Software Development Laboratory

B.Tech. IV Semester



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M. S. Ramaiah University of Applied Sciences

Private University Established in Karnataka State by Act No. 15 of 2013

Faculty	Engineering & Technology
Programme	B. Tech. in Computer Science and Engineering
Year/Semester	2018/4 th Semester
Name of the Laboratory	Software Development Laboratory
Laboratory Code	19CSL216A

List of Experiments

- 1. Requirements Analysis I
- 2. Requirements Analysis II
- 3. Use Case Diagram
- 4. Sequence Diagram
- 5. UML Modelling: Class Diagrams
- 6. UML Modelling: State Chart Diagrams
- 7. Activity Diagram and Data Flow Diagram
- 8. Entity-Relationship Diagram
- 9. Implementation of Software Design
- 10. Software Testing with Test Cases

Scenario for all labs:

Various scenarios will be given to students in the lab. Work in groups of 3 and develop the software solution. The Course leader is the customer. Contact the Course leader for any clarifications.

Index Sheet

No.	Lab Experiment	Viva (6)	Results (7)	Documentation (7)	Total Marks (20)
1	Requirements Analysis - I				
2	Requirements Analysis - II				
3	UML Modelling: Use Case Diagrams				
4	UML Modelling: Sequence Diagram				
5	UML Modelling: Class Diagram				
6	State Chart Diagram				
7	Entity-Relationship Diagram				
8	Activity Diagram and Data Flow Diagram				
9	Implementation and Testing				
10	Lab Internal Test conducted along the lines of SEE and valued for 50 Marks and reduced for 20 Marks Total Marks				
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Component 1 (Lab Internal Marks) =

Signature of the Staff In-charge

Laboratory 1

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Requirements Analysis - I

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students get familiar with the documentation and scenario specified for all the lab exercises while analysing the requirements of the scenario

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

• To develop formal software requirements in a standard format for a given engineering problem

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Identify software requirements from problem statement
- Identify type of a software requirement
- Create an unambiguous list of software requirements based on interaction with a client

3. Experimental Procedure

- Work in teams of 3 students
- Each team should read the problem statement and identify requirements as a group
- Each team will then confirm the requirements and document the requirements in an SRS document
- Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations

4. Presentation of Results

Functional Requirements:

FR1: The system should allow users to browse movies available to watch and display the movie description.

FR2: The system should allow new users to register and existing users to login.

FR3: The system should allow users to select movies by applying filters

FR4: The system should allow user to view vacant and booked seats separately and select and book only the vacant seats.

FR5: The system should allow users to book multiple seats at a time.

FR6: The software should support multiple payment options.

FR7: The system should send booking details to the theater.

FR8: The system should send a confirmation email and e-ticket to the user.

FR9: The system should display customer care details / help.

FR10: The system should allow the user to logout.

Non-functional requirements:

NFR1: the software should have good maintainability.

The maintenance team should update the software periodically. The bugs should be fixed as soon as discovered. The team should update the software with the trending UI. New features should be added periodically.

NFR2: the system should have a secure payment gateway.

The system should be secure and clean. The gateway should be taken from a reputative bank server. The system should not be easy to hack.

NFR3: the system should have a good server support.

The system should not get crashed frequently. The system should have a backup server support when doing maintenance. The system should not be down for too long.

NFR4: The system should be user-friendly.

The system should have clear navigation.

NFR5: the system should be responsive in multiple platforms.

The system should be supportive in mobile, tablet and desktop. The software should be supportive in multiple operating system like Linux, Mac and Windows. The system should be working on Android as well as on iOS.

5. Analysis and Discussions

In this lab we discussed about the requirements needed for the development of an app for booking movie tickets. There are two types of requirements: Functional and Non-functional requirements. Functional requirements describe what a system must do and what the user expects from the system like user login and registration, displaying movies, displaying the seats, booking of the tickets and payment options, while non-functional requirements describe aspects of the system that don't relate to its execution like the system's maintainability, compatibility, security and modifiability.

6. Conclusions

We realized the requirements needed for the development of an app for booking movie tickets.

7. Comments

1. Limitations of Experiments

The requirements are pre-defined and cannot be changed(frozen).

2. Learning happened

Using any process model, we find skeleton of the customers' requirements there by making further improvements in future design.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 2

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Requirements Analysis - II

1. Introduction and Purpose of Experiment

Students will formally document the identified requirements in an SRS document for the scenario

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

 To develop formal SRS document in a standard format for a given engineering problem

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Identify dependencies of a software requirement
- Create SRS document in a standard format
 - 3. Experimental Procedure
- Work in teams of 3 students
- Each team should read the problem statement and identify requirements as a group
- Each team will then confirm the requirements and document the requirements in an SRS document
- Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations

4. Presentation of Results

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR1
Requirement statement	The System should allow users to browse movies available to watch and display movie description.
System requirement Addressed	
Dependent on requirements	
Response time constraint	The desired response time for users interface is 10ms based on survey.
Stake holder owning the requirement	End User, Admin
Example of user/system interaction for this requirement	A User should to be able to view different movies available to watch and the theatres it is being screened at, should be able to view the updates of new movies that are to be released soon and check out the movie description and ratings. End user 'A' wants to view the movies available at 6:00pm at the nearest theatres. End user 'B' wants to view the list of new movies that are going to be released the next week. End user 'C' wants to view the description and ratings of the movie. The admin should be able to update the movies and show timings

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR2
Requirement statement	The system should allow new users to register and existing user to login.
System requirement	
Addressed	
Dependent on	
requirements	
Response time constraint	The desired response time for users interface is 10ms based on survey.
Stake holder owning the	End User, Admin
requirement	

