

Working with Jenkins

Step 1: Set Up Your Python Application

1. Prepare Your Python Application:

Ensure your application has a Dockerfile. Here's an example for a simple Flask app:

Directory Structure: as a separate folder

app/

└─ **app.py**

└─ **requirements.txt**

└─ **Dockerfile**

app.py:

```
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route("/")

def hello():

    return "Hello, World!"

if __name__ == "__main__":

    app.run(host="0.0.0.0", port=5000)
```

requirements.txt:

```
flask
```

Dockerfile:

```
FROM python:3.9-slim

WORKDIR /app

COPY requirements.txt .

RUN pip install -r requirements.txt

COPY . .

CMD ["python", "app.py"]
```

Step 2: Push the application code (including the Dockerfile) to a GitHub repository.

Step 3: Configure Jenkins Pipeline

1. Create a New Pipeline Job:
 - In Jenkins, click **New Item > Pipeline > Provide a name > Click OK.**
2. Configure the Pipeline:
 - Under the "Pipeline" section, choose Pipeline script.
 - Use the following example for a Python app:

```
pipeline {
    agent any
    stages {
        stage('Clone Repository') {
            steps {
                git 'https://github.com/your-username/your-python-repo.git'
            }
        }
        stage('Build Docker Image') {
            steps {
                script {
                    docker.build('your-dockerhub-username/python-app')
                }
            }
        }
        stage('Push Docker Image') {
            steps {
                withDockerRegistry([credentialsId: 'docker-hub-credentials', url:
                "']) {
                    script {
                        docker.image('your-dockerhub-username/python-
                        app').push('latest')
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
  }
  stage('Run Tests') {
    steps {
      script {
        docker.image('your-dockerhub-username/python-
app:latest').inside {
          sh 'pytest tests/'
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

3. Test the Pipeline:

- Save and trigger a build.
- Ensure the Docker image is pushed to the registry.

Step 4: Deploy the Application

1. Run the Container Locally:

```
docker run -d -p 5000:5000 your-dockerhub-username/python-app:latest
```

2. Access the Application:

1. Open <http://localhost:5000> in a browser to see your Python app running.