# Configuration Management with Ansible and Terraform

Course-End Project: Web Application Using Ansible

# **Objective**

To create an automation script to deploy an application using Ansible and Jinja2 template.

# Real-time scenario:

You have joined as a DevOps engineer in XYZ Pvt. Ltd. It is a platform where individuals can create their profile and start blogging on various topics. The application is ready to be hosted on a server. You are tasked with implementing an Ansible script to deploy this application on a remote Nginx server.

#### <u>Tasks</u>

The following tasks outline the process of deploying web application on a remote server:

- 1. Create an inventory file to define the remote server(s)
- 2. Write a YAML playbook with tasks for installing Nginx, copying web application files, deploying the Nginx configuration, and enabling the site
- 3. Create a directory for templates and a Jinja2 template for the Nginx configuration
- 4. Define variables in the playbook for application details and Nginx configuration
- 5. Include tasks in the playbook for installing Nginx, copying application files, deploying Nginx configuration, and enabling the Nginx site
- 6. Execute the playbook to deploy the web application on the remote server

#### Solution

Step 1: Configure AWS CLI with access key and secret key to establish connection remotely

## # apt-get update && apt-get install awscli -y

```
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~# apt-get update && apt-get install awscli -y
Hit:1 https://apt.releases.hashicorp.com jammy InRelease
Hit:2 https://packages.microsoft.com/repos/azure-cli jammy InRelease
Hit:3 https://packages.microsoft.com/repos/code stable InRelease
Hit:4 http://ap-south-lc.clouds.ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports jammy InRelease
Hit:5 https://baltocdn.com/helm/stable/debian all InRelease
Get:6 http://ap-south-lc.clouds.ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports jammy-updates InRelease [128 kB]
Get:7 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports jammy-security InRelease [129 kB]
Hit:8 https://apa.launchpadcontent.net/pipewire-debian/pipewire-upstream/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Get:9 http://ap-south-lc.clouds.ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports jammy-backports InRelease [127 kB]
Get:10 http://ap-south-lc.clouds.ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports jammy-updates/main arm64 Packages [2419 kB]
```

# # aws configure

# Step 2: Install Terraform

# wget -O - https://apt.releases.hashicorp.com/gpg | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/hashicorp-archive-keyring.gpg

# echo "deb [arch=\$(dpkg --print-architecture) signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/hashicorp-archive-keyring.gpg] https://apt.releases.hashicorp.com \$(grep -oP '(?<=UBUNTU\_CODENAME=).\*' /etc/os-release | | lsb\_release -cs) main" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/hashicorp.list

# sudo apt update && sudo apt install terraform

# Check the terraform version by using the command "terraform –version"

```
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~# terraform --version

Ferraform v1.0.0

on linux_arm64

Your version of Terraform is out of date! The latest version
is 1.12.2. You can update by downloading from https://www.terraform.io/downloads.html
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~#
```

# Step 3: Configure Terraform with new ssh key which will be used as key pair for launching VMs.

```
# mkdir myproject
# cd myproject
# vim mykey.tf
provider "aws" {
region = "us-east-1"
}
resource "tls_private_key" "mykey" {
 algorithm = "RSA"
}
resource "aws_key_pair" "aws-key" {
 key_name = "web-key"
 public key = tls private key.mykey.public key openssh
provisioner "local-exec" {
command = "echo '${tls_private_key.mykey.private_key_pem}' > ./web-key.pem"
}
}
```

```
provider "aws" {
region = "us-east-1"
resource "tls_private_key" "mykey" {
  algorithm = "RSA"
resource "aws key pair" "aws-key" {
  key name = "web-key"
  public key = tls private key.mykey.public key openssh
 provisioner "local-exec" {
command = "echo '${tls private key.mykey.private key pem}' > ./web-key.pem"
}
# Run the command "terraform init"
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~# terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...

    Finding latest version of hashicorp/tls...

- Finding latest version of hashicorp/aws...
- Installing hashicorp/tls v4.1.0...

    Installed hashicorp/tls v4.1.0 (signed by HashiCorp)

- Installing hashicorp/aws v6.0.0...

    Installed hashicorp/aws v6.0.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
```

Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when you run "terraform init" in the future.

#### Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform, rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary. root@ip-172-31-19-44:~#

# # Run the command "terraform apply"

# Step 4: Terraform script to provision and empty sandbox, add various setting to the sandbox like VPC, security group, route table, subnets, and key pair

```
# vim main.tf
resource "aws_vpc" "sl-vpc" {
cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
tags = {
   Name = "sl-vpc"
}
resource "aws_subnet" "sl-subnet" {
   vpc_id = aws_vpc.sl-vpc.id
   cidr_block = "10.0.1.0/24"
   depends_on = [aws_vpc.sl-vpc]
```

```
map_public_ip_on_launch = true
 tags = {
  Name = "sl-subnet"
}
}
resource "aws_route_table" "sl-route-table" {
vpc_id = aws_vpc.sl-vpc.id
tags = {
  Name = "sl-route-table"
}
}
resource "aws_route_table_association" "a" {
subnet_id = aws_subnet.sl-subnet.id
route_table_id = aws_route_table.sl-route-table.id
}
resource "aws_internet_gateway" "gw" {
vpc_id = aws_vpc.sl-vpc.id
depends_on = [aws_vpc.sl-vpc]
 tags = {
  Name = "sl-gw"
}
}
resource "aws_route" "sl-route" {
route_table_id
                     = aws_route_table.sl-route-table.id
destination_cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"
gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.gw.id
}
variable "sg_ports" {
```

```
Subhakanta Mishra
Subhamishra.in@gmail.com
type = list(number)
default = [22,443,80,8080]
}
resource "aws_security_group" "sl-sg" {
name
        = "sl-sg"
description = "Allow TLS inbound traffic and all outbound traffic"
vpc_id = aws_vpc.sl-vpc.id
 dynamic "ingress" {
 for_each = var.sg_ports
 iterator = ports
 content{
 from_port = ports.value
  to_port = ports.value
  protocol = "tcp"
  cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
}
}
egress {
 from_port = 0
 to_port
             = 0
  protocol = "-1"
 cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
   }
}
data "aws_ami" "myami" {
most_recent = true
        = ["amazon"]
owners
filter {
  name = "name"
 values = ["amzn2-ami-kernel-5.10-hvm-2.0.20250610.0-x86_64-gp2"]
```

# Subhakanta Mishra Subhamishra.in@gmail.com

```
resource "aws_vpc" "sl-vpc" {
cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
tags = {
  Name = "sl-vpc"
 }
resource "aws_subnet" "sl-subnet" {
  vpc id = aws vpc.sl-vpc.id
  cidr block = "10.0.1.0/24"
  depends on = [aws vpc.sl-vpc]
  map_public_ip_on_launch = true
 tags = {
   Name = "sl-subnet"
 }
resource "aws_route_table" "sl-route-table" {
 vpc_id = aws_vpc.sl-vpc.id
tags = {
   Name = "sl-route-table"
 }
resource "aws route table association" "a" {
  subnet id = aws subnet.sl-subnet.id
  route table id = aws_route_table.sl-route-table.id
}
resource "aws internet gateway" "gw" {
  vpc id = aws vpc.sl-vpc.id
  depends on = [aws vpc.sl-vpc]
 tags = {
   Name = "sl-gw"
 }
}
```

# Subhakanta Mishra Subhamishra.in@gmail.com

```
resource "aws route" "sl-route" {
 gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.gw.id
}
variable "sg ports" {
type = list(number)
default = [22,443,80,8080]
}
resource "aws_security_group" "sl-sg" {
 name = "sl-sq"
 description = "Allow TLS inbound traffic and all outbound traffic"
 vpc id = aws vpc.sl-vpc.id
  dynamic "ingress" {
   for each = var.sg ports
   iterator = ports
   content{
   from_port = ports.value
to_port = ports.value
protocol = "tcp"
cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
}
egress {
                = 0
   from port
   to_port
protocol
                  = 0
                 = "-1"
   cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
      }
}
```

```
Subhakanta Mishra
Subhamishra.in@gmail.com
```