Example of user/system	The new user should be able to register by entering details such as name,
interaction for this	user id, password, phone number and email id.
requirement	A existing user should be able login by entering user id and password.
	End user 'A' is a new user and can register by entering his name, phone number, email id, new user id and a new password.
	End user 'B' is an existing user and login by entering her user id and password.
	Admin 'X' should validate the credentials entered by the user

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR3
Requirement Statement	The system should allow users to select movies by applying filters
System Requirement	
Addressed	
Dependent on	FR1
Requirements	
Response	The desired response time for users interface is 10ms based on survey.
Time Constraint	
Stake Holder Owning the	End user
Requirement	
Example of user/system	A user should be able to add filters as per his preference regarding the
interaction for this	location of the theatre, language of the movie, video display, timing of the
requirement	movie and type of seats and select the movie.
	End user 'A' wants to watch a movie in English 3d display.
	End user 'B' wants to book a recliner seat in the nearest theatre at 9:30 pm.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR4
Requirement Statement	The system should allow user to view vacant and booked seats separately and select and book only the vacant seats.
System Requirement Addressed	
Dependent on Requirements	FR1,FR2,FR3

Response	The desired response time for users interface is 10ms based on survey.
Time Constraint	
Stake Holder Owning the	End user, Admin
Requirement	
Example of user/system	A user must be able to view the seats which are available to book and those
interaction for this	which are already booked by other users separately and be able to only select
requirement	seats which are available and is directed to the payment page after confirmation.
	End user 'B' can book the seat number 13D if it is available.
	End user 'A' cannot book the seat number 13D if it is already booked by another user.
	Admin 'X' must update the booked seats.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR5
Requirement Statement	The system should allow users to book multiple tickets at a time.
System Requirement Addressed	
Dependent on Requirements	FR1, FR2,F3,F4
Response Time Constraint	The desired response time for users interface is 10ms based on survey.
Stake Holder Owning the Requirement	End User, Administrator
Example of user/system interaction for this requirement	A user should be able to book as many tickets as required as per availability. End user 'A' wants to book 10 tickets. Admin 'X' should update the booked seats.

Item	Detail
Requirement Tag	FR6
Requirement Statement	The software should support multiple payment options.
System Requirement Addressed	

Dependent on Requirements	FR2,FR4,FR5
Response Time Constraint	The desired response time for users interface is 10ms based on survey.
Stake Holder Owning the Requirement	End User, Bank
Example of user/system interaction for this requirement	The software should allow user to pay through multiple payment options like credit card, debit card, UPI, and net banking after confirming the ticket. After clicking on one of the payments options, the users should be redirected to its respective payment portal. End user 'A' wants to pay for the ticket using his debit card, he can do so by entering his card number and CVV. End user 'B' wants to pay for the ticket using net banking. After selecting
	the option he is redirected to the respective bank's server where the payment is done.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR7
Requirement Statement	The system should send the booking details to the theatre.
System Requirement	
Addressed	
Dependent on Requirements	FR2, FR4,F6
Response	The system should allow users to select movies by applying filters
Time Constraint	
Stake Holder Owning the	Administrator
Requirement	
Example of user/system	After the confirmation of the ticket from the user the software must send
interaction for this	the ticket details such as the user's name, seat number, ticket number to
requirement	the administrator.
	Admin 'X' gets the details of end user 'A' such as his name, seat number, and ticket number after confirmation.

Item	Detail
Requirement Tag	FR8
Requirement Statement	The system should send a confirmation email and bill summary to the user.
System Requirement Addressed	
Dependent on Requirements	FR2,F4, FR6
Response Time Constraint	
Stake Holder Owning the Requirement	End User, administrator
Example of user/system interaction for this	The user should get a confirmation mail and an SMS which should contain his seat number and ticket summary.
requirement	End user 'A' gets a confirmation mail containing his seat number and ticket number on his registered email id and an SMS to his registered phone number.
	Admin 'X' should send a confirmation mail and SMS to the user.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR9
Requirement statement	The system should display customer care details/help.
System requirement Addressed	
Dependent on requirements	
Response time constraint	
Stake holder owning the requirement	End User, admin
Example of user/system interaction for this requirement	The user should be able to contact the customer care/ view help document i.e., stored in the corresponding website. If the end user 'A' is facing any problems regarding payments, he/she can contact the customer care for help. If end user 'B' has any issues navigating through the software, he can look into the help document.

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Item Detail

<u>Item</u>	<u>Detail</u>
Requirement tag	FR10
Requirement statement	The system must allow the logged in user to logout
System requirement Addressed	The system should allow users to select movies by applying filters
Dependent on requirements	FR2
Response time constraint	The desired response time for users interface is 10ms based on survey.
Stake holder owning the requirement	End User
Example of user/system interaction for this requirement	The user should be able to log out, once he has logged in End user 'A' wants to log out of the website.

8. Analysis and Discussions

In this lab we discussed about the requirements needed for the development of an app for booking movie tickets. There are two types of requirements: Functional and Non-functional requirements. Functional requirements describe what a system must do and what the user expects from the system like user login and registration, displaying movies, displaying the seats, booking of the tickets and payment options, while non-functional requirements describe aspects of the system that don't relate to its execution like the system's maintainability, compatibility, security and modifiability.

