## **Imports**

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import sklearn as sk
    import scipy.io as scio
    from sklearn.svm import SVC
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
    import pandas as pd
    import os

from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
    from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
    import re

import skimage as skimg
    from skimage.feature import hog
```

# **Data Loading and Partitioning**

```
In [2]: def load_dataset(datasetname):
            location = 'hw01 data/'
            if datasetname == 'mnist':
                location = location + datasetname + '/'
                train_data = scio.loadmat(location + 'train.mat') #load .mat fil
        es in python
                test_data = scio.loadmat(location + 'test.mat')
                train_data = train_data['trainX']
                indices = np.random.permutation(len(train_data))
                validation_data = train_data[indices[:10000], :] #First 10000 in
        dices + all columns reserved for validation set
                train data = train data[indices[10000:], :] #rest i.e (from 1000
        Oth row till end) is train set
                test_data = test_data['testX']
            elif datasetname == 'spam':
                location = location + datasetname + '/'
                spam_data = scio.loadmat(location + 'spam_data.mat')
                train_data = spam_data['training_data']
                test_data = spam_data['test_data']
                train labels = spam data['training labels']
                indices = np.random.permutation(len(train data))
                split index = int(0.8 * (len(train data)))
                validation data = train data[indices[split index:], :]
                train data = train data[indices[:split index], :]
                validation labels = train labels[0][indices[split index:]]
                train_labels = train_labels[0][indices[:split_index]]
                ##Let's just compact train and validation to match with the retu
        rn type
                train data = (train data, train labels)
                validation data = (validation data, validation labels)
            elif datasetname == 'cifar':
                location = location + datasetname + '/'
                train data = scio.loadmat(location + 'train.mat')
                test data = scio.loadmat(location + 'test.mat')
                train_data = train_data['trainX']
                indices = np.random.permutation(len(train data))
                validation data = train data[indices[:5000], :]
                train_data = train_data[indices[5000:], :]
                test data = test data['testX']
            return train data, validation data, test data
```

# **Training a Classifier**

```
In [3]: #This function takes the training dataset and C as parameter and returns
    the trained classifier.

def classify_train(train_data,c=None):
    train_x = train_data[:,:-1]
    train_y = train_data[:,-1]
    if c is not None:
        clf = SVC(kernel='linear', C = c)
    else:
        clf = SVC(kernel="linear")
    clf.fit(train_x, train_y)
    return clf
```

#### **Prediction**

## **MNIST**

```
In [5]: mnist_train, mnist_val, mnist_test = load_dataset('mnist')
# print(mnist_test[0, :])
```

## Training on different number of examples

```
In [ ]: iterations = [100,200,500,1000,2000,5000,10000]
        val error rates = []
        train_error_rates =[]
        classifiers = []
        train_y = mnist_train[:,-1]
        val_y = mnist_val[:,-1]
        for entry in iterations:
            clf = classify_train(mnist_train[:entry,:])
            #train accuracy
            train predicted_label = predict(mnist_train, clf)
            train_accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, train y == train_pred
        icted label)))/float(len(train y))
            train_error_rates.append(1-train_accuracy)
            #validation accuracy
            val_predicted_label = predict(mnist_val, clf)
            val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val y == val predicted 1
        abel)))/float(len(val y))
            val error rates.append(1-val accuracy)
            classifiers.append(clf)
```

#### **Error Plots**

```
In [ ]: MNIST_fig = plt.figure()
   plt.plot(iterations, list(map(lambda x:x*100,train_error_rates)),'bo-')
   plt.plot(iterations, list(map(lambda x:x*100,val_error_rates)),'ro-')
   plt.legend(["Training Error","Validation Error"], loc='upper right')
   plt.xlabel("No. of Training Examples")
   plt.ylabel("Error Rate (in %)")
   plt.title("MNIST No. of Training Examples Vs Error Rates")
   plt.axis([0, 10500,0,100])
   plt.show()
   MNIST_fig.savefig("MNIST_Training_Examples.png")
```

#### Finding the best C

