```
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                                                                 Printed for: egs
  #
1
  # Turtle3D.py
2
3 || #
4 # Implementation of a 3D Turtle in Python.
  # Author: Eric G. Suchanek, PhD
  # A part of the program Proteus, https://github.com/suchanek/proteus,
  # a program for the manipulation and analysis of macromolecules
  # Based on the C implementation originally authored by Eric G. Suchanek PhD
  1990
9
  #
10
11 import numpy
  import math
12
13
  from Bio.PDB.vectors import Vector
14
  from Bio.PDB.vectors import calc angle, calc dihedral
16
  from proteusPy.proteusGlobals import *
17
18
   DOWN = -1
19
  _{UP} = 1
20
  _{ORIENTATION\_INIT} = -1
21
22
23
       Return a (left multiplying) matrix that rotates p onto q.
24
25
       :param p: moving vector
26
       :type p: L{Vector}
27
28
       :param q: fixed vector
29
       :type q: L{Vector}
30
31
       :return: rotation matrix that rotates p onto q
32
       :rtype: 3x3 Numeric array
33
34
       Examples
35
36
       >>> from Bio.PDB.vectors import rotmat
37
      >>> p, q = Vector(1, 2, 3), Vector(2, 3, 5)
38
       >>> r = rotmat(p, q)
39
      >>> print(q)
40
       <Vector 2.00, 3.00, 5.00>
41
       >>> print(p)
42
       <Vector 1.00, 2.00, 3.00>
43
      >>> p.left multiply(r)
44
       <Vector 1.21, 1.82, 3.03>
45
46
       0.000
47
```

```
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                                                                     Printed for: egs
    48
       # Class Definition begins
    49
    50
       class Turtle3D:
    51
           """3D Turtle."""
    52
    53
           def __init__(self, name="3D_Turtle"):
    54
                # internal rep is arrays
    55
                self._position = numpy.array((0.0, 0.0, 0.0), "d")
    56
                self._heading = numpy.array((1.0, 0.0, 0.0), "d")
    57
                self._left = numpy.array((0.0, 1.0, 0.0), "d")
    58
                self. up = numpy.array((0.0, 0.0, 1.0), "d")
    59
    60
                # expose these as Vectors
    61
                self.position = Vector(0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
    62
                self.heading = Vector(1.0, 0.0, 0.0)
    63
                self.left = Vector(0.0, 1.0, 0.0)
    64
                self.up = Vector(0.0, 0.0, 1.0)
    65
    66
                self._name = name
    67
                self._pen = _UP_
    68
                self._orientation = _ORIENTATION_INIT # will be set to 1 or 2 later
    69
       when used for residue building
                self. recording = False
    70
                self._tape = []
    71
    72
           def copy coords(self, source):
    73
    74
                Copy the Position, Heading, Left and Up coordinate system from the
    75
       input source into self.
                Argument: source: Turtle3D
    76
                Returns: None
    77
    78
    79
                # copy the Arrays
    80
                self. position = source. position.copy()
    81
                self._heading = source._heading.copy()
    82
                self._left = source._left.copy()
    83
                self._up = source._up.copy()
    84
    85
                # copy the Vectors - create new ones from the source arrays
    86
                self.position = Vector(source._position)
    87
                self.heading = Vector(source._heading)
    88
                self.left = Vector(source. left)
    89
```

self.up = Vector(source._up)

self._orientation = source._orientation

90 91 92

93

```
def reset(self):
94
            0.000
95
            Reset the Turtle to be at the Origin, with correct Heading, Left
96
   and Up vectors.
            Arguments: None
97
            Returns: None
98
99
            self. position = numpy.array((0.0, 0.0, 0.0), "d")
100
            self. heading = numpy.array((1.0, 0.0, 0.0), "d")
101
            self. left = numpy.array((0.0, 1.0, 0.0), "d")
102
            self. up = numpy.array((0.0, 0.0, 1.0), "d")
103
104
            # expose these as Vectors
105
            self.position = Vector(0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
106
            self.heading = Vector(1.0, 0.0, 0.0)
107
            self.left = Vector(0.0, 1.0, 0.0)
108
            self.up = Vector(0.0, 0.0, 1.0)
109
110
            self._pen = _UP_
111
            self orientation = -1
112
            self._recording = False
113
            self. tape = []
114
115
       def Orientation(self):
116
            return self._orientation
117
118
       def set orientation(self, orientation):
119
            assert orientation == ORIENT BACKBONE or orientation ==
120
   ORIENT SIDECHAIN, f'Orientation must be {ORIENT BACKBONE} or
   {ORIENT SIDECHAIN}'
            self. orientation = orientation
121
122
       def Pen(self):
123
            if self._pen == _UP_:
124
                return('UP')
125
            else:
126
                return('Down')
127
128
        def PenUp(self):
129
            self._pen = _UP_
130
131
        def PenDown(self):
132
            self. pen = DOWN
133
134
       def Recording(self):
135
            return self. recording
136
137
       def RecordOn(self):
138
```

```
self. recording = True
139
140
        def RecordOff(self):
141
            self. recording = False
142
143
        def ResetTape(self):
144
            self. tape = []
145
146
        def setPosition(self, x, y=None, z=None):
147
148
            Set the Turtle's Position.
