Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Subashri .S 🤈

Email: 240801336@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240801336 Phone: 9080419390

Branch: REC

Department: I ECE AF

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - ECE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 6_MCQ_Updated_1

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 18

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which of the following is not true about QuickSort?

Answer

It can be implemented as a stable sort

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which of the following sorting algorithms is based on the divide and conquer method?

Answer

Merge Sort

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

	3. Which of the following scenarios is Merge Sort preferred over Quick	
VO.	Sort?	2,
7.	Answer	V
	When sorting linked lists	
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
	4. Which of the following is true about Quicksort?	•
	Answer	
	It is an in-place sorting algorithm	236
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
200	200	240
	5. Merge sort is	
	Answer	
	Comparison-based sorting algorithm	
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
	6. In a quick sort algorithm, where are smaller ele- pivot during the partition process, assuming we ar	1,60
.0	order?	c sorting in increasing
212	7 ^A	200
	Answer To the left of the pivot	
	To the left of the pivot	Marks : 1/1
	Status: Correct	Warks: 1/1
	7. Why is Merge Sort preferred for sorting large datasets compared to Quick Sort?	
	Answer	236
	Merge Sort has better worst-case time complexity	313
212	200	240

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What happens during the merge step in Merge Sort?

Answer

Two sorted subarrays are combined into one sorted array

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Which of the following methods is used for sorting in merge sort?

Answer

merging

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Let P be a quick sort program to sort numbers in ascending order using the first element as a pivot. Let t1 and t2 be the number of comparisons made by P for the inputs {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} and {4, 1, 5, 3, 2}, respectively. Which one of the following holds?

Answer

t1 < t2

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

11. The following code snippet is an example of a quick sort. What do the 'low' and 'high' parameters represent in this code?

```
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
    if (low < high) {
        int pivot = partition(arr, low, high);
        quickSort(arr, low, pivot - 1);
        quickSort(arr, pivot + 1, high);
    }
}</pre>
```

Answer

The range of elements to sort within the array

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. In a quick sort algorithm, what role does the pivot element play?

Answer

It is used to partition the array

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Consider the Quick Sort algorithm, which sorts elements in ascending order using the first element as a pivot. Then which of the following input sequences will require the maximum number of comparisons when this algorithm is applied to it?

Answer

52 25 89 67 76

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

14. What is the main advantage of Quicksort over Merge Sort?

Answer

Quicksort requires less auxiliary space

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Which of the following statements is true about the merge sort algorithm?

Answer

It requires additional memory for merging

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Which of the following modifications can help Quicksort perform better on small subarrays? Answer Switching to Insertion Sort for small subarrays Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 17. Which of the following strategies is used to improve the efficiency of Quicksort in practical implementations? Answer Choosing the pivot randomly or using the median-of-three method Status: Correct Marks: 18. What happens when Merge Sort is applied to a single-element array? Answer The array remains unchanged and no merging is required Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 19. Is Merge Sort a stable sorting algorithm? **Answer** Yes, always stable. Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 20. What is the best sorting algorithm to use for the elements in an array that are more than 1 million in general? Answer Quick sort. Status : Correct Marks: 1