





# Multi-view and Cross-view Brain Decoding

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#### What is fMRI?

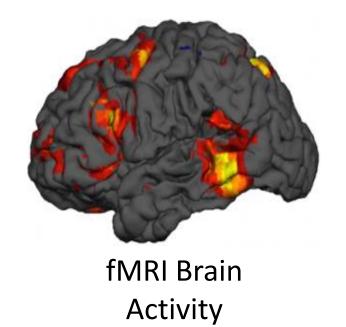


(Bird)

Concept + Picture



A vision-language task in the scanner



## Encoding vs. Decoding

#### Stimulus Representation



**fMRI** 

At three o'clock precisely I was at Baker Street, but Holmes had not yet returned. The landlady informed me that he had left the house shortly after eight o'clock ...

It was close upon four before the door opened, and a drunkenlooking groom, ill-kempt and side-whiskered, with an inflamed face and disreputable clothes, walked into the room. Accustomed as I was to my friend's amazing powers in the use of disguises, I had to look three times before I was certain that it was indeed he.

"Well, really!" he cried, and then he choked; and laughed again until he was obliged to lie back, limp and helpless, in the chair.

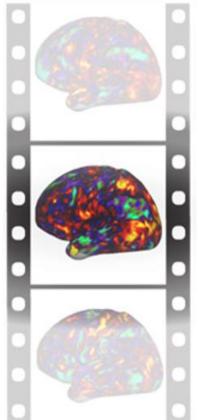
"What is it?"

"It's quite too funny. I am sure you could never guess how I employed my morning."

"I can't imagine. I suppose that you have been watching the habits, and perhaps the house, of Miss Irene Adler."

"Quite so; but the sequel was rather unusual. I will tell you, ... I soon found Briony Lodge. It is a bijou villa, with a garden at the back, but built out in front right up to the road, ...





Stimulus Representation

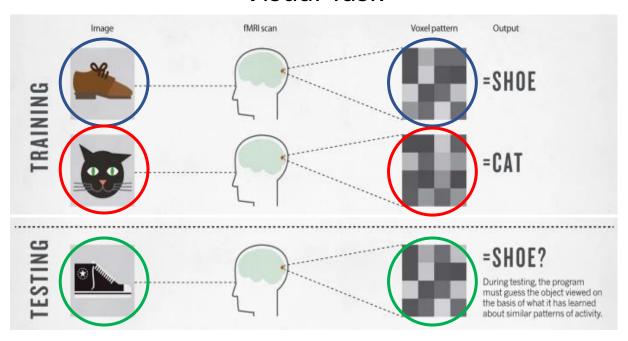


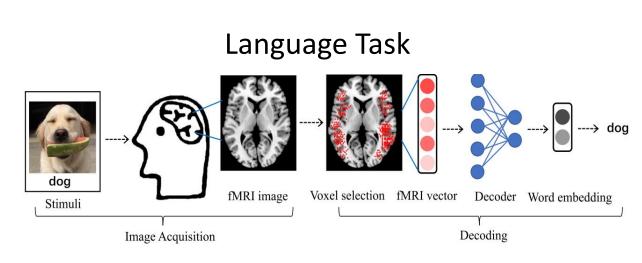
**fMRI** 

# What is Brain Decoding?

- Can you read the mind with fMRI?
- Or at least tell what the person saw?

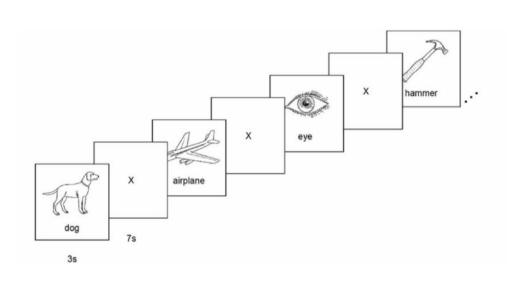
#### Visual Task





#### Classical Decoders

- Classical decoding solutions extracting linguistic meaning from imaging data have been largely limited to
  - concrete nouns,
  - using similar stimuli for training and testing,
  - small number of semantic categories.



Category	Exemplar 1	Exemplar 2
animals	bear	cat
body parts	arm	eye
buildings	apartment	barn
building parts	arch	chimney
clothing	coat	dress
furniture	bed	chair
insects	ant	bee
kitchen utensils	bottle	cup
man made objects	bell	key
tools	chisel	hammer
vegetables	carrot	celery
vehicles	airplane	bicycle

# Multi-view and Cross-view Brain Decoding

- Human brains have the unique capability of language acquisition:
  - the process of learning the language
  - understand the meaning of concepts from multiple modalities such as images, text, speech, and videos.
- Prior works focus on single-view brain decoding using traditional feature engineering.
- However, how the brain captures the meaning of linguistic stimuli across multiple views is still a critical open question in neuroscience.
- Consider three different views of the concept bird:
  - (1) sentence using the target word,
  - (2) picture presented with the target word label, and
  - (3) word cloud containing the target word along with other semantically related words.
- Earlier works have explored which of these three different views provides richer information to understand the concept.



