



Lead Scoring Case Study

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Problem Statement

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Background:

- ❖ X Education company sells online courses and gets its initial leads from various modes of online marketing.
- ❖ The company wishes to identify Hot Leads, who have high chances of conversion.
- ❖ It would help sales team focus on nurturing hot leads rather than all available ones.
- ❖ Their present lead conversion rate is 30% and their target is 80%.

Goal:

- ❑ An ML model to assign lead score from 0 to 100 to each lead.
- ❑ Higher the lead score, higher are the chances of lead conversion.



Analysis Approach

Data Analysis

Data Cleaning:

- ❖ Drop features with >40% null values (including 'Select')
- ❖ Impute remaining categorical null values with 'Not Provided' string
 - ❖ Imputing with mode would impact data distribution in such columns
- ❖ Impute remaining numerical null values with respective median

Exploratory Data Analysis:

- ❖ Univariate Analysis: Histograms, Boxplots and Bar plots to see distribution and remove outliers and single category variables
- ❖ Bivariate/Multivariate Analysis: Boxplots, Heatmap and Stacked Bar plots to visualize correlation of various features with lead conversion.

ML Modeling

Feature Engineering:

- ❖ Dummy variables creation for categorical features
 - ❖ This gives higher number of attributes to model on compared to Label Encoding.

Model Building:

- ❖ Min-Max Scaling to bring all numerical values in similar range (sklearn).
 - ❖ Scaling make numerical data better fit and helps improve model accuracy.
- ❖ Feature selection using RFE on Logistic Regression (sklearn).
- ❖ Statistical summary based on the recommended features from RFE (statsmodels).
 - ❖ Feature elimination based on p-values and VIF scores of different features.

Model Evaluation

Training Dataset:

- ❖ Evaluation of model on training data with various metrics (sklearn)
 - ❖ Accuracy Score: 81.57% & ROC-AUC Score: 88.97%
 - ❖ Precision: 79% accurate on conversion
 - ❖ Recall: 71% accurate on conversion
 - ❖ Area under ROC curve: 89%

Test Dataset:

- ❖ Evaluation of model on test data with various metrics (sklearn)
 - ❖ Accuracy Score: 81.85%
 - ❖ Precision: 80% accurate on conversion
 - ❖ Recall: 71% accurate on conversion
 - ❖ Confusion Matrix: TP: 762, TN: 1507

Lead Scores & Key Points

Generating Scores:

- ❖ Based on test data probability information, scores fall between 0 to 100.
 - ❖ Scores beyond 80 can be considered the leads with highest chances of conversion.
 - ❖ Score between 50 to 80 can be considered the leads with moderate chances.
 - ❖ Score below 50 can be considered the leads with lowest chances of conversion.