149
                 X is either a list or tuple.
150
151
            if y is None and z is None:
152
                # Array, list, tuple...
153
                if len(x) != 3:
154
                     raise ValueError("Turtle3D: x is not a list/tuple/array of
155
   3 numbers")
                 self. position = numpy.array(x, "d")
156
            else:
157
                # Three numbers
158
                 self._position = numpy.array((x, y, z), "d")
159
160
            self.position = Vector(self. position)
161
            return
162
163
        def getPosition(self) -> numpy.array:
164
165
            Get the Turtle's Position.
166
            Return: Turtle's position (Array)
167
168
            return(self._position)
169
170
        def getVPosition(self) -> Vector:
171
172
            Get the Turtle's Position.
173
            Return: Turtle's position (Array)
174
175
            return(self._position)
176
177
        def getName(self):
178
179
            Get the Turtle's Position.
180
181
            return(self. name)
182
183
        def setName(self, name):
184
185
```

```
Set the Turtle'Name.
186
187
188
189
            self. name = name
190
       def move(self, distance):
191
192
            Move the Turtle distance, in direction of Heading
193
194
195
            self._position = self._position + self._heading * distance
196
       def roll(self, angle):
197
198
            Roll the Turtle about the heading vector angle degrees
199
200
201
            ang = angle * math.pi / 180.0
202
            cosang = numpy.cos(ang)
203
            sinang = numpy.sin(ang)
204
205
            self.\_up[0] = cosang * self.\_up[0] - sinang * self.\_left[0]
206
            self.\_up[1] = cosang * self.\_up[1] - sinang * self.\_left[1]
207
            self. up[2] = cosang * self. up[2] - sinang * self. left[2]
208
209
            self._left[0] = cosang * self._left[0] + sinang * self._up[0]
210
            self. left[1] = cosang * self._left[1] + sinang * self._up[1]
211
            self. left[2] = cosang * self. left[2] + sinang * self. up[2]
212
213
       def yaw(self, angle):
214
            0.000
215
            Yaw the Turtle about the up vector (180 - angle) degrees. This is
216
   used when building molecules
            0.000
217
218
            ang = ((180 - angle) * math.pi) / 180.0
219
            cosang = numpy.cos(ang)
220
            sinang = numpy.sin(ang)
221
222
            self._heading[\emptyset] = cosang * self._heading[\emptyset] + sinang *
223
   self._left[0]
            self.\_heading[1] = cosang * self.\_heading[1] + sinang *
224
   self. left[1]
            self. heading[2] = cosang * self. heading[2] + sinang *
225
   self. left[2]
226
            self._left[0] = cosang * self._left[0] - sinang * self._heading[0]
227
            self._left[1] = cosang * self._left[1] - sinang * self._heading[1]
228
            self._left[2] = cosang * self._left[2] - sinang * self._heading[2]
229
```

```
230
       def turn(self, angle):
231
232
            Turn the Turtle about the up vector angle degrees.
233
234
235
            ang = (angle * math.pi) / 180.0
236
237
            cosang = numpy.cos(ang)
238
            sinang = numpy.sin(ang)
239
240
            self. heading [0] = cosang * self. heading [0] + sinang *
241
   self._left[0]
 ...
            self.\_heading[1] = cosang * self.\_heading[1] + sinang *
242
   self. left[1]
            self. heading[2] = cosang * self. heading[2] + sinang *
243
   self. left[2]
244
            self._left[0] = cosang * self._left[0] - sinang * self._heading[0]
245
            self._left[1] = cosang * self._left[1] - sinang * self._heading[1]
246
            self._left[2] = cosang * self._left[2] - sinang * self._heading[2]
247
248
       def pitch(self, angle):
249
250
            pitch the Turtle about the left vector angle degrees
251
252
253
            ang = angle * math.pi / 180.0
254
            cosang = numpy.cos(ang)
255
            sinang = numpy.sin(ang)
256
257
            self_{-}heading[0] = self_{-}heading[0] * cosang - self_{-}up[0] * sinang[0]
258
            self._heading[1] = self._heading[1] * cosang - self._up[1] * sinang
259
            self. heading[2] = self. heading[2] * cosang - self. up[2] * sinang
260
261
            self. up[0] = self. up[0] * cosang + self._heading[0] * sinang
262
            self. up[1] = self. up[1] * cosang + self. heading[1] * sinang
263
            self._up[2] = self._up[2] * cosang + self._heading[2] * sinang
264
265
       def _setHeading(self, x, y=None, z=None):
266
            """Set the Turtle's Heading.
