

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	1	1	2	3	5	8	13

fibonacci series

Using Recursion

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} n=0 \text{ ————— } 0 \\ n=1 \text{ ————— } 1 \\ n=2 \text{ ————— } 1+0=1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{fib}(6) &= \text{fib}(5) + \text{fib}(4) \\ &= 5 + 3 \\ &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{n \geq 0}$$

Recursive code

Base case condition

$\text{return } n; \quad n \leq 1$

Recursive call

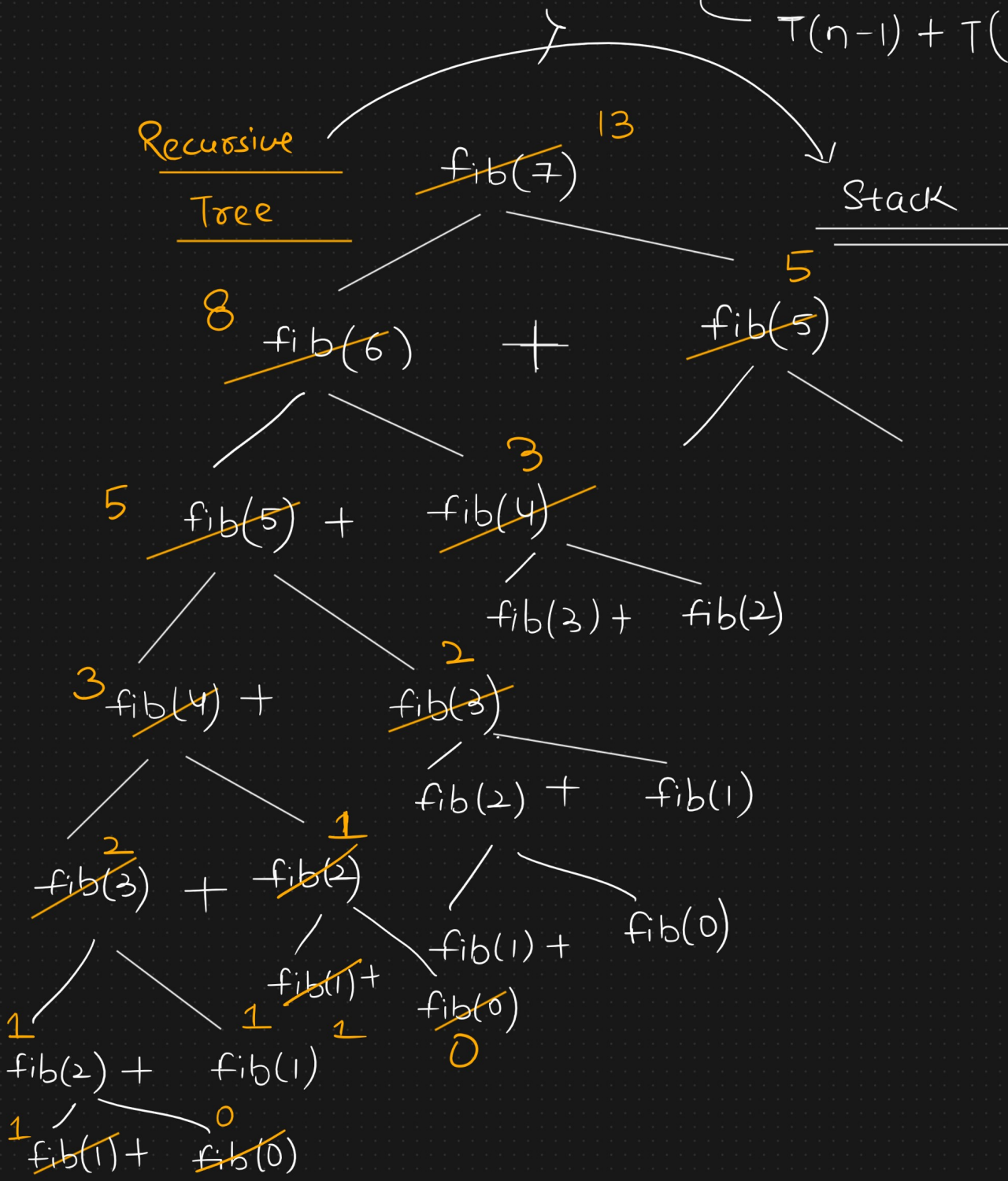
$$\text{fib}(n-1) + \text{fib}(n-2); \quad n > 1$$

