Use the date format specified by the date -f command.	
-t	<00:00:00>	Configure the current time, in hours, minutes, and seconds. Use the 24-hour clock format.	

Option	Argument	Description
-f	mm/dd/yy dd.mm.yyyy mmm-dd-yy dd-mmm- yy yyyy-mm-dd	Select the numerical format in which to display all dates in this user interface. Each letter m (for month), d (for day), and y (for year) represents one digit. Single-digit days and months are displayed with a leading zero.
- z	<pre><time offset="" zone=""></time></pre>	Set the difference with GMT in order to specify your time zone. This enables you to synchronize with other people in different time zones.

Example 1: To display the date using the format yyyy-mm-dd, type:

date -f yyyy-mm-dd

Example 2: To define the date as October 30, 2009, using the format configured in the preceding example, type:

date -d "2009-10-30"

Example 3: To define the time as 5:21:03 p.m., type:

date -t 17:21:03

delete

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Delete a file in the file system. (To delete the event log, see the User's Guide).

Argument	Description
<file< td=""><td>Type the name of the file to delete.</td></file<>	Type the name of the file to delete.

Example: To delete a file:

- 1. Navigate to the folder that contains the file. For example, to navigate to the logs folder, type: cd logs
- 2. To view the files in the logs folder, type: dir
- 3. Type
 delete <file name>

detbat



This command is not available on all UPS devices.

Some UPS devices with the SRT prefix have different options available.

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: View detailed UPS battery information.

Option	Arguments	Description	
-all	<#>	Show all battery information.	
-f	<#>	Pack firmware revisions.	
-t	<#>	Pack temperatures.	
-pe	<#>	Pack battery status.	
-s	<#> <#>	Pack or cartridge health.	
-ph	<#>	Pack health. NOTE : This option is only available on some UPS devices with the SRT prefix.	
-rd	<#> <#>	Pack or cartridge recommended replace battery dates.	
-pr	<#>	Pack recommended replace battery dates. NOTE : This option is only available on some UPS devices with the SRT prefix.	
-id	<pre><#> <#> <"datestr ing"></pre>	Pack or cartridge battery install date in current date format.	
-pi	<pre><#> <"datestr ing"></pre>	Pack battery install date in current date format. NOTE: This option is only available on some UPS devices with the SRT prefix.	
-ce	<#> <#>	Pack or cartridge battery status.	

Example:

```
detbat -all
E000: Success
Firmware Revision (IP): BMC 12.5
Temperature (IP): 26.00C
Pack Status (IP): No Errors
Health (IP, C1): Battery Life OK
Predicted Replacement Date (IP, C1): 07/02/2019
Installation Date (IP, C1): 02/12/2015
Status (IP, C1): OK
```

detstatus

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: View the detailed status of the UPS. See also the -st option in "ups" on page 35.

Option	Description	
-all	Show all applicable status information for this UPS.	
-rt	Runtime remaining, in hours and minutes.	
-88	UPS status summary: on line, on battery, etc.	
-soc	UPS battery charge, as a percentage of the total capacity.	

Option	Description	
-om	Output measurements: voltage, frequency, watts percentage, VA percentage, current.	
-im	Input measurements: voltage and frequency.	
-bat	Battery voltage	
-tmp	Internal temperature of the UPS	
-dg	Diagnostic test results: self-test result and date, calibration result and date.	

Example:

```
detstatus -rt
E000: Success
Runtime Remaining: 9 hr 22 min 30 sec
```

dir

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only **Description:** View the files and folders stored on the NMC.

Example:

```
dir
```

```
E000: Success
    3069184 Jun 28 18:07 apc hw05 aos 664.bin
    3031604 Jul 30 19:05 apc_hw05_sumx_664.bin
      45000 Aug 17 10:54 config.ini
          0 May 14
                    2018 db/
          0 May 14 2018
                         ssl/
          0 May 14
                    2018
                         ssh/
          0 May 14
                    2018
                         logs/
          0 May 14
                    2018
                         sec/
          0 May 14
                    2018 dbg/
          0 May 14
                    2018
                         fwl/
                    2018 email/
          0 May 14
          0 May 14
                    2018
                         lang/
          0 May 14
                    2018
                         tmp/
          0 May 14
                    2018
                        upsfw/
          0 May 14 2018 rms/
          0 May 14 2018 scg/
```

dns

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Configure and display the manual Domain Name System (DNS) settings.

Option	Argument	Description
-OM	enable disable	Override the manual DNS.
-y	enable disable	Synchronizes the system and the hostname.
		This is the same as using "system -s".
-p	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Set the primary DNS server.
-s	<pre><secondary dns="" server=""></secondary></pre>	Set the secondary DNS server.
-d	<domain name=""></domain>	Set the domain name.
-n	<pre><domain ipv6="" name=""></domain></pre>	Set the domain name IPv6.
-h	<host name=""></host>	Set the hostname.

Example:

dns -OM

E000: Success

Override Manual DNS Settings: enabled

eapol

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Configure EAPoL (802.1X Security) settings.

Option	Argument	Description
-S	enable disable	Enable or disable EAPoL.
-n	<supplicant name=""></supplicant>	Set the supplicant name.
-p	<pre><private key="" passphrase=""></private></pre>	Set the private key passphrase.

