



Service Management Interface

for Service Developers



Agenda

- Introduction
- ManagementReport
- Use Cases
- Integration Guidelines
- Takeaways



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Service Management Interface Capabilities

as in Service Delivery Framework Reference Architecture (TMF061)

- **Activation**
 - Making the Service available for a particular context;
- **Provisioning**
 - Configuring the settings of a Service or a Service instance;
- **State Monitoring**
 - Querying the history and current status in terms of life cycle management [for a specific instance of the Service] and our listening for status updates;
- **Usage Monitoring**
 - Querying for usage metrics from the Service instance or listening for usage metrics reports or alarm (e.g. if metrics conditions imply notifications);
- **Health Monitoring**
 - Querying for health metrics from the Service instance or listening to alarm from the resource;
- **Update Configuration**
 - Modification of the setting or life cycle management status of a Service instance;
- **De-activation**
 - Making the Service unavailable in a particular context.

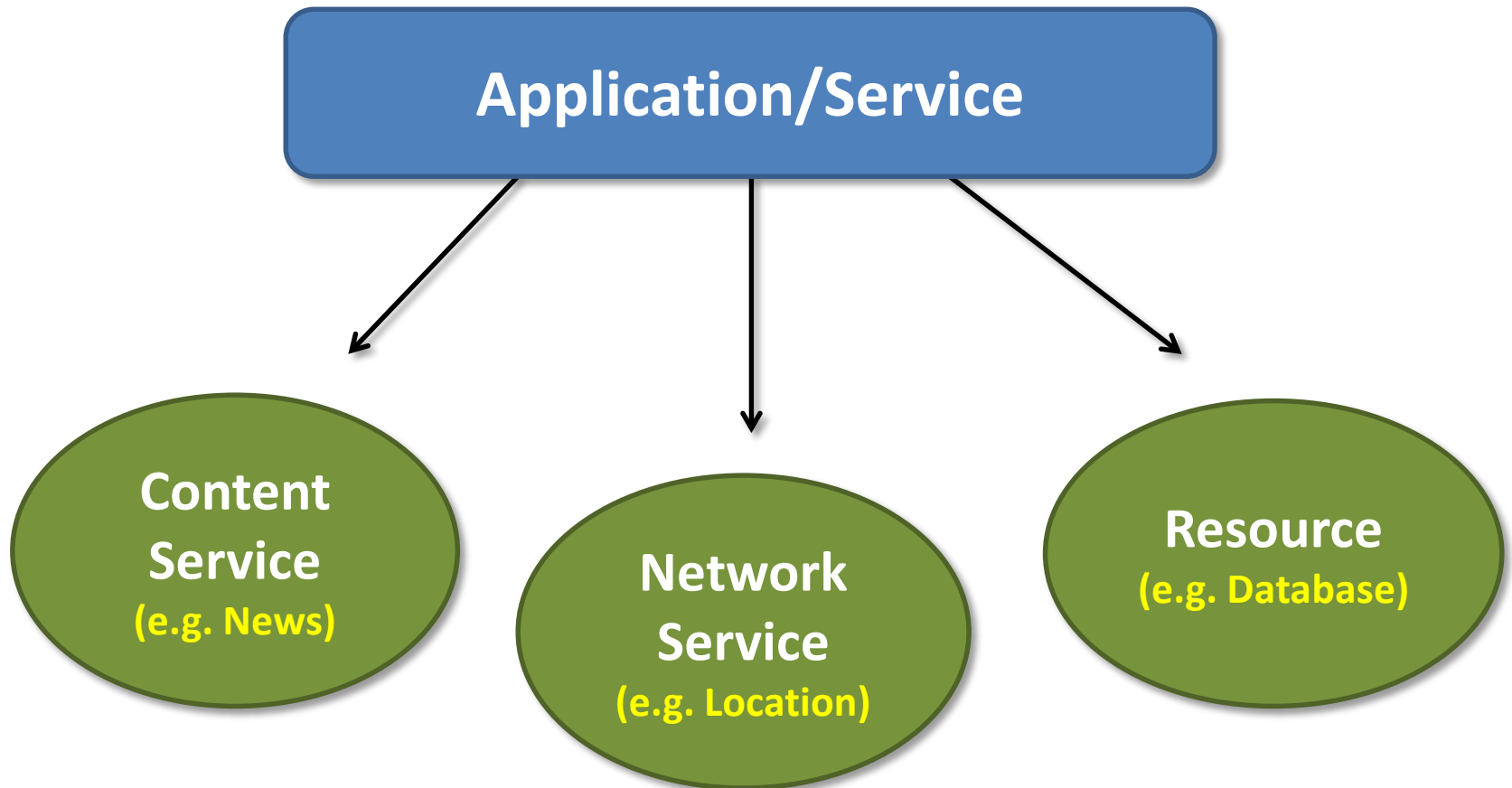


Service Management Interface

- Get/Set ExecutionState
- Get/Set ServiceConfiguration
- Get ManagementReport
- SetNotificationAddress