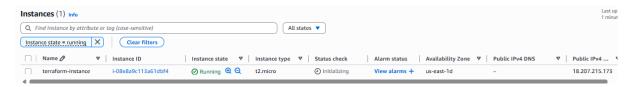
```
data "aws_ami" "myami" {
nost recent
                   = true
                   = ["amazon"]
owners
 filter {
           = "name"
    name
    values = ["amzn2-ami-kernel-5.10-hvm-2.0.20250610.0-x86 64-gp2"]
  }
}
resource "aws_instance" "myec2" {
  ami
                   = data.aws ami.myami.id
  instance type = "t2.micro"
  key name = "web-key"
  subnet id = aws_subnet.sl-subnet.id
  security groups = [aws security group.sl-sg.id]
  tags = {
    Name = "terraform-instance"
}
Save the file
# Run the command "terraform apply --auto-approve"
Plan: 8 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
aws vpc.sl-vpc: Creating...
aws_vpc.sl-vpc: Creation complete after 4s [id=vpc-04899a3416f77437b]
aws_subnet.sl-subnet: Creating...
aws_route_table.sl-route-table: Creating...
aws_internet_gateway.gw: Creating...
aws_security_group.sl-sg: Creating...
aws_route_table.sl-route-table: Creation complete after 1s [id=rtb-0ea4f76b8a8e803d9]
aws_internet_gateway.gw: Creation complete after 1s [id=igw-04251e1bb6a1da5a2]
aws_route.sl-route: Creating...
aws_route.sl-route: Creation complete after 2s [id=r-rtb-0ea4f76b8a8e803d91080289494]
aws_security_group.sl-sg: Creation complete after 5s [id=sg-0ba91f136bee53b85]
aws_subnet.sl-subnet: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
aws_subnet.sl-subnet: Creation complete after 12s [id=subnet-03860fd499e110f23]
aws_route_table_association.a: Creating...
aws_instance.myec2: Creating...
aws_route_table_association.a: Creation complete after 1s [id=rtbassoc-00c95979cd7882c53]
aws instance.myec2: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
```

Apply complete! Resources: 8 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

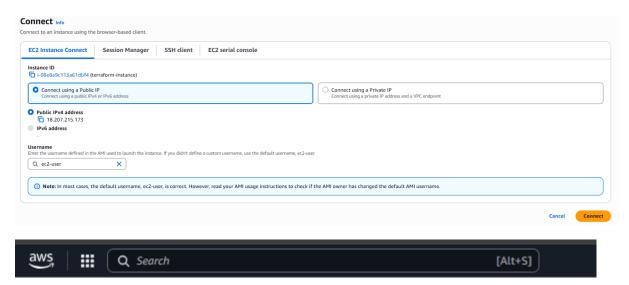
aws instance.myec2: Creation complete after 35s [id=i-08e8a9c113a61dbf4]

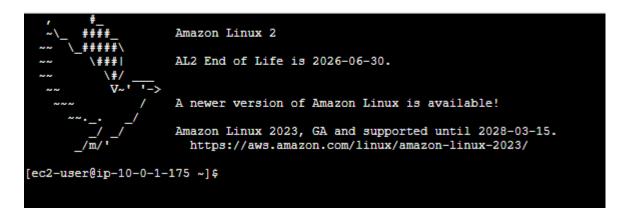
aws\_instance.myec2: Still creating... [20s elapsed]
aws\_instance.myec2: Still creating... [30s elapsed]

Login to AWS and go to EC2 instances.



Click on connect to connect the EC2 machine.





# Step 5: Ansible Setup for running the playbook on above created VM

Generate ssh keys for root user on Lab terminal(Ansible Controller)

# ssh-keygen

```
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~# ssh-keygen
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /root/.ssh/id rsa
Your public key has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:YUZzGUcstTfLAOyPLsT+2b2KEdx9qq/xGHyyd3xxE/o root@ip-172-31-19-44
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 3072]----+
         0.+*+
        . 0+0..
        +. .0 0
       0 0.. * +
       .S ooo * o
        0 .0.0 =.
        0 .. = +.+
         o .= @.E+|
          0+ *0+0.|
+----[SHA256]----+
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~#
```