267
                x is either a list or tuple.
268
269
            if y is None and z is None:
270
                # Array, list, tuple...
271
                if len(x) != 3:
272
                    raise ValueError("Turtle3D: x is not a list/tuple/array of
273
   3 numbers")
```

```
self. heading = numpy.array(x, "d")
274
            else:
275
                # Three numbers
276
                self._heading = numpy.array((x, y, z), "d")
277
            self.heading = Vector(self.heading)
278
            return
279
280
        def _setLeft(self, x, y=None, z=None):
281
            """Set the Turtle's Left.
282
                x is either a list or tuple.
283
284
            if y is None and z is None:
285
                # Array, list, tuple...
286
                if len(x) != 3:
287
                     raise ValueError("Turtle3D: x is not a list/tuple/array of
288
   3 numbers")
                self. left = numpy.array(x, "d")
289
            else:
290
                # Three numbers
291
                self. left = numpy.array((x, y, z), "d")
292
            self.left = Vector(self. left)
293
            return
294
295
        def setUp(self, x, y=None, z=None):
296
            """Set the Turtle's Up.
297
                x is either a list or tuple.
298
299
            if y is None and z is None:
300
                # Array, list, tuple...
301
                if len(x) != 3:
302
                     raise ValueError("Turtle3D: x is not a list/tuple/array of
303
   3 numbers")
                self. up = numpy.array(x, "d")
304
            else:
305
                # Three numbers
306
                self. up = numpy.array((x, y, z), "d")
307
            self.up = Vector(self.up)
308
            return
309
310
       def unit(self, v):
311
            norm = numpy.linalg.norm(v)
312
            if norm == 0:
313
                return v
314
            return v / norm
315
316
        def orient(self, position: numpy.array, heading: numpy.array, left:
317
   numpv.arrav):
 ...
            0.000
318
```

```
Orients the turtle with Position at p1, Heading at p2 and Left at
319
   p3
320
            Arguments:
                position
321
            0.000
322
323
            self. position = position
324
325
            temp = heading - position
326
            self. heading = self.unit(temp)
327
            self.heading = Vector(self._heading)
328
329
            temp = left - position
330
            self._left = self.unit(temp)
331
332
            temp = numpy.cross(self. heading, self. left)
333
            self. up = self.unit(temp)
334
            self.up = Vector(self. up)
335
336
            # fix left to be orthogonal
337
            temp = numpy.cross(self._up, self._heading)
338
            self. left = self.unit(temp)
339
            self.left = Vector(self. left)
340
            return
341
342
       def orient_at_residue(self, chain, resnumb, orientation):
343
344
            Orient the turtle at the specified residue from the input Chain in
345
            either orientation 1 or 2.
346
347
            Arguments:
348
                turtle: input Turtle3D
349
                chain: list of Residues in the model, eg: chain = model['A']
350
                resnumb: residue number
351
                orientation:
352
                1 - at Ca heading towards Cb with N at the left
353
                2 - at Ca heading towards C with N at the left
354
            Returns: None. Turtle internal state is modified
355
356
357
            assert self._orientation == 1 or self._orientation == 2,
358
   f'orient_at_residue() requires Turtle3D to be #1 or #2'
359
            residue = chain[resnumb]
360
            assert residue is not None, f'get_backbone_from_sidechain()
361
   requires valid residue number'
362
            # by this point I'm pretty confident I have coordinates
363
```

```
# we pull the actual numpy.array from the coordinates since that's
364
   what the
            # Turtle3D expects
365
366
            n = residue['N'].get_vector().get_array()
367
            ca = residue['CA'].get_vector().get_array()
368
            cb = residue['CB'].get vector().get array()
369
            c = residue['C'].get vector().get array()
370
371
372
            if orientation == ORIENT SIDECHAIN:
                self.orient(ca, cb, n)
373
                self.set_orientation(ORIENT_SIDECHAIN)
374
            elif orientation == ORIENT_BACKBONE:
375
376
                self.orient(ca, c, n)
                self.set orientation(ORIENT BACKBONE)
377
            return
378
379
        def orient_from_backbone(self, n: numpy.array, ca: numpy.array, cb:
380
   numpy.array, c: numpy.array, orientation):
381
            Orient the turtle at the specified residue from the input Chain in
382
            either orientation 1 or 2.
