

Assignment 9

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Abstract

This document explains the properties of inner product on \mathbb{R}^n

Download latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/subhasishsaikia22/EE5609-Matrix-theory>

1 PROBLEM

Let $\langle, \rangle : \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ denote the standard inner product on \mathbb{R}^n . For a non zero $\mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^n$, define $T_{\mathbf{w}} : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ by $T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}) = \mathbf{v} - \frac{2\langle \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w} \rangle} \mathbf{w}$, $\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n$. Which of the following are true?

- 1) $\det(T_{\mathbf{w}}) = 1$
- 2) $\langle T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}_1), T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}_2) \rangle = \langle \mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2 \rangle \quad \forall \mathbf{v}_1$
- 3) $T_{\mathbf{w}} = T_{\mathbf{w}}^{-1}$
- 4) $T_{2\mathbf{w}} = 2T_{\mathbf{w}}$

2 EXPLANATION

Inner Product	<p>Let two vectors \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} be defined as:</p> $\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ \mathbf{u}_2 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \mathbf{u}_n \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ \mathbf{v}_2 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \mathbf{v}_n \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad (2.0.1)$ <p>then the inner product of \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} on \mathbb{R}^n:</p> $\langle \mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \rangle = \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u}_1 \mathbf{v}_1 + \mathbf{u}_2 \mathbf{v}_2 + \dots + \mathbf{u}_n \mathbf{v}_n \quad (2.0.2)$
Inner Product Property used	$\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle = \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{x} = \langle \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x} \rangle \quad (2.0.3)$ <p>linearity property:</p> $\langle a\mathbf{u} + b\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \rangle = a\langle \mathbf{u}, \mathbf{w} \rangle + b\langle \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \rangle \quad (2.0.4)$

TABLE 1: Definition and properties used

3 SOLUTION

Given	<p>For n=2,</p> $T_{\mathbf{w}} : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}) = \mathbf{v} - \frac{2\langle \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w} \rangle} \mathbf{w} \quad (3.0.1)$ <p>Let the standard basis vectors of \mathbb{R}^2 : $\mathbf{e}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{e}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and non zero vector $\mathbf{w} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$</p>
Statement 1	$\det(T_{\mathbf{w}}) = 1$
solution	$T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{e}_1) = \mathbf{e}_1 - \frac{2\langle \mathbf{e}_1, \mathbf{w} \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w} \rangle} \mathbf{w} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{2\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \rangle}{\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \rangle} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{2 \cdot 1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.2)$ $T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{e}_2) = \mathbf{e}_2 - \frac{2\langle \mathbf{e}_2, \mathbf{w} \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w} \rangle} \mathbf{w} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{2\langle \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \rangle}{\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \rangle} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{2 \cdot 1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.3)$ $T_{\mathbf{w}} = \begin{pmatrix} T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{e}_1) & T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{e}_2) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.4)$ $\Rightarrow T_{\mathbf{w}} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0 - 1 = -1 \quad (3.0.5)$ <p>The given statement is false</p>
Statement 2	$\langle T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}_1), T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}_2) \rangle = \langle \mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2 \rangle \quad \forall \mathbf{v}_1$

<p>solution</p>	$\begin{aligned} \langle T_w(v_1), T_w(v_2) \rangle &= \left\langle v_1 - \frac{2\langle v_1, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w, v_2 - \frac{2\langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w \right\rangle \\ &= \left\langle v_1, v_2 - \frac{2\langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w \right\rangle + \left\langle -\frac{2\langle v_1, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w, v_2 - \frac{2\langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w \right\rangle \\ &= \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle - \frac{2\langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} \langle v_1, w \rangle + \left\langle -\frac{2\langle v_1, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w, v_2 \right\rangle + \left\langle -\frac{2\langle v_1, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w, -\frac{2\langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w \right\rangle \\ &= \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle - \frac{2\langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} \langle v_1, w \rangle - \frac{2\langle v_1, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} \langle w, v_2 \rangle + \frac{4\langle v_1, w \rangle \langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle \langle w, w \rangle} \langle w, w \rangle \\ &= \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle - \frac{2\langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} \langle v_1, w \rangle - \frac{2\langle v_1, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} \langle v_2, w \rangle + \frac{4\langle v_1, w \rangle \langle v_2, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} \\ &\implies \langle T_w(v_1), T_w(v_2) \rangle = \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle \end{aligned}$ <p style="text-align: center;">The given statement is correct</p>
<p>Statement 3</p>	<p>$T_w = T_w^{-1}$</p>
<p>solution</p>	<p>Suppose:</p> $T_w(v) = u \implies T_w^{-1}(u) = v \quad (3.0.12)$ <p>Then :</p> $T_w(v) = u \quad (3.0.13)$ $\implies v - \frac{2\langle v, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w = u \quad (3.0.14)$ $\implies \left\langle v - \frac{2\langle v, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w, w \right\rangle = \langle u, w \rangle \quad (3.0.15)$ $\implies \langle v, w \rangle - \frac{2\langle v, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} \langle w, w \rangle = \langle u, w \rangle \quad (3.0.16)$ $\implies -\langle v, w \rangle = \langle u, w \rangle \quad (3.0.17)$ <p>using (3.0.14) and (3.0.17)</p> $T_w^{-1}(u) = v = u + \frac{2\langle v, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w \quad (3.0.18)$ $\implies T_w^{-1}(u) = u - \frac{2\langle u, w \rangle}{\langle w, w \rangle} w \quad (3.0.19)$ $\implies T_w^{-1}(u) = T_w(u) \quad (3.0.20)$ $\implies T_w^{-1} = T_w \quad (3.0.21)$ <p style="text-align: center;">The given statement is correct</p>
<p>Statement 4</p>	<p>$T_{2w} = 2T_w$</p>

solution	$T_{2\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}) = \mathbf{v} - \frac{2\langle \mathbf{v}, 2\mathbf{w} \rangle}{\langle 2\mathbf{w}, 2\mathbf{w} \rangle} 2\mathbf{w} \quad (3.0.22)$
	$= \mathbf{v} - \frac{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \langle \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \rangle}{2 \cdot 2 \langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w} \rangle} \mathbf{w} \quad (3.0.23)$
	$= \mathbf{v} - \frac{2\langle \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w} \rangle} \mathbf{w} \quad (3.0.24)$
	$2T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}) = 2 \left(\mathbf{v} - \frac{2\langle \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w} \rangle} \mathbf{w} \right) \quad (3.0.25)$
	$\implies 2T_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}) \neq T_{2\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}) \quad (3.0.26)$
	<p>The given statement is false</p>

TABLE 2: solution