9. Conclusions

We developed a formal SRS document in a standard format using the requirements elicited from the user.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 3

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Data flow modelling with CASE tools – High Level Design

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students will apply data flow modelling to develop the high level design for given scenario

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

• To develop software architecture for a given requirements specification using Structured analysis and Design Technique

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Identify context of the software
- Identify Inputs, Outputs and Data Stores for a given software
- Identify modules in a software and their dependencies
- Create design document for a given SRS
- 3. Experimental Procedure
- Work in teams of 7 students
- Each team should read the problem statement and identify requirements as a group
- Each team will then confirm the requirements and document the requirements in an high level design document
- Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations
- 4. Presentation of Results

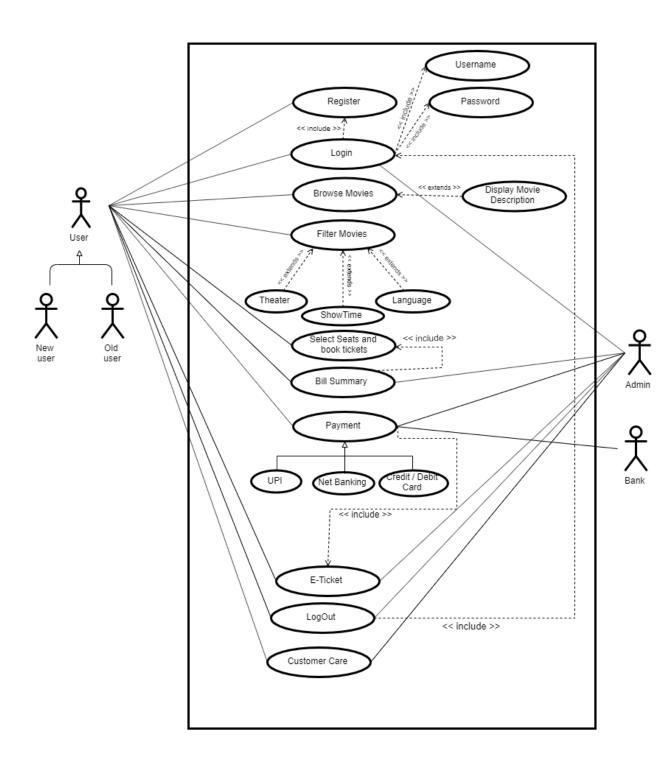


Figure 3.1 use case diagram

5. Analysis and Discussions

In this lab we learnt about the use case diagram and the its various components.

We discussed about the relationship between the various functional requirements (generalization and dependency) and have analysed the dependency of requirements (include and extends). We discussed about the actors involved and their relationship with the use case (association) and among themselves(generalization). We used the DIA software to generate the use case diagram.

6. Conclusions

We were able to draw UML diagrams and successfully designed for the applications discussed in the previous lab.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	7	
Results	6	
Documentation	6	
Total	20	

Laboratory 4

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Data flow modelling with CASE tools – Low Level Design

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students will apply data flow modelling to develop the low level design for given scenario

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

• To develop low level software design for a given requirements specification using Structured analysis and Design Technique

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Identify functions in modules
- Identify Inputs, Outputs and Data dependencies for functions
- Create low level design document for a given SRS
- 3. Experimental Procedure
- Work in teams of 7 students
- Each team should read the problem statement and identify requirements as a group
- Each team will then confirm the requirements and document the requirements in an low level design document
- · Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations
- 4. Calculations/Computations/Algorithms

Sequence diagrams is a behavioural diagram shows interaction between objects. It shows the involved objects and classes and the messages exchanged between two object to carry out some functionality of the particular given scenario. The components are Objects, lifeline, activation box, messages, response.

5. Presentation of Results

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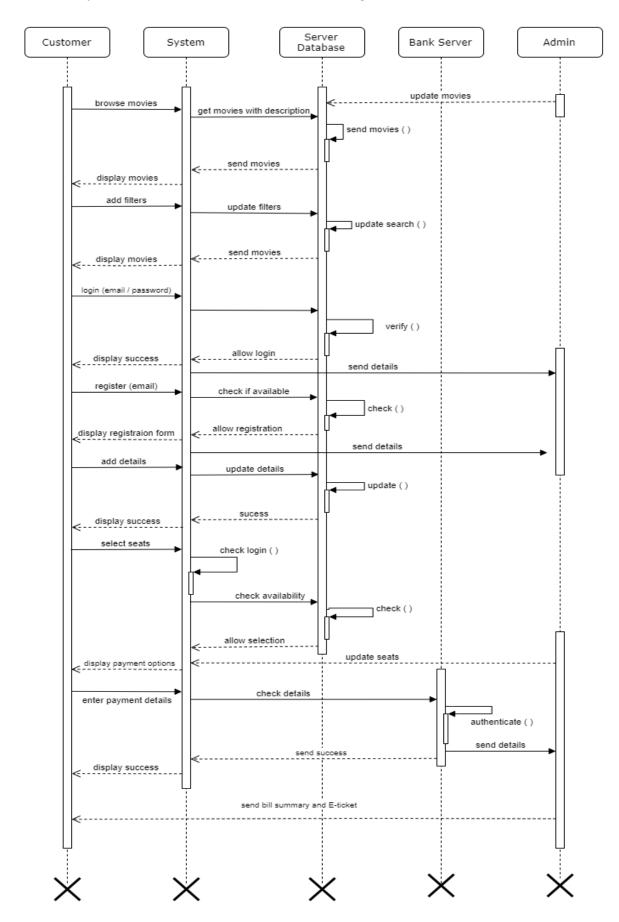


Figure 4.1 Sequence diagram

6. Analysis and Discussions

We have discussed about the sequence diagram and its components. We have analysed how the messages are passed between two objects in a sequential order and have used the sequence diagram to represent them. We have discussed about the messages (call and recursion) and responses by the objects in the given scenario of online booking application.

