

# JAVASCRIPT FUNDAMENTALS – PART 1



# THE COMPLETE JAVASCRIPT COURSE

FROM ZERO TO EXPERT!



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SECTION

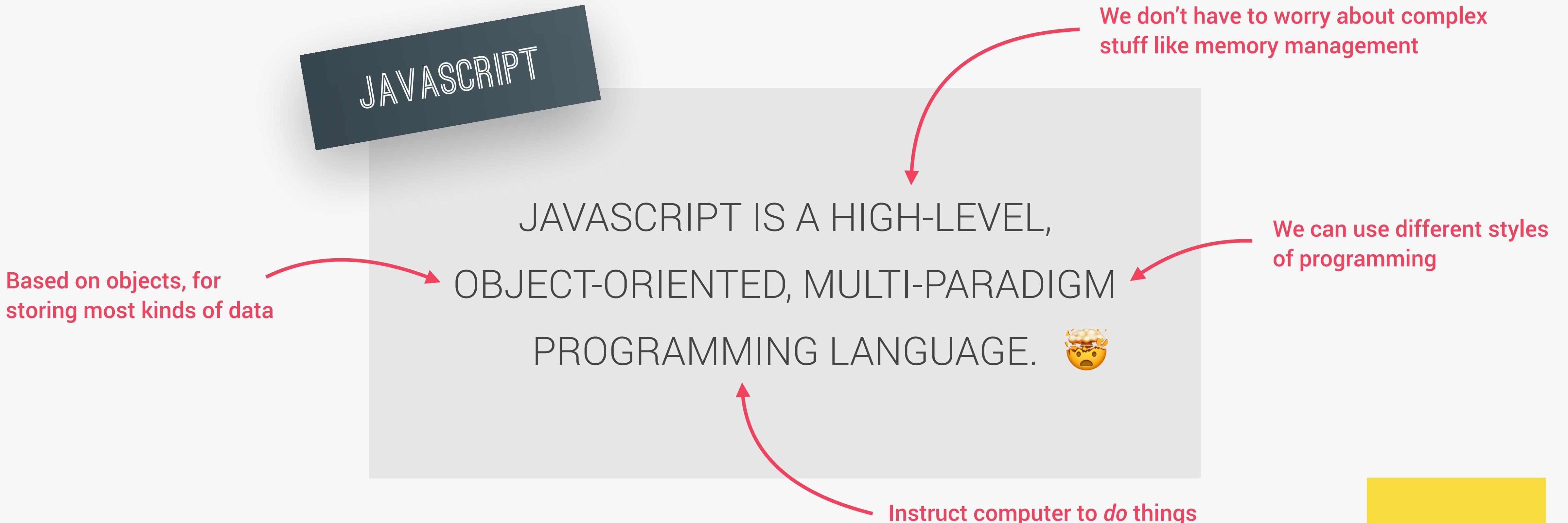
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LECTURE

