Nawaz Sharif, the former Prime Minister of Pakistan, is often credited for his focus on infrastructure development during his tenure. His government emphasized the importance of investing in physical infrastructure as a means to drive economic growth and development. The infrastructure development initiatives under his leadership aimed to improve connectivity, enhance productivity, attract investments, and create job opportunities. Here's a discussion on infrastructure development during Nawaz Sharif's time:

- 1. Transportation Infrastructure: One of the key areas of infrastructure development during Nawaz Sharif's tenure was transportation. The government prioritized the construction and improvement of roads, highways, and motorways to enhance connectivity within and between cities. The flagship project during this period was the construction of the M-2 Motorway, also known as the Lahore-Islamabad Motorway, which provided a modern and efficient transportation link between the two major cities.
- 2. Energy Infrastructure: Another focus of infrastructure development was the energy sector. Nawaz Sharif's government initiated several projects to address the chronic energy crisis in Pakistan. This included investments in power generation, transmission, and distribution infrastructure. The development of new power plants, both thermal and hydroelectric, aimed to increase electricity supply and reduce power shortages. The government also worked towards enhancing the transmission network to improve the efficiency and reliability of the energy supply.
- 3. Port Infrastructure: The government recognized the importance of port infrastructure for trade and economic development. Efforts were made to modernize and expand existing ports, such as the Karachi Port and Port Qasim, to handle increased trade volumes. Additionally, the government initiated the development of the Gwadar Port in Balochistan, envisioning it as a strategic deep-sea port that could serve as a gateway for regional trade and provide opportunities for economic growth.
- 4. Telecommunications Infrastructure: During Nawaz Sharif's tenure, there was a significant focus on expanding and modernizing the telecommunications infrastructure in Pakistan. The government aimed to improve connectivity, increase internet penetration, and bridge the digital divide. Steps were taken to promote the adoption of modern technologies, encourage private sector investment, and expand the coverage of mobile and broadband services across the country.
- 5. Social Infrastructure: While infrastructure development primarily focused on physical infrastructure, efforts were also made to invest in social infrastructure such as education and healthcare facilities. The government aimed to improve access to quality education by establishing new schools and colleges and upgrading existing educational institutions. In the healthcare sector, the focus was on building and upgrading hospitals and healthcare centers to provide better medical services to the population.

Overall, Nawaz Sharif's government pursued an infrastructure-led development strategy to boost economic growth and address key challenges. While infrastructure development is crucial for economic progress, it is important to ensure that it is inclusive, sustainable, and meets the needs of all segments of society. Additionally, it is worth noting that the impact and effectiveness of infrastructure development initiatives may vary, and their long-term sustainability and maintenance are vital for reaping the full benefits of such investments.