Example 1: To display the result of an eapol command:

apc>eapol

E000: Success

Active EAPoL Settings

Status:enabled

Supplicant Name:NMC-Supplicant Passphrase:<hidden>

CA file Status: Valid Certificate

Private Key Status: Valid Certificate

Public Key Status: Valid Certificate

Result:Success

Example 2: To enable EAPoL:

apc>eapol -S enable

E000: Success

Reboot required for change to take effect.

email

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Use the following commands to configure parameters for email, used by the NMC to send event notification.

Option	Argument	Description
-g[n]	<pre><enable disable="" =""></enable></pre>	Enables (default) or disables sending email to the recipient.
-t[n]	<to address=""></to>	The e-mail address of the recipient.
-o[n]	<pre><long short="" =""> (Format)</long></pre>	The long format contains name, location, contact, IP address, serial number of the device, date and time, event code, and event description. The short format provides only the event description.
-1[n]	<language Code></language 	The language in which the emails will be sent. This is dependent on the installed language pack.

Option	Argument	Description	
-r [n]	<local <br="">recipient custom> (Route)</local>	 Local (recommended): Choose this option if your SMTP server is located on your internal network, or is set up for your e-mail domain. Choose this setting to limit delays and network outages. If you choose this setting, you must also enable forwarding at the SMTP server of the device, and set up a special external e-mail account to receive the forwarded e-mail. NOTE: Check with your SMTP server administrator before making these changes. Recipient: This setting sends email directly to the recipient's SMTP server, which is determined by an MX record lookup of the domain of the To: Address. The device tries only once to send the e-mail. A network outage or a busy remote SMTP server can cause a time-out and cause the e-mail to be lost. This setting requires no additional administrative tasks on the SMTP server. Custom: This setting allows each email recipient to have its own server settings. These settings are independent of the settings given by option -s[n]. 	
-f[n]	<from address=""></from>	The sender email address used by the NMC in the From : field of the email sent.	
-s[n]	<smtp server=""></smtp>	The IPv4/IPv6 address or DNS name of the local SMTP server. Use this when option -r[n] is set to Local.	
-p[n]	<port></port>	The SMTP port number, with a default of 25. Alternative ports: 465, 587, 2525, 5000 to 32768.	
-a[n]	<pre><enable disable="" =""> (Authenticati on)</enable></pre>	Enable if the SMTP server requires authentication.	
-u[n]	<user name=""></user>	If your mail server requires authentication, type your user	
-w[n]	<password></password>	name and password here.	
-e[n]	<pre><none always="" ifsupported="" implicit="" =""> (Encryption)</none></pre>	 None: The SMTP server does not require nor support encryption. If Supported: The SMTP server advertises support for STARTTLS but doesn't require the connection to be encrypted. The STARTTLS command is sent after the advertisement is given. Always: The SMTP server requires the STARTTLS command to be sent on connection to it. Implicit: The SMTP server only accepts connections that begin encrypted. No STARTTLS message is sent to the server. 	
-c[n]	<pre><enable disable="" =""> (Required Certificate)</enable></pre>	This should only be enabled if the security policy of your organization does not allow for implicit trust of SSL/TLS connections. If this is enabled, a valid root CA certificate must be loaded onto the NMC for encrypted emails to be sent.	

Option	Argument	Description
-i[n]	<pre><certificate file="" name=""></certificate></pre>	This field is dependent on the root CA certificates installed on the NMC and whether or not a root CA certificate is required. The file must have an extension of .crt or .cer.
n=	Email Recipient Number (1,2,3, or 4)	Specifies the recipient of the e-mail, identified by the recipient number.

Example: To enable email to be sent to email recipient 1 with email address recipient1@apc.com, from address sender@apc.com, using the local SMTP server:

```
email -g1 enable -r1 local -t1 recipient1@apc.com -f1 sender@apc.com E000: Success
```

eventlog

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only

Description: View the date and time you retrieved the event log, the status of the UPS, and the status of sensors connected to the NMC. View the most recent device events, and the date and time they occurred. Use the following keys to navigate the event log:

Key	Description	
ESC	Close the event log and return to the command line interface.	
ENTER	Update the log display. Use this command to view events that were recorded after you last retrieved and displayed the log.	
SPACEBAR	View the next page of the event log.	
В	View the preceding page of the event log. This command is not available at the main page of the event log.	
D	Delete the event log. Follow the prompts to confirm or deny the deletion. Deleted events cannot be retrieved.	

exit

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only

Description: Exit from the command line interface session.

firewall

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Enable, disable, or configure the internal NMC firewall feature.

Option	Argument	Definition
-S	<pre><enable disable="" =""></enable></pre>	Enable or disable the firewall.

Option	Argument	Definition
-f	<file activate="" name="" to=""></file>	Name of the firewall policy file to activate.
-t	<file name<br="">to test></file>	Name of the firewall to test, and duration time in minutes.
-fe		Shows a list of active file errors.
-te		Shows a list of test file errors.
- C		Cancel a firewall test.
-r		Shows a list of active firewall rules.
-1		Shows a firewall activity log.