383
384
            Arguments:
385
                turtle: input Turtle3D object
386
                n: position of n atom
387
                ca: position of ca atom
388
                c: position of c atom
389
                orientation:
390
                1 - at Ca heading towards Cb with N at the left
391
                2 - at Ca heading towards C with N at the left
392
            Returns: None. Turtle internal state is modified
393
394
395
            assert orientation == 1 or orientation == 2, f'orient_at_residue()
396
    requires Turtle3D to be #1 or #2'
397
            _n = n \cdot copy()
398
            _ca = ca.copy()
399
            _{cb} = cb \cdot copy()
400
            _{c} = c_{copy}()
401
402
            if orientation == ORIENT_SIDECHAIN:
403
                self.orient(_ca, _cb, _n)
404
                self.set orientation(ORIENT SIDECHAIN)
405
            elif orientation == ORIENT BACKBONE:
406
                self.orient(_ca, _c, _n)
407
                self.set_orientation(ORIENT_BACKBONE)
408
```

```
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409
            return
410
        def to_local(self, global_vec) -> numpy.array:
411
412
            Returns the Turtle-centered local coordinates for input Global
413
   vector (3d)
            0.000
414
415
            newpos = global vec - self. position
416
            dp1 = numpy.dot(self. heading, newpos)
417
            dp2 = numpy.dot(self._left, newpos)
418
            dp3 = numpy.dot(self. up, newpos)
419
420
            result = numpy.array((dp1, dp2, dp3), "d")
421
            return result
422
423
        def to_localVec(self, global_vec) -> Vector:
424
425
            Returns the Turtle-centered local coordinates for input Global
426
   vector (3d)
427
428
            newpos = global vec - self. position
429
            dp1 = numpy.dot(self. heading, newpos)
430
            dp2 = numpy.dot(self._left, newpos)
431
            dp3 = numpy.dot(self. up, newpos)
432
433
            return Vector(dp1, dp2, dp3)
434
435
        def to_global(self, local) -> numpy.array:
436
437
            Returns the global coordinates for input local vector (3d)
438
439
440
            p1 = self. position[0] + self. heading[0] * local[0] +
441
   self. left[0] * local[1] + self. up[0] * local[2]
            p2 = self. position[1] + self. heading[1] * local[0] +
442
   self._left[1] * local[1] + self._up[1] * local[2]
            p3 = self._position[2] + self._heading[2] * local[0] +
443
   self._left[2] * local[1] * self._up[2] * local[2]
444
            return numpy.array((p1, p2, p3), "d")
445
446
        def to_globalVec(self, local) -> Vector:
447
448
            Returns the global coordinates for input local vector (3d)
449
450
451
```

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```
452
   self. left[0] * local[1] + self. up[0] * local[2]
            p2 = self._position[1] + self._heading[1] * local[0] +
453
   self._left[1] * local[1] + self._up[1] * local[2]
            p3 = self._position[2] + self._heading[2] * local[0] +
454
   self. left[2] * local[1] * self._up[2] * local[2]
455
            return Vector(p1, p2, p3)
456
457
       def repr (self):
458
            """Return Turtle 3D coordinates."""
459
            return f"<Turtle: {self. name}\n Position: {self. position},\n</pre>
460
   Heading: {self._heading} \n Left: {self._left} \n Up: {self._up}\n
   Orientation: {self._orientation}\n Pen: {self.Pen()} \n Recording:
   {self. recording}>"
461
       def bbone to schain(self):
462
463
            Function requires turtle to be in orientation #2 (at alpha carbon,
464
            headed towards carbonyl, with nitrogen on left) and converts to
465
   orientation #1
            (at alpha c, headed to beta carbon, with nitrogen on left.
466
467
            Arguments:
468
                turtle: Turtle3D object in orientation #2
469
470
            Returns: modified Turtle3D
471
472
473
            assert self. orientation == 2, f'bbone to schain() requires
474
   Turtle3D to be in orientation #2'
475
            self.roll(240.0)
476
            self.pitch(180.0)
477
            self.yaw(110.0)
478
            self.roll(240.0)
479
            self.set orientation(1) # sets the orientation flag
480
481
482
       def schain_to_bbone(self):
483
484
            Function requires turtle to be in orientation #1 (at alpha c,
485
   headed to beta carbon, with nitrogen on left)
            and converts to orientation #2 (at alpha carbon, headed towards
486
   carbonyl, with nitrogen on left).
487
            Arguments:
488
                None
489
```

503

```
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            Returns: modified Turtle3D
490
            1.1.1
491
492
            assert self._orientation == 1, f'schain_to_bbone() requires
493
   Turtle3D to be in orientation #1'
494
            self.pitch(180.0)
495
            self.roll(240.0)
496
            self.yaw(110.0)
497
            self.roll(120.0)
498
            self.set_orientation(2) # sets the orientation flag
499
            return
500
501
502 # End of file
```

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