Lab Sheet: CSS

USING BASIC CSS ATTRIBUTES

</HTML>

```
EXERCISE 1
         <HTML>
                  <HEAD>
                  <TITLE> My First Stylesheet </TITLE>
                            <STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
                                     H1 {color : green; font-size : 37px; font-family : impact}
                                     P {text-indent : 1cm; background : yellow}
                  </STYLE>
                  </HEAD>
                  <BODY>
                            <H1> Stylesheets: The Tool of the Web Design Gods </H1> <P>
                            Amaze your friends! Squash your enemies! </P>
                  </BODY>
         </HTML>
USING CLASS SELECTORS
EXERCISE 2
         <HTML>
                  <HEAD>
                            <STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
                                     P.first {color : green}
                                     P.second (color : purple)
                                     P.third {color : gray}
                            </STYLE>
                  </HEAD>
                  <BODY>
                            <P CLASS = "first"> The first paragraph, colored green </P>
                            <P CLASS = "second"> The second paragraph, colored purple </P> <P
                            CLASS = "third"> The third paragraph, colored gray </P>
                  </BODY>
         </HTML>
EXERCISE 3
         <HTML>
                  <HEAD>
                            <STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
                                     .hot {color : red; text-decoration : underline}
                            </STYLE>
                  </HEAD>
                  <BODY>
                            <H1 CLASS = "hot"> Get a load of this! </H1>
                            <P> This is a normal paragraph </P>
                            <P CLASS = "hot"> This paragraph should be colored red </P>
                  </BODY>
```

USING ID SELECTORS

EXERCISE 4

USING THE SPAN ELEMENT

EXERCISE 5

```
<HTML>
         <HEAD>
                   <STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
                            P {font-size : 14 pt; margin-left : 2em; margin-right : 2em}
                            P.narrow {color : red; margin-left : 5em; margin-right : 5em}
                            .A {font-weight : bold; background-color : yellow}
                            .B {border : 5px ridge red}
                   </STYLE>
         </HEAD>
         <BODY>
                   <P> This is a normal paragraph </P>
                   <P CLASS = "narrow"> This paragraph has wider margins and red color </P> <P CLASS
                   = "narrow"><SPAN CLASS=B> This is a paragraph to be
                            <SPAN CLASS=A>set apart</SPAN> from the rest.</SPAN></P>
         </BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE BACKGROUND ATTRIBUTE

```
their own backgrounds.</P>
         </BODY>
         </HTML>
EXERCISE 7
         <HTML>
         <HEAD>
                  <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                           .A {background-image : url(peak.jpg); background-attachment : fixed} </STYLE>
         </HEAD>
         <BODY CLASS=A>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> A book is not an isolated being: <BR>
                  It is a relationship, an axis of innumerable relationships </P></FONT>
                  <P><FONT FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> Jorge Luis Borges </I></FONT>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> Society is now one polished horde
         <BR>
                  formed of two mighty tribes, the Bores and <BR> and the Bored </P></FONT> <P><FONT
                  FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> George Gordon, Lord
                           Byron </I></FONT>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> A book is not an isolated being: <BR>
                  It is a relationship, an axis of innumerable relationships </P></FONT>
                  <P><FONT FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> Jorge Luis Borges </I></FONT>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> Society is now one polished horde<BR>
                  formed of two mighty tribes, the Bores and <BR> and the Bored </P></FONT>
                  <P><FONT FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> George Gordon, Lord Byron
         </l></FONT>
         </BODY>
         </HTML>
EXERCISE 8
         <HTML>
         <HEAD>
                  <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                           .A {background-image : url(peak.jpg); background-attachment : fixed;
                           background-position: center top; background-repeat: repeat-y} </STYLE>
         </HEAD>
         <BODY CLASS=A>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> A book is not an isolated being: <BR>
                  It is a relationship, an axis of innumerable relationships </P></FONT>
                  <P><FONT FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> Jorge Luis Borges </I></FONT>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> Society is now one polished horde
         <BR>
                  formed of two mighty tribes, the Bores and <BR> and the Bored </P></FONT> <P><FONT
                  FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> George Gordon, Lord
                           Bvron </l></FONT>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> A book is not an isolated being: <BR>
                  It is a relationship, an axis of innumerable relationships </P></FONT>
                  <P><FONT FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> Jorge Luis Borges </I></FONT>
                  <FONT FACE=impact COLOR=red SIZE=7><P> Society is now one polished horde<BR>
                  formed of two mighty tribes, the Bores and <BR> and the Bored </P></FONT>
                  <P><FONT FACE=times COLOR=red SIZE=4><I> George Gordon, Lord Byron
         </l></FONT>
         </BODY>
         </HTML>
```

different paragraphs. Thus background color and images are visible

at the same time. Not only so even words like this one can have

USING THE BORDER ATTRIBUTE

EXERCISE 9

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                   .A {border-style : dashed}
                   .B {border-style : dotted}
                   .C {border-style : double}
                   .D {border-style : groove}
                   .E {border-style : ridge}
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <P CLASS=A>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dashed) </P>
         <P CLASS=B>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dotted) </P>
         <P CLASS=C>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (double) </P>
         <P CLASS=D>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (groove) </P>
         <P CLASS=E>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (ridge) </P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                   .A {border-style : dashed; border-width : 5}
                   .B {border-style : dotted; border-width : 5 10}
                   .C {border-style : double; border-width : 5 10 15}
                             .D {border-style : groove; border-width : 5 10 15 20}
                   .E {border-style : ridge; border-width : 10}
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <P CLASS=A>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dashed) </P>
         <P CLASS=B>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dotted) </P>
         <P CLASS=C>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (double) </P>
         <P CLASS=D>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (groove) </P>
         <P CLASS=E>Now paragraphs can have a border <BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (ridge) </P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

EXERCISE 11

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                   .A {border-style : dashed; border-color : red; border-width : 5}
                   .B {border-style : dotted; border-color : red green; border-width : 5 10}
                                .C {border-style : double; border-color : red green blue; border-width : 5 10
15}
                   .D {border-style : groove; border-color : #CC99CC #99CCCC #CCCC99
#C9C9C9:
                            border-width: 5 10 15 20}
                   .E {border-style : ridge; border-color : magenta; border-width : 10} </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <P CLASS=A>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dashed)</P>
         <P CLASS=B>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dotted)</P>
         <P CLASS=C>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (double)</P>
         <P CLASS=D>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (groove)</P>
         <P CLASS=E>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (ridge)</P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE COLOR ATTRIBUTE

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                  .A {color : red}
                  .B {color: #FF0000}
                  .C {color: rgb(255, 0, 0)}
                  .D {color: rgb(100%, 0%, 0%)
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <P CLASS=A>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dashed)</P>
         <P CLASS=B>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dotted)</P>
         <P CLASS=C>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (double)</P>
         <P CLASS=D>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (groove)</P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE CURSOR ATTRIBUTE

