

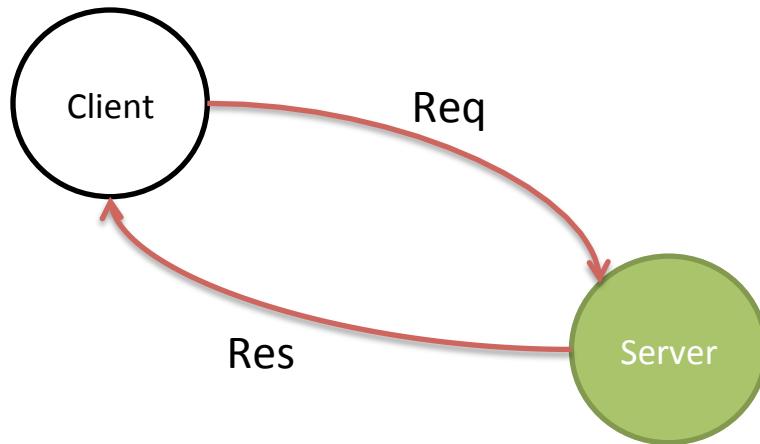
# WebSockets



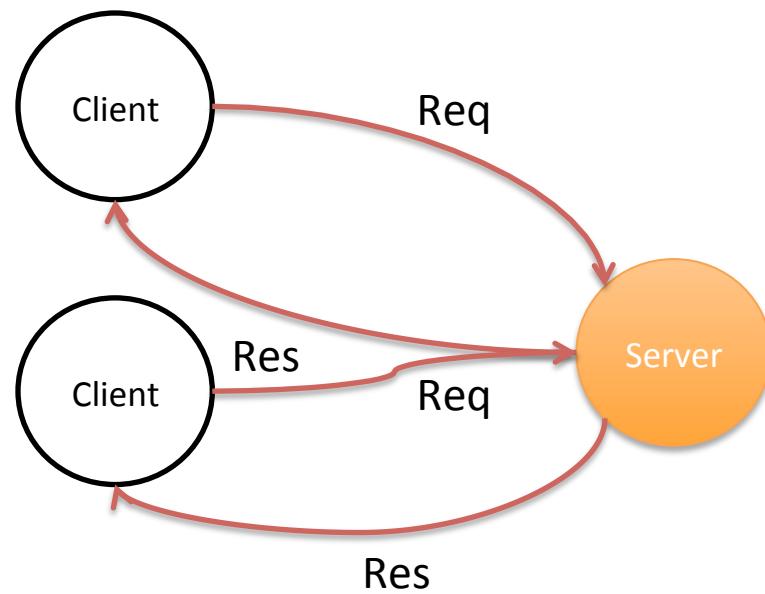
# Problem with Ajax?

