dec 13 linear 1 Ridge Repression Recop. we have P(y|x) = - way (ogistic loss function - loose appron. g'zero one loss'.

(l(w) = \(\frac{2}{4} \) log (1+e) Zero-one los, - Go. over the dataset and just count how many 9 get wrong. Not differentiable not continuous so we can't uplimize it. L (n: , y: , w) = log (Le e ta) Cloude in the in with inte 7 e-(nositive 9#4) =70 f (7; y; w) = log (1) = 0 wrong 2(11:, y;, w) = Ly yingve, be assuming we clampy apositive point as -ve =7 wini in -ve =7 e-inegative qty)
=> e+00) => Now 1+ e large = elange € 50 L (x;y; w) = - w xiy; 7 longe loss OLS (Ordinary least squares) yier, Assumption for each or, therein a gansian distribution of posible y values i.e. y= wx:+E: e: N(0,02) on y ~ N (w'z; , 02)

e (win, -y,) Now we have. P(y: (3, v) = -27102 Mariline for w MAP engmente (y (ni, w) MLE: arg max (= log (\frac{1}{2} not) + (-1) \frac{2}{2} (\omega nat - 1)^2 take by = argnin & (ww. yi) comultiple by 1) arguin I & (Waity.)L MAP P(w) pror P(W/92, 20) = P(D/W) P(W) w ~ N(0, E) P(w) = 12102 28 arguar P(J, n, - Jn, m/w) P(w) dwg Z we to, = argman T P(y ja; w) Xiisan o then side of " on wis independent of the 2 argument & log (P (y: 12: w) P (w)) = MLE 2 argnin 1 & ((w/4,-4)) + 1 (w/w) Ww = w 2 200grim 3 2 2 [[war - 4]] + 1 ww = argin + = (w/2, -y) + > | w/2