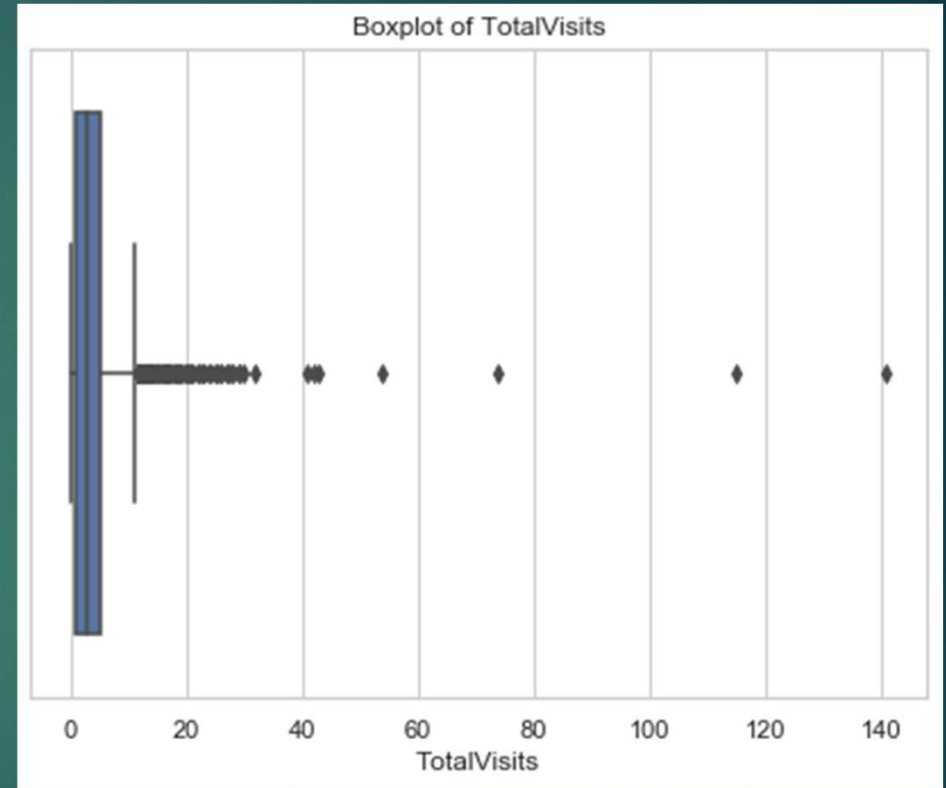
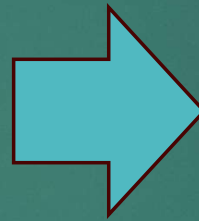
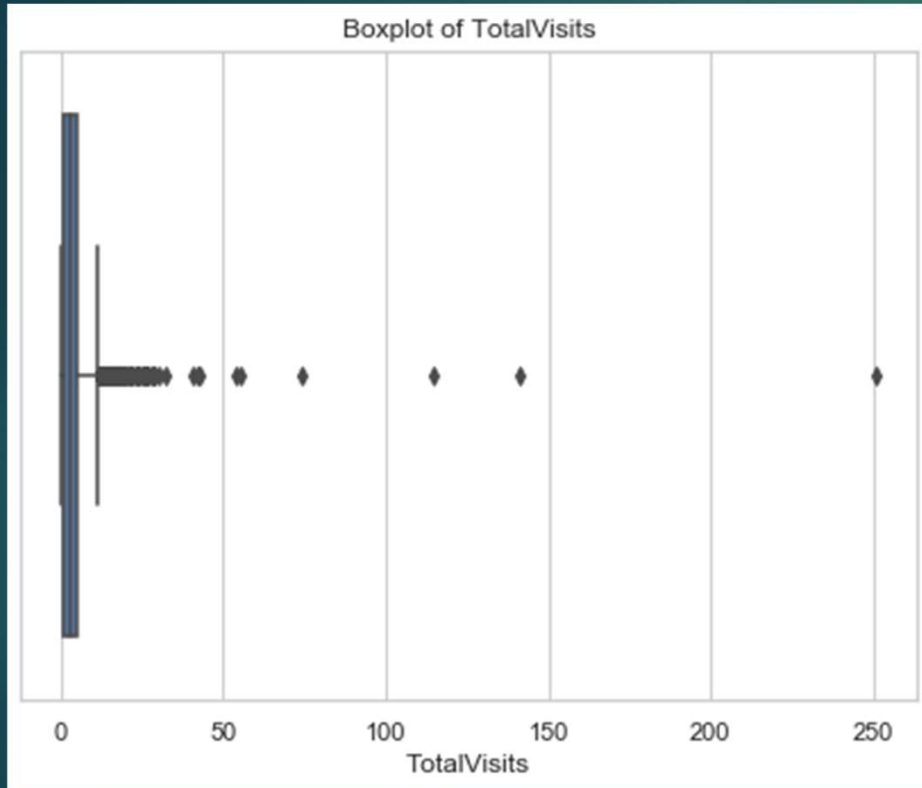
Key Points:

- ❖ Identified a few (among others) top predictors contributing in lead conversion.
 - ❖ Welingak Website as Lead Source
 - ❖ Total Time Spent on Website
 - ❖ Working Professionals
 - ❖ Lead Add Form as Lead Origin
 - ❖ Phone Conversation as Last Notable Activity



