

Algorithm learning links

<https://github.com/andreis/interview>

<https://www.topcoder.com/community/data-science/data-science-tutorials/>

<https://github.com/prakhar1989/awesome-courses/blob/master/README.md>

http://contest-wiki.csc.kth.se/index.php/How_to_get_better%3F

<http://web.stanford.edu/~liszt90/acm/notebook.html>

<http://www.cs.princeton.edu/courses/archive/fall14/cos521/>

<http://www.problemclassifier.appspot.com/>

<http://www.quora.com/What-was-Anudeep-Nekkantis-Competitive-Programming-strategy-to-become-35th-in-Global-ranking-in-just-6-7-months>

Top coder problem archive: <http://community.topcoder.com/tc?module=ProblemArchive>

Codechef: <http://discuss.codechef.com/questions/48877/data-structures-and-algorithms>-- good one

<http://www.quora.com/How-should-I-practice-so-that-I-will-be-at-a-level-where-I-can-approach-TopCoders-Div1-500-problems-with-confidence>

Read this:

<http://norvig.com/21-days.html>

System design interview questions

<http://www.quora.com/How-should-I-prepare-system-design-questions-for-Google-Facebook-Interview>

https://github.com/shashank88/system_design/blob/master/README.md

<http://www.quora.com/Scalability/How-to-design-a-system-to-buffer-cache-frequent-write-operation-to-database>

<http://www.quora.com/How-will-you-design-a-cache-system>

Distributed Systems

<http://www.quora.com/What-are-the-good-resources-to-learn-about-distributed-scalable-robust-software-architecture-infrastructure-building>

<http://perspectives.mvdirona.com/2014/07/challenges-in-designing-at-scale-formal-methods-in-building-robust-distributed-systems/>

<http://the-paper-trail.org/blog/>

<http://merbist.com/2011/01/18/causality-of-scalability/>
<http://www.aosabook.org/en/distsys.html>

<http://book.mixu.net/distsys/single-page.html>

<https://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse490h/07wi/>

<http://lpd.epfl.ch/site/education/da>

Google interview preparation

<http://courses.csail.mit.edu/iap/interview/materials.php>

<http://grouplens.org/blog/preparing-for-a-google-technical-interview/>

<https://www.google.com/about/careers/lifeatgoogle/hiringprocess/>

<http://matt.might.net/articles/what-cs-majors-should-know/>

<http://www.profshonle.com/2010/08/ten-things-every-computer-science-major.html>

Algorithms solution

<https://github.com/aistrate/AlgorithmsSedgewick>

<http://algs4.cs.princeton.edu/code/>

Userids:

Hackerrank: subnr01@gmail.com

Spoj: subnr01

topcoder: subnr

codechef: subnr/subnr@gmail.com

codeforces:

project Euler:

<http://www.dagwest.com/> --Facebook login

interviewbit - facebook login

Project Euler - subnr

If I am to start programming now, I would do it this way

1. Solve 200 most solved problems on SPOJ, Problem by problem. In 2 months.
2. *(This will teach all standard problems, algorithms and implementation skills)*
- 3.
4. Solve problems from CodeChef and CodeForces for 2 months.
5. *(This will teach variations, we can read others solutions and learn better ways. Skip easy problems)*
- 6.
7. Solve problems from TopCoder for 2 months.
8. *(This will teach Dynamic Programming. Div 1 500p)*
9. Check past ACM ICPC Regional's Problems
10. *(Great quality problems)*

<https://michaelochurch.wordpress.com/>

GOLANG

<http://www.quora.com/What-are-the-best-free-sources-to-learn-Go-programming-language>

Algorithm notes

<http://www.ugrad.cs.ubc.ca/~cs490/sec202/notes.html>

Programming channel

<https://www.youtube.com/user/gtprogrammingteam/videos>

===advice===

https://www.quora.com/What-is-the-best-strategy-to-improve-my-skills-in-competitive-programming-in-2-3-months?redirected_qid=4281068

Knowledge in theory of algorithms and data structures

I started practicing for competitive programming with my teacher in school, the first few things we learnt were:

- Data Structures: [Topcoder tutorial](#)
- Binary Search: [Topcoder tutorial](#)
- Sorting algorithms: [Wikipedia list of sorting algorithms](#) (They usually teach a few of them like these in this order: Bubble sort, Insertion sort, Merge sort, Heapsort, Quicksort and Bucket sort, a bit different. Look at visualizations too, like at [sorting.at](#) they are cool.)
- Greedy algorithms: [Quora: What is an intuitive explanation of greedy algorithms?](#)
- Backtracking: [GeeksforGeeks: The Knight's tour problem](#), [Sada Kurapati: N Queens problem](#)
- Dynamic programming: [Function Space: Fibonacci series and Dynamic programming](#) (And I really like [Jonathan Paulson's answer here.](#))
- Graph theory and some algorithms: [Computer Science Source: Depth/Breadth First Search](#) and [Youtube video: Dijkstra's algorithm](#) were the first for me.

I think that's basically all I knew when I first competed. Probably other people will tell you a lot of other things, this is just how I started out.

Later, you can find a book that works for you and you can read it or watch an online course to get into the topic more deeply.

Here are some examples:

[Quora: Computer Programming: What are the best books on Competitive programming out there?](#)

[Quora: What is the best set of algorithms books to read?](#)

[Topcoder Data Science Tutorials](#)

[Youtube playlist: MIT 6.006 Introduction to Algorithms, Fall 2011](#)

[Coursera: Princeton Algorithms course](#)

[Coursera: Stanford Algorithms course](#)

[Khan Academy course with Dartmouth college](#)

A programming language

I like C++. It is fast, it has its Standard Template Library with plenty of cool stuff. For example if you need a good sorting algorithm you can just include the algorithm library and use one function. It is really useful because you don't want to waste your time on a competition to implement basic things like data structures and basic algorithms.

Some tutorials on STL:

[Topcoder: Power up C++ with the Standard Template Library: Part 1](#)

[YoLinux: C++ STL Tutorial and Books at the end](#)

And the reference site I use: cplusplus.com

Look up some Containers like [vector](#), [list](#), [stack](#), [queue](#) and the [sort](#) algorithm I talked about.

Some argue that C/C++ are the only reasonable programming languages for competitive programming. I would say if you don't really like C, go for a high level language. It's better to be comfortable with the platform than to be miserable with C. A lot of good competitors use Java, and they say it is not a drawback for them. Look up similar libraries for your choice of language and try using them!