Example: To enable firewall policy file example.fwl, enter the following:

firewall -f example.fwl

E000: Success

format

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Reformat the file system of the NMC and erase all security certificates, encryption keys, configuration settings, and the event and data logs. Be careful with this command.



To reset the NMC to its default configuration, use the resetToDef command instead.

ftp

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Enable or disable access to the FTP server. Optionally, change the port setting to the number of any unused port from 5001 to 32768 for added security.

Option	Argument	Definition
-p	<port number=""></port>	Define the TCP/IP port that the FTP server uses to communicate with the NMC (21 by default). The FTP server uses both the specified port and the port one number lower than the specified port.
-S	enable disable	Configure access to the FTP server.

Example: To change the TCP/IP port to 5001, type:

ftp -p 5001

help

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only

Description: View a list of all the CLI commands available to your account type. To view help text for a specific command, type the command followed by help.

Example 1: To view a list of commands available to someone logged on as a Device User, type: help

Example 2: To view a list of options that are accepted by the alarmcount command, type: alarmcount help

lang

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Read Only, Network Only

Description: Language in Use

Example:

lang

Languages

enUS - English

lastrst

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Last network interface reset reason. Use the output of this command to troubleshoot network interface issues with the guidance of technical support.

Example:

lastrst

09 Coldstart Reset

E000: Success

ledblink

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Sets the status LED of the NMC to blink for the specified amount of time. Use this command to

help visually locate the NMC.

Parameters: Time in minutes

Example:

ledblink 2

E000: Success

logzip

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Creates a single, compressed archive of the log files available from the NMC and UPS device. These files can be used by technical support to troubleshoot issues.

Option	Argument	Definition
- m	<pre><email recipient=""> (email recipient number (1-4)</email></pre>	The identifying number of the email recipient to which the file will be sent. Enter the number of one of the four possible email recipients configured.

Example:

logzip -m 1

Generating files

Compressing files into /dbg/debug_ZA1752123456.tar

Emailing log files to email recipient - 1

E000: Success

modbus

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: View and configure the Modbus parameters.

Option	Argument	Definition
-a	<pre><enable disable="" =""> (Modbus status)</enable></pre>	Enable or disable Modbus Serial. ¹
-br	<9600 19200> (baud rate)	Set the baud rate in bits per second. ¹
-pr	event odd none	Set the parity bit. ¹
- s	<1-F7> (slave address in hex)	Set the hexidecimal Modbus slave address. ¹
-rDef		Reset the Modbus configuration to defaults.
-tE	<pre><enable disable="" =""> (Modbus TCP status)</enable></pre>	Enable or disable Modbus TCP. ²
-tP		Specify the Modbus TCP port number. The default port number is 502, and can be set to a value between 5000 and 32768 ^{2.}

¹Modbus Serial is supported on the AP9635 card only.

²Modbus TCP is supported on the AP9630, AP9631 and AP9635 cards.

Example:

modbus

E000: Success

Slave Address = 0x1

Status = ENABLED

Baud Rate = 9600

Parity = none

TCP Status = ENABLED

TCP Port Number = 502

netstat

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: View the status of the network and all active IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.

Example:

netstat

Current IP information

Family	mHome	Type	IP Address	Status
IPv6	4	auto	FE80::2C0:B7FF:FEEA:D325/64	configured
IPv4	0	manual	10.125.43.115/22	configured
IPv6	0	manual	::1/128	configured
IPv4	0	manual	127.0.0.1/32	configured

ntp

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: View and configure the Network Time Protocol parameters.

Option	Argument	Definition
-OM	enable disable	Override the manual settings.
-p	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre>server></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Specify the primary server.
-s	<pre><secondary ntp="" server=""></secondary></pre>	Specify the secondary server.
-e	enable disable	Enables or disables the use of NTP.
-u	<update now=""></update>	Immediately updates the NMC time from the NTP server.

Example 1: To enable the override of manual setting, type:

ntp -OM enable

Example 2: To specify the primary NTP server, type:

ntp -p 150.250.6.10

ping

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only

Description. Determine whether the device with the IP address or DNS name you specify is connected to the network. Four inquiries are sent to the address.

Argument	Description
<pre><ip address="" dns="" name="" or=""></ip></pre>	Type an IP address with the format xxx.xxx.xxx, or a DNS name.

Example: To determine whether a device with an IP address of 150.250.6.10 is connected to the network, type:

ping 150.250.6.10

portspeed

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description:

Ор	tion	Arguments	Description	
- S		auto 10H 10F 100H 100F	Define the communication speed of the Ethernet port. The auto command enables the Ethernet devices to negotiate to transmit at the highest possible speed.	

Example: To configure the TCP/IP port to communicate using 100 Mbps with half-duplex communication (communication in only one direction at a time), type:

portspeed -s 100H

prompt

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only

Description: Configure the command line interface prompt to include or exclude the account type of the currently logged-in user. Any user can change this setting; all user accounts will be updated to use the new setting.

Option	Argument	Description	
	long	The prompt includes the account type of the currently logged-in user.	
- g	short	The default setting. The prompt is four characters long: apc>	

Example: To include the account type of the currently logged-in user in the command prompt, type:

prompt -s long

pwd

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Read Only, Network Only

Description: Used to output the path of the current working directory.

quit

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User, Network Only, Read Only

Description: Exit from the command line interface session (this works the same as the exit and bye commands).

radius

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: View the existing RADIUS settings, enable or disable RADIUS authentication, and configure basic authentication parameters for up to two RADIUS servers.