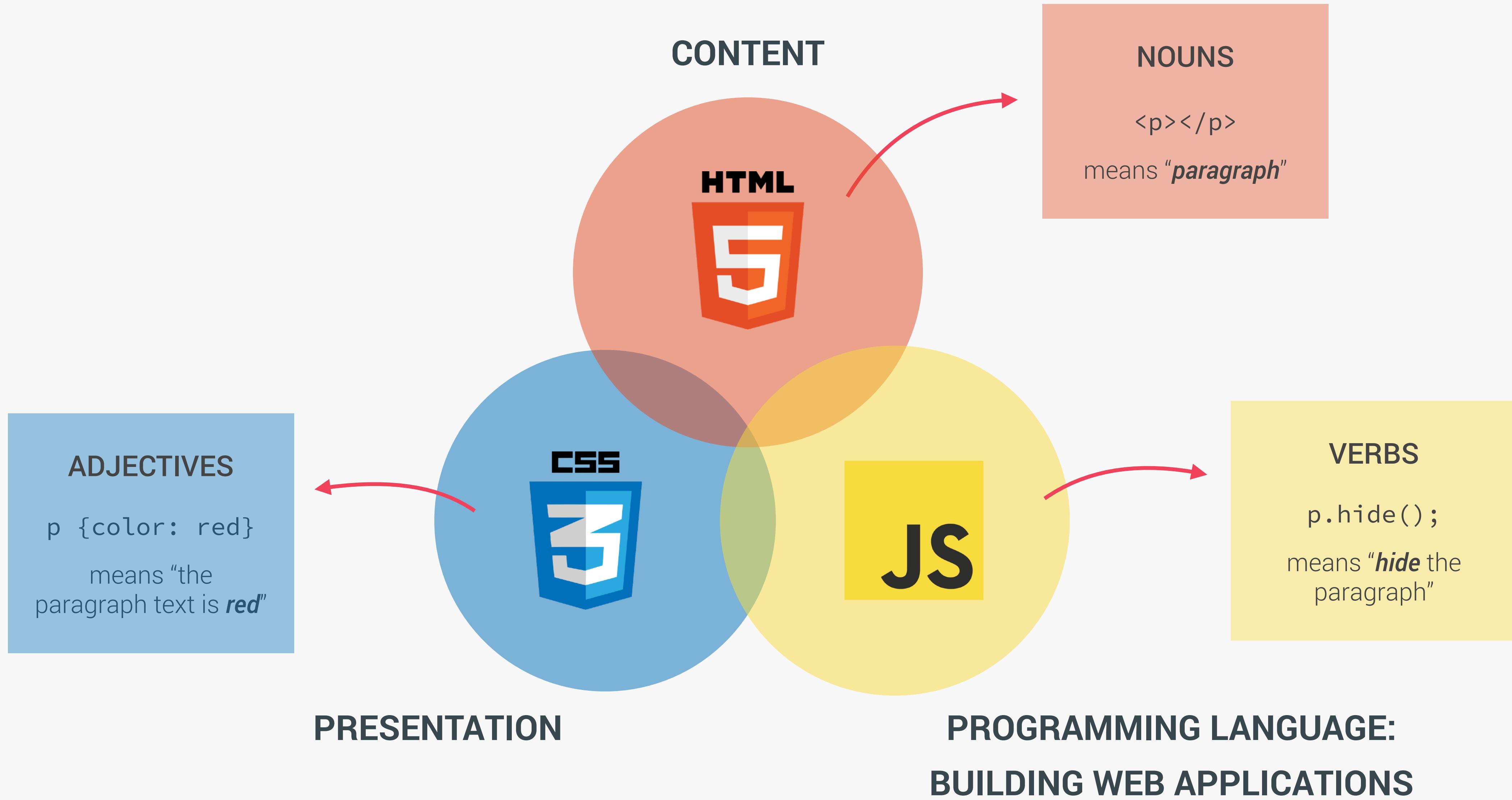
A BRIEF INTRODUCTION TO  
JAVASCRIPT

JS

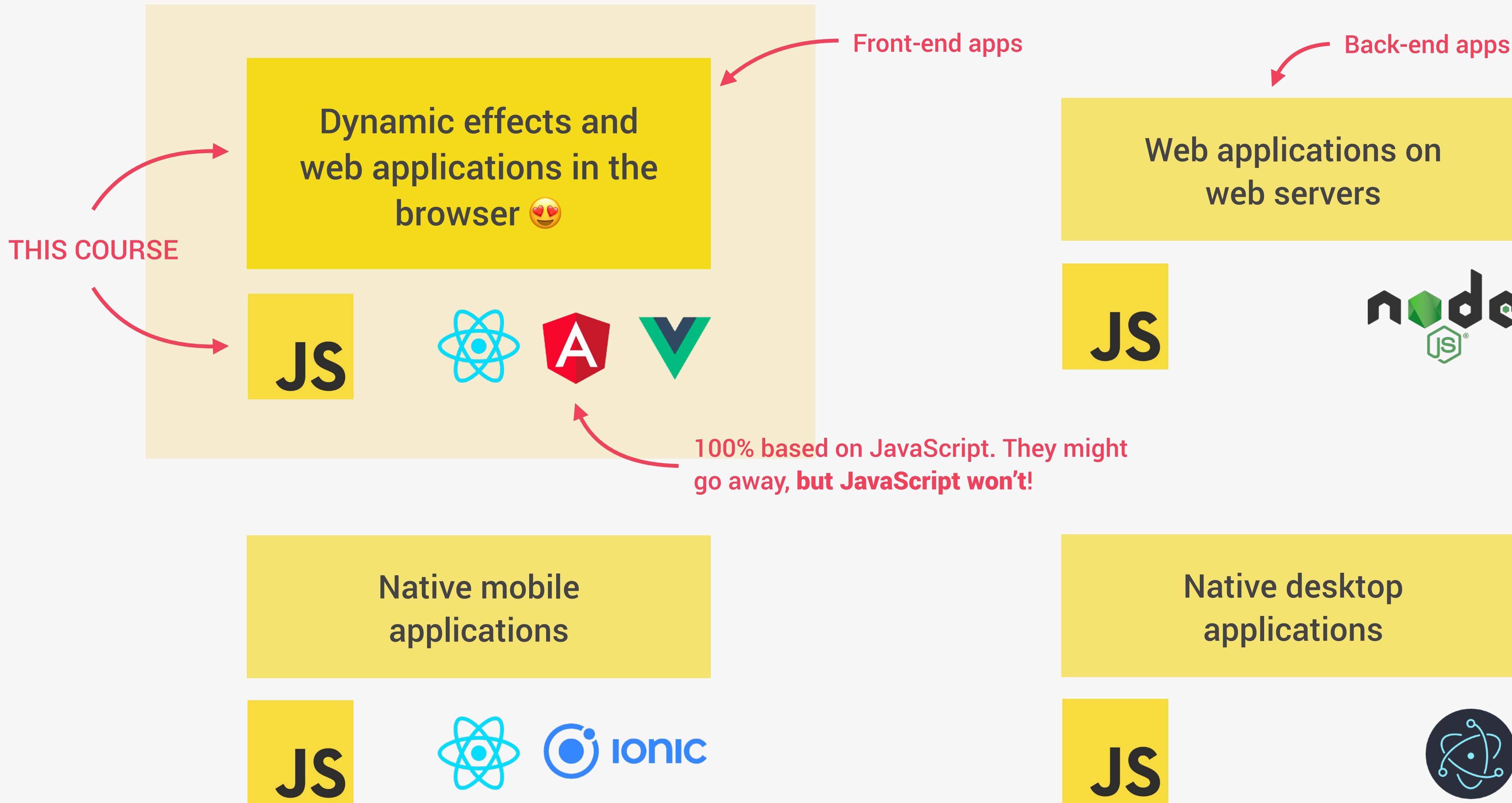