$T(n)$
 function name
 $T(n) = O(2^n)$
 Exponential Time complexity
 $n = 7$

```

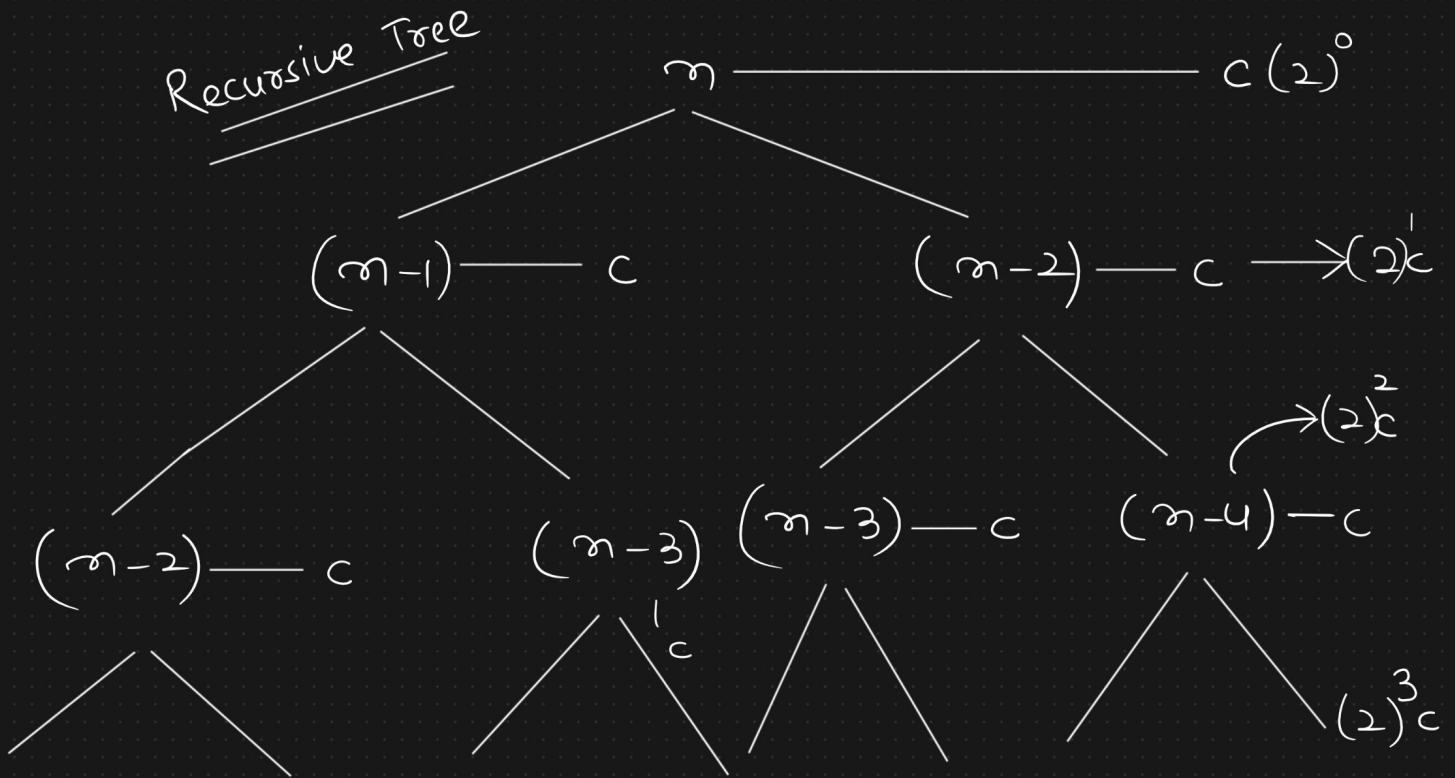
fib(n) {
    if (n <= 1) {
        return n;
    } else {
        return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);
    }
}
    
```

Base case condition
 Recursive call
 $T(n-1) + T(n-2)$



Recurrence Relation — Recursive Tree

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} c & n \leq 1 \\ T(n-1) + T(n-2) + c & n > 1 \end{cases}$$



Left side

$$(n-k) = 1$$

$$(n-1) = k$$

Right side

$$k = \left(\frac{n-1}{2} \right)$$

$$(n-2k) = 1$$

$$c(2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + \dots + \underbrace{2^{k-1}}_{\text{\# Levels}} + \underbrace{k}_{\text{time}})$$

$$c * 2^n = O(2^n)$$

↓
Exponential Time
complexity

Space complexity

