

Interfaces

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DESCRIPTIONS

MODULE IClassify

	IClassify
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Interface definition for Classification. Actual implementation modules will probably take parameters.

Children

1. [GetModel](#) : Calculate the model to fit the observation data to the observed classes
2. [Classify](#) : Classify the observations using a model
3. [Report](#) : Report the confusion matrix for the classifier and training data

FUNCTION GetModel

[IClassify](#) \

<code>DATASET(Types.Layout_Model)</code>	GetModel
<code>(DATASET(Types.NumericField) observations, DATASET(Types.DiscreteField) classifications)</code>	

Calculate the model to fit the observation data to the observed classes.

PARAMETER observations the observed explanatory values

PARAMETER classifications the observed classification used to build the model

RETURN the encoded model

FUNCTION Classify

`IClassify \`

<code>DATASET(Types.Classify_Result)</code>	Classify
<code>(DATASET(Types.Layout_Model) model, DATASET(Types.NumericField) new_observations)</code>	

Classify the observations using a model.

PARAMETER model The model, which must be produced by a corresponding getModel function.

PARAMETER new_observations observations to be classified

RETURN Classification with a confidence value

FUNCTION Report

`IClassify \`

<code>DATASET(Types.Confusion_Detail)</code>	Report
<code>(DATASET(Types.Layout_Model) model, DATASET(Types.NumericField) observations, DATASET(Types.DiscreteField) classifications)</code>	

Report the confusion matrix for the classifier and training data.

PARAMETER model the encoded model

PARAMETER observations the explanatory values.

PARAMETER classifications the classifications associated with the observations

RETURN the confusion matrix showing correct and incorrect results

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DESCRIPTIONS

MODULE IRegression

IRegression
(DATASET(NumericField) X=empty_data, DATASET(NumericField) Y=empty_data)

Interface Definition for Regression Modules Regression learns a function that maps a set of input data to one or more output variables. The resulting learned function is known as the model. That model can then be used repetitively to predict (i.e. estimate) the output value(s) based on new input data.

PARAMETER X The independent data in DATASET(NumericField) format. Each statistical unit (e.g. record) is identified by 'id', and each feature is identified by field number (i.e. 'number').

PARAMETER Y The dependent variable(s) in DATASET(NumericField) format. Each statistical unit (e.g. record) is identified by 'id', and each feature is identified by field number (i.e. 'number').

Children

1. [GetModel](#) : Calculate and return the 'learned' model The model may be persisted and later used to make predictions using 'Predict' below
2. [Predict](#) : Predict the output variable(s) based on a previously learned model

ATTRIBUTE GetModel

IRegression \

DATASET(Layout_Model)	GetModel
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Calculate and return the 'learned' model The model may be persisted and later used to make predictions using 'Predict' below.

RETURN DATASET(LayoutModel) describing the learned model parameters

FUNCTION Predict

IRegression \

DATASET(NumericField)	Predict
(DATASET(NumericField) newX, DATASET(Layout_Model) model)	

Predict the output variable(s) based on a previously learned model

PARAMETER newX DATASET(NumericField) containing the X values to b predicted.

RETURN DATASET(NumericField) containing one entry per observation (i.e. id) in newX. This represents the predicted values for Y.