# WHAT IS JAVASCRIPT?



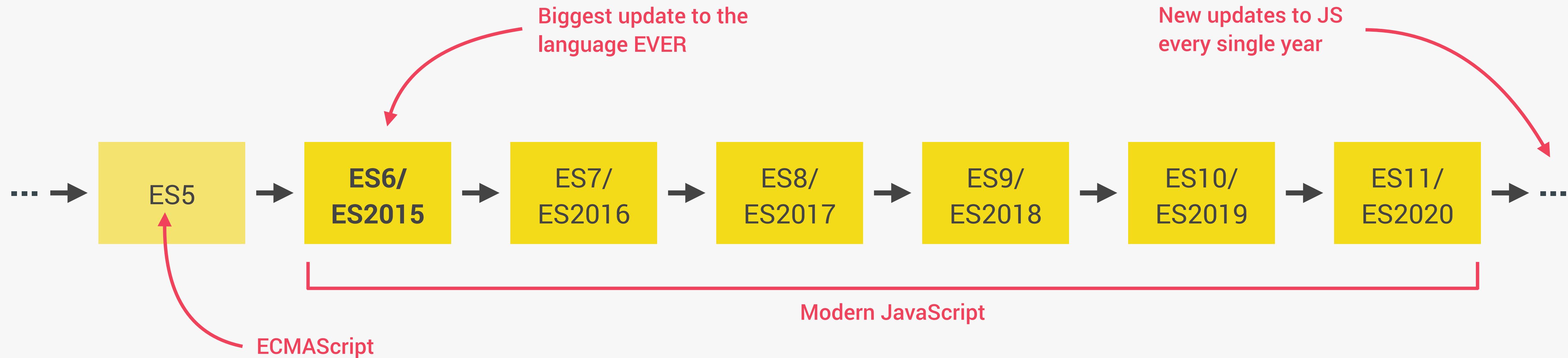
# THE ROLE OF JAVASCRIPT IN WEB DEVELOPMENT