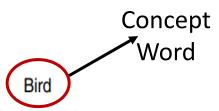
- 1. The bird flew around the cage.
- The nest was just big enough for the bird.
- The only bird she can see is the parrot.
- The bird poked its head out of the hatch.
- The bird holds the worm in its beak.
- The bird preened itself for mating.







#### Dataset Details (Experiment-1)



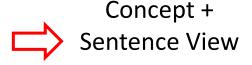
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- 4. The bird poked its head out of the hatch.
- 5. The bird holds the worm in its beak.
- 6. The bird preened itself for mating.

#### Wash

- 1. To make the counter sterile, wash it.
- 2. The dishwasher can wash all the dishes.
- 3. He likes to wash himself with bar soap.
- 4. She felt clean after she could wash herself.
- 5. You have to wash your laundry beforehand.
- The maid was asked to wash the floor.

#### Unaware

- 1. She was unaware of how oblivious he really was.
- 2. She was unaware of her status.
- 3. Unprejudiced and unaware, she went full throttle.
- 4. Unaware of current issues, he is a terrible candidate.
- 5. He was unaware of how uninterested she was.
- 6. He was unaware of the gravity of the situation.







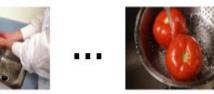


Sink

Clean

Soap

Wash





Shower

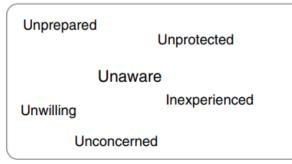
Laundry

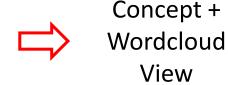






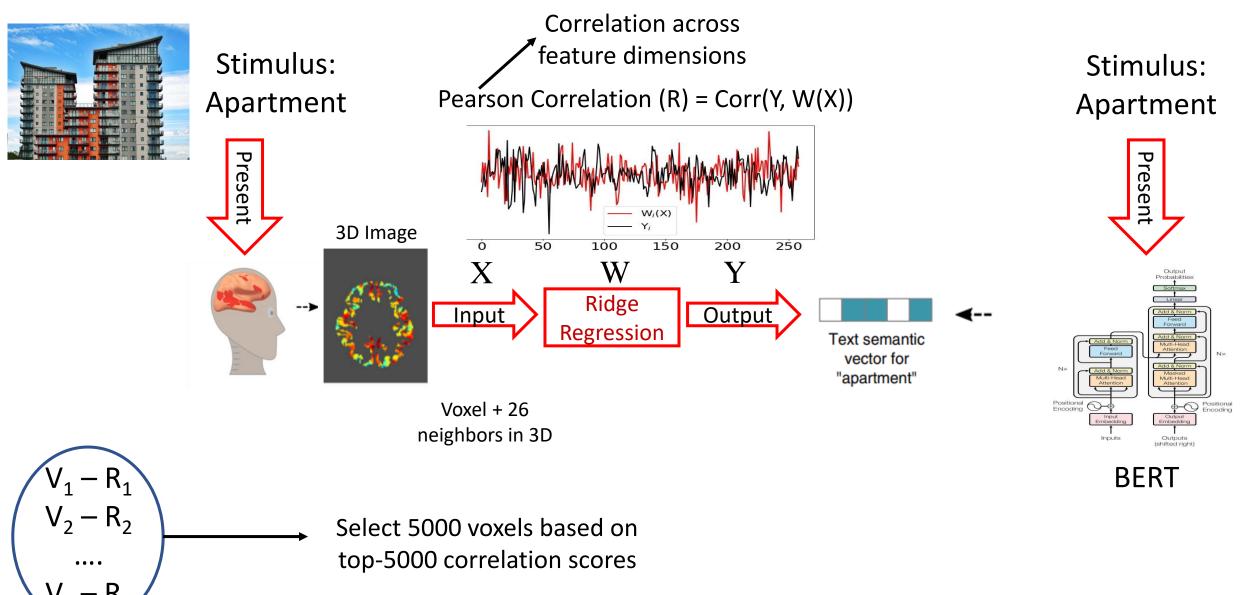






Coling-2022 Periera et al. 2018

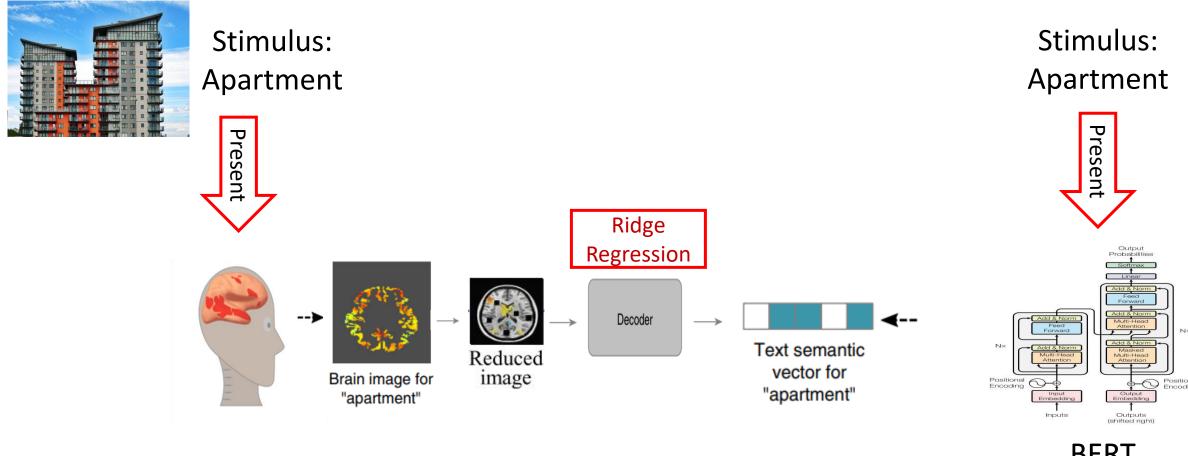
#### Informative Voxel Selection

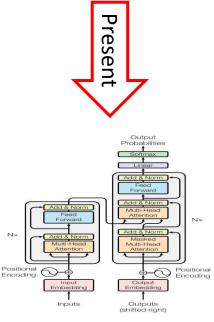


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# Brain Decoder Schematic? (concept+picture)

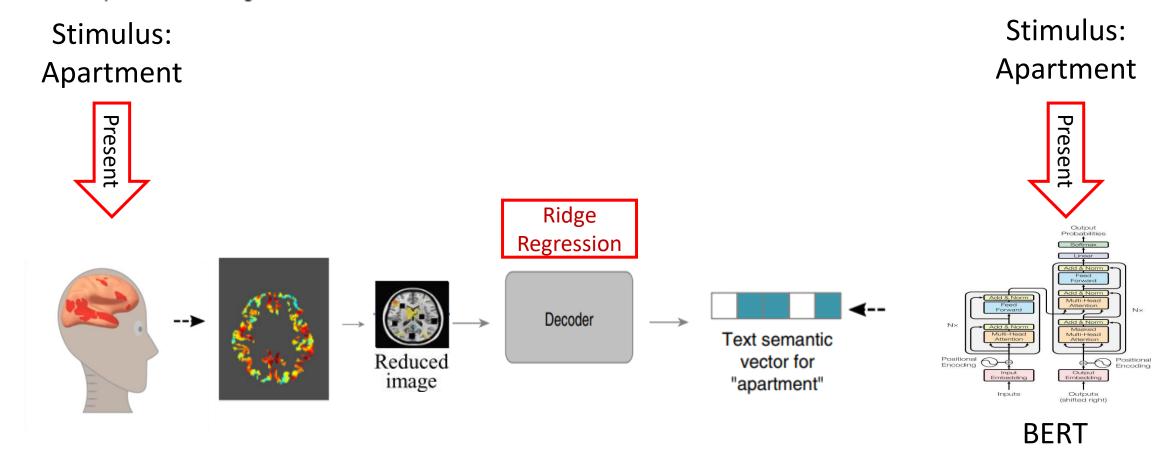




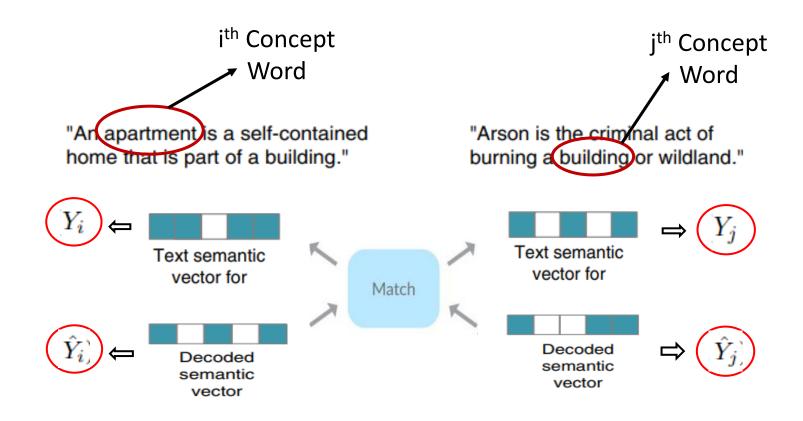
**BERT** 

# Brain Decoder Schematic? (concept+sentence)

"An apartment is a self-contained home that is part of a building."