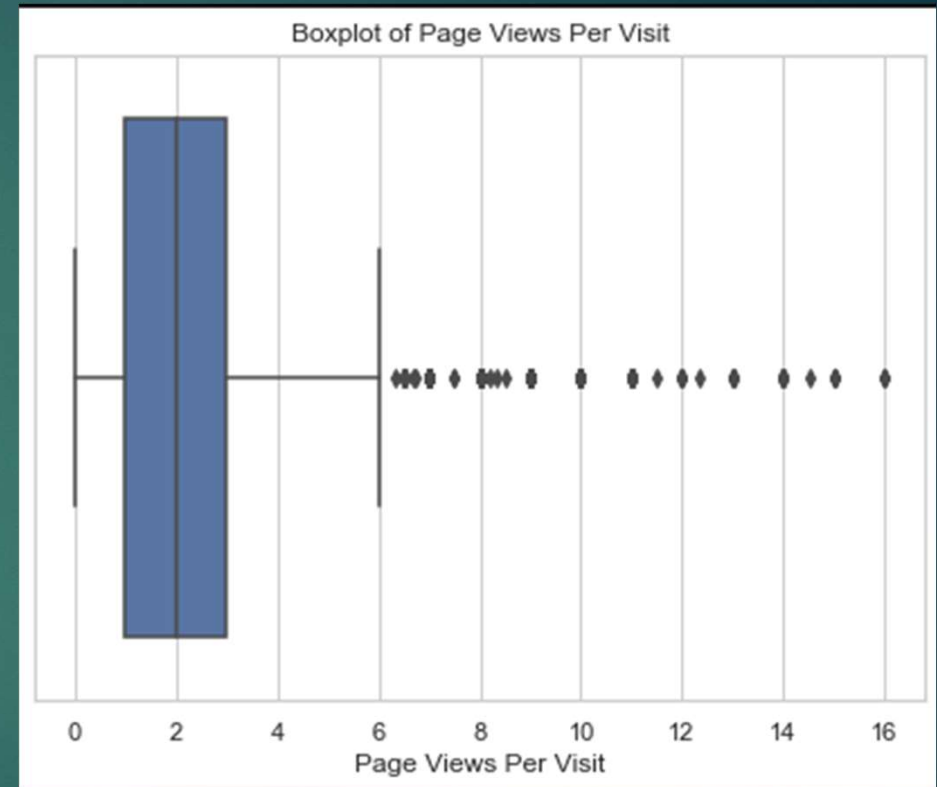
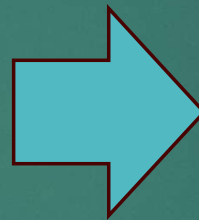
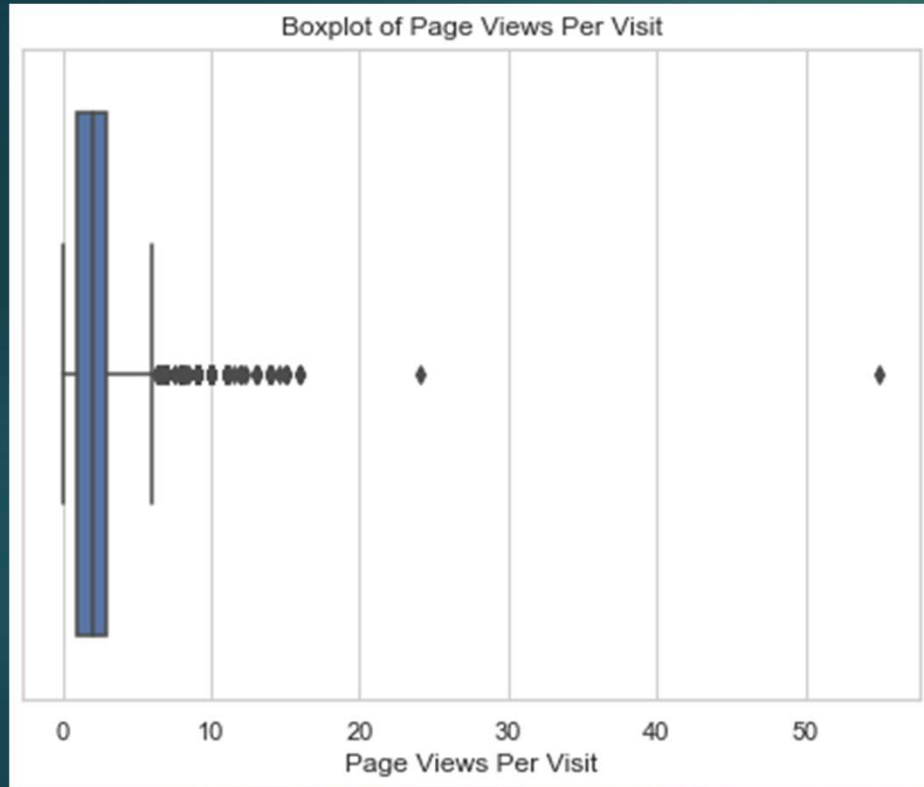
Important Visualizations