```
EXERCISE 13
        <HTML>
        <HEAD>
                 <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                          .A {cursor : crosshair}
                          .B {cursor : help}
                          .C {cursor : hand}
                          .D {cursor : wait}
                 </STYLE>
        </HEAD>
        <BODY>
                 <P CLASS=A><IMG SRC="peak.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P> <P
                                 SRC="peak.jpg"
SRC="peak.jpg"
                                                   HEIGHT=100></P>
                 CLASS=B><IMG
                                                                        <P
                 CLASS=C><IMG
                                                   HEIGHT=100></P>
                                                                        <P
                 CLASS=D><IMG SRC="peak.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
        </BODY>
```

USING THE FLOAT AND CLEAR ATTRIBUTES

EXERCISE 14

</HTML>

USING THE FONT ATTRIBUTE

```
of their own and it can be different from <BR>
paragraph to paragraph (dotted)</P>
<P CLASS=C>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
of their own and it can be different from <BR>
paragraph to paragraph (double)</P>
<P CLASS=D>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
of their own and it can be different from <BR>
of their own and it can be different from <BR>
paragraph to paragraph (groove)</P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING ABSOLUTE AND RELATIVE POSITIONING

EXERCISE 16

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
.A {position : absolute; left : 20; top : 30}
.B { position : absolute; left : 100; top : 50}
</STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>

