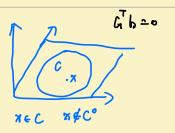
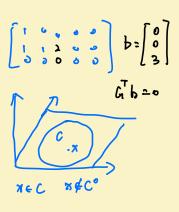
```
) x(t) = f(x(t), d(t)), t>0

(x(0) = 76
                                                                                                                                                                 最份状态 S= 303
                                                                                                                                             すばな ((t) = ) xo EIR* | ヨメ(・) EA , s.t. か(t) = o }
C = ひ(co)
                                                                                                                                       $ 12 ( £. (2 ) x (4) = Mx(4) + Nd(4), +>0
                                                                                                                                                                            \ \(\omega(\omega) = \chi_0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                A = [-1,1]"
                                                                                                                                    \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}
                                                                                                                                  - 版稿: 「X(te) = MX(se) + f(te) => X(te) 2 X(te) 1/6 + X(te) 1/6 X (te) f(s) ds
(X(te) = X6)
                                                                                                                                        १३ १६ इ. १३ ५० १३:
                                                                                                                                                                                                     7000 = 7000 x. + 7(+) 10 x4 (=) Nx (=) ds
                                                                                       (c+) = {x0 | x00) 20 }
                                                                                                                                                      $ xct) 20 => X0 = - (t x1(5) Ha(s) ds
                                                                                                                                                                                      ((4) = } - \ [ X'(5) Ha(5) & 5 }
                                                                                                                                 Thun 2.2: 对平住怪系统 为(e)=MX(e) +NX(e)、可容集 c (高足
                                                                                                                              的人对称,且几是图集
```



7hon >3 (可挖性矩阵判据) : 5 G = G(M, M) = [H, MN, M2N, ..., MHA) MER NER NXM 以下逐午条件等价: (is rough G = 4 co: 外全 c40 内艺B 06C° (ii) Lenma 2.4 假故方生 beik 使缓 [t btxtcs) Nacs) ds 70 Yac) EA (1) A=Erdm, 外心病 bixtcon130 Proof: 由子A是对称的,且(1)对于代有 ac) 6A 前主, ac):=-ac) 叫也南立. (bTx7cs) N(-acs)ds 20 => - [6 1 x 1 cs) N acs) ds 30 (vce) - ace) ds =0 Yac-> eA 假设V(5)声0,则石丘5.6[0,时使得V(3)声0、由于函数正定性 而至了CPO,也]復得V(5)和至2 上前生. 2(s):2 \ v(c)/[v(s)| · In se] <6] 473 8} [= NC=> -2(=) des = In] [10(=>) des > 0 5 m 矛值. 因《水本 bTXT(6)N三0

: 50



induition: if rock Gan then of Co, if of co, then rank to an Proof of them 2.3: Orack Gan = 0 of C° is rank Gen, MTo & b FIRM, bto, Ta b = 0 => 6 [N, WH, W, W, W, H] = 0 => bTH = bTMH = bTM3H = ... = bTM7H 20 \$:2 6 MK = 0 4 KEZ \$ \$ p(x) := det [x] -M) P(M) = M" + Buy M" + ... + BIM + Bol = 0 => Mn=-Pn-1 Mn- Pn-2 Mn-2--- BiM - Bol BT MM = BT (-Pn+ Mn-1 - Pn-2 Mn-2 -.. B.M - B-]) H = 0 af mel pa 17 22, ap bTMKH 20 YKGZe \$ 2 司で集憲正式 (ce)2 / x,2-5, x (a) No (s) ds (基本编: X(s)= RAP(sM) x1(s)= X(-s) bix = - bis x + cond conds = - s b Texpc-sm) Macsids 6 TO APC-SM) N = 6 T & C-S) KNK N = 05 C-6) KI 6 TAKN = 0 => bTx. 20 Hx. & C(=) => C°= \$ => 0 \$