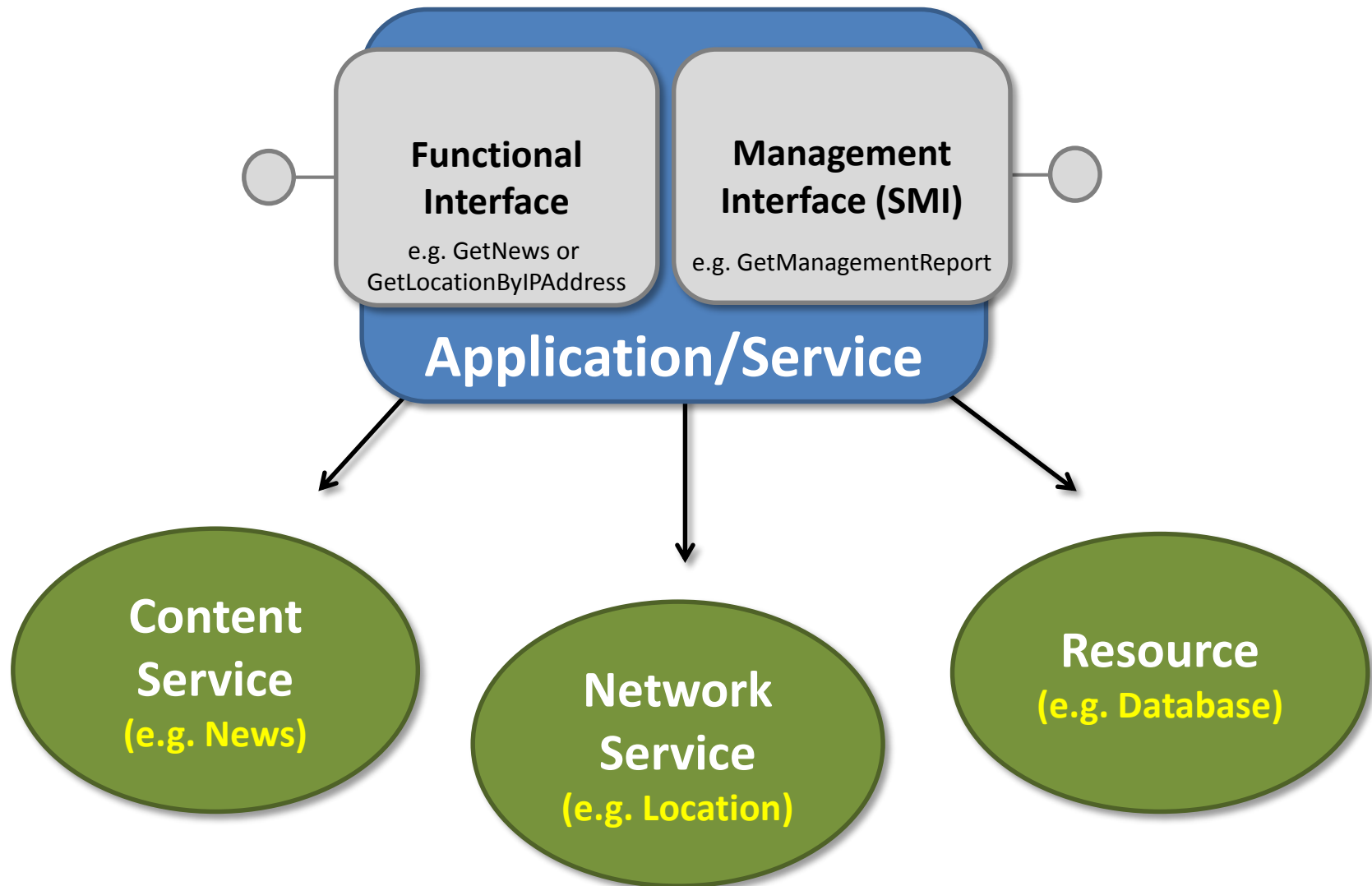


Application/Service Dependencies



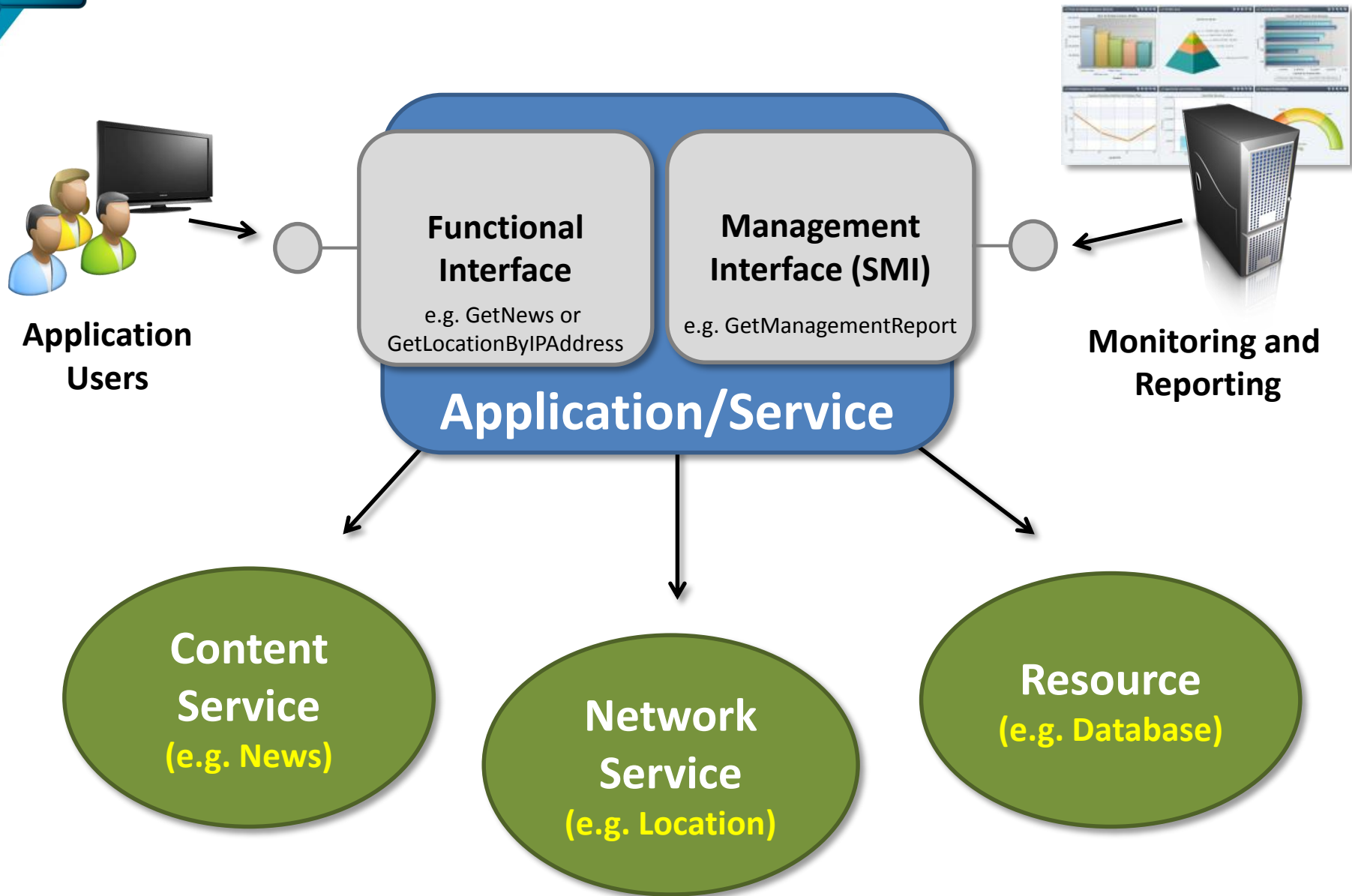


Application/Service Interfaces





Application/Service Consumers





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Service Management Interface

ManagementReport Example (1/2)