Univariate Analysis – Outlier: 'TotalVisits'



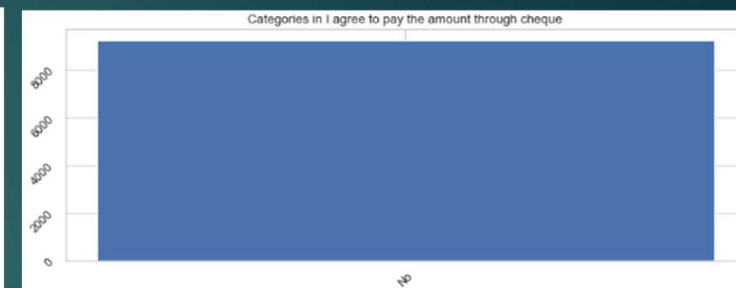
'TotalVisits' feature indicated presence of outliers, which got treated well by limiting the values within 150.

Univariate Analysis – Outlier: 'Page Views Per Visit'



'Page Views Per Visit' feature has some outliers too, which were treated by keeping the values within 20.

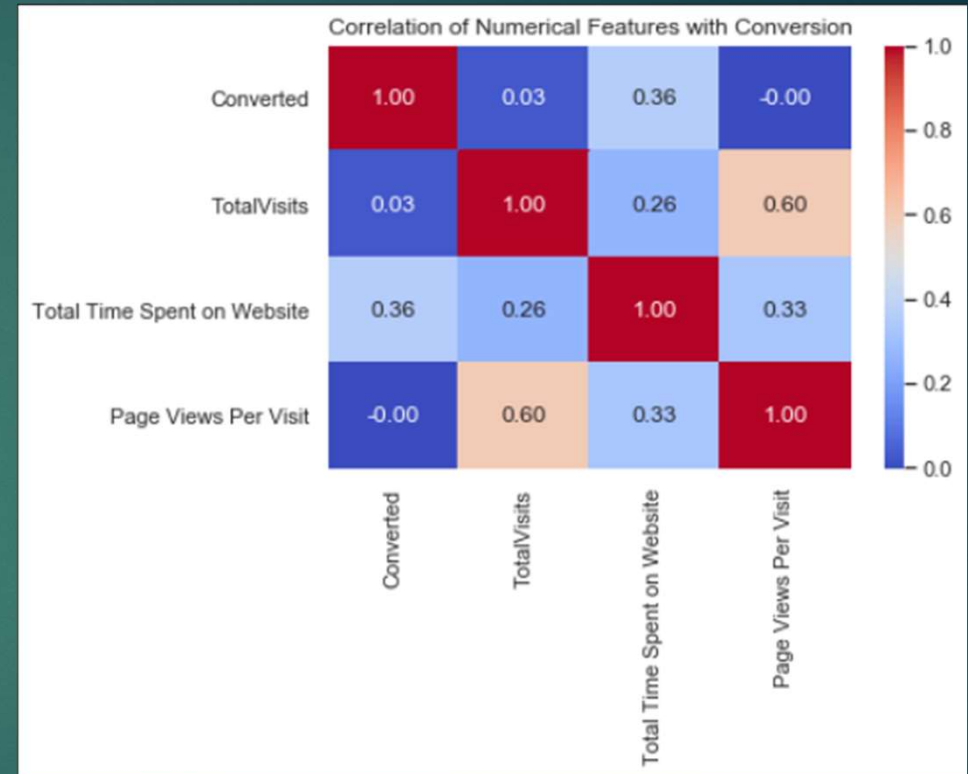
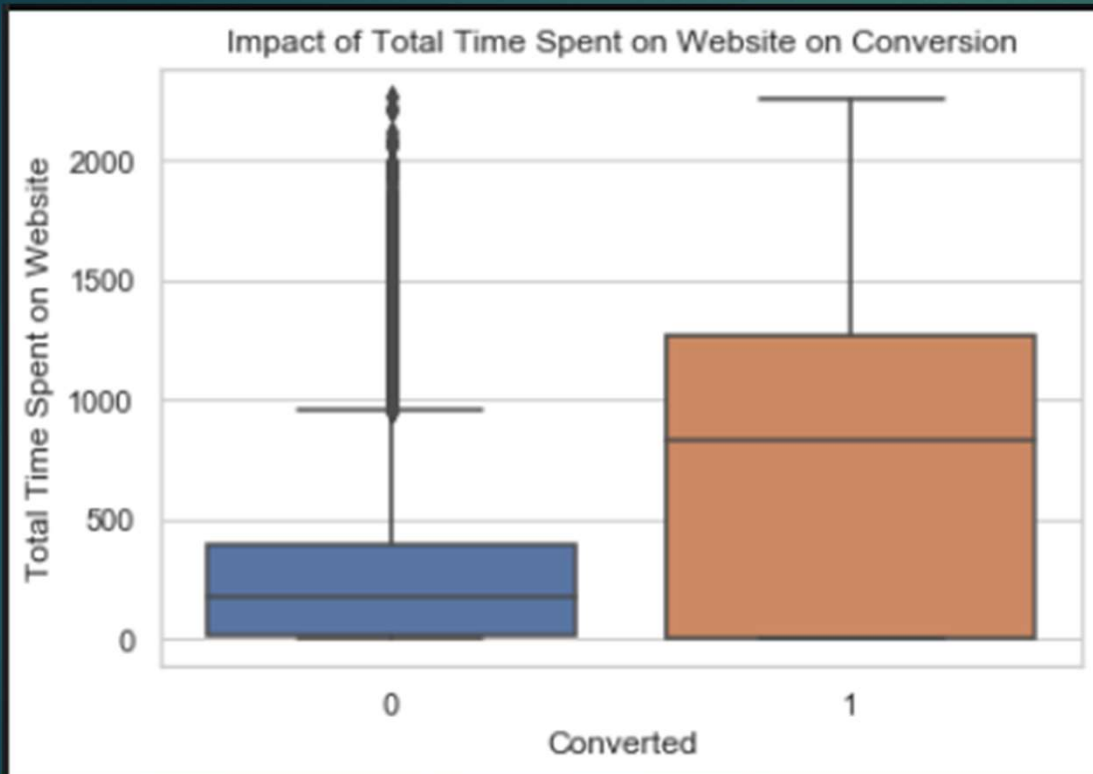
Univariate Analysis – Single Category Features



Some categorical features had only one categorical value. These would not make sense for the ML modeling, so dropped.