For a summary of RADIUS server configuration and a list of supported RADIUS servers, see the *User's Guide*.

Additional authentication parameters for RADIUS servers are available at the user interface of the NMC.

For detailed information about configuring your RADIUS server, see the *Security Handbook*, available on the Network Management Card *Utility* CD and at the website, www.apc.com.

Option	Argument	nent Description	
		Configure RADIUS authentication:	
	local	local — RADIUS is disabled. Local authentication is enabled. radiusLocal — RADIUS, then Local Authentication. RADIUS and local	
-a	radiusLocal	authentication are enabled. Authentication is requested from the RADIUS server first. If the RADIUS server does not respond or is unreachable over the network, local authentication is used.	
		radius — RADIUS is enabled. Local authentication is disabled.	
-p1		The server name or IP address of the primary or secondary RADIUS server.	
-p2		NOTE: RADIUS servers use port 1812 by default to authenticate users. To	
-01	<pre><server ip=""></server></pre>	use a different port, add a colon followed by the new port number to the end of the RADIUS server name or IP address. The NMC supports ports 1812, 5000	
-02		to 32768.	
-s1	<server and<="" between="" or="" p="" primary="" radius="" secondary="" secret="" server="" shared="" the=""></server>		
-s2	secret>	NMC.	
-t1 -t2	<pre><server timeout=""></server></pre>	The time in seconds that the NMC waits for a response from the primary or secondary RADIUS server.	

Example 1: To view the existing RADIUS settings for the NMC, type radius and press ENTER.

Example 2: To enable RADIUS and local authentication, type:

radius -a radiusLocal

Example 3: To configure a 10-second timeout for a secondary RADIUS server, type:

radius -t2 10

reboot

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Restart the network management interface of the NMC.



This does not affect the output power of the device in which the NMC is installed.

resetToDef

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Reset all configurable parameters to their defaults.

Option	Arguments	Description	
		Caution: This resets all configurable parameters to their defaults.	
-p	all keepip	Reset all configuration changes, including event actions, device settings, and, optionally, TCP/IP configuration settings.	
		Choose keepip to retain the settings that determine how the NMC obtains its TCP/IP configuration values, which by default is DHCP.	



Certain non-configurable parameters are not reset using resetToDef, and can only be erased from the NMC by formatting the file system using the **format** command.

Example: To reset all of the configuration changes *except* the TCP/IP settings for the NMC, type: resetToDef -p keepip

session

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Records who is logged in (user), the interface, the address, time and ID.

Option	Arguments	Description	
-d	<pre><session id=""> (Delete)</session></pre>	Delete the session for the current user with the specified session ID.	
m	<pre><enable disable="" =""></enable></pre>	Enable to allow two or more users to log on at the same time.	
- m	(Multi-User Enable)	Disable to allow only one user to log in at a time.	
	<enable disable="" =""></enable>	The NMC supports RADIUS storage of passwords on a server.	
-a	(Remote Authentication Override)	Enable Remote Authentication Override to allow a local user to log on using a username and password for the NMC that is stored locally on the NMC.	

Example:

session

User	Interface	Address	Logged In Time	ID
apc	Telnet	10.169.118.100	00:00:03	19

smtp

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Configure the settings for the local e-mail server.

Option	Arguments	Description	
-f	<from address=""></from>	The address from which e-mail will be sent by the NMC.	
- s	<smtp server=""></smtp>	The IPv4/IPv6 address or DNS name of the local SMTP server.	
-p	<port></port>	The SMTP port number, default is 25. Port options are 25, 465, 587, 2525, 5000 to 32768.	
-a	<enable disable="" =""></enable>	Enable this if your SMTP server requires authentication.	
-u	<user name=""></user>	If the SMTP server requires authentication, type the user name	
- W	<password></password>	and password here.	
-e	<none ifavail="" ="" <br="">always implicit></none>	 Encryption options: • none: The SMTP server does not require/support encryption • ifavail: The SMTP server advertises support for STARTTLS but does not require the connection to be encrypted. • always: The SMTP server requires the STARTTLS command to be sent upon connection to the server. • implicit: The SMTP server only accepts connections that begin encrypted. No STARTTLS message is sent to the server. 	
- C	<enable disable="" =""></enable>	Require CA Root Certificate: This should only be enabled if the security policy of your organization does not allow for implicit trust of SSL/TLS connections. If this is enabled, a valid root CA certificate must be loaded onto the NMC for encrypted emails to be sent.	
-i	<pre><certificate file="" name=""></certificate></pre>	This field is dependent on the root CA certificates installed on the NMC and whether or not a root CA certificate is required.	

Example:

From: address@example.com
Server: mail.example.com

Port: 25

Auth: disabled

User: User

Password: <not set>

Encryption: none
Req. Cert: disabled
Cert File: <n/a>

snmp

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Enable or disable and configure SNMPv1. These settings are also used for SNMPv2c.

In the table below, n is the access control number: 1,2,3, or 4.