```
In [ ]: error_rates = []
        classifiers = []
        accuracies = []
        # c values = [1e-9,1e-8,1e-7,1e-6,1e-5,1e-4,1e-3,1e-2,1e-1] #best for 1e
        -6
        #Accuracies : [0.6626, 0.8849, 0.9155, 0.9234, 0.9115, 0.904, 0.904, 0.9
        04, 0.9041
        # c values = [2e-7,4e-7,6e-7,8e-6,2e-6,4e-6,6e-6,8e-6] #best for 6e-7
        #accuracies = [0.9193, 0.9208, 0.9222, 0.9122, 0.9193, 0.9142, 0.9133,
         0.91221
        for c in c values:
            clf = classify_train(mnist_train[:10000,:],c)
            #validation accuracy
            val_predicted_label = predict(mnist_val, clf)
            val y = mnist val[:,-1]
            val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val y == val predicted l
        abel)))/float(len(val_y))
            error_rates.append(1-val_accuracy)
            accuracies.append(val_accuracy)
            classifiers.append(clf)
        print(accuracies)
```

```
In [ ]: # from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
        # from time import time
        # # Utility function to report best scores
        # def report(results, n top=3):
              for i in range(1, n top + 1):
        #
                  candidates = np.flatnonzero(results['rank test score'] == i)
        #
                  for candidate in candidates:
        #
                      print("Model with rank: {0}".format(i))
        #
                      print("Mean validation score: {0:.3f} (std: {1:.3f})".form
        at(
                            results['mean test_score'][candidate],
        #
        #
                            results['std test score'][candidate]))
        #
                      print("Parameters: {0}".format(results['params'][candidat
        e]))
        #
                      print("")
        # train x = mnist train[:2000,:-1]
        # train y = mnist_train[:2000,-1]
        # param grid = [
            {'C': [1e-1, 1e-2, 1e-3, 1e0], 'kernel': ['linear']},
        # {'C': [1e-1, 1e-2, 1e-3, 1e0], 'gamma': [0.001, 0.0001], 'kernel':
         ['rbf']},
        # ]
        \# clf = SVC()
        # grid search = GridSearchCV(clf, param grid=param grid)
        # start = time()
        # grid search.fit(train x, train y)
        # print("GridSearchCV took %.2f seconds for %d candidate parameter setti
        ngs."
                % (time() - start, len(grid search.cv results ['params'])))
        # report(grid search.cv results )
In [6]: train x = mnist train[:,:-1]
        train y = mnist train[:,-1]
        clf = SVC(C=6e-7, kernel='linear', verbose=True)
        clf.fit(train x,train y)
        val x = mnist val[:,:-1]
        val y = mnist val[:,-1]
```

```
val predicted label = clf.predict(val x)
val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val y ==
val predicted label)))/float(len(val_y))
print(val accuracy)
```

[LibSVM]0.9461

#### For the final run let's combine train and validation and train the classifier on the whole data

```
In [7]: train x = np.vstack([mnist train[:,:-1],mnist val[:,:-1]])
        train y = np.concatenate([mnist train[:,-1],mnist val[:,-1]])
```

#### **Experiments with HOG and SIFT to improve kaggle score**

```
In [ ]: | train ims = np.reshape(train x,[60000,28,28])
        test ims = np.reshape(mnist test,[10000,28,28])
In [ ]: train features=hog(train ims[0,:,:])
        for i in range(1,60000):
            train features = np.vstack([train features,hog(train ims[i,:,:])])
            if i%5000==0:
                print(i,end=": ")
                print(train features.shape)
        train features.shape
In [ ]: | test_features=hog(test ims[0,:,:])
        for i in range(1,10000):
            test_features = np.vstack([test_features,hog(test_ims[i,:,:])])
        test features.shape
In [ ]: | clf = SVC(C=1e-4, kernel='linear')
        scores = cross val score(clf, train features, train y, cv=2)
        print(scores)
In [ ]: clf.fit(train features, train y)
In [ ]: predicted label = clf.predict(test features)
        output = pd.DataFrame(predicted label)
        output.columns = ["Category"]
        output.index.names = ["Id"]
        output.to csv(path or buf="submission mnist.csv", sep=",")
```

#### **CIFAR**

```
In [ ]: cifar_train, cifar_val, cifar_test = load_dataset('cifar')
```

#### Training on different number of examples