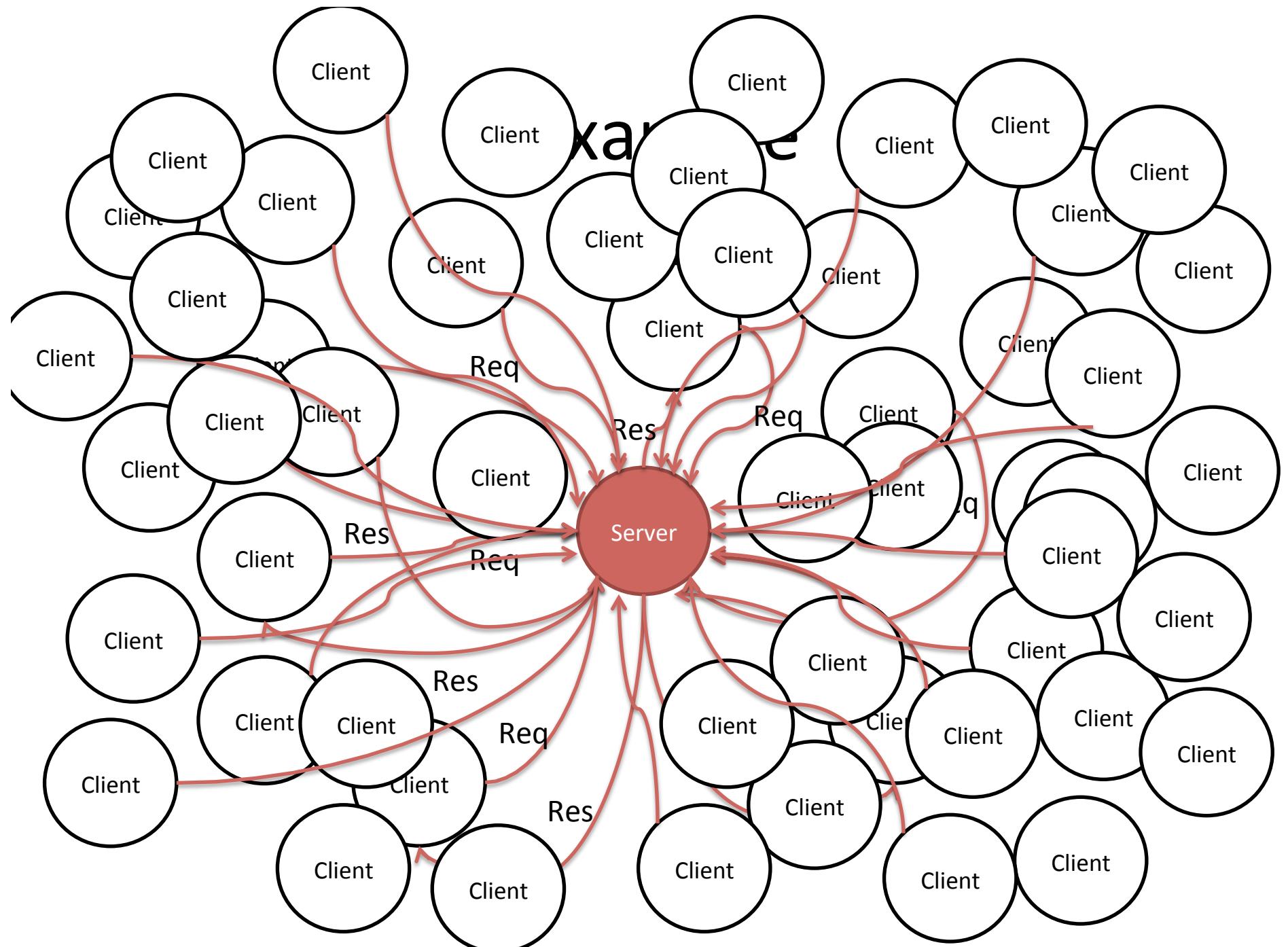
- **Ajax: client must *pull* from the server**
  - This works for many applications
  - What type of application does this work for?
- **But, what about real-time apps?**
  - They require notification **immediately** when state changes on the server!
  - Constant polling can lead to unnecessary overhead that can bog down the server and client

