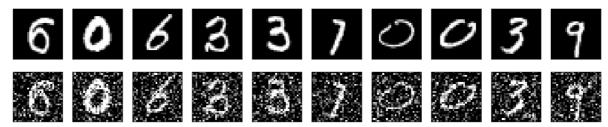
```
import numpy as np
In [1]:
        import tensorflow as tf
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from tensorflow.keras import layers
        from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
In [2]: def preprocess(array) :
            #Normalizes the supplied array and reshapes it into the appropriate format.
            array = array.astype("float32") / 255.0
            array = np.reshape(array, (len(array), 28, 28, 1))
            return array
        def noise(array) :
            #Adds random noise to each image in the supplied array.
            noise_factor = 0.4
            noisy_array = array + noise_factor * np.random.normal(
                 loc=0.0, scale=1.0, size=array.shape
            return np.clip(noisy_array, 0.0, 1.0)
In [3]: def display(array1, array2) :
            #Displays ten random images from each one of the supplied arrays.
            n = 10
            indices = np.random.randint(len(array1), size=n)
            images1 = array1[indices, :]
            images2 = array2[indices, :]
            plt.figure(figsize=(20, 4))
            for i, (image1, image2) in enumerate(zip(images1, images2)) :
                 ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1)
                 plt.imshow(image1.reshape(28, 28))
                plt.gray()
                ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
                ax.get yaxis().set visible(False)
                ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1 + n)
                plt.imshow(image2.reshape(28, 28))
                plt.gray()
                ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
                 ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
            plt.show()
In [4]: (train_data, _), (test_data, _) = mnist.load_data()
        # Normalize and reshape the data
        train data = preprocess(train data)
        test data = preprocess(test data)
        # Create a copy of the data with added noise
        noisy_train_data = noise(train_data)
        noisy_test_data = noise(test_data)
        # Display the train data and a version of it with added noise
        display(train_data, noisy_train_data)
```



```
In [5]: input = layers.Input(shape=(28, 28, 1))
        # Encoder
        x = layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation="relu", padding="same")(input)
        x = layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding="same")(x)
        x = layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation="relu", padding="same")(x)
        x = layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding="same")(x)
        # Decoder
        x = layers.Conv2DTranspose(32, (3, 3), strides=2, activation="relu", padding="same'
        x = layers.Conv2DTranspose(32, (3, 3), strides=2, activation="relu", padding="same"
        x = layers.Conv2D(1, (3, 3), activation="sigmoid", padding="same")(x)
        # Autoencoder
        autoencoder = Model(input, x)
        autoencoder.compile(optimizer="adam", loss="binary_crossentropy")
        autoencoder.summary()
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 28, 28, 1)]	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 32)	320
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	9248
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 7, 7, 32)	0
<pre>conv2d_transpose (Conv2DTra nspose)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 32)	9248
<pre>conv2d_transpose_1 (Conv2DT ranspose)</pre>	(None, 28, 28, 32)	9248
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 1)	289

Total params: 28,353 Trainable params: 28,353 Non-trainable params: 0

```
In [6]: autoencoder.fit(
             x=train_data,
             y=train_data,
             epochs=10,
             batch_size=128,
             shuffle=True,
             validation_data=(test_data, test_data),
```

```
Epoch 1/10
   s: 0.0735
   Epoch 2/10
   s: 0.0693
   Epoch 3/10
   s: 0.0680
   Epoch 4/10
   469/469 [=====
             ========= ] - 65s 138ms/step - loss: 0.0680 - val_los
   s: 0.0671
   Epoch 5/10
   s: 0.0668
   Epoch 6/10
   s: 0.0660
   Epoch 7/10
   s: 0.0657
   Epoch 8/10
   ss: 0.0654
   Epoch 9/10
   ss: 0.0651
   Epoch 10/10
   ss: 0.0648
predictions = autoencoder.predict(test_data)
In [7]:
   display(test_data, predictions)
   313/313 [============ ] - 10s 30ms/step
          37381
   autoencoder.fit(
In [8]:
     x=noisy_train_data,
     y=train_data,
     epochs=10,
     batch size=128,
     shuffle=True,
     validation_data=(noisy_test_data, test_data),
```

```
Epoch 1/10
   ss: 0.0940
   Epoch 2/10
   ss: 0.0919
   Epoch 3/10
            =========] - 108s 230ms/step - loss: 0.0918 - val_lo
   469/469 [====
   ss: 0.0905
   Epoch 4/10
   ss: 0.0900
   Epoch 5/10
   ss: 0.0890
   Epoch 6/10
   ss: 0.0886
   Epoch 7/10
   ss: 0.0880
   Epoch 8/10
   ss: 0.0875
   Epoch 9/10
          ============= ] - 112s 238ms/step - loss: 0.0880 - val_lo
   469/469 [======
   ss: 0.0873
   Epoch 10/10
   ss: 0.0871
Out[8]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x1e51b54cfd0>
```