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <s:Body>
    <GetManagementReportResponse xmlns="http://schemas.tmforum.org/2011/08/ses/smi">
      <GetManagementReportResult xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
        <ID>91c334aa-1552-4700-9fd8-198bc73e4094</ID>
        <SourceID>48FCCA1D-8F84-47A0-BFDA-80B8819F87D0</SourceID>
        <DateTime>2013-07-03T17:42:04.3696339+01:00</DateTime>
        <State>
          <Execution>Active</Execution>
          <Health>Operational</Health>
          <Failures/>
        </State>
      </GetManagementReportResult>
    </GetManagementReportResponse>
  </s:Body>
</s:Envelope>
```

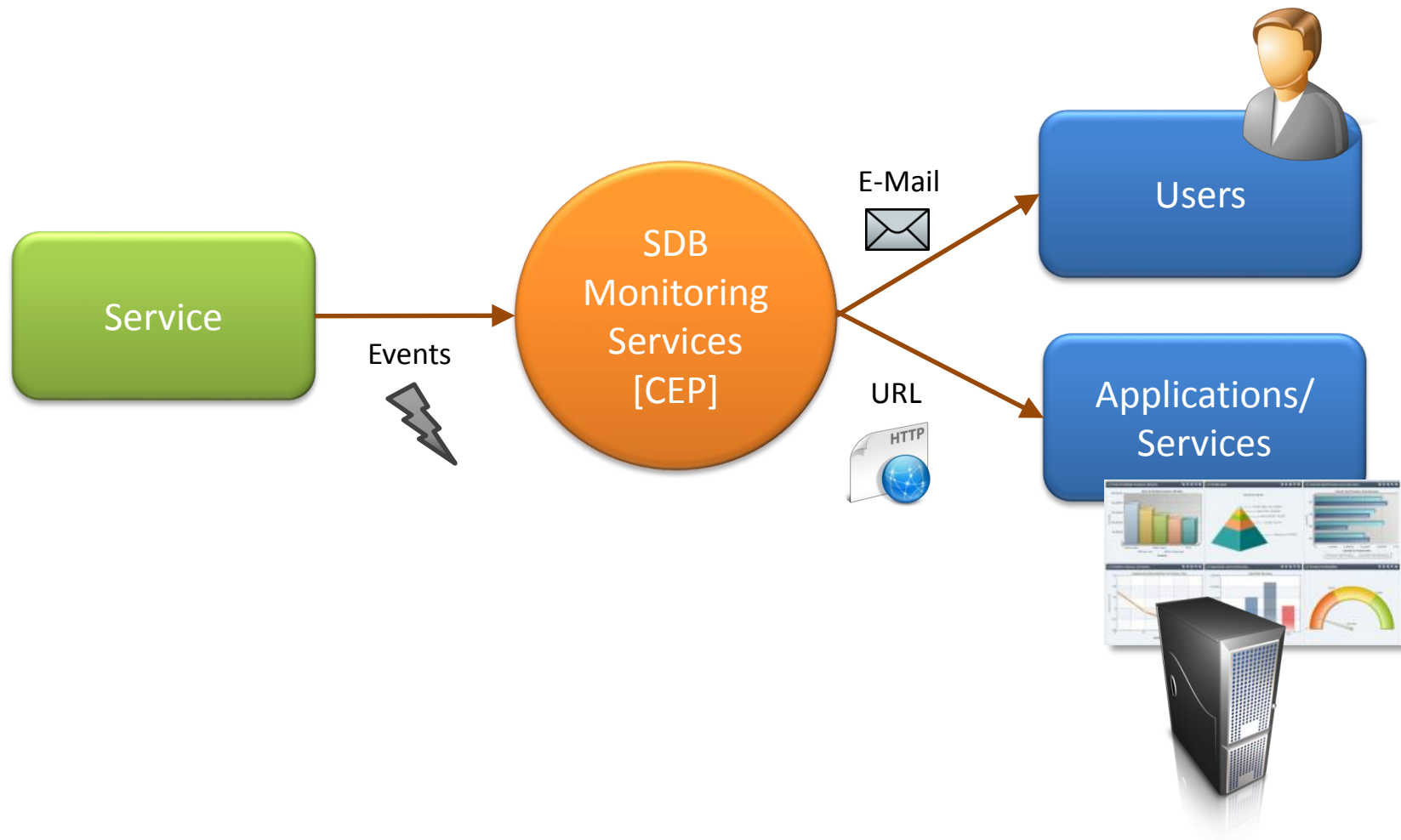


Service Management Interface

ManagementReport Example (2/2)

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <s:Body>
    <GetManagementReportResponse xmlns="http://schemas.tmforum.org/2011/08/ses/smi">
      <GetManagementReportResult xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
        <ID>f35ea993-0b54-490e-9dd2-a4d014750bea</ID>
        <SourceID>48FCCA1D-8F84-47A0-BFDA-80B8819F87D0</SourceID>
        <DateTime>2013-07-03T18:01:17.8649857+01:00</DateTime>
        <State>
          <Execution>Active</Execution>
          <Health>OperationalWithFailures</Health>
          <Failures>
            <Failure>
              <FailureID>DB.0001</FailureID>
              <SourceID>A3E19321-CC49-4BA5-95A6-5FF37AA50FD5</SourceID>
              <Detail>
                Unable to connect to database.
                Exception Message: Failed to establish a connection to '10.135.65.223'.
                Exception StackTrace:    at Npgsql.NpgsqlClosedState.Open(NpgsqlConnector context) in
C:\projects\Npgsql2\src\Npgsql\NpgsqlClosedState.cs:line 204
              </Detail>
            </Failure>
          </Failures>
        </State>
      </GetManagementReportResult>
    </GetManagementReportResponse>
  </s:Body>
</s:Envelope>
```

Event-Driven Notifications





Notification Example (1/2)

ManagementReport (JSON)

