

BST IN-CLASS PROBLEMS :

(Mentor : Gladden Rumao)

1. Check BST :

<https://leetcode.com/problems/validate-binary-search-tree>

```
class Solution {
    public boolean check(TreeNode root , long min ,
long max){
        if(root==null)
            return true;
        if(root.val<=min || root.val>=max)
            return false;
        return check(root.left,min,root.val) &&
check(root.right,root.val,max);
    }
    public boolean isValidBST(TreeNode root) {
        return
check(root,Long.MIN_VALUE,Long.MAX_VALUE);
    }
}
```

2. Search in a Binary Search Tree :

<https://leetcode.com/problems/search-in-a-binary-search-tree/>

```
class Solution {
    public TreeNode searchBST(TreeNode root, int
val) {
        if(root==null)
            return null;
        if(root.val==val)
```

```

        return root;
    if(val < root.val)
        return searchBST(root.left, val);
    else
        return searchBST(root.right, val);
    }
}

```

3. Insert into a Binary Search Tree :

<https://leetcode.com/problems/insert-into-a-binary-search-tree/>

```

class Solution {
    public TreeNode insertIntoBST(TreeNode root, int
val) {
        if(root==null){
            //create a node that is be inserted
            TreeNode node = new TreeNode(val);
            return node;
        }
        if(val < root.val){
            root.left =
insertIntoBST(root.left, val);
        }
        else{
            root.right =
insertIntoBST(root.right, val);
        }
        return root;
    }
}

```

4. Delete Node in a BST

<https://leetcode.com/problems/delete-node-in-a-bst/>

```
class Solution {
    public TreeNode getMin(TreeNode curr){
        while(curr.left!=null){
            curr = curr.left;
        }
        return curr;
    }
    public TreeNode deleteNode(TreeNode root, int
key) {
        //search the node to be deleted
        TreeNode parent = null;
        TreeNode curr = root;
        while(curr!=null && curr.val != key){
//doesn't exist or found
            parent = curr;
            if(key<curr.val)
                curr = curr.left;
            else
                curr = curr.right;
        }
        if(curr==null) //stop
            return root;
        //case1 : node has 0 children -> leaf node
        if(curr.left==null && curr.right==null){
            if(curr==root){
                root = null;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        }
        else{
            if(parent.left==curr)
                parent.left = null;
            else
                parent.right = null;
        }
    }
    //case 2 : node has 1 child node
    else if(curr.left==null ||
curr.right==null){
        TreeNode child;
        if(curr.left == null )
            child = curr.right;
        else
            child = curr.left;
        if(curr==root){
            root = child;
        }
        else{
            if(curr == parent.left)
                parent.left = child;
            else
                parent.right = child;
        }
    }
    //case 3 : node has 2 child node
    else{

```

```

        TreeNode min = getMin(curr.right);
        int minval = min.val;
        deleteNode(root,minval);
        curr.val = minval;
    }
    return root;
}
}

```

5. Kth Smallest Element in a BST

<https://leetcode.com/problems/kth-smallest-element-in-a-bst/>

```

class Solution {
    int ans=0;
    int count=0;
    public int kthSmallest(TreeNode root, int k) {
        inOrder(root,k);
        return ans;
    }

    public void inOrder(TreeNode root,int k){
        if(root==null) return;

        inOrder(root.left,k);
        count++;
        if(count==k){
            ans=root.val;
            return;
        }
    }
}

```

```
        inOrder(root.right,k);  
    }  
  
}
```