<P CLASS=B>
Hello.
<SPAN CLASS=A> Hello again. </SPAN>
</P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                  .A {position: absolute; left: 80px; top: 30px}
                  .B {position : absolute; left : 30%; top : 30px}
                  .C {position : absolute; right : 50pt; top : 50%}
                  .D {position : absolute; right : 50pt; bottom : 20%}
                  .E {position : absolute; left : 100px; top : 150px}
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=green>
         <P CLASS=A>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dashed)</P>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=red>
         <P CLASS=B>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dotted)</P>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=blue>
         <P CLASS=C>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (double)</P>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=black>
         <P CLASS=D>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (groove)</P>
         <P CLASS=E><IMG SRC="peak.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

```
EXERCISE 18
```

```
<HTML>
        <HEAD>
                  <STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
                           .A {POSITION: absolute; LEFT: 100px; TOP: 50px}
                           .B1 {POSITION: absolute; LEFT: 100px; TOP: 100px}
                           .B2 {POSITION : absolute; LEFT : 20px; TOP : 20px}
                           .C1 {POSITION: absolute; LEFT: 100px; TOP: 150px}
                           .C2 {POSITION : relative; LEFT : 20px; TOP : 30px}
                  </STYLE>
        </HEAD>
        <BODY>
                  <P CLASS=A>
                  Hello.
                  Hello Again.
                  And now it is time to say Goodbye!
                  <P CLASS=B1>
                  Hello.
                  <SPAN CLASS=B2>Hello Again.</SPAN>
                  And now it is time to say Goodbye!
                  <P CLASS=C1>
                  Hello.
                  <SPAN CLASS=C2>Hello Again.</SPAN>
                  And now it is time to say Goodbye!
                  </P>
        </BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE LETTER-SPACING ATTRIBUTE

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                   .A {position: absolute; left: 80px; top: 30px; letter-spacing: 1px}
                   .B {position: absolute; left: 60%; top: 30px; letter-spacing: -3px}
                   .C {position: absolute; right: 30pt; top: 50%; letter-spacing: 5px}
                                 .D {position : absolute; right : 50pt; bottom : 10%; letter-spacing : 10px}
                   .E {position : absolute; left : 100px; top : 150px}
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=green>
         <P CLASS=A>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dashed)</P>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=red>
         <P CLASS=B>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (dotted)</P>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=blue>
         <P CLASS=C>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (double)</P>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=black>
         <P CLASS=D>Now paragraphs can have a border<BR>
         of their own and it can be different from <BR>
         paragraph to paragraph (groove)</P>
```

```
<P CLASS=E><IMG SRC="peak.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE LIST STYLE ATTRIBUTE

```
EXERCISE 20
```

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                  .A {list-style-image : url(bullet.gif)}
                  .B {list-style-position : inside}
                  .C {list-style-position : outside}
                  .D {list-style-type : circle}
                  .E {list-style-type : lower-alpha}
                  .F {list-style-type : upper-roman}
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=green>
         <UL CLASS=A>
         <LI>one
         <LI>two
         <LI>three
         </UL>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=red>
         <UL CLASS=B>
         <LI>one
         <LI>two
         <LI>three
         </UL>
         <UL CLASS=C>
         <LI>four
         <LI>five
         <LI>six
         </UL>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=blue>
         <UL CLASS=D>
         <LI>one
         <LI>two
         <LI>three
         </UL>
         <BASEFONT COLOR=black>
         <OL CLASS=E>
         <LI>one
         <LI>two
         <LI>three
         </OL>
         <OL CLASS=F>
         <LI>four
         <LI>five
         <LI>six
         </OL>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE MARGIN AND PADDING ATTRIBUTES

EXERCISE 21

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
          <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
          .A {margin: 0px; border-style: solid; border-color: green; border-width: 5; float:
left}
                           .B {clear : left; margin : 30px; border-style : solid; border-color : green; border-width :
5;
                   float : left}
          .C {clear : left; margin : -10px; border-style : solid; border-color : green; border-width
          : 5;
                    float : left)
          .D {clear : left; margin : 20px; padding : 10px; border-style : solid; border-color :
                   border-width: 5; float: left}
          </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
          <P CLASS=A><IMG SRC="sunrise.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
          <P CLASS=B><IMG SRC="sunrise.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
          <P CLASS=C><IMG SRC="sunrise.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
          <P CLASS=D><IMG SRC="sunrise.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE TEXT ATTRIBUTE

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                  .A {text-decoration : line-through}
                  .B {text-decoration : overline}
                  .C {text-transform : capitalize}
                  .D {text-indent : 30px}
                  a:link {color: green; text-decoration: none}
                  a:visited {color: green; text-decoration: none}
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <BASEFONT FACE=arial SIZE=5 COLOR=green>
         <P CLASS=A>THIS TEXT HAS A LINE THROUGH IT</P>
         <BASEFONT FACE=arial SIZE=5 COLOR=red>
         <P CLASS=B><u>THIS TEXT HAS A LINE OVER AND UNDER IT</u></P>
         <BASEFONT FACE=arial SIZE=5 COLOR=blue>
         <P CLASS=C>This is how capitaLlzed text looks Like</P>
         <a href="www.ibm.com"> This is a hyperLlnk without an underline!</a>
         <BASEFONT FACE=arial SIZE=2 COLOR=black>
         <P CLASS=D> Want to give a paragraph an indent? <BR> (After living
                       on the Internet for a while, <BR> you may have forgotten
                       what an indent is!) <BR> Use the text-indent property.
                       </P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE VERTICAL-ALIGN ATTRIBUTE

EXERCISE 23

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                   .A {vertical-align : sub; font-size : smaller}
                   .B {vertical-align : super; font-size : smaller}
                   .C {vertical-align : bottom; font-size : 50%}
                   .D {vertical-align : middle; font-size : 50%}
                   .E {vertical-align : top; font-size : 50%}
</STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
         <FONT FACE=arial SIZE=7 COLOR=steelblue>
         log<span CLASS=A>2</span>(10)
         <BR>
         <FONT FACE=arial SIZE=5 COLOR=navy>
         x<span CLASS=B>2</span>+y<span CLASS=B>2</span>=z<span
CLASS=B>2</span></font>
         <BR>
         <FONT FACE=arial SIZE=5 COLOR=deepskyblue>
         This is the base text<span CLASS=C>This is aligned text</span></font> <BR>
         <FONT FACE=arial SIZE=5 COLOR=royalblue>
         This is the base text<span CLASS=D>This is aligned text</span></font> <BR>
         <FONT FACE=arial SIZE=5 COLOR=dodgerblue>
         This is the base text<span CLASS=E>This is aligned text</span></font> </BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE Z-INDEX ATTRIBUTE

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                  .A {position : absolute; z-index : 1; left : 50px; top : 50px}
                  .B {position : absolute; z-index : 2; left : 100px; top : 100px}
                  .C {position: absolute; z-index: 3; left: 150px; top: 130px}
                  .D {position: absolute; z-index: 4; left: 200px; top: 200px}
                  .E {position: absolute; z-index: 5; left: 250px; top: 250px} </STYLE>
</HFAD>
<BODY>
         <P CLASS=A><IMG SRC="sunrise.jpg" HEIGHT=100></P>
         <P CLASS=B><FONT SIZE=7 FACE=arial COLOR=gold>Level 2</P> <P</pre>
         CLASS=C><IMG SRC="peak.jpg" HEIGHT=200></P>
         <P CLASS=D><FONT SIZE=7 FACE="times-roman" COLOR=navy><B><I>Level
4</l></B></P>
         <P CLASS=E><IMG SRC="gears.gif"></P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

EMBEDDING STYLE-SHEETS