7. Conclusions

We were able to draw sequence diagram for the functional requirements (of the online booking application) discussed in previous lab sessions

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 5

Title of the Laboratory Exercise Class Diagrams

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students will apply object oriented analysis and design for the given scenario for analysis of requirements and possible interactions

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

• To construct a UML class diagram for a given system and identify the class members and determine their relationships

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Explain the purpose of the sequence diagram
- Identify the logical sequence of activities undergoing in a system, and represent them pictorially
- Design and model a given use case using UML-sequence diagrams

3. Experimental Procedure

- Work in teams of 7 students
- Each team should read the problem statement and discuss the requirements as a group
- Each team will then create and confirm the design and document the design in an software architecture specifications document
- Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations
- 4. Presentation of Results

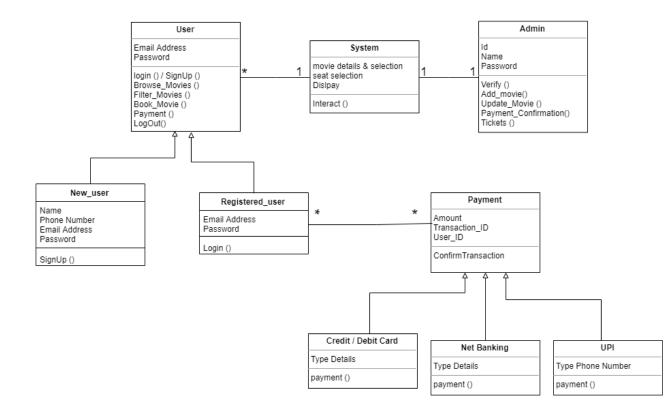


Figure 5.1 Class diagram

5. Analysis and Discussions

Class diagrams are structural models which are most widely used as it helps understand the requirements of the problem domain and to identify its components.

In this lab we developed a class diagram containing various class members which has attributes and functions. We used class members like user, existing user, new user, payment, Paytm, credit, debit, and logout

6. Conclusions

 We constructed a class diagram for an online movie ticket booking application and identified the class members and determined their relationships.

7. Comments

1. Limitations of Experiments

• In class diagram, as only class members are the elements, we cannot include all the functional requirements. We can include only limited functional requirements which are function of only particular class members.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 6

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: State chart diagrams

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students will apply object-oriented analysis and design for the given scenario for low level design of classes

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

 To develop low level software design for a given class diagram using state chart diagrams

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Identify states of each object
- Identify triggers and messages for each object
- Understand the behavior of a class, given its state chart diagram

3. Experimental Procedure

- Work in teams of 7 students
- Each team should read the class diagram and identify objects, interactions and states of objects
- Each team will then design state transitions and simulate the same. They will then document the design in a low-level design specification document
- · Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations
- 4. Presentation of Results

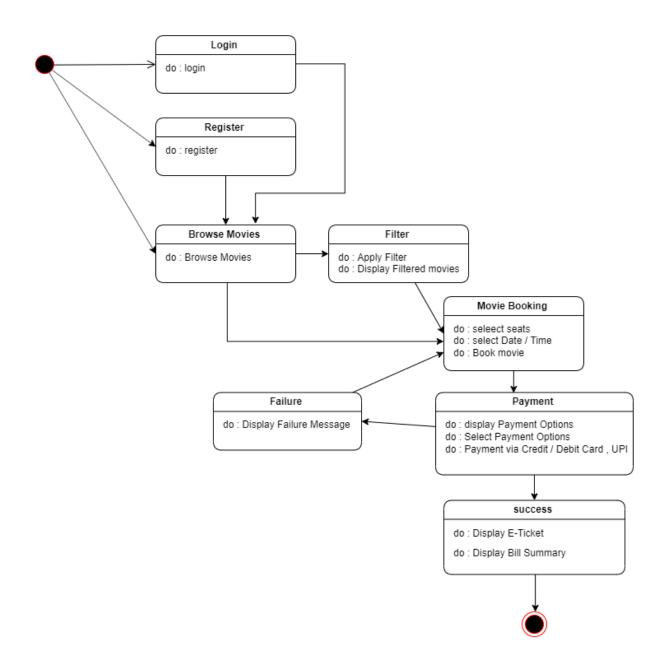


Figure 6.1 state chart diagram

5. Analysis and Discussions

In this lab we worked on the state chart diagram, which is a behavioural model.

The state chart diagram is a model which is used to describe the various states of the different objects in its life cycle. Here, the emphasis is laid on the state changes upon some internal and external events. In this lab we created the various states for the online movie booking website, like login, register, browse movies, filter, movie booking, payment and success and identified the triggers for the same which leads to the next state.

6. Conclusions

We implemented the state chart diagram.

State chart gives the control decisions and state each mode of operation foe the object which behaves differently depending on its state.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 7

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Activity Diagrams

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students will apply object oriented analysis and design for the given scenario for object decomposition

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

 To construct a UML class diagram for a given system and identify the class members and determine their relationships

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Identify the main members of the family
- Identify how they are related to each other
- Find the characteristics of each family member
- Determine relations among family members
- Decide the inheritance of personal traits and characters

3. Experimental Procedure

- Work in teams of 7 students
- Each team should read the problem statement and discuss the requirements as a group
- Each team will then create and confirm the design and document the design in an software design specifications document
- Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations
- 4. Presentation of Results

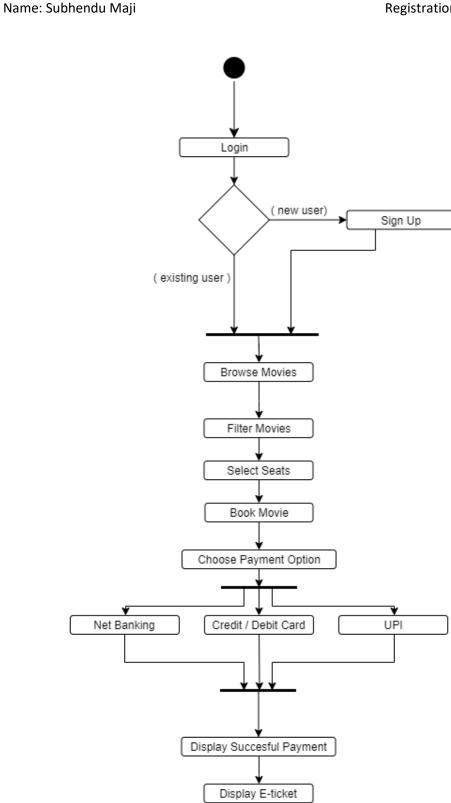


Figure 7.1 Activity diagram

LogOut

5. Analysis and Discussions

In this lab we worked on the activity diagram, which is a behavioural models, for an online movie booking website. The activity diagram lays emphasis on the flow of the activity, we specified the activities like login, filter movies, select seats, book tickets and logout, we also determined the flow of the activities.