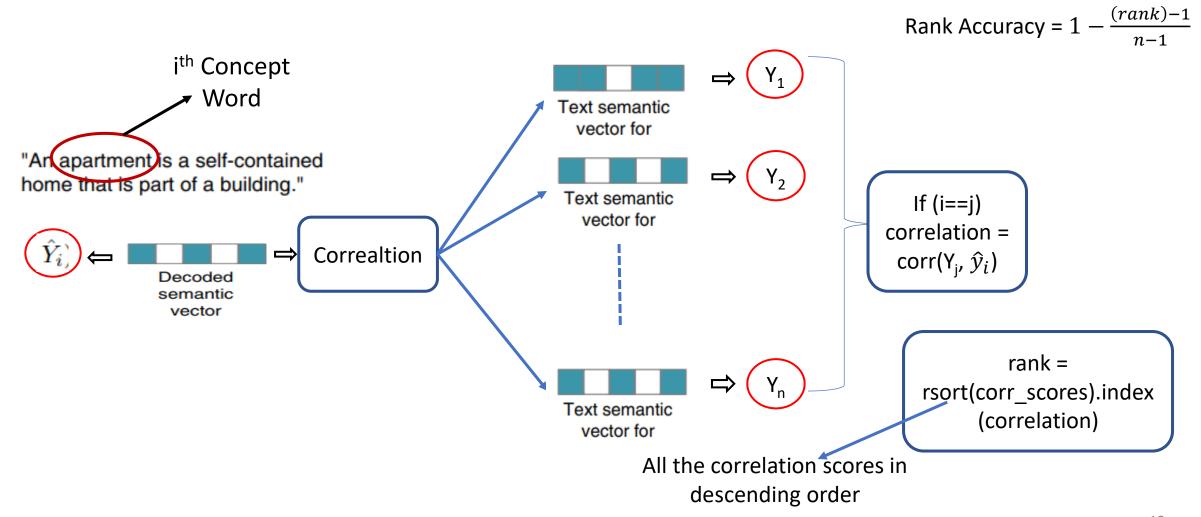


## Evaluating Decoding Models: Pairwise Accuracy

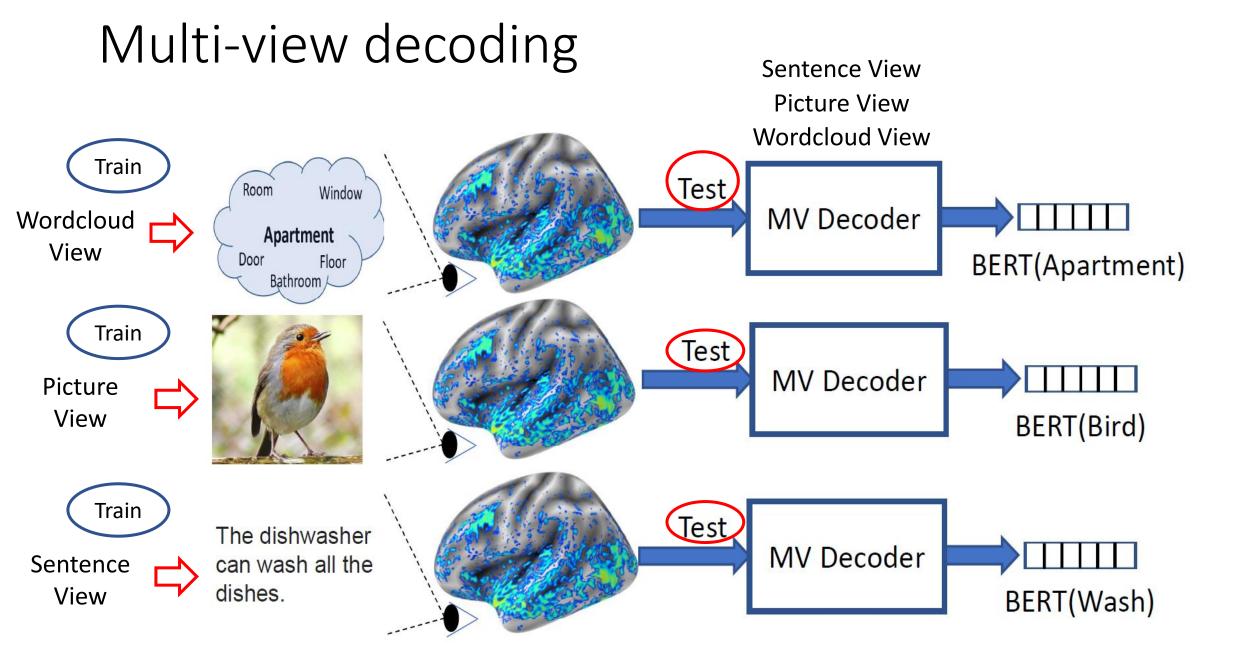


Pairwise Accuracy = 1;  $corr(Y_i, \hat{y}_i) + corr(Y_j, \hat{y}_j) > corr(Y_i, \hat{y}_j) + corr(Y_j, \hat{y}_i)$ 

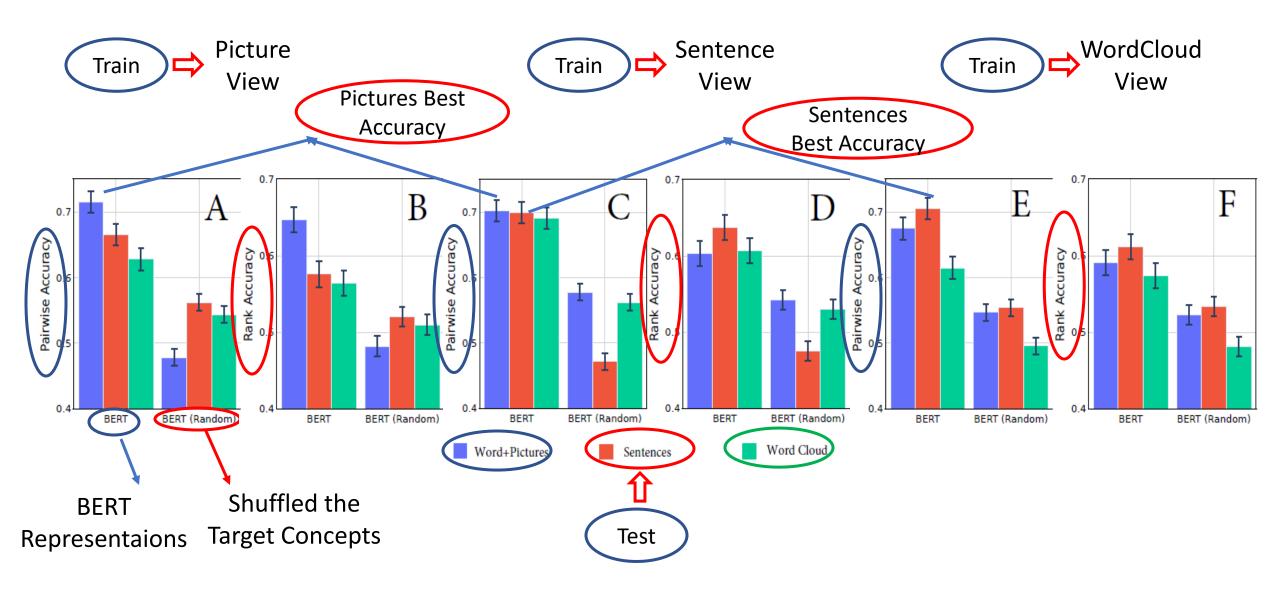
# Evaluating Decoding Models: Rank Accuracy