```
<HTML>
                     <HEAD>
                         <TITLE> My First Stylesheet </TITLE>
                         <STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
                                    H1 {color : green; font-size : 37px; font-family : impact}
                                    P {text-indent : 1cm; background : yellow}
                         </STYLE>
                     </HEAD>
                     <BODY>
                           <H1> Stylesheets: The Tool of the Web Design Gods </H1> <P>
                           Amaze your friends! Squash your enemies! </P>
                     </BODY>
         </HTML>
ADDING STYLES INLINE
         <HTML>
                  <HEAD>
                           <TITLE> My First Stylesheet </TITLE>
                  </HEAD>
                  <BODY>
                                        <H1 STYLE = "color : green; font-size : 37px; font-family : impact">
                           Stylesheets: The Tool of the Web Design Gods
                           </H1>
                           <P STYLE = "text-indent : 1cm; background : yellow">
                           Amaze your friends! Squash your enemies! </P>
                  </BODY>
         </HTML>
LINKING TO EXTERNAL STYLESHEETS
         <HTML>
                  <HEAD>
                           <TITLE> My First Stylesheet </TITLE>
                           <LINK REL = stylesheet TYPE = "text/css" HREF = "mystyles.css"> </HEAD>
                  <BODY>
                           <H1> Stylesheets: The Tool of the Web Design Gods </H1> <P>
                           Amaze your friends! Squash your enemies! </P>
                  </BODY>
         </HTML>
IMPORTING STYLESHEETS
         <HTML>
                  <HEAD>
                           <TITLE> My First Stylesheet </TITLE>
                           <STYLE TYPE = "text/css">
                                    @import url(mystyles.css)
                           </STYLE>
                  </HEAD>
         </HTML>
```

H1 {color : green; font-size : 37px; font-family : impact}

P {text-indent : 1cm; background : yellow}

USING THE CLIP ATTRIBUTE

```
EXERCISE 25

<hr/>
```

USING THE FILTER ATTRIBUTE

</BODY>

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
         <STYLE TYPE="text/css">
                   .A {filter: flipH(), flipV()}
                   .B {filter : alpha(opacity=50)}
                   .C {filter : chroma(color=#000000)}
                   .D {filter : blur(direction=225)}
                   .E {filter : invert()}
                   .F {filter: wave(freq=5, strength=50)}
         </STYLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY BGCOLOR=lightgreen>
         <IMG SRC="image2.jpg" HEIGHT=100>Original Image<P> <IMG</pre>
         SRC="image2.jpg" CLASS=A HEIGHT=100>Flipped<BR>
         <IMG SRC="image2.jpg" CLASS=B HEIGHT=100>Reduced Opacity<BR> <IMG</pre>
         SRC="image2.jpg" CLASS=C HEIGHT=100>Chroma
SRC="image2.jpg" CLASS=D HEIGHT=100>Blurred<BR>
                                                                     Keying<BR> <IMG
         <IMG SRC="image2.jpg" CLASS=E HEIGHT=100>Inverted Colors<BR> <IMG</pre>
         SRC="image2.jpg" CLASS=F HEIGHT=100>Wave Distortion<BR>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

USING THE WIDTH ATTRIBUTE