# **Jovian**

This component allows you to create volumetric gas giants.

# Lights

If you want a light to shine on this then add it here.

NOTE: If this list has a length of zero, then it will be rendered with full brightness.

NOTE: If this list has a length of more than zero, then it will be rendered with ambient lighting.

NOTE: Only the first two active lights will be used.

# **Shadows**

If you want a shadow to cast on this then add it here.

NOTE: Only the first two active shadows will be used.

#### Color

This allows you to set the final color tint.

# **Brightness**

This allows you to set the final color brightness. This is useful in combination with HDR.

#### **Render Queue**

This allows you to set which render queue group the jovian will be placed in. By default this is set to Transparent, but you can also use Background if you want the jovian to render before other transparent objects.

### **Render Queue Offset**

This allows you to tweak the render queue position. For example, the Transparent render queue is 3000, so an offset of 5 will set the render queue to 3005.

#### **Smooth**

This setting causes the color transitions to be smoothed.

# **Main Tex**

This allows you to set the main cube map applied to the surface.

#### Scattering

This allows you to enable light scattering.

## Mie Sharpness

This allows you to set how sharp the mie scattering appears.

# Mie Strength

This allows you to set how strong the mie scattering appears.

#### Limit Alpha

This setting causes the scattered light's additional alpha to be scaled based on the final color, giving you better blending.

# **Lighting Brightness**

This allows you to set the brightness gradient. The right side of the gradient is the color that will be used when fully lit by a light.

# **Lighting Color**

This allows you to set the color gradient. This is multiplied with the Lighting Brightness to give the final lighting gradient.

#### **Rim Color**

This allows you to set the rim gradient. The left side of the gradient is the color that will be applied to the edge of the atmosphere.

## **Density Mode**

This allows you to set how the atmospheric density is calculated, either linearly, or logarithmically.

# **Density**

This allows you to set how dense the atmosphere is.

### **Power**

This allows you to set how sharp the edge of the atmosphere is.

#### Mesh Radius

This allows you to set the actual radius of the meshes you set in the **Meshes** list. For example, the default Unity sphere primitive has a radius of 0.5 units.

#### Meshes

This allows you to set the meshes you want to use for the atmosphere. These should be standard spheres with outward facing normals.