```
In [ ]: | iterations = [100,200,500,1000,2000,5000]
        train error rates = []
        val error rates = []
        classifiers = []
        train_y = cifar_train[:,-1]
        val y = cifar val[:,-1]
        for entry in iterations:
            clf = classify_train(cifar_train[:entry,:])
            #train accuracy
            train predicted label = predict(cifar train, clf)
            train accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, train y == train predi
        cted label)))/float(len(train y))
            train_error_rates.append(1-train_accuracy)
            #validation accuracy
            val_predicted_label = predict(cifar_val, clf)
            val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val y == val predicted l
        abel)))/float(len(val y))
            val error rates.append(1-val accuracy)
            print("done : "+ str(entry))
            classifiers.append(clf)
```

#### **Error plots**

```
In [ ]: CIFAR_fig = plt.figure()
    plt.plot(iterations, list(map(lambda x:x*100,train_error_rates)),'bo-')
    plt.plot(iterations, list(map(lambda x:x*100,val_error_rates)),'ro-')
    plt.legend(["Training Error","Validation Error"], loc='upper right')
    plt.xlabel("No. of Training Examples")
    plt.ylabel("Error Rate (in %)")
    plt.title("CIFAR No. of Training Examples Vs Error Rates")
    plt.axis([0, 5500,0,100])
    plt.show()
    CIFAR_fig.savefig("CIFAR_Training_Examples.png")
```

### Finding the best C

```
In [ ]: error_rates = []
        classifiers = []
        c_{values} = [1e-4, 1e-3, 1e-2, 1e-1, 1e0, 1e1, 1e2, 1e3]
        for c in c_values:
            clf = classify_train(cifar_train[:1000,:],c)
            #validation accuracy
            val predicted label = predict(cifar val, clf)
            val_y = cifar_val[:,-1]
            val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val y != val predicted_l
        abel)))/float(len(val y))
            error_rates.append(1-val_accuracy)
            classifiers.append(clf)
        print(error rates)
In [ ]: train_x = cifar_train[:,:-1]
        train y = cifar train[:,-1]
        clf = SVC(kernel='poly', C =1e-3, degree=2)
        clf.fit(train_x,train_y)
        val x = cifar val[:,:-1]
        val_y = cifar_val[:,-1]
        val predicted label = clf.predict(val_x)
        val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val_y ==
        val_predicted_label)))/float(len(val_y))
        print(val_accuracy)
In [ ]: train_x = cifar_train[:,:-1]
        train_y = cifar_train[:,-1]
        print(train y.shape)
In [ ]: | # selected_clf = classifiers[np.argmin(error rates)]
        predicted label = clf.predict(cifar test)
        predicted label
```

## Spam - Ham

```
In [11]: spam_train, spam_val, spam_test = load_dataset('spam')
In [12]: train_x,train_y = spam_train
    val_x,val_y= spam_val
    len(train_x)
Out[12]: 4137
```

#### Training on different number of examples

```
In [ ]: iterations = [100,200,500,1000,2000]
        val error rates = []
        train_error_rates =[]
        classifiers = []
        for entry in iterations:
            clf = SVC(kernel="linear")
            clf.fit(train_x[:entry,:],train_y[:entry])
            #train accuracy
            train predicted label = clf.predict(train x)
            train_accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, train y == train_pred
        icted label)))/float(len(train y))
            train_error_rates.append(1-train_accuracy)
            #validation accuracy
            val predicted label = clf.predict(val x)
            val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val y == val predicted l
        abel)))/float(len(val y))
            val_error_rates.append(1-val_accuracy)
            classifiers.append(clf)
```

#### **Error plot**

```
In [ ]: Spam fig = plt.figure()
        plt.plot(iterations, list(map(lambda x:x*100,train error rates)),'bo-')
        plt.plot(iterations, list(map(lambda x:x*100,val error rates)), 'ro-')
        plt.legend(["Training Error","Validation Error"], loc='upper right')
        plt.xlabel("No. of Training Examples")
        plt.ylabel("Error Rate (in %)")
        plt.title("SPAM-HAM No. of Training Examples Vs Error Rates")
        plt.axis([0, 2500,0,100])
        plt.show()
        Spam fig.savefig("SPAM Training Examples.png")
In [ ]: # clf = SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=0.8e-2, C=55)
        # clf.fit(train x,train y)
        # val predicted label = clf.predict(val x)
        # val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val_y == val_predicted_lab
        el)))/float(len(val y))
        # print(val accuracy)
In [ ]: | clf = SVC(kernel='linear',C=55)
        clf.fit(train x,train y)
        val_predicted_label = clf.predict(val_x)
        val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, val y ==
        val predicted label)))/float(len(val y))
        print(val accuracy)
```

#### K fold Cross Validation