6. Conclusions

In this lab we created the state activity diagram using the DIA software for a movie booking system.

7. Comments

1. Limitations of Experiments

Activity Diagrams can be branched out into state diagrams with some additional notations and transitions.

2. Limitations of Results

Activity diagrams may stand alone to visualize, specify and document the dynamics of a society of objects or they may be used to model the flow of control of an operation.

3. Learning happened

Through Visualization of the requirements of the customer.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 8

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Entity-Relation Diagram

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students will apply object oriented analysis and design for the given scenario for low level design of classes

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

 To develop low level software design for a given class diagram using entity-relation diagram.

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Apply industry standard coding standards
- Use automatic documentation tools
- Create maintainable code

3. Experimental Procedure

- Work in teams of 7 students
- Each team should read the class diagram and identify objects, interactions and states of objects
- Each team will then split workload and develop classes individually.
- Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations
- 4. Calculations/Computations/Algorithms

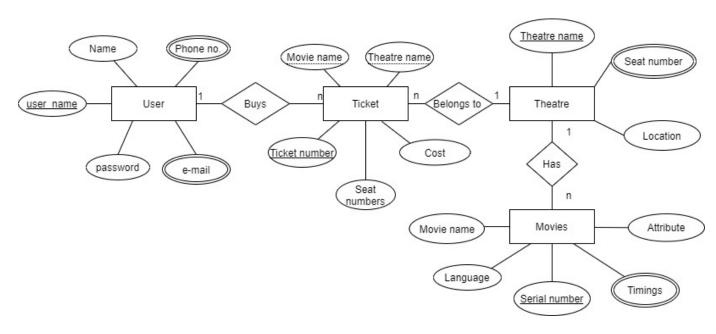


Figure 8.1 Entity relation diagram

6. Analysis and Discussions

The Entity Relationship diagram are a visual tool which is helpful to represent the ER model. They display the relationship of entity set stored in a database. It is based on three concepts i.e. Entities, Attributes and relationships. It is a visual representation of data that describe how data is related to each other.

7. Comments

1. Limitations of Experiments

Each entity only appears a single time in the ER diagram, the relationships shouldn't be connected to each other.

2. Limitations of Results

Entities and relationship should be properly labelled, eliminating any redundant entities or relationships

3. Learning happened

Through translatable relational tables which allows to build database regarding the entities, attributes and relationships.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 9

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Data Flow Diagram

Introduction and Purpose of Experiment
 Students will apply object oriented analysis and design for the given scenario for low level design of classes

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

 To develop low level software design for a given class diagram using data flow diagram.

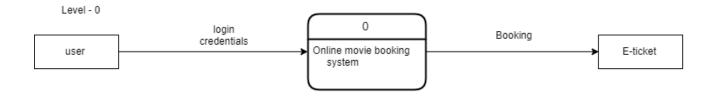
Objectives

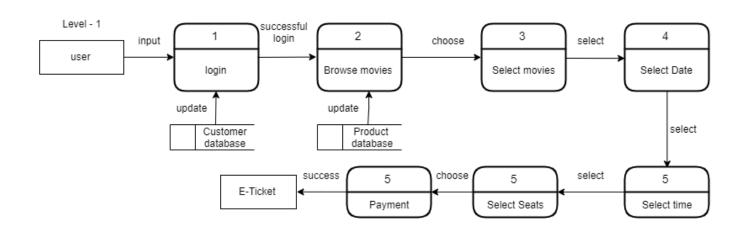
At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- o Apply industry standard coding standards
- Use automatic documentation tools
- o Create maintainable code

3. Experimental Procedure

- Work in teams of 7 students
- Each team should read the class diagram and identify objects, interactions and states of objects
- Each team will then split workload and develop classes individually.
- Each individual will then write their lab manual, documenting their observations
- 4. Calculations/Computations/Algorithms





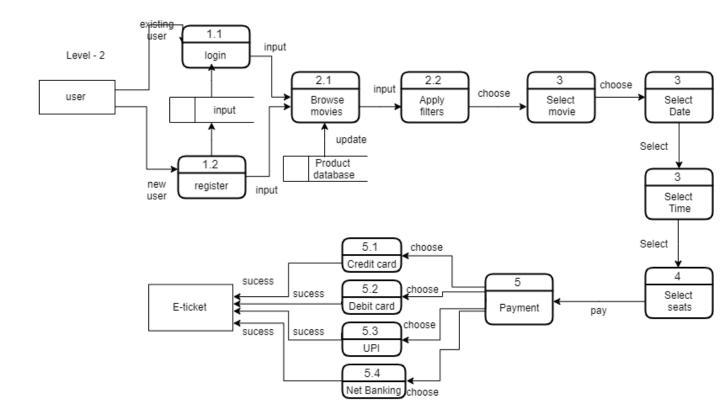


Figure 9.1 Data flow diagram

5. Analysis and Discussions

A data flow diagram is a way of representing a flow of data of a process or a system. The DFD also provides information about the outputs and inputs of each entity and the process itself.

Comments

Limitations of Experiments

The disadvantage of DFD is that if there are any changes in the requirements in the later stages there will be pattern change complexity.

And it is also sophisticated.

