EMPLOYEE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

1.

QUERY

SELECT EmployeeID, SUM(SalaryAmount) AS totalsalary FROM Salary GROUP BY EmployeeID ORDER BY totalsalary desc;

OUTPUT:

Data	Output Mess	ages Notific	tions
=,	№ × 1 ×	Î 8 <u>1</u>	"
	employeeid integer	totalsalary numeric	<i></i>
3	9	61000.00	
4	5	58000.00	
5	8	57000.00	
б	2	55000.00	
7	10	54000.00	
8	7	53000.00	
9	4	52000.00	
10	1	50000.00	
Tota	l rows: 10 of 10	Query com	lete 00:00:00.085

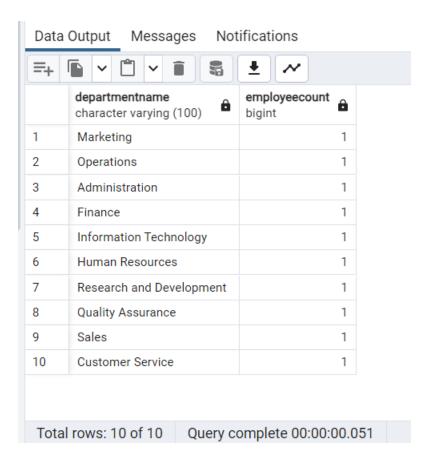
2.

QUERY:

SELECT DepartmentName, COUNT(*) AS EmployeeCount FROM Employee

JOIN Department ON Employee.DepartmentID = Department.DepartmentID

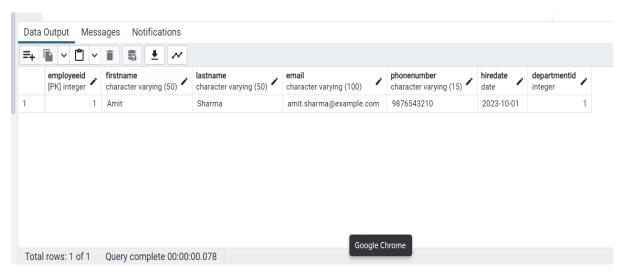
GROUP BY DepartmentName;



3.

QUERY

SELECT * from Employee where DepartmentID=1;



```
4.
QUERY
DO $$
BEGIN
  -- Declare variables
  DECLARE
    employee_count INT;
    department_name VARCHAR(100);
  -- Initialize variables
 employee_count := 0;
  department name := ";
 -- Get the count of employees in a specific department
 SELECT COUNT(*) INTO employee_count FROM Employee WHERE
DepartmentID = 1;
 -- Get the name of the department
  SELECT DepartmentName INTO department_name FROM Department
WHERE DepartmentID = 1;
  -- Display the result
  RAISE NOTICE 'Department % has % employees.', department_name,
employee_count;
END $$;
```



5.

QUERY

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION insert_employee(first_name VARCHAR, last_name VARCHAR, email VARCHAR, hire_date DATE, department_id INT)

RETURNS VOID AS \$\$

BEGIN

INSERT INTO Employee (FirstName, LastName, Email, HireDate, DepartmentID)

VALUES (first_name, last_name, email, hire_date, department_id);

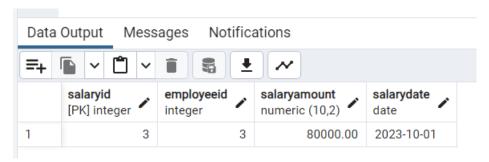
END;

\$\$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

SELECT * FROM Employee where EmployeeID=11;



```
6.
QUERY
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE update_salary(
    IN employee_id INT,
    IN new_salary DOUBLE
)
LANGUAGE plpgsql
AS $$
BEGIN
    UPDATE Salary SET SalaryAmount = new_salary WHERE EmployeeID = employee_id;
END;
$$;
CALL update_salary(3,80000);
```



```
7.
QUERY
     DO
$$
DECLARE
 display_details CURSOR FOR SELECT FirstName, LastName, HireDate FROM
Employee WHERE EmployeeID=9;
 f_name Employee.FirstName%type;
 I name Employee.LastName%type;
 h date Employee. Hire Date % type;
BEGIN
 OPEN display_details;
 LOOP
   FETCH display details INTO f name, I name, h date;
       EXIT WHEN NOT FOUND;
      RAISE NOTICE 'First name: %, Last name: %, Hire Date:
%',f_name,l_name,h_date;
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE display details;
```

END;

\$\$

OUTPUT:

```
Data Output Messages Notifications

NOTICE: First name: Anita, Last name: Shukla, Hire Date: 2023-10-05

DO

Query returned successfully in 63 msec.
```

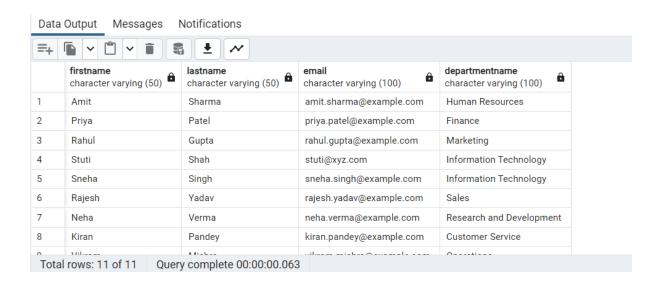
8.

QUERY

SELECT Employee.FirstName, Employee.LastName, Employee.Email, Department.DepartmentName

FROM Employee

INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.DepartmentID = Department.DepartmentID;



9.

QUERY

CREATE VIEW ApprovedLeaveRequests AS

SELECT LeaveRequest.*, Employee.FirstName, Employee.LastName

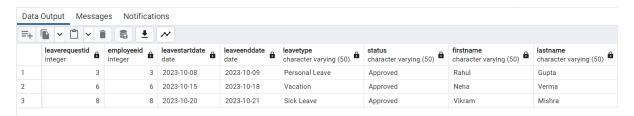
FROM LeaveRequest

JOIN Employee ON LeaveRequest.EmployeeID = Employee.EmployeeID

WHERE LeaveRequest.Status = 'Approved';

Select * from ApprovedLeaveRequests;

OUTPUT:



10.

QUERY

SELECT * FROM Employee WHERE EmployeeID IN (SELECT EmployeeID FROM LeaveRequest WHERE Status = 'Pending');