```
In []: train_x = np.vstack([train_x,val_x])
    train_y = np.concatenate([train_y,val_y])
    C_values = list(range(10,200,10))
    scores = []
    for c in C_values:
        clf = SVC(kernel='linear',C=c)
        score = cross_val_score(clf, train_x, train_y, cv=5)
        avg_score = np.mean(score)
        scores.append(avg_score)
        print(c,end=": ")
        print(avg_score)
```

#### **Trying Tfldf for better score**

```
In [13]: spam_dir = "hw01_data/spam/spam/"
    ham_dir = "hw01_data/spam/ham/"
    test_dir = "hw01_data/spam/test/"
    spam_files = filter(lambda x:x.endswith('.txt') ,os.listdir(spam_dir))
    ham_files = filter(lambda x:x.endswith('.txt') ,os.listdir(ham_dir))
    test_files_len = len(list(filter(lambda
    x:x.endswith('.txt'),os.listdir(test_dir))))
```

```
In [14]: df = pd.DataFrame(columns=("text","label")) # create an empty dataframe
    count=0
    for fn in spam_files:
        fn=spam_dir+fn
        with open(fn,"r",encoding='utf-8', errors='ignore') as spam:
            df.loc[count] = [spam.read(),1]
            count+=1

for fn in ham_files:
        fn=ham_dir+fn
        with open(fn,"r",encoding='utf-8', errors='ignore') as ham:
            df.loc[count] = [ham.read(),0]
            count+=1

df = df.sample(frac=1).reset_index(drop=True) # shuffle the dataframe
```

```
In [15]: # df_val = df.ix[:1000]
# df_train = df.ix[1001:]
```

```
In [16]: #do the same thing for test dataset
         df test = pd.DataFrame(columns=("text", "label"))
         count=0
         for fn in range(test_files_len):
             fn=test dir+str(fn)+'.txt'
             with open(fn, "r", encoding='utf-8', errors='ignore') as test:
                  df test.loc[count] = [test.read(),"UNK"]
                  count+=1
In [17]: #Tfidf
         df train =df
         vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(sublinear_tf=True, stop_words='english')
         X train = vectorizer.fit transform(df train.text)
          # X val = vectorizer.transform(df val.text)
         X test = vectorizer.transform(df test.text)
In [18]: #classifier
         # clf = SVC(kernel='linear')
         clf = SVC(kernel='rbf',gamma=0.002,C=300)
         scores = cross_val_score(clf, X_train, df_train.label, cv=5)
         print(scores)
         clf.fit(X train,df train.label)
         # val predicted label = clf.predict(X val)
         # val accuracy = len(list(filter(lambda y: y, df val.label == val predic
          ted_label)))/float(len(df val))
         # print(val accuracy)
         [0.99130435 \quad 0.99130435 \quad 0.98839458 \quad 0.98839458 \quad 0.98646035]
Out[18]: SVC(C=300, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0,
           decision function shape=None, degree=3, gamma=0.002, kernel='rbf',
           max iter=-1, probability=False, random state=None, shrinking=True,
           tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [19]: predicted label = clf.predict(X test)
         output = pd.DataFrame(predicted label)
         output.columns = ["Category"]
         output.index.names = ["Id"]
         output.to csv(path or buf="submission spam.csv", sep=",")
```

# Checking the frequency of words to decide optimum features to be used in featurizer.py

```
In [ ]: # def tokenizer(text):
    # return re.split(" |\n",text)
    # df_spam = df_train[df_train.label==0]
In [ ]: # df_spam=df_spam.reset_index()
```

```
In []: # corpus ={}
# for i in range(len(df_spam)):
# for token in tokenizer(df_spam.text[i]):
# corpus[token] = corpus.get(token,0)+1
In []: # import operator
# sorted(corpus.items(), key=operator.itemgetter(1),reverse=True)
In []:
```