# # cat /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub

root@ip-172-33-19-44:-# cat /root/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub
ssh-rss AAAAB3NtaClycZeAAAADAQAAAABQCGcWBTnsEngzXrg5XuJt/lYfcZ4NhLbJ0oi020yTPspj6bg7tuhEr3rQg6epL1PPFnoB5;RbPH3LGbJAt19V0004mCyv;fZYJpHv+VV7EE+f0tYqDJwHyox5KsRphN+nxqVnysCS1tm7abuBHVLHfpu3cdFsqC91PEPT7no53:Bsjm
tcrbEqU2foShawby/F077jabbVy17c2osegyYKEUP1AraBaGUTerh9bbgTlfGtDHotCjtih4KRagkrAeaZwf9/141UikaMLHrad2hLMFPceLNgBwmdBkh2JNvn3UAcadd7Tlr13+lglacz21BMcXZ7qtcnt0cFurMXSkvf+4KxxXGBEUMuqARwj9mCmXyy1Mg7ZyFVRoE9f6g5
HPcsQBwMy7Me2pvHmB53Roh-buPNB3173kgbZYF0df/X9x0ZAOPy7VM/N7bx9vqxfZg1B9PM1oZbjYber3J0/AfzVeRKsBbszEyehPADUsFoK7AYemPxaiJ/3xqFN0c=root@ip-172-31-19-44
root@ip-172-31-19-44:-# cat /root/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub

#### GO to AWS EC2 server - Ansible worker

# cd .ssh

# # echo "GIVE YOUR SSH PUBLIC KEY" >> ~/.ssh/authorized keys

```
[motelig=10-0-1-175 -] # 1s -ml

total 20

di-mi-mi-m - 3 mot root 105 dm 21 16:23 ...

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 126 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .bash_profile

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 120 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 cm 18 2017 .cshrc

-mi-m - 1 mot root 100 c
```

#### # Connect to the EC2 machine vis ssh in lab terminal

# Step 6: Create Ansible Inventory file with IP address of AWS EC2 server In same directory where the terraform code is, create the ansible inventory

# vim myinventory

[webserver]

<public ip of worker ec2 instance>

Save the file

```
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~# vim myinventory
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~# cat myinventory
[webserver]
18.207.215.173
```

# pwd

# Copy the path of the directory

# vim ansible.cfg

[defaults]

inventory = /root/myproject/myinventory

Save the file

Run ping command to check the connection

Validate the setup:

# ansible webserver -m ping

# Subhakanta Mishra Subhamishra.in@gmail.com

```
root@ip-172-31-19-44:~# ansible -m ping webserver
[WARNING]: Platform linux on host 18.207.215.173 is using the dis
See https://docs.ansible.com/ansible-core/2.16/reference_appendic
18.207.215.173 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3.7"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
```

# Step 7: Write the Ansible playbook.

# vim playbook.yml

- name: run playbook using terraform

hosts: webserver

become: true

tasks:

- name: Install python3

package: name=python3 state=present

- name: Install maven

package: name=maven state=present

- name: Create a file

file: path=/tmp/ansible.txt state=touch

```
    name: run playbook using terraform
hosts: webserver
become: true
tasks:

            name: Install python3
                package: name=python3 state=present
            name: Install maven
                package: name=maven state=present
            name: Create a file
                 file: path=/tmp/ansible.txt state=touch
```

Save the file

# Step 8: Write Terraform code to run the playbook:

```
# vim runplaybook.tf
resource "null_resource" "run_playbook" {
provisioner "local-exec" {
command = "ansible-playbook playbook.yml"
}
}
Save the file

resource "null_resource" "run_playbook" {
provisioner "local-exec" {
command = "ansible-playbook playbook.yml"
}
}
```

#### Step 9: Execute the playbook using terraform command

# terraform init

# terraform apply -target null\_resource.run\_playbook

null\_resource.run\_playbook: Creation complete after 48s [id=4406932644251169376]

```
Warning: Applied changes may be incomplete
```

The plan was created with the -target option in effect, so some changes requested in the configuration may have been ignored and the output values may not be fully updated. Run the following command to verify that no other changes are pending: terraform plan

Note that the -target option is not suitable for routine use, and is provided only for exceptional situations such as recovering from errors or mistakes, or when Terraform specifically suggests to use it as part of an error message.

```
Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed. root@ip-172-31-21-208:~/myproject# ■
```