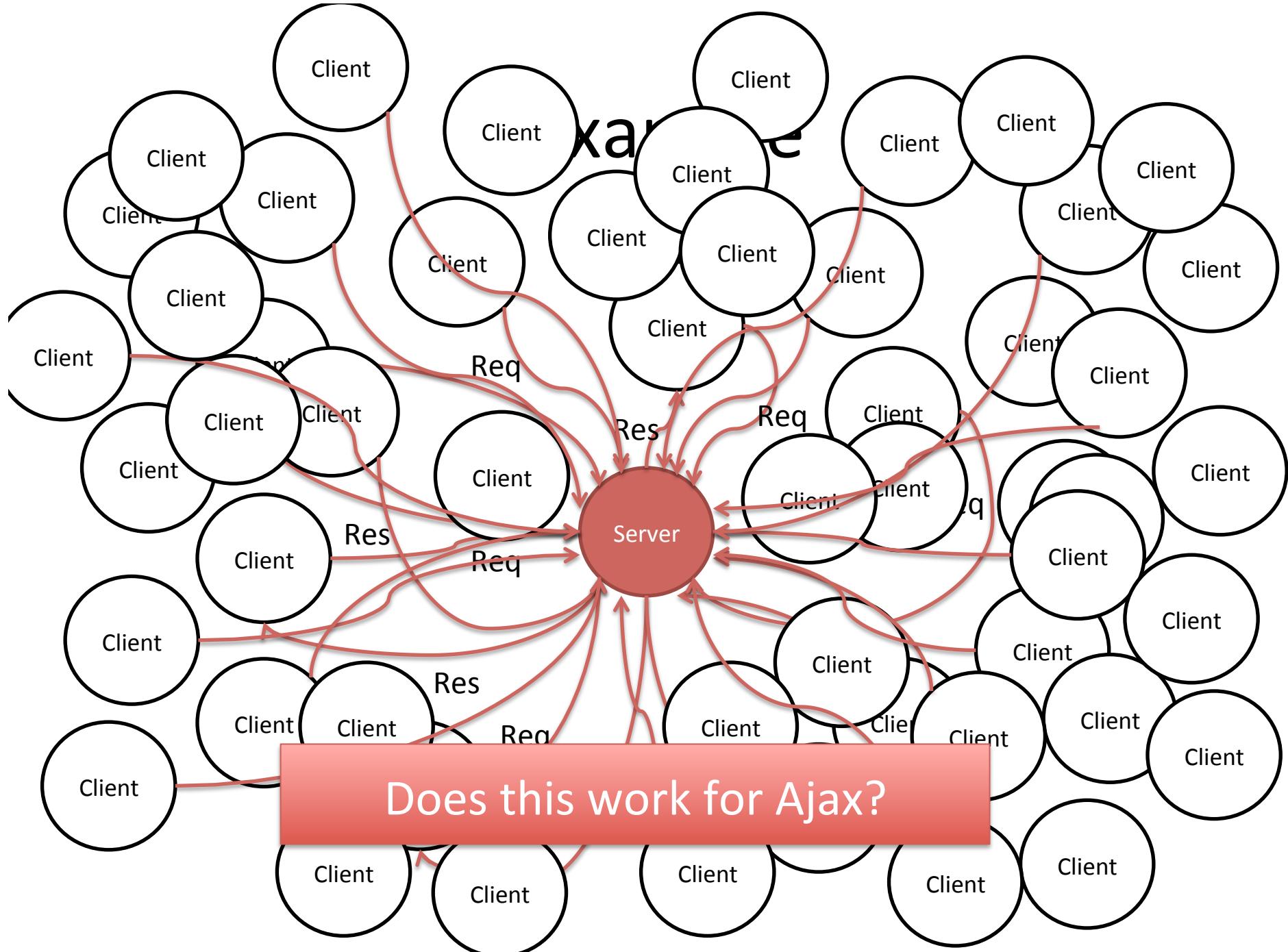
# This works fine...