Option	Arguments	Description	
-S	enable disable	Enable or disable SNMPv1.	
-c[n]	Community	Specify a community name or string.	
-a[n]	read write writeplus disable	Indicate the usage rights.	
-n[n]	IP or Domain Name	Specify the IPv4/IPv6 address or the domain name of the Network Management Station.	

Example: To enable SNMP version 1, type:

snmp -S enable

snmpv3

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Enable or disable and configure SNMPv3.

In the table below, n is the access control number: 1,2,3, or 4.

Option	Arguments	Description
-S	enable disable	Enable or disable SNMPv3.
-u[n]	<user name=""></user>	
-a[n]	<authentication Phrase></authentication 	Specify a user name, an authentication phrase and encryption phrase.
-c[n]	<crypt phrase=""></crypt>	
-ap[n]	sha md5 none	Indicate the type of authentication protocol.
-pp[n]	aes des none	Indicate the privacy (encryption) protocol.
-ac[n]	enable disable	Enable or disable access.
-au[n]	<user name="" profile=""></user>	Give access to a specified user profile.
-n[n]	<pre><ip for="" hostname="" nms="" or=""></ip></pre>	Specify the IPv4/IPv6 address or the hostname for the Network Management Station.

Example: To give access level 2 to user "JMurphy", type:

snmpv3 -au2 "JMurphy"

snmptrap

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Enable or disable SNMP trap generation.

Option	Arguments	Description
-c[n]	<community></community>	Specify a community name or string.
-r[n]	<receiver ip="" nms=""></receiver>	The IPv4/IPv6 address or host name of the trap receiver.
-1[n]	<language> [language code]</language>	Specify a language. A language pack containing the desired language must be installed, and the language codes are: •enUS - English •deDe - German •ruRu - Russian •zhCn - Chinese •jaJa - Japanese •koKo - Korean •itlt - Italian •ptBr - Portuguese •frFr - French •esEs - Spanish
-t[n]	<trap type=""> [snmpV1 snmpV3]</trap>	Specify SNMPv1 or SNMPv3.
-g[n]	<pre><generation> [enable disable]</generation></pre>	Enable or disable trap generation for this trap receiver. Enabled by default.
-a[n]	<auth traps=""> [enable disable]</auth>	Enable or disable authentication of traps for this trap receiver, SNMPv1 only.
-u[n]	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Select the identifier of the user profile for this trap receiver, SNMPv3 only.
n= Trap ı	receiver number = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6	3

Example: To enable and configure an SNMPv1 trap for Receiver 1, with the default Community Name of public, receiver 1 IP address of 10.169.118.100, using the default English language, enter the following command:

```
snmptrap -c1 public -r1 10.169.118.100 -l1 enUS -t1 snmpV1 -g1 enable
```

E000: Success

system

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: View and set the system name, the contact, the location and view up time as well as the date and time, the logged-on user, and the high-level system status P, N, A (see "Main screen status fields").

Option	Argument	Description	
-n	<system name=""></system>	Define the device name, the name of the person responsible for the device, and the physical location of the device. NOTE: If you define a value with more than one word, you must enclose the value in quotation marks. These values are also used by StruxureWare Data Center Expert, or EcoStruxure IT Expert and the NMC's SNMP agent. Show a custom message or banner on the logon page of the web UI or the CLI.	
- C	<pre><system contact=""></system></pre>		
-1	<pre><system location=""></system></pre>		
- m	<pre><system- message=""></system-></pre>		
G	enable	Synchronize the system and the hostname.	
- S	disable	This is the same as using "dns -y".	

Example 1: To set the device location as Test Lab, type:

system -l "Test Lab"

Example 2: To set the system name as Don Adams, type:

system -n "Don Adams"

tcpip

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: View and manually configure these IPv4 TCP/IP settings for the NMC:

Option	Argument	Description
-S	enable disable	Enable or disable TCP/IP v4.
-i	<ip address=""></ip>	Type the IP address of the NMC, using the format xxx.xxx.xxx
- s	<subnet mask=""></subnet>	Type the subnet mask for the NMC.
-g	<gateway></gateway>	Type the IP address of the default gateway. <i>Do not</i> use the loopback address (127.0.0.1) as the default gateway.
-d	<domain name=""></domain>	Type the DNS name configured by the DNS server.
-h	<host name=""></host>	Type the host name that the NMC will use.

Example 1: To view the network settings of the NMC, type tcpip and press ENTER.

Example 2: To manually configure an IP address of 150.250.6.10 for the NMC, type:

tcpip -i 150.250.6.10

tcpip6

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Enable IPv6 and view and manually configure these IPv6 TCP/IP settings for the NMC:

Option	Argument	Description
-S	enable disable	Enable or disable TCP/IP v6.
-man	enable disable	Enable manual addressing for the IPv6 address of the NMC.
-auto	enable disable	Enable the NMC to automatically configure the IPv6 address.
-i	<ipv6 address=""></ipv6>	Set the IPv6 address of the NMC.
-g	<ipv6 gateway=""></ipv6>	Set the IPv6 address of the default gateway.
-d6	router statefull stateless never	Set the DHCPv6 mode, with parameters of router controlled, statefull (for address and other information, they maintain their status), stateless (for information other than address, the status is not maintained), never.