Learning happened

Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a hierarchical graphical model of a system. It is also known as bubble chart. The DFD takes an input-process-output view of a system.

Level 0/ Context diagram depicts the environment, I/O conditions of the software.

Recommendations

I recommend OBJECT ORIENTED DIAGRAMS over data flow diagrams.

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	

Laboratory 10

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Implementation and Unit testing

Implementation:

The movie booking web-app I built is named "The Cinemasy". The source code of the frontend of the web-app can be found at https://github.com/subhendu17620/Cinemasy.

The backend of Cinemasy can be found at https://github.com/subhendu17620/Cinemasy-backend .

This web-app is built with React which is JavaScript library for building UI's. This web-app is a MERN - stack website.

The term MERN stack means it is built using 4 technologies MongoDB, Express, React and NodeJS.

Technologies Used:

- For frontend
 - ReactJS
 - JavaScript
 - CSS /SASS
- For backend
 - MongoDB
 - Mongoose for simplification.
 - Express
 - As a middleware to connect backend with frontend.
 - o Passport
 - As an authentication middleware for NodeJS.

The system is using online database of MongoDB I.e. Atlas.

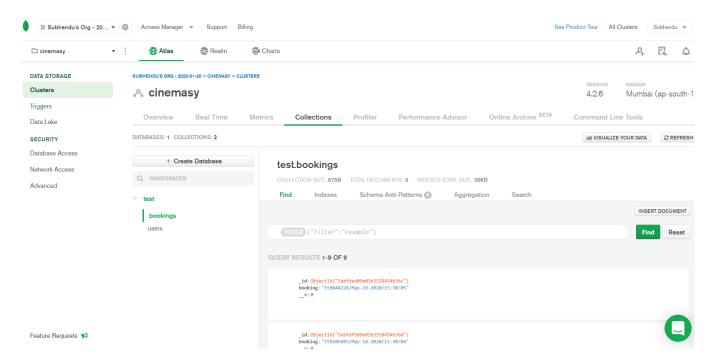


Figure 10.1 represents the online database of Cinemasy

Registration Number: 18ETCS002121

All the movie bookings are stored in database after successful payment in format "IMDB id/ date/ time/ seat number".

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```
_id: ObjectId("5ebfded09e03b3558454b36c")
booking: "tt0848228/May-19-2020/15:30/05"
__v:0
_id: ObjectId("5ebfdf589e03b3558454b36d")
booking: "tt0105695/May-18-2020/11:30/04"
__v:0
_id: ObjectId("5ebfdf749e03b3558454b36e")
booking: "tt1375666/May-21-2020/18:00/06"
__v:0
_id: ObjectId("5ebfe2d49e03b3558454b36f")
booking: "tt0800369/May-19-2020/11:30/02"
__v:0
```

Figure 10.2 Successful movie bookings

Registration Number: 18ETCS002121

Name: Subhendu Maji

All user details are also stored in database after Sign-up. The password is encoded as salt and hash by Passport-JWT.