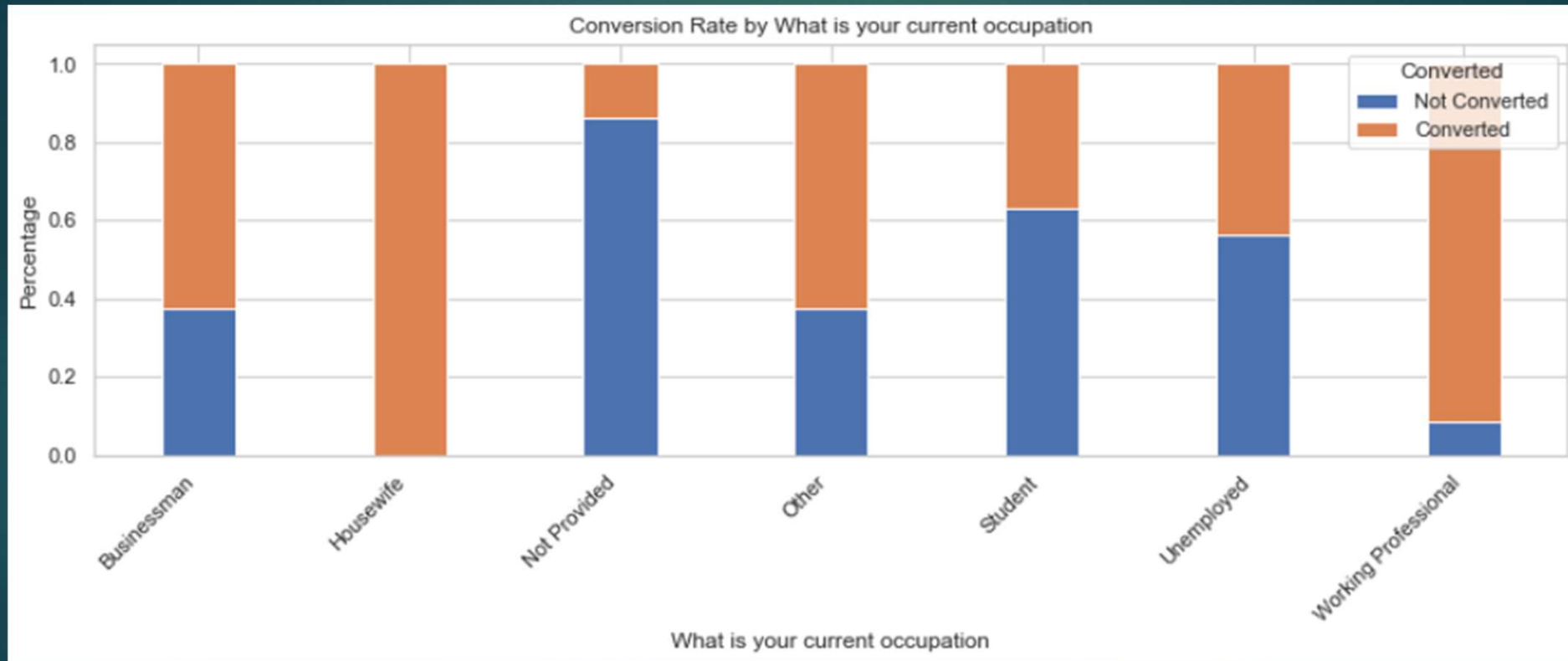
- 'Magazine',
- 'Receive More Updates About Our Courses',
- 'Update m on Supply Chain Content',
- 'Get updates on DM Content',
- 'I agree to pay the amount through cheque'

Bivariate Analysis – 'Total Time Spent on Website'