# We are still ok, but...







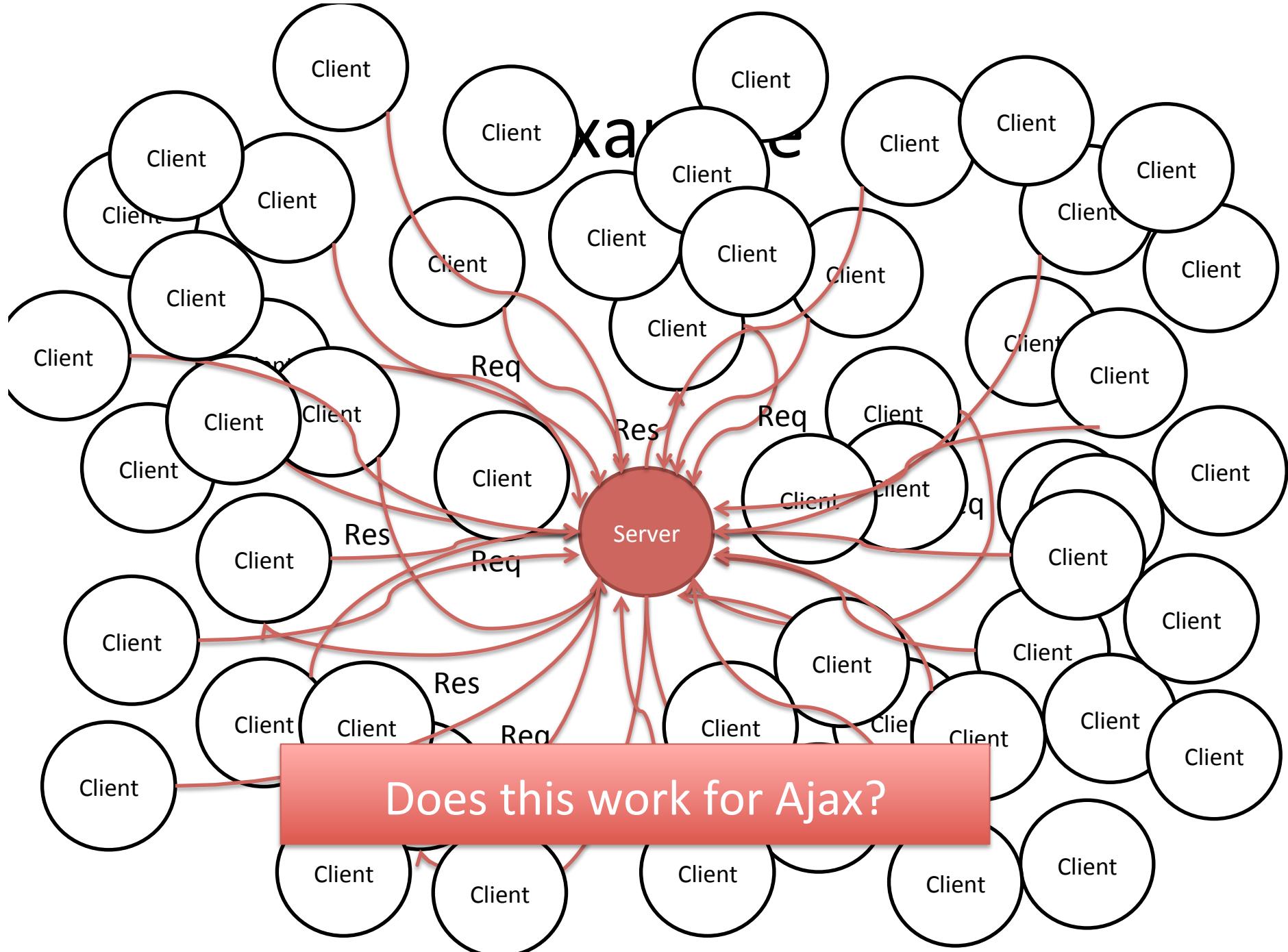
Does this work for Ajax?