```
_id: ObjectId("5ebfde8e9e03b3558454b36a")
fullName: "test name"
username: "test@gmail.com"
contactNumber: "9876543210"
salt: "8477bc00ffc7a4fcebf60180727d75658ea3957d2ed925a0d24cd5574f5ba73f"
hash: "08988a01ad0c0d23c21bed5769e02003bb1afcb1ce2d4da0283dae026bf632f696502a..."
__v:0
_id: ObjectId("5ee239d65ba708457c614c67")
fullName: "Subhendu Maji"
username: "subhendu@gmail.com"
contactNumber: "1234567890"
salt: "7134e5e03b1fdd12a8f78a6f611458d1006bc19e7ff577dc6ae2420d17d41dee"
hash: "222752d921b5fd143d2acac4e405d4f41bc96e0db9f4be1961806219c98de4a6c74acd..."
__v:0
```

Figure 10.3 User details after Sign-up

Features:

Interactive Home page (Landing Page)

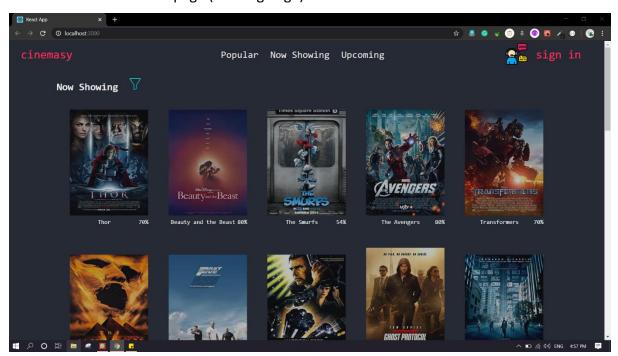


Figure 10.4 Home page of Cinemasy

Name: Subhendu Maji

• Three categories to Filter movies through i.e. Now Showing, Popular and Upcoming.

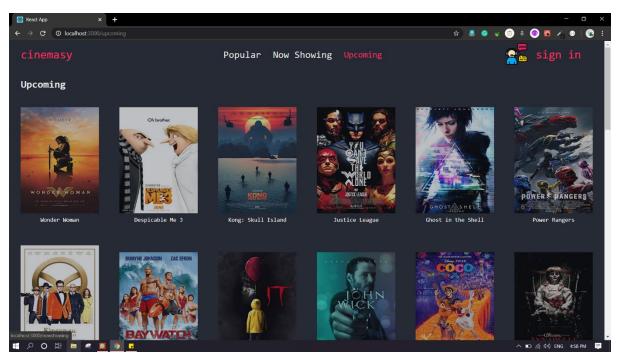


Figure 10.5 represents one of the three filter options - Upcoming Page

• Sign-In /Sign-Up page for new users to Sign-Up and existing user to Sign-In

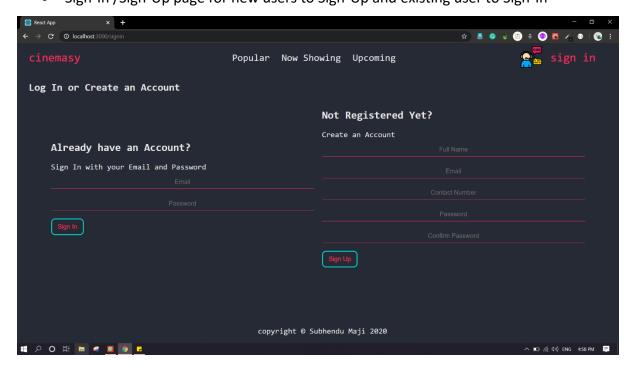


Figure 10.6 Sign-In / Sign-Up Page

Name: Subhendu Maji

• Shows Movie Description of the movie by Clicking on its movie poster.

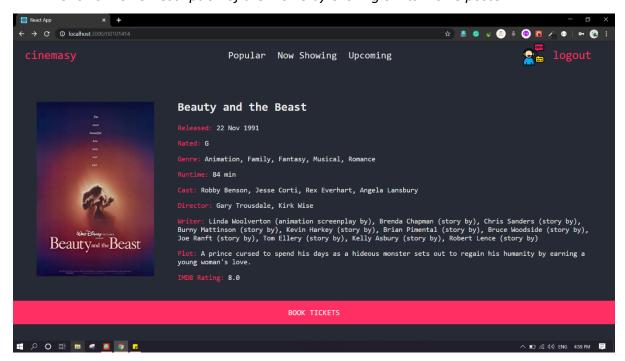


Figure 10.7 represents displaying of movie Description

• After successful payment, an E-ticket (QR code) is generated for the user with all the booking details.

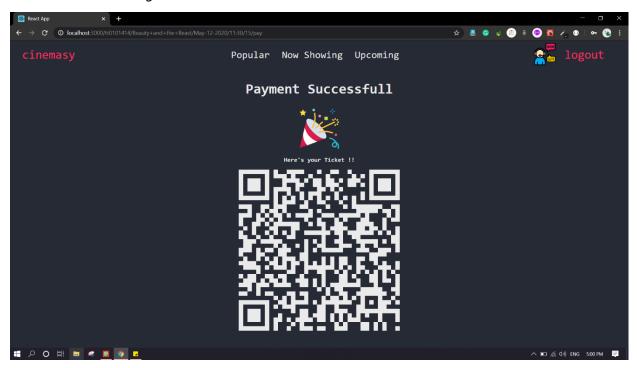


Figure 10.8 E-ticket (QR code) with all the booking details

Unit Testing:

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESULT
TC 1	FR 1	The system should allow users to browse movies available to watch and display the movie description. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application. (Movies can be browsed without Sign-In in the app)		Movie Posters with their respective name and rating at bottom.	Cinemasy Popular Now Showing Upcoming Now Showing Resulty and the franch soft The South Shows South State Shows South Shows South State Shows South Shows South State Shows Show	PASS
		Step 2. Click on the movie poster to view the description of the movie. (movie description can be viewed without signing-in.).	Valid data ++++++++ Click on the "Beauty and the Beast" movie Poster.	Description like Release date, Rating, Genre, Runtime, Cast, Director, IMDB rating etc. of <i>Beauty and the Beast</i> movie is displayed.	Beauty and the Beast Released: 22 Nov 1991 Rated: 6 Genve: Animation, Family, Fantasy, Musical, Romance Runtine: 84 min Cast: Robby Benson, Jesse Corti, Rex Everhart, Angela Lansbury Director: Gary Trousdale, Kirk Mise Wither: Linds Monitorion (story by), Revented Chapman (story by), Bruce Moodside (story by) Brand (story by), Ton Ellery (story by), Really Asbury (story by), Robert Lence (story by) Plot: A prince cursed to spend his days as a hideous monster sets out to regain his humanity by earning to the story by (story by). BOOK TICKETS	PASS

TEST CASE	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESULT
ID	NUMBER					1120021
TC 2	FR 2	The system should allow new users to register and existing users to login. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application and click on the sign in button	Valid Data ++++++++ Name: Subhendu Maji Email: subhendu@gmail.com Phone no.: 1234567890 Password: subhendu@123 Confirm password: subhendu@123	"successfully registered" message is displayed.	Company Comp	PASS
		Step 2. For new user, Fill the Registration Form, For existing user, Fill the form on the left. Step 3. Click on the Sign-up/ Sign-In button.	Invalid Data ++++++++ Name: subhendu2 Email: subhendu@gmail.com Phone no.: 1234123415 Password: smaji@123# Confirm password: smaji@123# Invalid Data ++++++++ Name: subhendu3 Email: sm@gmail.com Phone no.: 1212121212 Password: subhendu@maji Confirm password: smaji@123#	"ERROR: This email already exists! Try to sign-in" message is displayed. "Password and confirm password fields do not match" message is displayed.	Log In or Create an Account Not Registered Yet? Create an Account Sign In with your first1 and Passured Foundation Comparight © Cubhanda Noji 2008 Comparight © Cubhanda Noji 2008 And Count Not Registered Yet? Create an Account Subminding of term Comparight © Cubhanda Noji 2008 And Count Not Registered Yet? Create an Account Subminding of term of the Account Not Registered Yet? Create an Account Subminding of term of the Account Not Registered Yet? Create an Account Subminding of term of the Account Not Registered Yet? Create an Account Subminding of term of the Account Subminding of term of the Account Not Registered Yet? Create an Account Subminding of term of the Account Subminding of term of the Account Subminding of the Account Submin	PASS

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESU LT
TC 3	FR 3	The system should allow users to filter movies. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application Step 2. User can Filter Now Showing,	Valid Data +++++++ Click on the Now Showing button on Navbar.	Now Showing Movies are displayed.	Remarks Rem	PASS
		Upcoming and Popular movies from the Navbar by clicking on their respective buttons.	Valid Data +++++++ Click on the Popular button on Navbar.	Popular Movies are displayed.	Popular Cinemasy Popular Now Showing Upcoming Popular Restriction Fig. Mary 1 148 Restriction Restric	PASS
			Valid Data +++++++ Click on the Upcoming button on Navbar.	Upcoming Movies are displayed.	Cinemasy Popular Now Showing Uncoming Upcoming Popular Now Showing Uncoming Popular Now Showing Uncoming Upcoming Popular Now Showing Uncoming Popular Now Showing Uncoming U	PASS

