# Python MCQS Day4 Subhan Kaladi

#### 1. What is the main purpose of loops in Python?

- A. To define variables
- B. To repeat instructions
- C. To exit programs
- D. To define functions

#### 2. Which loop continues until a condition becomes false?

- A. for loop
- B. do-while loop
- C. while loop
- D. foreach loop

# 3. Which keyword is used to skip the rest of the code in the loop for the current iteration?

- A. pass
- B. break
- C. return
- D. continue

#### 4. What does the break keyword do inside a loop?

- A. Continues next iteration
- B. Skips the loop
- C. Terminates the loop
- D. Pauses the loop

#### 5. What is the output of range(5)?

- A. [1,2,3,4,5]
- B. [0,1,2,3,4,5]
- C. [0,1,2,3,4]
- D. [1,2,3,4]

#### 6. Which loop is most commonly used for traversing a list?

- A. while loop
- B. for loop
- C. do-while loop
- D. if loop

#### 7. What does the pass statement do in a loop?

- A. Repeats the loop
- B. Terminates the loop
- C. Skips the loop
- D. Does nothing

#### 8. What is the correct syntax for a while loop?

- A. while (condition) {}
- B. while condition:

- C. while: condition
- D. while condition

#### 9. What happens if a loop never meets its exit condition?

- A. It gives an error
- B. It exits automatically
- C. It becomes an infinite loop
- D. It runs once

### 10. Which loop can be used to print numbers from 1 to 100?

- A. for
- B. while
- C. both A and B
- D. None of these

### 11. Which function is used to generate a sequence of numbers?

- A. loop()
- B. seq()
- C. range()
- D. step()

#### 12. What will range(1, 6) return?

- A. [1,2,3,4,5]
- B. [0,1,2,3,4]
- C. [1,2,3,4,5,6]
- D. [0,1,2,3,4,5]

#### 13. What is the output of: for i in range(0, 10, 2)?

- A. 0 to 10
- B. 0, 1, 2...9

- C. 0, 2, 4, 6, 8
- D. 1 to 9

#### 14. What will be printed by for el in [1,4,9,16]: print(el)?

- A. Error
- B. The list itself
- C. Each element on a new line
- D. Index of elements

#### 15. In which scenario should break be used?

- A. To continue a loop
- B. To skip some code
- C. To exit loop when a condition is met
- D. To raise exception

#### 16. What is the output of this loop: while True: print("Hi")?

- A. Hi printed once
- B. Error
- C. Hi printed infinitely
- D. Nothing happens

#### 17. What does continue do inside a loop?

- A. Breaks the loop
- B. Ends the program
- C. Skips current iteration
- D. Stops entire loop

#### 18. What will range(10, 0, -1) produce?

- A. 0 to 10
- B. 1 to 10
- C. 10 to 1
- D. Infinite loop

## 19. How many times will the loop run? for i in range(5): print(i)

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. Infinite

#### 20. What is the use of else in for-else?

- A. Runs before loop
- B. Runs only when break is used
- C. Runs if loop completes normally
- D. It's required syntax

## 21. Which loop structure is ideal for checking conditions repeatedly until false?

- A. for loop
- B. while loop
- C. do loop
- D. range loop

#### 22. What is printed by for el in range(5): pass?

- A. Error
- B. Nothing
- C. 0 to 5
- D. pass

#### 23. How to print elements of a list?

- A. list.print()
- B. for el in list: print(el)
- C. while el in list: print(el)
- D. list(el)

#### 24. Which loop structure uses indentation and colon:?

- A. for
- B. while
- C. both A and B
- D. None

## 25. What happens if you use continue and break together in the same loop?

- A. Only continue works
- B. Only break works
- C. Depends on order
- D. Syntax error

#### Answer Key

- 1. **B**
- 2. **C**
- 3. **D**
- 4. **C**
- 5. **C**
- 6. **B**
- 7. **D**
- 8. **B**
- 9. **C**
- 10. **C**
- 11. **C**
- 12. **A**
- 13. **C**
- 14. **C**
- 15. **C**
- 16. **C**
- 17. **C**
- 18. **C**
- 19. **B**
- 20. **C**
- 21. **B**
- 22. **B**
- 23. **B**
- 24. **C**
- 25. **C**