Payload=

```
{
  "ID": "fa8cc7e2-e4f3-416b-b5fb-6d91e65d19ed",
  "SourceID": "6c8b9248-6323-4400-8bd9-69b18025f467",
  "DateTime": "2014-05-12T17:35:01.3104577Z",
  "State":
  {
    "Health": "OperationalWithFailures",
    "Execution": "Active",
    "Failures":
    [
      {
        "FailureID": "a872a649-5eca-4735-8a1e-0f5cd94cda22",
        "SourceID": "6c8b9248-6323-4400-8bd9-69b18025f467",
        "Details":
        {
          "IPAddress": "176..78.121.243",
          "failureMessage": "Invalid IP Argument",
          "clientIPAddress": "",
          "EsbPrimaryId": ""
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```



Notification Example (2/2)

ManagementReport (eMail)



seg 12/05/2014 18:35

do-not-reply@services.sapo.pt

SAPO GIS

To João Filipe Rosado Gouveia

Management Report

Report ID: fa8cc7e2-e4f3-416b-b5fb-6d91e65d19ed

Publish Date: 2014-05-12T17:35:01.3100000Z

Source: GIS/GetLocationByIPAddressWithNetworkDataCLFWeb Service Operation
6c8b9248-6323-4400-8bd9-69b18025f467

Activity ID:

Health State: **OperationalWithFailures**

Execution State: Active

Failures

a872a649-5eca-4735-8ala-0f3cd94cda22

Source: GIS/GetLocationByIPAddressWithNetworkDataCLFWeb Service Operation
6c8b9248-6323-4400-8bd9-69b18025f467