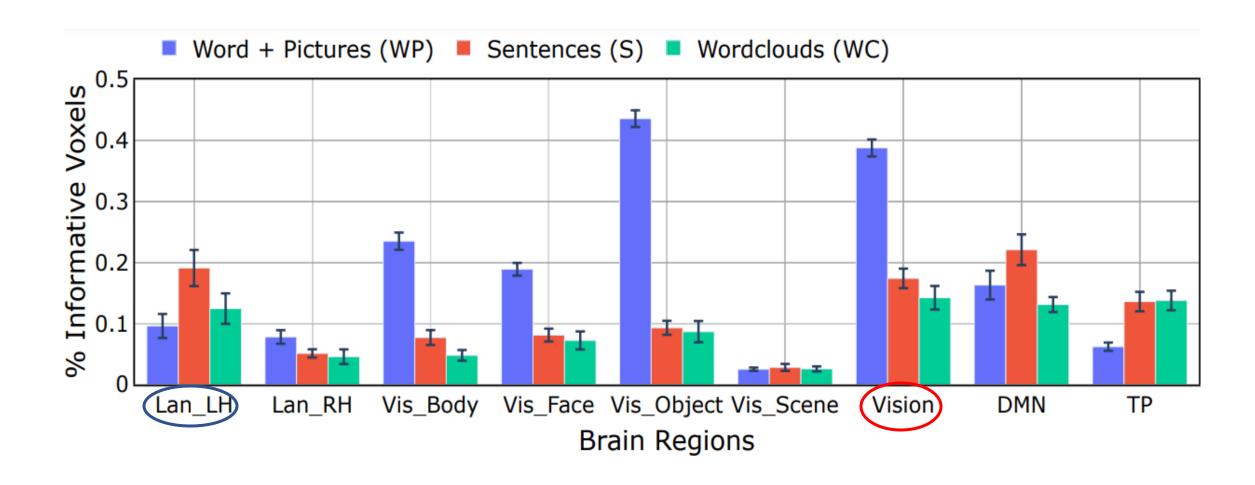
Periera et al. 2018 Coling-2022



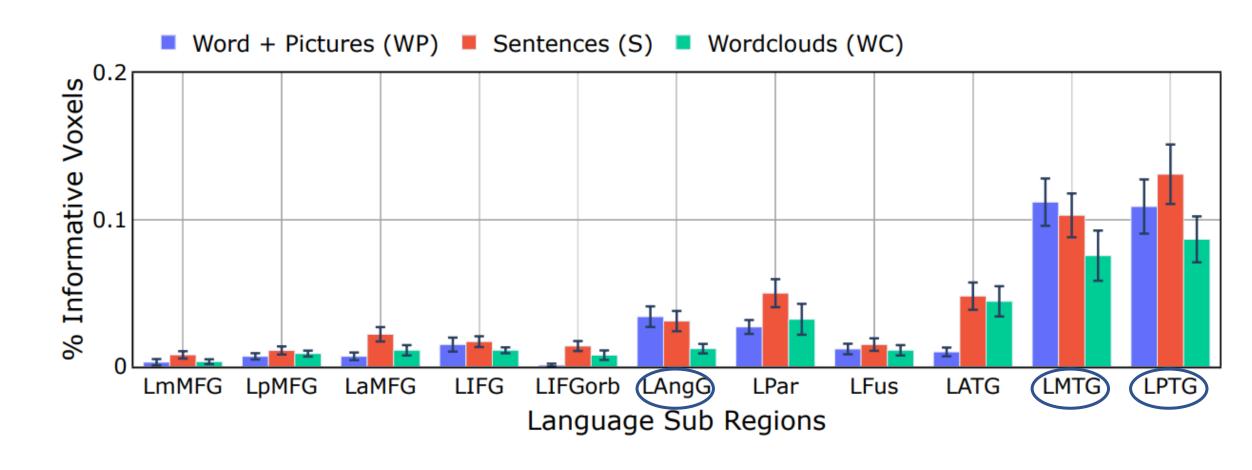
# Multi-view decoding results



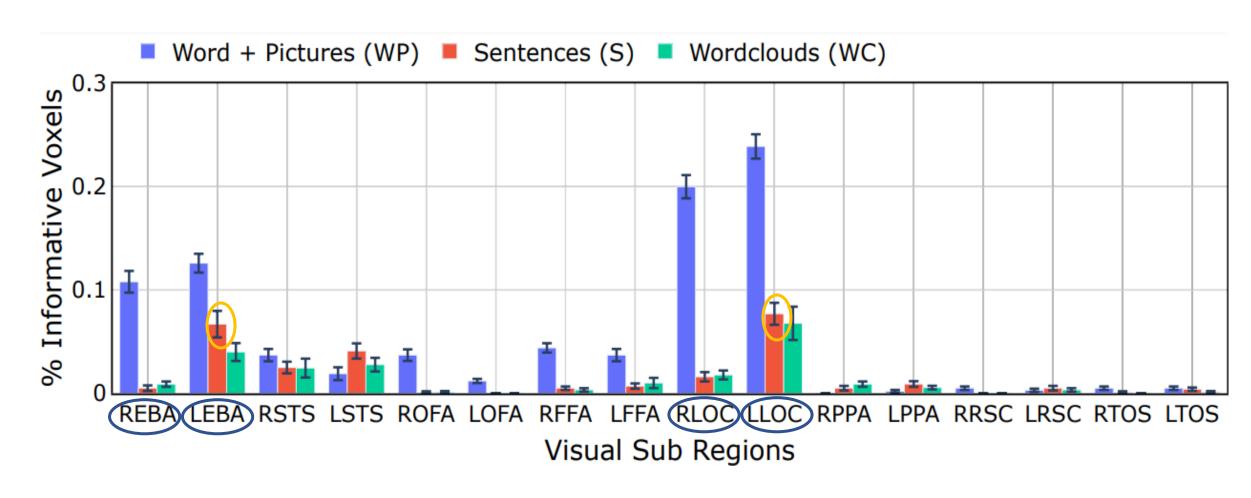
#### Distribution of Informative Voxels



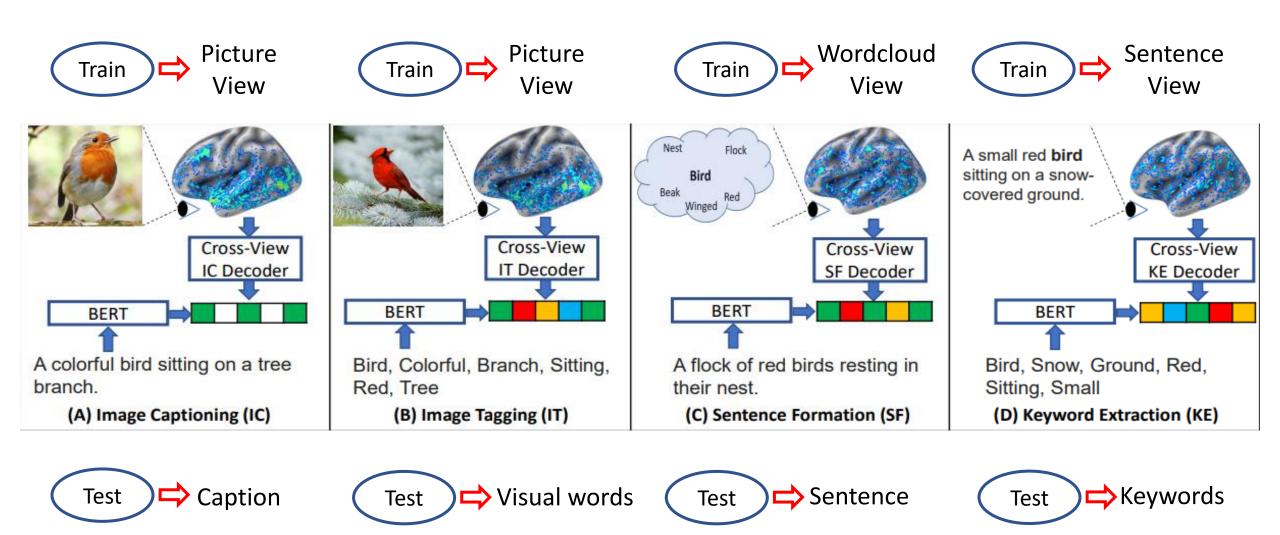
