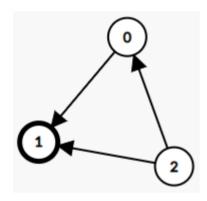


Suppose you are at a party with  $\,n\,$  people (labeled from  $\,0\,$  to  $\,n\,$  –  $\,1\,$ ), and among them, there may exist one The definition of a celebrity is that all the other  $\,n\,$  –  $\,1\,$  people know him/her, but he/she does not know any o

Now you want to find out who the celebrity is or verify that there is not one. The only thing you are allowed to questions like: "Hi, A. Do you know B?" to get information about whether A knows B. You need to find out the verify there is not one) by asking as few questions as possible (in the asymptotic sense).

You are given a helper function bool knows (a, b) which tells you whether A knows B. Implement a function findCelebrity(n). There will be exactly one celebrity if he/she is in the party. Return the celebrity's label if celebrity in the party. If there is no celebrity, return -1.

## Example 1:

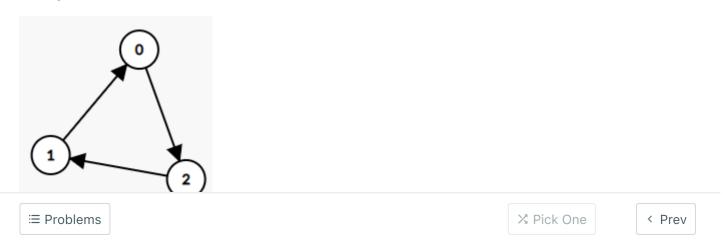


Input: graph = [[1,1,0],[0,1,0],[1,1,1]]

Output: 1

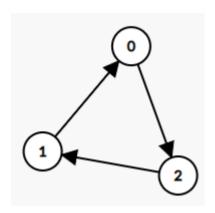
**Explanation:** There are three persons labeled with 0, 1 and 2. graph[i][j] = 1 means person who we show person j, otherwise graph[i][j] = 0 means person i does not know person j. The cel is the person labeled as 1 because both 0 and 2 know him but 1 does not know anybody.

## Example 2:





## Example 2:



Input: graph = [[1,0,1],[1,1,0],[0,1,1]]

Output: -1

Explanation: There is no celebrity.

## **Constraints:**

- n == graph.length
- n == graph[i].length
- 2 <= n <= 100
- graph[i][j] is 0 or 1.
- graph[i][i] == 1

**Follow up:** If the maximum number of allowed calls to the API knows is 3 \* n, could you find a solution wit exceeding the maximum number of calls?