```
<Details>
  <IPAddress>176..78.121.243</IPAddress>
  <failureMessage>Invalid IP Argument</failureMessage>
  <clientIPAddress>
  </clientIPAddress>
  <EsbPrimaryId>
  </EsbPrimaryId>
</Details>
```



Notifications Management

Notifications

Title

Retain in database for 1.00:00:00

Save

Save&Close

Delete

Back

Send notification to ▾

Database

SAPO Broker

E-mail

JSON Endpoint

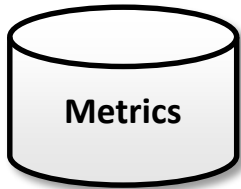
SOAP Endpoint

E-mail to Service Role

E-mail to Configuration Item Role



Service Management Interface Data Sources



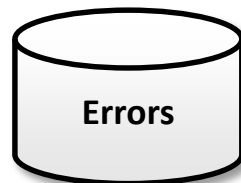
- **Metrics Catalogue**

- Common metric codes and descriptions
 - E.g. Metric “123” is “Requests Per Second”



- **Service/Resource Dependencies**

- Graph of ascendant/descendant dependencies codes and descriptions
 - E.g. Application “A1” depends on Service “S1” and Service “S1” depends on database “DB1”



- **Reference Data**

- Common error codes and messages
 - E.g. Exception “789” is a “Database connection error”



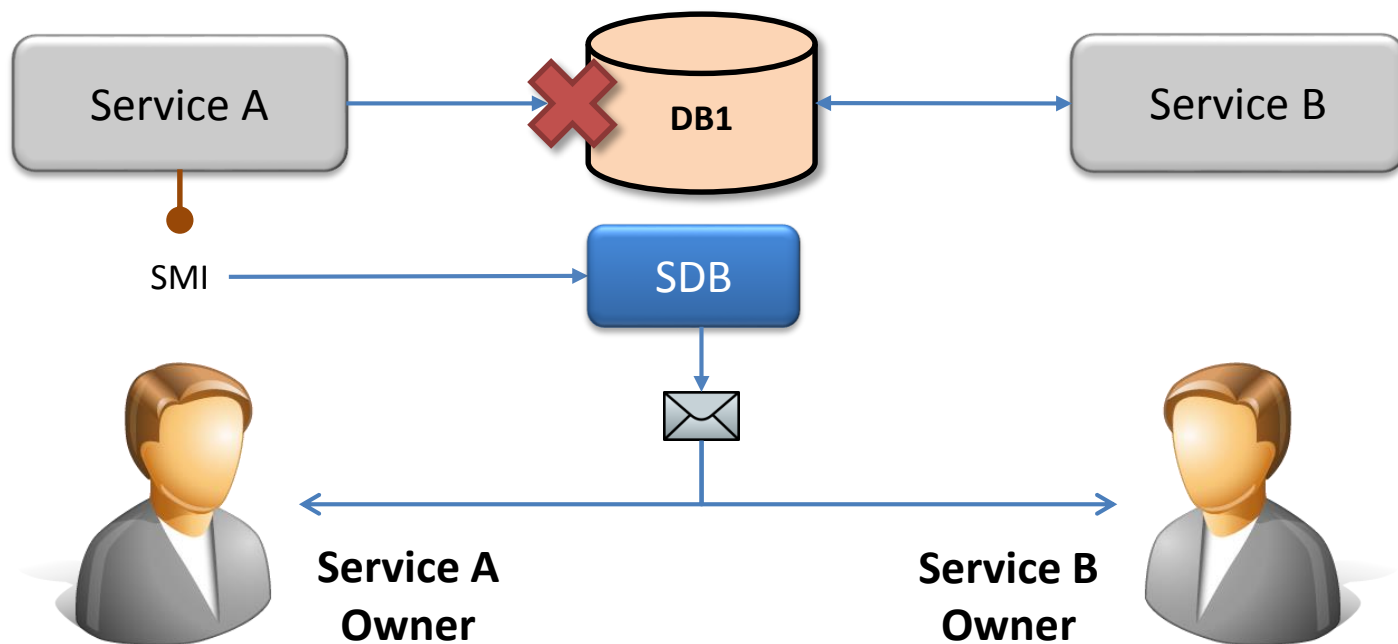
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Service Management Interface

Use Cases (1/2)

- Service A reports that its database dependency DB1 is not available.
- Because Service B also uses the same database, both Service A and B owners receive a service dependency failure notification.





Service Management Interface

Use Cases (2/2)

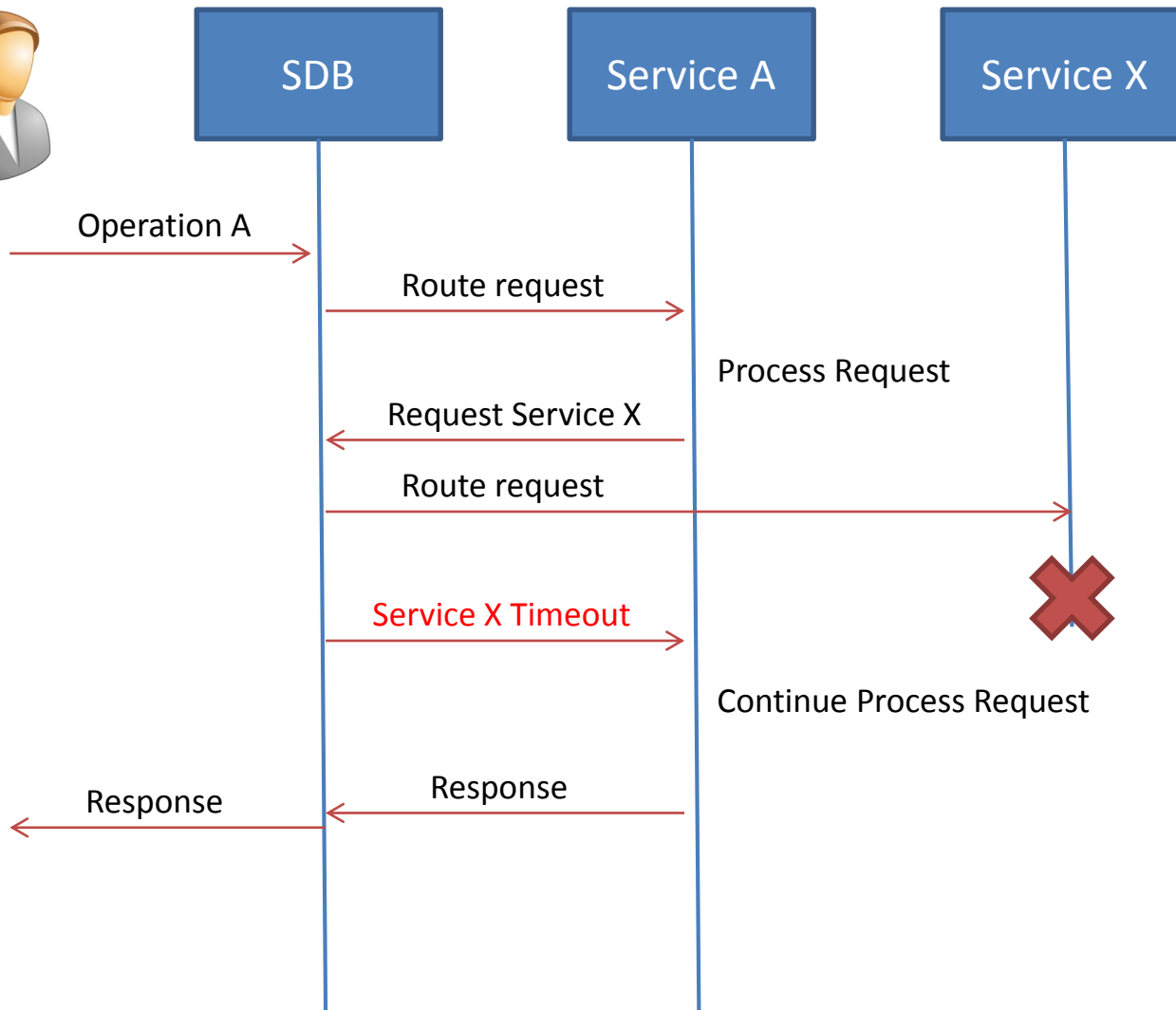
- Application A publishes a ManagementReport that contains a User Interface error due to Service A inconsistent behavior. The ManagementReport is processed and a ticket is automatically opened in Problem Management and assigned to Service A owner.