## Distribution of Information Voxels: Language Network



#### Distribution of Informative Voxels: Visual Network



# Cross-view Decoding

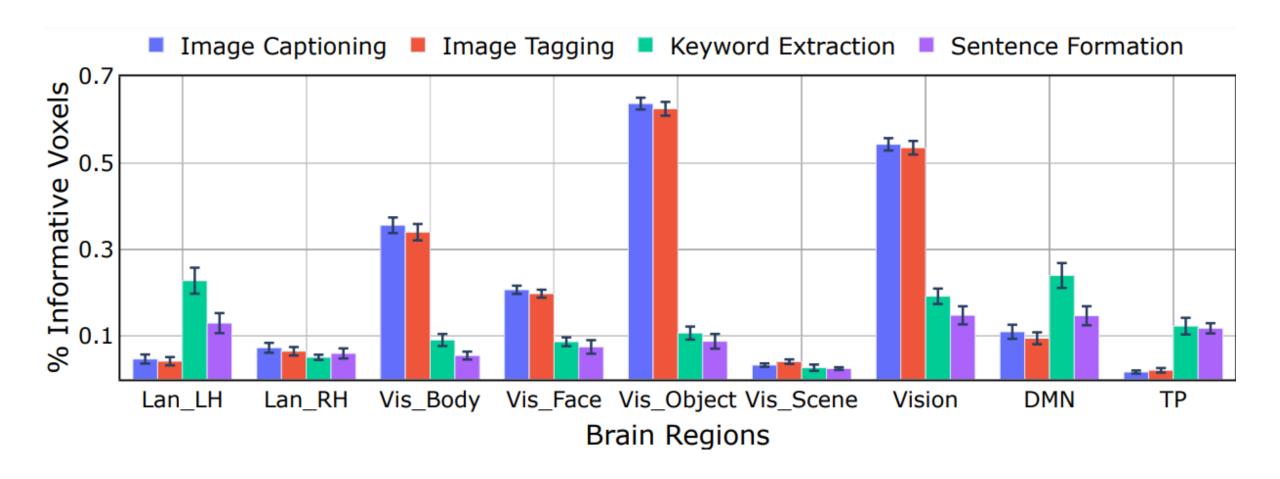


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#### Cross-view Decoding results