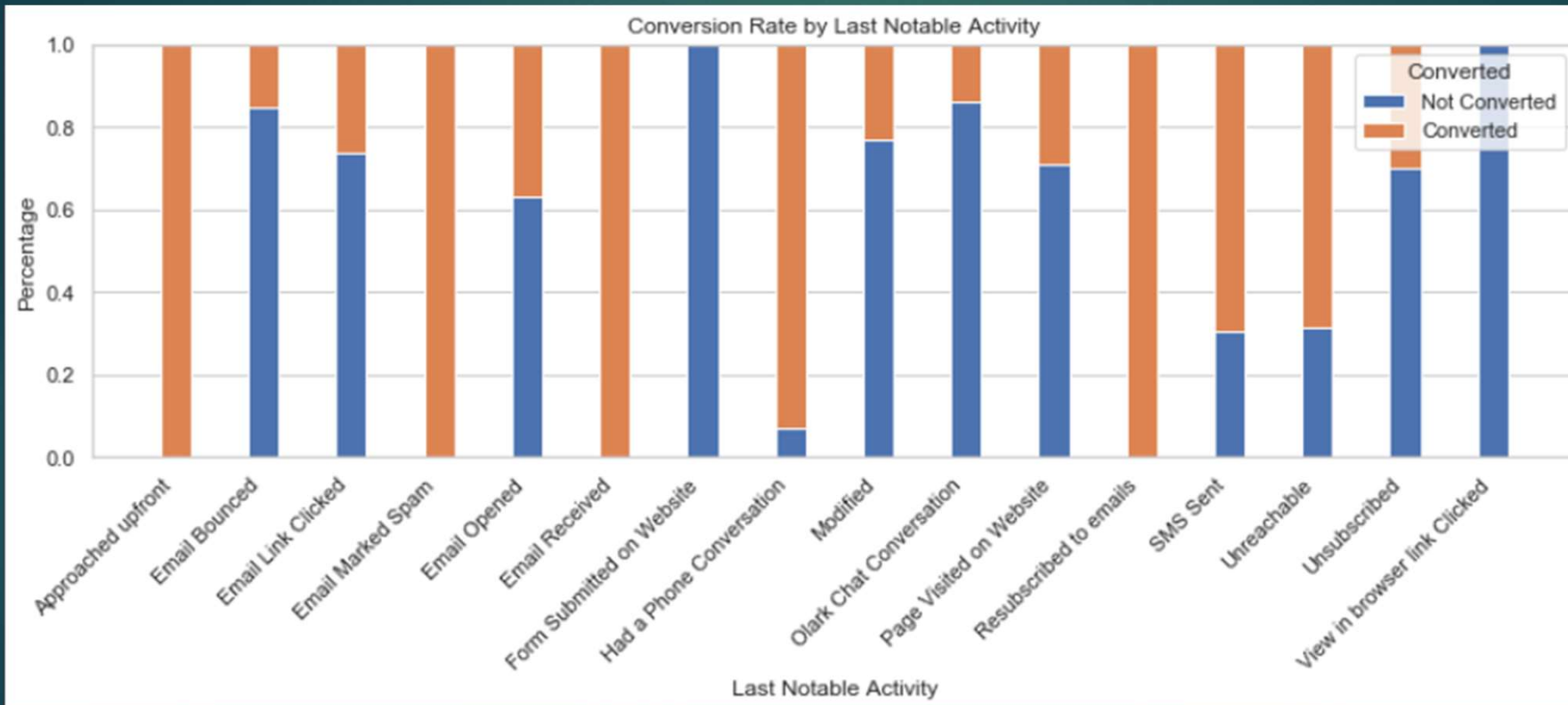
'Total Time Spent on Website' feature is seen having a good correlation with the target 'Converted'.

Bivariate Analysis – 'Occupation'