# Communication Behavior

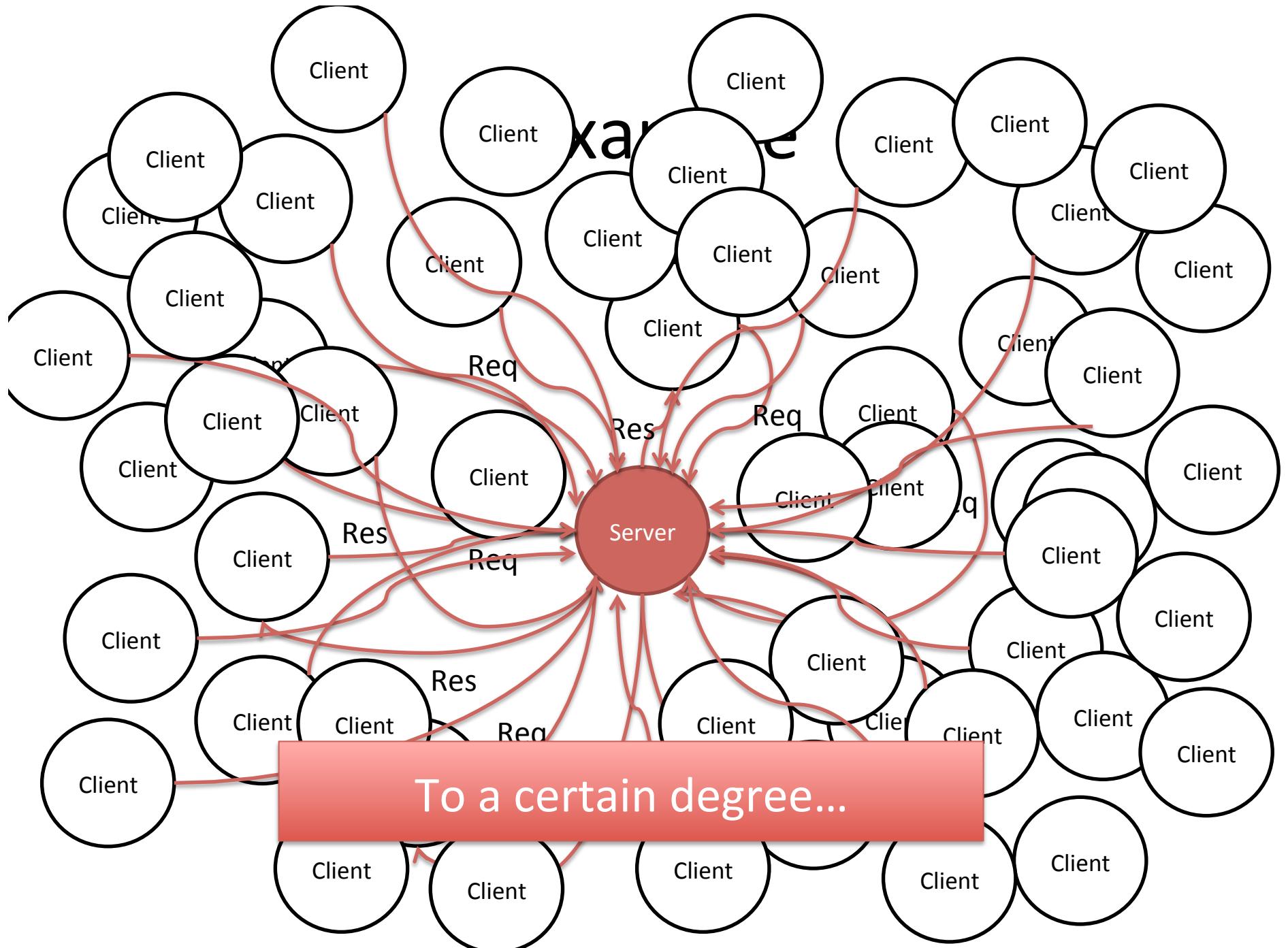
- **Behavior of Client Communication**
  - How does the client communicate with the server?
  - What is required?
- **Observations**
  - Frequent communication?
  - Real-time communication?
  - How many clients are communicating at once?
  - Scalability?

# Ajax Application Properties

- **Communication**
  - Communication with the server does not have real-time constraints, it is not frequent
- **Scalability**
  - Can support many client connections at any given time as the connection is short-lived
  - Server does not need to maintain **many** live connections at once (sort of)
  - Ajax-style applications are scalable to a limit, the overhead of HTTP is substantial



Does this work for Ajax?



To a certain degree...

