## MATH 173 PROBLEM SET 9

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Problem 1.  $\triangleleft$  Solution.

Problem 2.

## Solution.

(a) We need  $\int_0^1 |x^{\alpha}|^2 = \int_0^1 x^{2\alpha}$  to converge. This converges for  $\alpha > -1/2$  and diverges for  $\alpha \leq -1/2$ , so  $\phi_{\alpha} \in L^2((0,1))$  for  $\alpha > -1/2$ .

(b) We need  $\phi_{\alpha} \in L^2((0,1))$ , so  $\alpha > -1/2$ . But, since  $\phi_{\alpha}$  are smooth, we also need  $\int_0^1 |\phi_{\alpha}'|^2$  to converge. We see  $\phi_{\alpha}' = \alpha x^{\alpha-1}$ . and  $\int_0^1 |\alpha x^{\alpha-1}|^2 = |\alpha|^2 \int_0^1 x^{2(\alpha-1)}$  converges for  $\alpha > 1/2$  and diverges for  $\alpha \le 1/2$ . So,  $\phi_{\alpha} \in H^1((0,1))$  for  $\alpha > 1/2$ .

Problem 3.

Solution.

(a) We know the statement is true for  $f \in C^1((a,b))$  by FTC. Now, let  $f_n \to f$  where  $f_n \in C^1((a,b))$ . By the continuity of the trace operator,

$$f(x) - f(y) = \lim_{n \to \infty} (f_n(x) - f_n(y)) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \int_x^y f'_n(t)dt$$

TODO: finish this.

(b) TODO

Problem 4.  $\triangleleft$  Solution.

Problem 5.

**Solution.** Consider the dogbowl functions

$$f_n := 1 - \max(n \cdot d(x, \partial B), 1).$$

TODO: image

We see that  $Tf_n = 1$  for all n4, so  $Tf_n \to 1 \neq 0$ . However,

$$||f_n||_{L_2}^2 = \int_B |f_n(x)|^2 dx = \int_{d(x,\partial B)<1/n} |f_n(x)|^2 dx \le \int_{d(x,\partial B)<1/n} 1 dx = O(1/n) \to 0.$$

So, 
$$f_n \to 0$$
 in  $L^2$ .

Problem 6.

**Solution.** Let  $u = \lim_{n \to \infty} u_n$  where  $u_n$  are compactly supported continuous functions. Note that we are given that  $u = \lim_{n \to \infty} -u_n(x^*)$ . This means that

$$u = \frac{\lim_{n \to \infty} u_n(x) + \lim_{n \to \infty} - u_n(x^*)}{2} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{u_n(x) - u_n(x^*)}{2}.$$

Note that  $\frac{u_n(x)-u_n(x^*)}{2}=0$  when  $x_n=0$ , so

$$T_{B_+}\left(\frac{u_n(x)-u_n(x^*)}{2}\right) = \frac{u_n(x)-u_n(x^*)}{2}|_{\partial B_+} = 0.$$

We have shown in class that this is sufficient to say  $T(u|_{B_+})=0$ , so  $u|_{B_+}\in H^1_0(B_+)$ 

Problem 7.  $\triangleleft$  Solution.