7

```
=> 0 > 6 x = - [ 6 x (s) Nacs)ds
   => [ f px (s) Nacs)ds >0
起报 Lemma 2.4. 有 578 (6) N =0
          => blaxp c-s M)N = 0
$ 950 => 6TH=0
      V(e) = Vu(e) = ... V(e) =0
      => 67 (-M) exp (-4M) N 20
A 2 520
      => BTM M=0 TKEZ
      => b G=0 => rank G < N
若系统满足 round G in, 叫称系统满足对数马纶传条华
五控性的礼的条件:
Defn: 新部新、命性系统 jice)2 Mx(e) +Nave) 是多挖物
Thm 2.5 ( 3 2 12 14 ) )
· なA· で,1 1m, 加東
 (i) rank & = n
是马塔加,即C2(R".
```

Proof: rank G 20, 本及学后Thur>3. 方区集 C 是室在保备一个 邻城B800,由于Re(1)人口,只要伦思控制以20, 3,12 40 27 7(d) = EM x 0 /2 22 21 00 对任务为。日间,可无论加零控制一般时间,使轨道进入 B& (0) Z.g. 122, m=1, A2 (1,1), xce)2 (x,ce) $M = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ $N = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ x(t)= Mx(t) + Nx(e) G = [H, MH] = (13) ci) rank G=2 $4d(\lambda I - M) = 4d\left(\frac{\lambda - 1}{2 N + 3}\right) = \lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 2 = (\lambda + 1)(\lambda + 1)$ => x1=-1, x22-1 (ii) Recri) co for iz1, L. E.g. N22, M21, A= E-1,1] M = (01) N=(1) G:[N, MN] = [10] (i) rank G=2 x1=0 =) 3 1/240

電気では: ある →

總を覆到:3观 3观 (→) 3%

是马护·加·即 C2(R".

2.4 37212149 (ODE) Sign = Mx(e) MG1RMXM (X(a) = Xa

假设出门只隐观卿到

当meen, y是你到 coo anim.

马别i则性问题: 徐定 y(-) 我们马否知道 x(1) 状态?

Pefn: ((ODE), (O)) 被称为马别im/ foo. 芳马双通过 y(·) 互任弟[o,e] 计量为.

が住まるい、メンシ、ハスパーン三川から ころいつ ころいつ

②若m=n, 见从是3查foo, y(on=Neco) ⇒ x(+)=N-1y(+) 在位定全马现例。

Thun 2-7 (32) (M + 5 40 3 to 12 12. Obserability and controllability). 发化 (1) / x(t) = M x(t) y(+) = Nx(x) 是可观例知,当见反当系统 是 马枪 60, 2P C= (R". Remark: 马观阳性和马蹄性五为时偶 Proof: 12(P) & To 3 x 12/40, 2/ To E 7/ + x2 3, co) = Mx1(e) X, co) = 71, χι(ε) = M x2(ε). X2(ω) = X2 12 y(+)= N x(+)= N x2(+) + +>0. 12 x(+):= x(+)- x2(+) x0= x,-x2 0 (T) = (N X (O) = (T) & 0 = (4) x (4) = (4) x (5) = 0 7430 A > x60) = exp(+M) x . 3 (3 NX(4) = Hexp(+M) X0 =0 Ht > 0 1 v(e)= Hexp(+M) x==> Hx. =0 V'(0) = 0 => HMX0=0 => MMKX. =0 => x T (NK) T HT =0 + K E Z x3 G = 71 [HT M M , ... (M3 - 12] = 0

分级为增强条件 nonk G=n

图为 Xo + o rank G < n 图此 CD) 不易抢~wo (0) 2 (+) = (21(+) 2 (-e) 2 (-e)

文(+):M7+40+NTace), 沒(D)是不多擔份,例 mak G<n,根据定理23.存 \$ F 1/2 \$0, 1 x3 G 20 => HM x, 20, K20, ... N-1 花部 Cay (ey-Hamilton き地 M" = - Bry M" - - - - B. I => HMky020, & k=0,041.,... \$ iz y(+)=N x(+) =0 HXUO) 2 Neap (Me) 7. = H E TIME 7. = = KI NM X0=0 园此,(P)是不可见例的。 2. I Bary - Bary 19-38 Defin: - FtèM d(·) EA 独级的 bong-bong, 如果对任意 七之0, 海(本) =1 Thon? & (Bay-Bay 原理) it too, 考 x°EC, 叫系统 (NDA) + (NXN = (D) 及立一个bong-bong 接制 滿足 X(t) =0.