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESULT
TC 4	FR 4	The system should allow user to view vacant and booked seats separately. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application and click on the sign in button Step 2. Fill the form and Click on sign-in. Step 3. After Successful sign-in, click on any movie poster. Step 4. Select Show date by clicking on it. Step 5. Select Show time by clicking on it. Step 6. Select seat from available seats. Available seats and Reserved Seats are shown differently. Available Seats are those having teal color border with seat no. written in red. XX Available Seats Reserved seats are those having grey border with seat no. written in grey color only.		Available Seats are shown using teal color border with seat no. written in red. Reserved seats are shown using grey border and grey colored seat number.	No. 184-Margin to	PASS

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESULT
TC 5	FR 5	The system should allow users to book multiple seats at a time. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application and click on the sign in button Step 2. Fill the form and Click on sign-in. Step 3. After Successful sign-in, click on "Thor" movie poster. Step 4. Click on Book Tickets Step 5. Select date from available dates., click on 'May-31-2020' Step 6. Select Show time, click on '11:30' Step 6. Select seat from available seats., click on '01', '10', and '17'		Seat 01, 10 and 17 are selected.		PASS

Name: Subhendu Maii

Registration Number: 18ETCS002121 TEST **TEST CASE DESCRIPTION** TEST **EXPECTED OUTPUT ACTUAL OUTPUT FUNCTIONAL** TEST DATA RES REQUIREMENT CASE ULT NUMBER ID TC 6 FR 6 The software should support multiple payment options Multiple Payment options are Test Steps: -Popular Now Showing Upcoming Step 1. Launch the displayed. Booking the seat 14 at 11:30hrs on Mayapplication and click on the 31-2020 of Thor sign in button **Step 2.** Fill the form and Click on sign-in. PAS Step 3. After Successful sign-S in, click on "Thor" movie poster. Total arount to be paid: Rs.100 **Step 4.** Click on *Book Tickets* **Step 5.** Select date from available dates., click on 'May-31-2020' Step 6. Select Show time, click on '11:30' **Step 6.** Select seat from available seats., click on '14' **Step 7.** User have the option to pay through Debit/Credit card by filling out the card details or can go for other options like Paytm and PayPal.

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMEN T NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESU LT
TC 7	FR 7	The system should send booking details to the theater. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application and click on the sign in button Step 2. Fill the form and Click on sign-in. Step 3. After Successful sign-in, click on "Thor" movie poster. Step 4. Click on Book Tickets Step 5. Select date from available dates., click on 'May-31-2020' Step 6. Select Show time, click on '11:30' Step 6. Select seat from available seats., click on '14' Step 7. Fill the pay form and Click pay.		Booking details will be updated at an online Database i.e. MongoDB Atlas. State S	id: ObjectId("Secacb632010cb46a83807c4") booking: "tt0800369/May-31-2020/11:30/14"v: 0	PASS
		(The booking details are saved at an online Database from which theater can view.)				

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESULT
TC 8	FR 8	The system should send a bill summary and E-ticket to the user. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application and click on the sign in button Step 2. Fill the form and Click on sign-in. Step 3. After Successful sign-in, click on "Beauty and the Beast" movie poster. Step 4. Click on Book Tickets Step 5. Select date from available dates., click on 'May-12-2020' Step 6. Select Show time, click on '11:30' Step 6. Select seat from available seats., click on '15' Step 7. Fill the pay form and Click pay.		"Payment Successful" message is displayed with a QR code containing all the details of the Movie booking. If we scan the QR code, the message displayed is "Welcome to Cinemasy Movie: Beauty and the Beast Date: May-12-2020 Show Time: 11:30 Seat No.: 15 "	Popular Now Showing Upcoming Payment Successfull Payment Successfull	PASS

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESULT
TC 9	FR 9	The system should display contacting customer care details. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application. Step 2. Click on the icon from any page. Step3. Click on • Customer Care address to get redirected to Google maps with location already filled. • Customer Care Email to get redirected to Mailapp • Customer Care Phone Number to get redirected to the Phone App present in the device.		Customer Care details is displayed.	Popular Now Showing Upcoming Visit us at: 221-B Baker Street Or, Mail us at: cinemasy@contact.com Or, Leave us a message on: 99999-48008 Interview of the bell	PASS

TEST CASE ID	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT NUMBER	TEST CASE DESCRIPTION	TEST DATA	EXPECTED OUTPUT	ACTUAL OUTPUT	TEST RESULT
TC 10	FR 10	The system should allow the user to logout. Test Steps: - Step 1. Launch the application. Step 2. Click on the sign-in. Step3. Fill the Login details to sign-in. Step4. Once sign-in, user can log out by clicking on the log out button at top right corner of the screen.		"log-out" button appears after user is successfully signed-in.	Now Showing Popular Now Showing Upcoming Recurry Beast Beauty and the react BRX The Secretary Secreta	PASS

Component	Max Marks	Marks
		Obtained
Viva	6	
Results	7	
Documentation	7	
Total	20	