

# OTLab 13

## Jump Host



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[github.com/substationworm/OTLab](https://github.com/substationworm/OTLab)



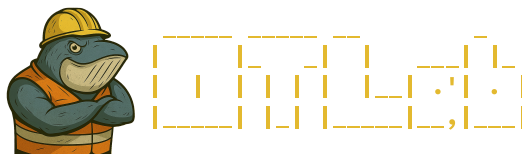
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## Problem Overview

Conduct an internal network security assessment for an industrial manufacturing organization. Your initial access point is a workstation (corp-pc1) within the corporate IT network. Your primary objective is to identify security vulnerabilities or misconfigurations that could allow a malicious actor to pivot from the IT network into the organization's OT-ICS systems. No network diagrams, asset inventories, or administrative credentials have been provided.

## Tasks

1. Verify the IP address assigned to the corp-pc1 workstation. `OTLab13{XXX.XX.X.XX}`
2. Determine the network subnet to which corp-pc1 belongs. `OTLab13{XXX.XX.X.X/XX}`
3. From corp-pc1, identify the IP addresses and vendor (MAC OUI) information of other active hosts within the corporate network. `OTLab13{XXX.XX.X.XX:<Vendor>, XXX.XX.X.XX:<Vendor>, XXX.XX.X.XXX:<Vendor>}`
4. Identify at least one additional reachable network from corp-pc1 by inspecting the system routing table. `OTLab13{XXX.XX.XX.X/XX via XXX.XX.X.XXX dev ethX}`
5. For the network discovered in the previous task, perform a TCP port scan and identify open ports and exposed services. *Hint: Use --top-ports 50. Hint: Firewall rules may restrict scanning on some hosts.* `OTLab13{XXX.XX.XX.XX:<Port>:<Service>}`
6. Using the results from the previous task, gain access to the jump host and locate the hidden flag within its directories. `OTLab13{Xxxx_Xx_Xxx_Xxxxx}`
7. Perform an nmap ping sweep to identify available OT-ICS hosts in the industrial network. Report their IP addresses and vendor information. `OTLab13{XXX.XX.XX.XX:<Vendor>, XXX.XX.XX.XX:<Vendor>, XXX.XX.XX.X:<Vendor>}`
8. For the OT-ICS device whose IP address has two identical digits in the last octet, identify the industrial protocol in use and extract the device's serial number. `OTLab13{XXXXxx, <Serial>}`
9. Another host on the industrial network exposes a web-based management interface. Explore the interface and retrieve the protected flag. `OTLab13{XXXXXXXXX_XXXXXXXXXXXX}`
10. A suspicious message is being transmitted on the industrial network indicating an



operational issue. Intercept the message and identify the sender, recipient, and message content. 0TLab13{<Sender\_IP>:<Recipient\_IP>:XXXXXXXXXXXXX\_XXXXX\_Xxx}

11. In the DMZ, an operational status message was transmitted and stored as a log record. Locate the record and identify the sender and the message content. 0TLab13{<Sender\_IP>:Xxx\_Xxx\_XXXXXX\_X\_Xx\_XXXXXXX}

**Note:** Some OT-ICS devices are based on [Conpot](#), which remaps standard protocol and service ports to non-privileged ports. Refer to the [link](#) for a list of some default and remapped ports.

## Tools

The following tools are recommended for completing **OTLab 13**: curl, ifconfig, ip, netdiscover, nmap, ssh, and tcpdump.

## Nomenclature

- DMZ: Demilitarized zone.
- ICS: Industrial control system.
- IP: Internet protocol.
- IT: Information technology.
- MAC: Media access control.
- OT: Operational technology.
- OUI: Organizationally unique identifier.
- SSH: Secure shell.