Example 1: To view the network settings of the NMC, type tcpip6 and press ENTER.

Example 2: To manually configure an IPv6 address of 2001:0:0:0:0:0:57ab for the NMC, type:

tcpip -i 2001:0:0:0:0:FFD3:0:57ab

uio

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: This command is available for an AP9631 or AP9635 Network Management Card 2 with a connected Dry Contact I/O Accessory (AP9810).

Option	Argument	Description
-rc <uio #="" port=""></uio>	open close	Change the state of a connected output, and specify the UIO (universal input/ output) port number.
-st	<uio #="" port=""> <uio #="" port="">, <uio #="" port=""> <uio #="" port="">-<uio port #></uio </uio></uio></uio></uio>	View the status of the sensors connected to the Dry Contact I/O Accessory. To view the status of a specific sensor or several sensors, type their UIO port numbers.
-disc	<uio #="" port=""> <uio #="" port="">, <uio #="" port=""> <uio #="" port="">-<uio port #></uio </uio></uio></uio></uio>	Identify new input contact or output relay connections.

Example 1: To open the output, type:

uio -rc 2 open

Example 2: To view the status of the devices connected to a Dry Contact I/O Accessory that is installed in universal input/ output port 2, type:

uio -st 2

ups



Some **ups** options are dependent on the UPS model. Not all configurations may support all options of the **ups** command.

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device User

Description: Control the UPS and view status information. See the *User Guide* for information on how these options relate to that screen.

Option	Arguments	Description
	reboot	Restarts the attached equipment by doing the following: • Turns off power at the UPS. • Turns on power at the UPS after the UPS battery capacity returns to at least the percentage configured for Minimum Battery Capacity. See "cfgshutdn".
	on	Turns on power at the UPS.
	off	Turns off the output power of the UPS immediately, without a shutdown delay. The UPS remains off until you turn it on again.
- C	graceoff	Turns off the outlet power of the UPS after the Maximum Required Delay.
	gracereboot	This action is similar to reboot above, but with an additional delay before the shutdown. The attached equipment shuts down only after the UPS waits the Maximum Required Delay, which is calculated as described in the User Guide topic "Shutdown delays and PowerChute Network Shutdown".
	sleep	Puts the UPS into sleep mode by turning off its output power for a defined period of time. The UPS turns off output power after waiting the time configured as Shutdown Delay . When input power returns, the UPS turns on output power after the configured Sleep Time . See "cfgshutdn".
-c	gracesleep	Puts the UPS into sleep mode (turns off power for a defined period of time): • The UPS turns off output power after waiting the Maximum Required Delay to allow time for PowerChute Network Shutdown to shut down its server with protection, and its Shutdown Delay. • When input power returns, the UPS turns on output power after the configured Sleep Time. See "cfgshutdn".
-r	start stop	Initiate or end a runtime calibration. A calibration recalculates remaining runtime and requires the following: • Because a calibration temporarily depletes the UPS batteries, you can perform a calibration only if battery capacity is at 100%. • The load must be at least 15% to guarantee that a calibration will be accepted.
-s	start	Initiate a UPS self-test.
-b	enter exit	Control the use of bypass mode. This command is model-specific and may not apply to your UPS.

Option	Arguments	Description
		Control the UPS outlet groups. Replace # with the outlet group number.
		When the state of the outlet group is on , the option accepts the following arguments:
		•off — Turn off the group immediately.
		 DelayOff — Turn off the group after the number of seconds configured as Power Off Delay.
		 Reboot — Turn off the group immediately, then turn it on after the number of seconds configured as Reboot Duration and Power On Delay.
	Off DelayOff On DelayOn Reboot	 DelayReboot — Turn the outlet group off after the number of seconds configured as Power Off Delay, then turn it on after the number of seconds configured as Reboot Duration and Power On Delay.
-0#	DelayReboot Shutdown DelayShutdown	 Shutdown — If the UPS is online, this reboots the outlet group. If the UPS is on battery, this shuts down the group and waits for AC utility power before turning on the group again.
	Cancel	 DelayShutdown — Shut down the outlet group after the number of seconds configured as Power Off Delay.
		• Cancel — Cancel your previous commands, e.g. turning off.
		When the state of the outlet group is off , the option accepts two arguments:
		•on — Turn on the group immediately.
		 Delayon — Turn on the group after the number of seconds configured as Power On Delay.
		The Power On Delay, Power Off Delay, and Reboot Duration must be configured at the user interface.
		View the status (on, off, or rebooting) of all the outlet groups.
		To view the status of a specific outlet group, specify its number. For example, type <code>ups-os1</code> to view the status of outlet group 1.
-os#		But:
-00#		a) When you use this option on a UPS with a Main Outlet Group: 1 identifies the Main Outlet Group, 2 identifies Switched Outlet Group 1, 3 identifies Switched Group 2, etc.
		b) On a UPS with NO main outlet group: 1 identifies Switched Outlet Group 1, etc.
-st		View the status of the UPS.
-a	start	Test the UPS audible alarm.

The ups command options for MGE Galaxy-specific UPS devices:



These commands are only available on the MGE Galaxy 300 and MGE Galaxy 7000 UPS. Some options may only be available based on the individual UPS model.