# THERE IS NOTHING YOU CAN'T DO WITH JAVASCRIPT (WELL, ALMOST...)



# JAVASCRIPT RELEASES... (MORE ABOUT THIS LATER)



Learn **modern JavaScript from the beginning**, but without forgetting the older parts!



Let's finally get started!



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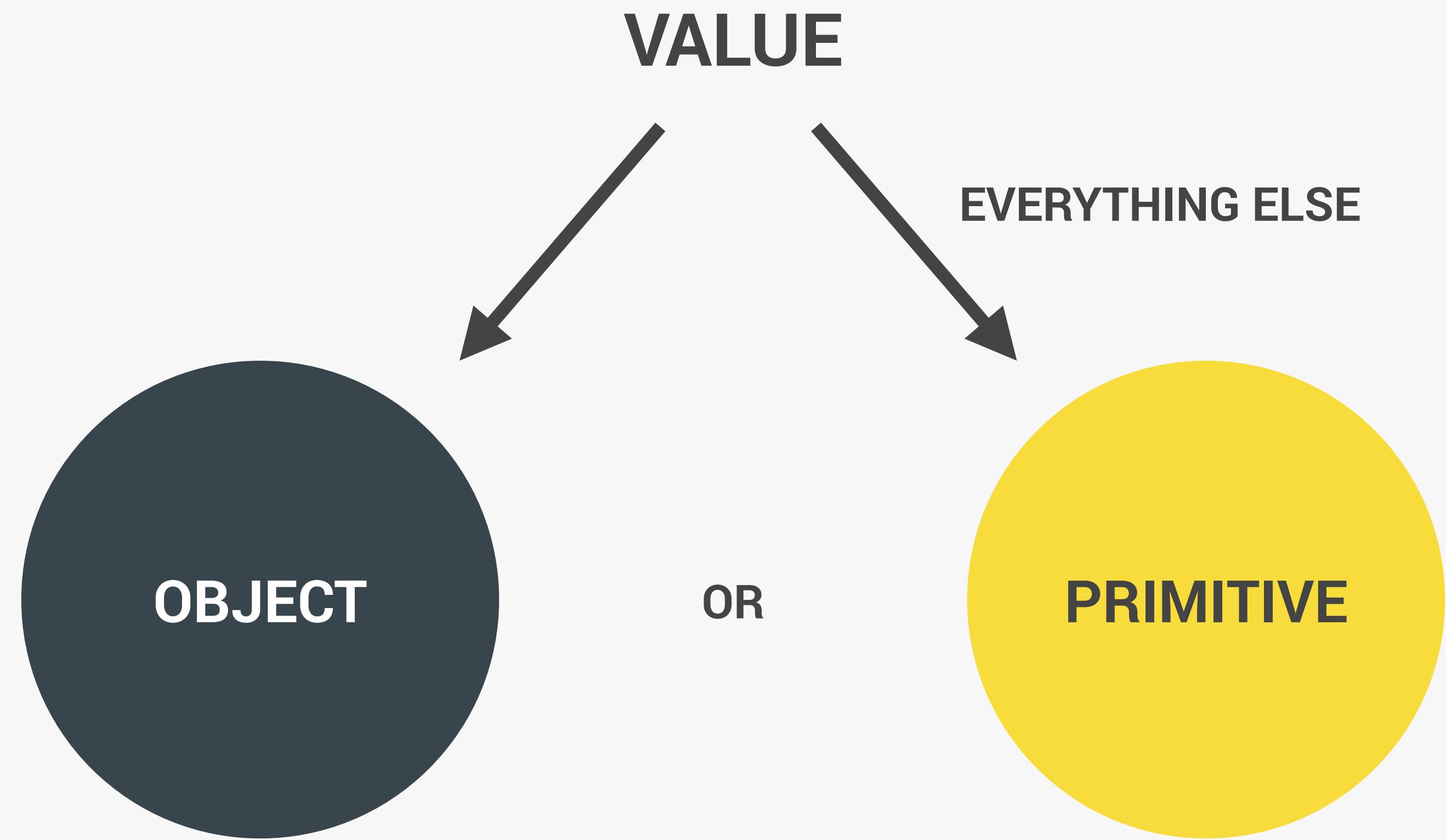
JAVASCRIPT FUNDAMENTALS - PART 1