# Long Polling

- **What if we want real-time –like properties?**
- **Long Polling**
  - Send Ajax request
  - Server does not respond immediately, holds open the connection for a certain amount of time
  - Replies when data is available
- **Pro: reduces computing/network overhead**
- **Con: Still lots of overhead**
- **This is the approach before new techniques**

# WebSockets

- **New Approach**
  - Relatively, 2011
- **Provides**
  - *Bi-directional, full-duplex communication*
    - Much like tradition sockets, but not quite
  - *Minimal communication overhead*
    - Binary protocol, no HTTP overhead
  - *Super Scalability*
    - Very Low Overhead
    - Open connections: limited by machine/OS configuration

# How does it work?

## Initial WebSocket Handshake Request:

```
GET /mychat HTTP/1.1
Host: server.example.com
Upgrade: websocket
Connection: Upgrade
Sec-WebSocket-Key: x3JJHMbDL1EzLkh9GBhXDw==
Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat
Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13
Origin: http://example.com
```

## Response indicates the protocol switch:

```
HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols
Upgrade: websocket
Connection: Upgrade
Sec-WebSocket-Accept: HSmrc0sM1YUkAGmm5OPpG2HaGWk=
Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat
```

# How does it work?

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```

After this, messages can be sent/received from client/server

# WebSocket API

- **We will use:**
  - Socket.IO
  - <http://socket.io>
- **Works with Node.js & Express**
  - Other frameworks have similar libraries

# Client API: Connecting

## **io.connect(URL)**

```
var socket = io.connect('http://localhost');
```

# Client API: Disconnecting

## **socket.disconnect()**

```
var socket = io.connect('http://localhost');
socket.disconnect();
```

# Client API: Receiving

## **socket.on(event, callback)**

```
socket.on('chat-post', function (data) {  
  console.log(data);  
}) ;
```

# Client API: Sending

## **socket.emit(event, data)**

```
socket.on('chat-post', function (data) {  
    console.log(data);  
    socket.emit('chat-post-rvd', {  
        status : 'received'  
    });  
}) ;
```

# Client API: Sending

## **socket.emit(event, data)**

```
socket.emit('chat-post-send', {  
  msg : $('input#message').text();  
}) ;
```

# Server API: Listening

## **socket.io.listen(server)**

```
var socket_io = require('socket.io');  
var io = socket_io.listen(server);
```

# Server API: Connect/Disconnect

**io.sockets.on(event, callback)**  
**event = ‘connection’ | ‘disconnect’**

```
var socket_io = require('socket.io');
var io = socket_io.listen(app);

io.sockets.on('connection',
  function (socket) {
    // Now we have a websocket: socket
  });
io.sockets.on('disconnect', function () { });
```

# Server API: Receiving

## **socket.on(channel, callback)**

```
var socket_io = require('socket.io');
var io = socket_io.listen(app);

io.sockets.on('connection',
  function (socket) {
    socket.on('chat-post-send', function (data) {
      console.log(data.msg);
    });
  });
}
```

# Server API: Sending

## **socket.emit(channel, callback)**

```
var socket_io = require('socket.io');
var io = socket_io.listen(app);

io.sockets.on('connection',
  function (socket) {
    socket.on('chat-post-send', function (data) {
      socket.emit('chat-post-rcd', { status: 'ok' });
    });
  });
});
```

# Server API: Broadcasting

## **socket.emit(channel, callback)**

```
var socket_io = require('socket.io');
var io = socket_io.listen(app);

io.sockets.on('connection',
  function (socket) {
    socket.broadcast.emit('all', 'user connected');
    // OR
    io.sockets.emit('all', 'user connected');
  }) ;
```

# Server API: Session Support

## **socket.set(key, value, callback)**

```
io.sockets.on('connection',
  function (socket) {
    socket.on('set user', function (user) {
      socket.set('user', user, function () {});
    }) ;
  }) ;
```

# Server API: Session Support

**socket.get(key, callback)**

**callback : function (err, value)**

```
io.sockets.on('connection',
  function (socket) {
    socket.on('get user', function () {
      socket.get('user', function (err, user) {
        socket.emit('user name', user);
      });
    });
  });
});
```