- The number of occurrences of an Error Code in a set of Premium Services has raised above X% for a given time period.



Use case

Before SMI

Client

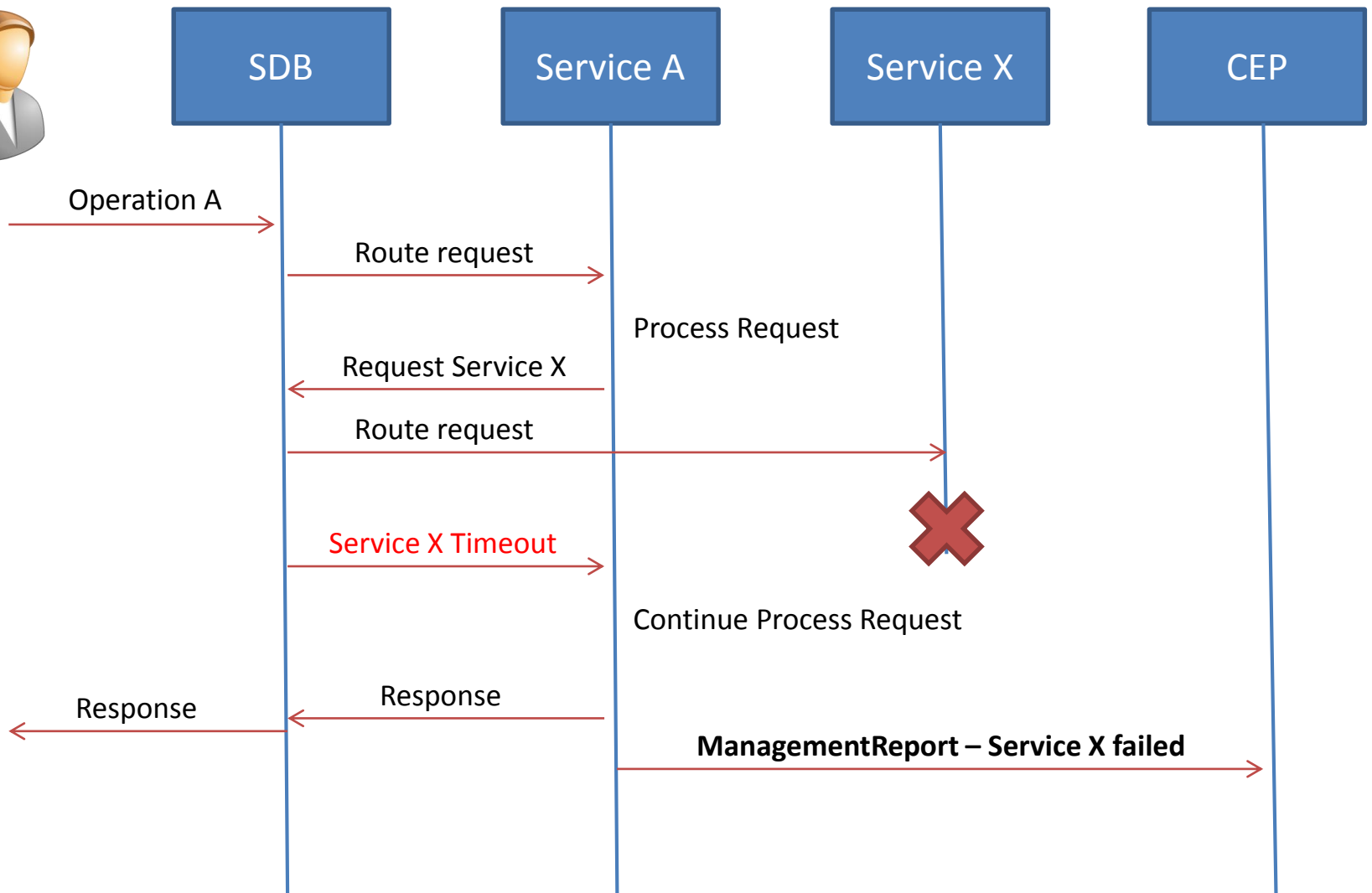




Use case

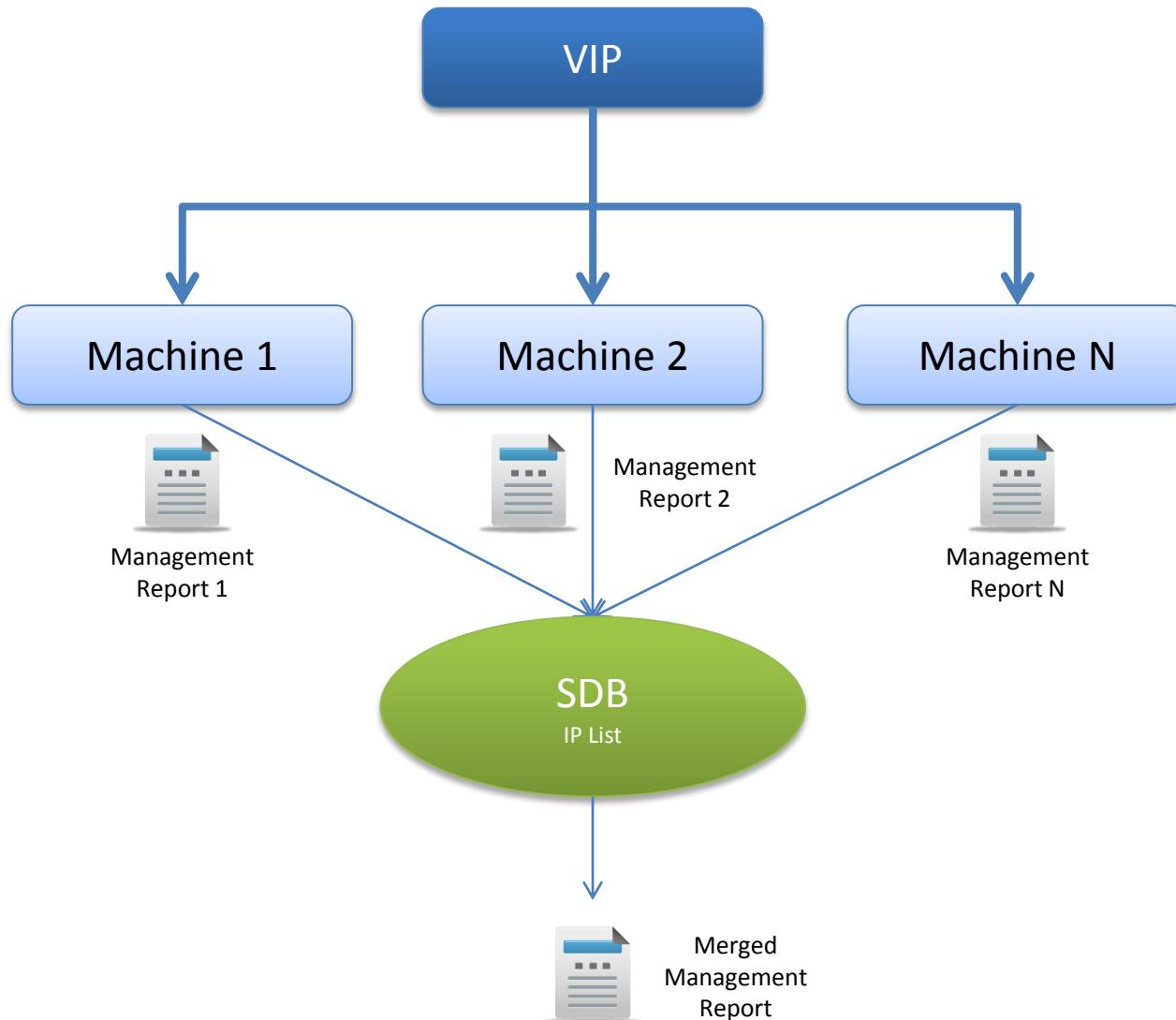
After SMI

Client





SMI Design Example





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Integration Guidelines (1/2)

GetManagementReport operation

- Use the ManagementReport **type definition** available in the SDB Backoffice
 - TMForumSDFSMI
- Identify what are the resources used by your service
- Identify which failures do you want to report
- Test each resource



Integration Guidelines (2/2)

Event-Driven

- Identify the points in your code that could fail
- Collect each fail in a ManagementReport
- Send the ManagementReport
 - At each fail
 - In the end of a request



Service Management API SDK

- SMI SDK
 - .NET
 - Java
- <https://github.com/sapo/sapo-services-sdk/tree/master/SMI-SDK>



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Takeaways

- The Service Management API is simple to implement and consume.
 - Implementable on any application or service
 - Designed to be developer-friendly
- The ManagementReport entity may be used to report most management relevant data in a standardized way:
 - Metrics
 - Health/ExecutionState
 - Failures
 - Configuration Settings
- Enables a set of management patterns, principles and best practices.
 - Functional Abstraction
 - Least Privilege Access
- The SM-API implementation contributes to interesting capabilities such as: dependencies failures correlation, proactive notifications and predictive analysis, thus contributing to an higher QoS (Quality of Service)
 - The SM-API is a requirement



Service Management Interface

for Service Developers