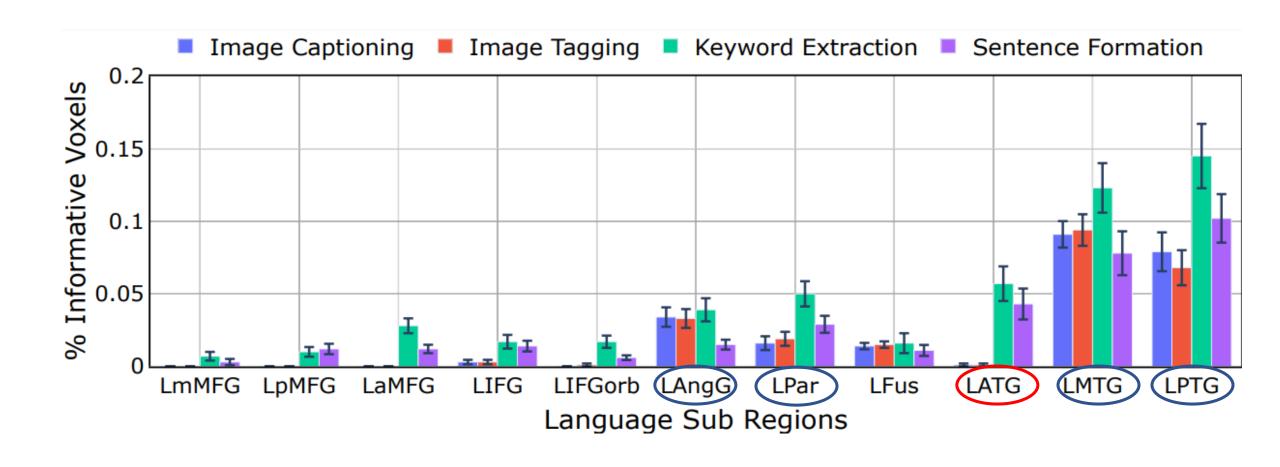
#### Distribution of Informative Voxels



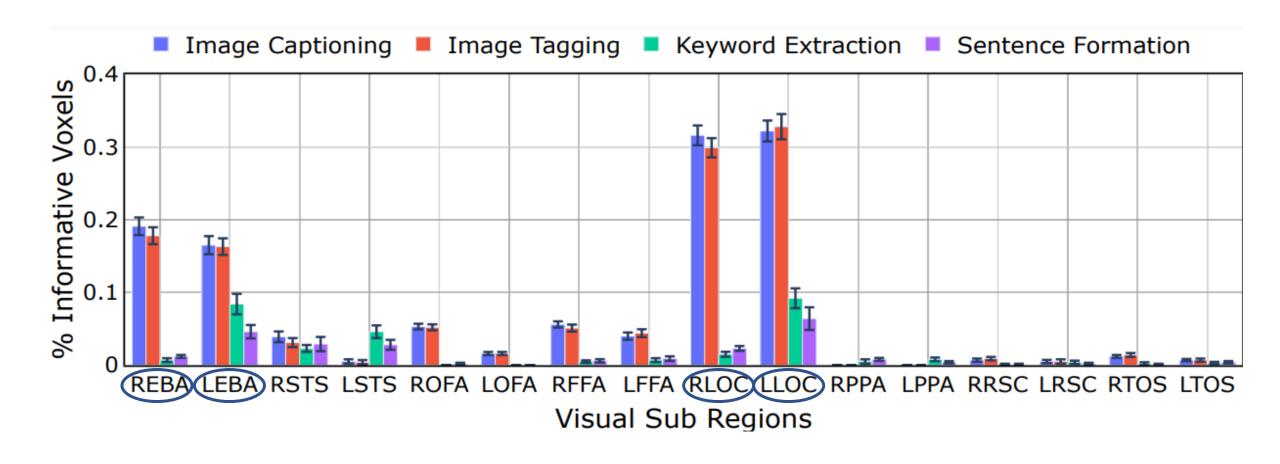
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## Distribution of Informative Voxels: Language Network



#### Distribution of Information Voxels: Visual Network



## Insights

- Without any apriori location constraints,
  - nearly half of the voxels selected by the models fall into the language atlas.
  - Conclusion: brain regions active in language processing also highly correspond to these representations.

Sun et al. 2019 Coling-2022

# Collaborators



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