

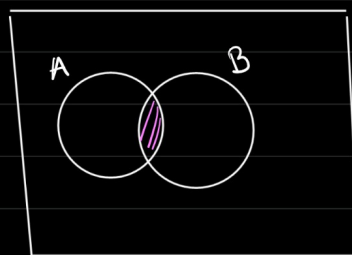
Set

$$A = \{1, 2, 4, 5, 7\}$$

$$B = \{2, 4, 5\}$$

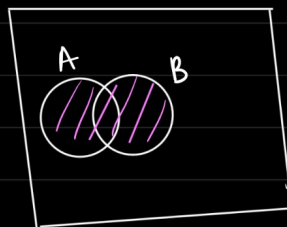
① Intersection (Common elements)

$$A \cap B = \{2, 4, 5\}$$



② Union (all distinct elements from both the sample)

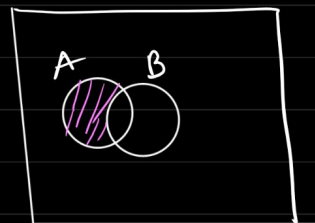
$$A \cup B = \{1, 2, 4, 5, 7\}$$



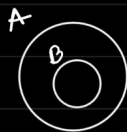
③ Difference (items which are present only in first set)

$$A - B = \{1, 7\}$$

$$A - B$$



④ Subset (all the element of B is present in A, then we say B is subset of A)



$$B \rightarrow A$$

True

(B is subset of A)

$$A - B \text{ ————— False}$$

⑤ Superset (A is containing all elements of B, A is Superset of B)

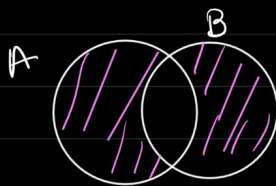
$$A \rightarrow B \Rightarrow \text{True}$$

$$B \nrightarrow A \Rightarrow \text{False}$$

⑥ Symmetric difference (opposite of intersection)

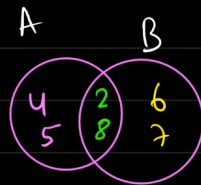
The elements that are distinct in both sets excluding intersection

$$A \Delta B = \{1, 7\}$$



$$A = \{4, 5, \underline{2}, \underline{8}\}$$

$$B = \{\underline{2}, \underline{8}, 6, 7\}$$



$$A \Delta B = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$$