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DATA TYPES

JS

# OBJECTS AND PRIMITIVES



```
let me = {  
  name: 'Jonas'  
};
```

```
let firstName = 'Jonas';  
let age = 30;
```

# THE 7 PRIMITIVE DATA TYPES

1. **Number:** Floating point numbers ➡ Used for decimals and integers

```
let age = 23;
```

2. **String:** Sequence of characters ➡ Used for text

```
let firstName = 'Jonas';
```

3. **Boolean:** Logical type that can only be true or false ➡ Used for taking decisions

```
let fullAge = true;
```

4. **Undefined:** Value taken by a variable that is not yet defined ('empty value')

```
let children;
```

5. **Null:** Also means 'empty value'

6. **Symbol (ES2015):** Value that is unique and cannot be changed [Not useful for now]

7. **BigInt (ES2020):** Larger integers than the Number type can hold



**JavaScript has dynamic typing:** We do **not** have to manually define the data type of the value stored in a variable. Instead, data types are determined **automatically**.



Value has type, NOT variable!



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BOOLEAN LOGIC

JS

# BASIC BOOLEAN LOGIC: THE AND, OR & NOT OPERATORS

A AND B

"Sarah has a driver's license  
**AND** good vision"

A OR B

"Sarah has a driver's license  
**OR** good vision"

NOT A, NOT B



Possible values

		A
AND		TRUE FALSE
B	TRUE	TRUE FALSE
	FALSE	FALSE FALSE

Results of operation, depending on 2 variables

true when **ALL** are true

No matter how many variables

A

OR		TRUE FALSE
B	TRUE	TRUE TRUE
	FALSE	TRUE FALSE

true when **ONE** is true

Inverts **true/false** value

👉 EXAMPLE:

A: Sarah has a driver's license

B: Sarah has good vision

Boolean variables that can be either TRUE or FALSE

# AN EXAMPLE



## BOOLEAN VARIABLES

- 👉 A: Age is greater or equal 20
- 👉 B: Age is less than 30

false

true

age = 16

		A	B	
		AND	TRUE	FALSE
A	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	
	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	

## LET'S USE OPERATORS!

- 👉 !A  

false	true
-------	------
- 👉 A AND B  

false	true
-------	------
- 👉 A OR B  

false	true
-------	------
- 👉 !A AND B  

true	true
------	------
- 👉 A OR !B  

false	false
-------	-------

		A	B	
		OR	TRUE	FALSE
A	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	
	FALSE	TRUE	FALSE	



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JAVASCRIPT RELEASES: ES5, ES6+  
AND ESNEXT

JS

# A BRIEF HISTORY OF JAVASCRIPT

1995

👉 Brendan Eich creates the **very first version of JavaScript in just 10 days**. It was called Mocha, but already had many fundamental features of modern JavaScript!



1996

👉 Mocha changes to LiveScript and then to JavaScript, in order to attract Java developers. However, **JavaScript has almost nothing to do with Java** 🤪

👉 Microsoft launches IE, **copying JavaScript from Netscape** and calling it JScript;



1997

👉 With a need to standardize the language, ECMA releases ECMAScript 1 (ES1), the first **official standard for JavaScript** (ECMAScript is the standard, JavaScript the language in practice);



2009

👉 ES5 (ECMAScript 5) is released with lots of great new features;

2015

👉 ES6/ES2015 (ECMAScript 2015) was released: **the biggest update to the language ever!**

👉 ECMAScript changes to an **annual release cycle** in order to ship less features per update 🙏

2016 – ∞

👉 Release of ES2016 / ES2017 / ES2018 / ES2019 / ES2020 / ES2021 / ... / ES2089 😅

# BACKWARDS COMPATIBILITY: DON'T BREAK THE WEB!

```
// ES1 Code  
function add(n) {  
  var x = 5 + add.arguments[0];  
  return x;  
}
```

1997



BACKWARDS  
COMPATIBLE

Modern JavaScript  
Engine

2020

DON'T BREAK THE WEB!

