# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 4\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

**ABCD** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

```
public void function(Object item)
{
   Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
   if(isEmpty())
   {
      head.setNext(temp);
      temp.setNext(trail);
   }
   else
   {
      Node cur=head.getNext();
      while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
```

```
cur=cur.getNext();
}
cur.setNext(temp);
}
size++;
}

Answer

Fetch the element at the front end of the dequeue
```

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

#### Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp.getNext();Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

```
InsertFront(10);
InsertFront(20);
InsertRear(30);
DeleteFront();
InsertRear(40);
InsertRear(10);
DeleteRear();
InsertRear(15);
display();
Answer
10 30 40 15
```

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

9. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
   int arr[MAX_SIZE];
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
 } Queue;
void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
   if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
     return;
   queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
   queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
   queue->size++;
int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
   if (queue->size == 0) {
     return -1;
   int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
   queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
   queue->size--;
   return data;
 }
int main() {
   Queue queue;
   queue.front = 0;
   queue.rear = -1;
   queue.size = 0;
   enqueue(&queue, 1);
   enqueue(&queue, 2);
   enqueue(&queue, 3);
```

```
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
enqueue(&queue, 4);
enqueue(&queue, 5);
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
return 0;
}
Answer
1 2 3 4
Status : Correct
```

10. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Marks: 1/1

11. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a

queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

# Answer

**Enqueue and Dequeue** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

#### Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

# **Answer**

Stack

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

17. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX\_SIZE, gets full when

### **Answer**

Front = (rear + 1)mod MAX\_SIZE

Marks : 0/1 Status: Wrong

18. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
  int* arr;
  int front;
  int rear;
  int size;
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
  Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
  queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = 0;
  queue->rear = -1;
  queue->size = 0;
  return queue;
int main() {
  Queue* queue = createQueue();
  printf("%d", queue->size);
  return 0;
Answer
Status: Correct
```

19. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

#### **Answer**

The address of the first element

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

Marks: 1/1

```
20. What will be the output of the following code?
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    typedef struct {
      int* arr;
      int front;
      int rear;
      int size;
    } Queue;
    Queue* createQueue() {
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
     queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
      queue->front = -1;
      queue->rear = -1;
      queue->size = 0;
      return queue;
    int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
      return (queue->size == 0);
    int main() {
      Queue* queue = createQueue();
      printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
return 0;
    Answer
    Is the queue empty? 1
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
    Status: Correct
```