



Experiment 2

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Subject Name: ADBMS

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1. Aim: To demonstrate the use of self-joins and conditional joins in SQL for managing hierarchical employee relationships and performing conditional lookups using LEFT JOIN and IFNULL across two related tables.

a. Employee-Manager Hierarchy Using Self-Join

b. Conditional Join Between Financial Tables

2. Objective:

c To design and populate relational tables with hierarchical and temporal data.

c To perform a self-join on an employee table to retrieve manager-employee relationships.

c To implement a conditional LEFT JOIN between two tables to handle non-matching records.

c To apply the IFNULL function to handle missing values in joined queries.

c To practice using joins for querying structured business-related datasets.

3. DBMS script and output:

Solution-(a)

```
CREATE DATABASE company;
```

```
USE company;
```

```
CREATE TABLE employee (  
    empid INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    ename VARCHAR(50),  
    department VARCHAR(50),  
    managerid INT
```

```
);
```

```
INSERT INTO employee (empid, ename, department, managerid) VALUES
```

```
(1, 'Alice', 'HR', NULL),
```

```
(2, 'Bob', 'Finance', 1),
```



```
(3, 'Charlie', 'IT', 1),  
(4, 'David', 'Finance', 2),  
(5, 'Eve', 'IT', 3),  
(6, 'Frank', 'HR', 1);
```

SELECT

```
e.ename AS EmployeeName,  
e.department AS EmployeeDepartment,  
m.ename AS ManagerName,  
m.department AS ManagerDepartment
```

FROM

```
employee e
```

LEFT JOIN

```
employee m ON e.managerid = m.empid;
```

EMPLOYEENAME	EMPLOYEEDEPARTMENT	MANAGERNAME	MANAGERDEPARTMENT
Frank	HR	Alice	HR
Charlie	IT	Alice	HR
Bob	Finance	Alice	HR
David	Finance	Bob	Finance
Eve	IT	Charlie	IT
Alice	HR	-	-

Solution-(b)

```
create database company2;
```

```
use company2;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Year_tbl (
```

```
    ID INT,
```

```
    YEAR INT,
```

```
    NPV INT
```

```
);
```



CREATE TABLE Queries (

ID INT,

YEAR INT

);

INSERT INTO Year_tbl (ID, YEAR, NPV)

VALUES

(1, 2018, 100),

(7, 2020, 30),

(13, 2019, 40),

(1, 2019, 113),

(2, 2008, 121),

(3, 2009, 12),

(11, 2020, 99),

(7, 2019, 0);

INSERT INTO Queries (ID, YEAR)

VALUES

(1, 2019),

(2, 2008),

(3, 2009),

(7, 2018),

(7, 2019),

(7, 2020),

(13, 2019);

SELECT

q.ID,

```
q.YEAR,  
IFNULL(y.NPV, 0) AS NPV  
FROM  
  Queries q  
LEFT JOIN  
  Year_tbl y ON q.ID = y.ID AND q.YEAR = y.YEAR;
```

ID	YEAR	NPV
3	2009	12
7	2019	0
7	2020	30
13	2019	40
1	2019	113
2	2008	121
7	2018	0

4. Learning Outcomes (What I have Learnt):

- c Understand how to model and query hierarchical relationships using self-joins.
- c Learn to perform LEFT JOINS to include unmatched records from one table.
- c Apply composite join conditions on multiple columns (e.g., ID and YEAR).
- c Use IFNULL to handle NULL values in result sets for reporting purposes.
- c Develop SQL skills for solving real-world data retrieval scenarios in organizations.