- 👉 Old features are **never** removed;
- 👉 Not really new versions, just **incremental updates** (releases)
- 👉 Websites keep working **forever!**

Modern JavaScript  
Engine

2020

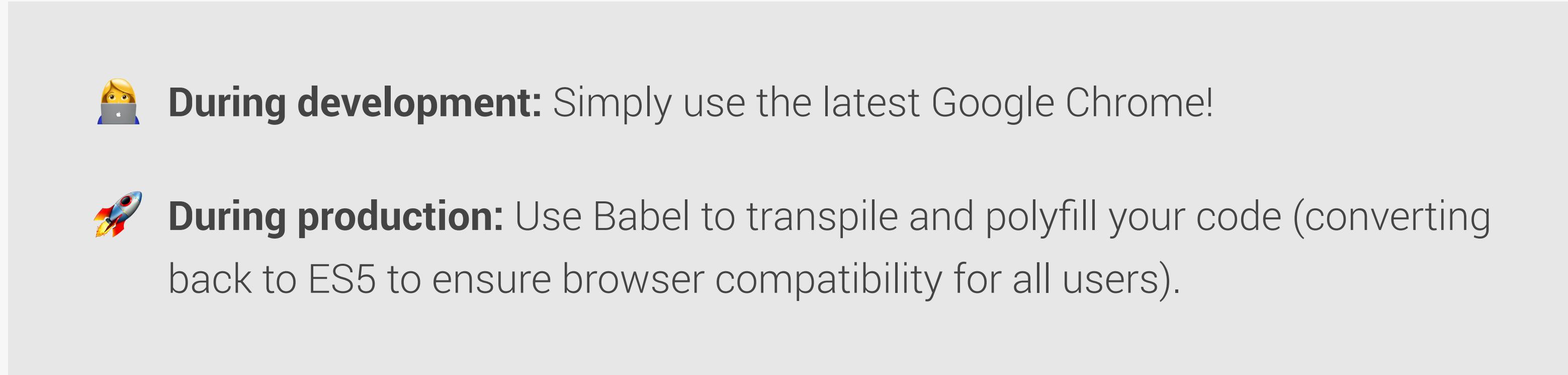
NOT FORWARD  
COMPATIBLE



```
// ES2089 Code 😂  
c int add n <=> int 5 + n
```

2089

# HOW TO USE MODERN JAVASCRIPT TODAY





# **During development:** Simply use the latest Google Chrome

 **During production:** Use Babel to transpile and polyfill your code (converting back to ES5 to ensure browser compatibility for all users).

<http://kangax.github.io/compat-table>



ES5

- 👉 Fully supported in all browsers (down to IE 9 from 2011);
  - 👉 Ready to be used today 👍

# ES6/ES2015

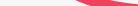
↓

**ES2020**

- 👉 **ES6+**: Well supported in all **modern** browsers;
  - 👉 No support in **older** browsers;
  - 👉 Can use **most** features in production with transpiling and polyfilling 😊

ES2021 -  $\infty$

- 👉 **ESNext**: Future versions of the language (new feature proposals that reach Stage 4);
  - 👉 Can already use **some** features in production with transpiling and polyfilling.



Will add new videos

(As of 2020)

# MODERN JAVASCRIPT FROM THE BEGINNING



Learn **modern JavaScript from the beginning!**



But, also learn how some things used to be done **before** modern JavaScript (e.g. const & let vs var and function constructors vs ES6 class).

## 3 reasons why we should not forget the Good Ol' JavaScript:

- 👉 You will better understand how JavaScript actually works;
- 👉 Many tutorials and code you find online today are still in ES5;
- 👉 When working on old codebases, these will be written in ES5.