Option	Argument	Description
innut	<phase#> all</phase#>	Display the input measurements for the chosen phase of the UPS. Typing "all" displays the information for all phases of the UPS.
-input	voltage current frequency all	Specify the input measurement for the ups command. Example: ups -input 2 frequency Displays the frequency for phase 2 of the UPS.
-	<phase#> all</phase#>	Display the input measurements for the chosen phase of the bypass main. Typing "all" displays all phases of the bypass main.
bypass	voltage current frequency all	Specify the input measurement for the ups command. Example: ups -bypass 2 current Displays the current for phase 2 of the bypass main.
	<phase#> all</phase#>	Display the output measurements for the chosen phase of the UPS. Typing "all" displays the information for all phases of the UPS.
- output	voltage current load power percload pf frequency all	Specify the output measurement for the ups command. Example: ups -output 2 percload Displays the percentage of load for phase 2 of the UPS.
-batt		Display the battery status of the UPS
-about		Displays information about the UPS.
-al	c w	Display all existing alarms. Specifying "c" or "w" limits the display to either Critical (c) or Warning (w) alarms.

Example 1: To initiate a runtime calibration, type:

ups -r start

Example 2: To immediately turn off outlet group 2 at a Smart-UPS XLM, type:

ups -o2 off

upsabout



All UPS information listed by the upsabout command might not be available for all UPS devices.

Access. Super User, Administrator, Device User.

Description: Displays information about the UPS including:

Model, SKU, Serial Number, UPS Firmware Revision, Manufacture Date, Apparent Power Rating, Real Power Rating, Internal Battery SKU and External Battery SKU.

upsfwupdate



This command might not be available for all UPS devices.

Access. Super User, Administrator, Device User.

Description: Initiate an update of the UPS firmware:



Follow the instructions in the CLI to determine if the output of your UPS needs to be turned off in advance of a firmware update.

- See the Knowledge Base article IDs FA164737 and FA170679 on the APC website for information on obtaining a firmware update file.
- To update via USB (AP9631 and AP9635 only):
 - The USB drive must support USB v1.1, and be in FAT, FAT16 or FAT32 format.
 - The firmware update file can be saved to the root of the USB drive, or to a /upsfw/ directory on the USB drive.
 - The drive must be inserted into the USB port of the NMC.

NOTE: Firmware update can take a few minutes. Do not remove the USB drive from the NMC until the UPS firmware update has completed. If you remove the USB drive before completion, the firmware update will not be successful.

Option	Argument	Description
- install	-file <filepath> -ver <firmware version></firmware </filepath>	NOTE: This option is not available on all UPS devices. Install a UPS firmware update from a USB drive inserted into the USB port of the NMC. Include the file path to the firmware update file on the USB drive. The USB drive is mounted on the NMC with drive letter C: \ If there are multiple firmware files on the USB drive, provide the firmware version in the format: [UPS ID number] [UPS Firmware version] NOTE: The UPS ID number can be found using the -info command described below.
-info	-file <filepath> -ver <firmware version></firmware </filepath>	See information about the firmware available on the USB drive inserted into the USB port of the NMC. Include the file path to the firmware update file on the USB drive. If there are multiple firmware files on the USB drive, provide the firmware version in the format: [UPS ID number] [UPS Firmware version]
-list		Display a list of available firmware versions present on a USB drive inserted into the USB port of the NMC.
-status		Check the status of a firmware update that is already initiated.

Option	Argument	Description
- lastres ult		View the result of the last attempted firmware update.

Example 1:

upsfwupdate -info -ver "ID11 UPS 03.8"

Searching for version 'UPS 03.8'... found.

Version 'UPS 03.8' at C:\SMX11UPS_03-8.enc

E000: Success

Update Version: UPS 03.8

Example 2:

upsfwupdate -status

E000: Success

Status: 3k/257k (1%)

user

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Configure the user name and password for each account type, and configure the inactivity timeout. (You can't edit a user name, you must delete and then create a new user).



For information on the permissions granted to each account type (Super User, Administrator, Device User, Read-Only, Network-only), see the *User's Guide*.

Option	Argument	Description
-n	<user></user>	Indicate the user.
-cp	<pre><current password=""></current></pre>	For a Super User, you must specify the current password. NOTE: The -cp option is only required when changing the Super User's password remotely.
-pw	<user password=""></user>	Specify these options for a user. NOTE: Description must be enclosed in quotation marks.
-pe	<pre><user permission=""></user></pre>	
-d	<pre><user description=""></user></pre>	4
-e	enable disable	Enable or disable access for the particular user account.
-te	enable disable	Enable touch screen access.
-tp	<pre><touch access="" pin="" screen=""></touch></pre>	This option is only available on certain devices.