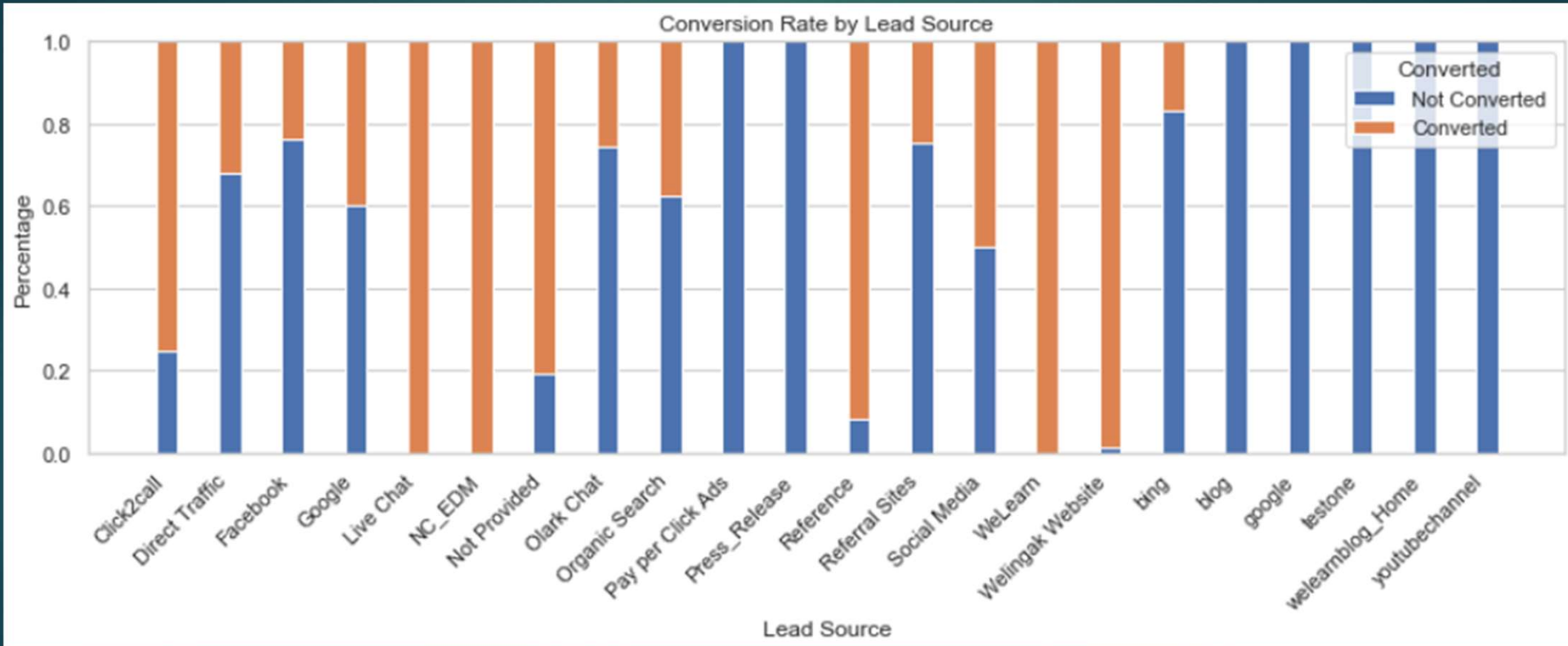
'Working Professionals' are observed to have quite high chances of lead conversion. Housewife and Businessman also indicate a good correlation with target 'Converted'.

Bivariate Analysis – 'Last Notable Activity'



'Leads who had a phone conversation lately' have quite fair chances of lead conversion. Among others, 'SMS Sent' & 'Resubscribed to emails' also indicate a good correlation with 'Converted'.

Bivariate Analysis – 'Lead Source'



Leads who approached from Welingak website, WeLearn or References show a good chance of lead conversion. Leads who were found on 'Live chat' or 'Click2call' options, also indicate good correlation with 'Converted'.



Results in Business Terms

Business Insights

Key Findings:

- ❖ The most influencing factors behind a lead conversion are total visits to and time spent on website.
- ❖ Leads visiting Welingak website have high chances of getting converted.
- ❖ Direct traffic on X Education website and platforms such as google or facebook have negative influence on the lead conversion.
- ❖ Working professionals among occupation categories are the highest potential leads to buy a course with X Education.
- ❖ Student and Unemployed leads have fairly good influence on lead conversion.
- ❖ Leads whose recent engagement has been a phone call have high chances of conversion.
- ❖ Leads with recent interaction in form of SMS have fairly good chance of conversion.
- ❖ Leads who didn't opt for email, are very less likely to get converted.
- ❖ Leads contacting through Olark chat platform have negative impact on the lead conversion.

Business Recommendations

Key Actions:

- ❑ Enhance website content and user experience to encourage longer visits and more interactions.
- ❑ Prioritize marketing efforts for leads visiting the Welingak website.
- ❑ Shift marketing budget away from direct traffic sources (Google/Facebook) to more productive channels.
- ❑ Develop targeted campaigns for working professionals as they show the highest conversion potential.
- ❑ Prioritize working professionals and students/unemployed leads for proactive outreach.
- ❑ Use automated engagement for leads with lower likelihoods.
- ❑ Prioritize phone calls for recent interactions as they have the highest conversion likelihood.
- ❑ Increase SMS engagement strategies for nurturing leads.
- ❑ Encourage leads to opt-in for emails through incentives.
- ❑ Personalize email campaigns to improve conversion rates.
- ❑ Reassess the effectiveness of Olark chat and explore alternative communication tools.
- ❑ Identify reasons behind the negative impact and refine chat engagement strategies.



Thank You