Option	Argument	Description
-tr	enable disable	Enable the touch screen remote authorization override. This option is only available on certain devices. If you enable this override, the NMC will allow a local user to log on using the password for the NMC that is stored locally on the NMC.
-st	<pre><session timeout=""></session></pre>	Specify how long a session lasts waits before logging off a user when the keyboard is idle.
-sr	enable disable	Bypass RADIUS by using the serial console (CLI) connection, also known as Serial Remote Authentication Override. Must also be enabled at the system level, using the "session" command.
-el	enable disable	Indicate the Event Log color coding.
-lf	tab csv	Indicate the format for exporting a log file.
-ts	us metric	Indicate the temperature scale, fahrenheit or celsius.
-df	<mm dd="" dd-mmm-yy="" dd.mm.yyyy="" mmm-dd-yy="" yyyy="" yyyy-mm-dd="" =""></mm>	Specify a date format.
-lg	<pre><language (e.g.="" code="" enus)=""></language></pre>	Specify a user language. Type lang to view all available languages.
-del	<user name=""></user>	Delete a user.
-1		Display the current user list.

Example: To change the log off time to 10 minutes for user "JMurphy", type:

user -n "JMurphy" -st 10

userdflt

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: Complimentary function to "user" establishing default user preferences. There are two main features for the default user settings:

- Determine the default values to populate in each of the fields when the Super User or Administratorlevel account creates a new user. These values can be changed before the settings are applied to the system.
- For remote users (user accounts not stored in the system that are remotely authenticated such as RADIUS) these are the values used for those that are not provided by the authenticating server.

For example, if a RADIUS server does not provide the user with a temperature preference, the value defined in this section will be used.

Option	Argument	Definition
-e	<pre><enable disable="" =""> (Enable)</enable></pre>	By default, user will be enabled or disabled upon creation. Remove (Enable) from the end.

Option	Argument	Definition
	<administrator <br="">Device </administrator>	
-pe	Read-Only Network- Only>	Specify the user's permission level and account type.
	(user permission)	
-d	<pre><user description=""></user></pre>	Provide a user description. Description must be enclosed in quotation marks.
-st	<pre><session timeout=""> minute(s)</session></pre>	Provide a default session timeout.
-bl	<pre><bad attempts="" login=""></bad></pre>	Number of incorrect login attempts a user has before the system disables their account. Upon reaching this limit, a message is displayed informing the user the account has been locked. The Super User or an Administrator-level account is needed to re-enable the account to allow the user to log back in.
		NOTE: A Super User account cannot be locked out, but can be manually disabled if necessary.
-el	<pre><enable disable="" =""> (Event Log Color Coding)</enable></pre>	Enable or disable event log color coding.
-lf	<tab csv="" =""> (Export Log Format)</tab>	Specify the log export format, tab or CSV.
-ts	<pre><us metric="" =""> (Temperature Scale)</us></pre>	Specify the user's temperature scale. This setting is also used by the system when a user preference is not available (for example, email notifications).
-df	<mm dd="" dd-mmm-yy="" dd.mm.yyyy="" mmm-dd-yy="" yyyy="" yyyymm-dd="" =""> (Date Format)</mm>	Specify the user's preferred date format.
-lg	<pre><language (enus,="" code="" etc)=""></language></pre>	Specify the user's preferred language. Type lang to view all available languages.
-sp	<enable disable="" =""></enable>	Enable/disable strong password.
-pp	<pre><interval days="" in=""></interval></pre>	Required password change interval.

Example. To set the default user's session timeout to 60 minutes:

userdflt -st 60 E000: Success

web

Access: Super User, Administrator, Network Only

Description: Enable access to the user interface using HTTP or HTTPS.

For additional security, you can change the port setting for HTTP and HTTPS to any unused port from 5000 – 32768. Users must then use a colon (:) in the address field of the browser to specify the port number. For example, for a port number of 5000 and an IP address of 152.214.12.114:

http://152.214.12.114:5000

Option	Argument	Definition
-h	enable disable	Enable or disable access to the user interface for HTTP.
- s	enable disable	Enable or disable access to the user interface for HTTPS. When HTTPS is enabled, data is encrypted during transmission and authenticated by digital certificate using SSL/TLS.
-mp	<minimum protocol=""></minimum>	Specify the minimum protocol used by the web interface: SSL v3.0, TLS v1, TLS v1.1, or TLS v1.2.
-ph	<http #="" port=""></http>	Specify the TCP/IP port used by HTTP to communicate with the NMC (80 by default). The other available range is 5000–32768.
-ps	<https port<br="">#></https>	Specify the TCP/IP port used by HTTPS to communicate with the NMC (443 by default). The other available range is 5000–32768.
-lsp	enable disable	Enable or disable access to the Limited Status page in the Web UI.
-lsd	enable disable	Enable or disable the Limited Status page being used as the default page when accessing the device's IP or hostname in a web browser.

Example: To prevent all access to the user interface for HTTPS, type:

web -s disable

whoami

Access: Super User, Administrator, Device Only, Read Only, Network Only

Description: Provides login information on the current user

Example:

apc> whoami

E000: Success

apc

xferINI

Access: Super User, Administrator. This command only works through serial/local console CLI.

Description: Use XMODEM to upload an .ini file while you are accessing the command line interface through a serial connection. After the upload completes:

- If there are any system or network changes, the command line interface restarts, and you must log on again.
- If you selected a baud rate for the file transfer that is not the same as the default baud rate for the NMC, you must reset the baud rate to the default to re-establish communication with the NMC.

xferStatus

Access: Super User, Administrator

Description: View the result of the last file transfer.

Example:

xferStatus

E000: Success

Result of last file transfer: OK



See the *User's Guide* for descriptions of the transfer result codes.

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