HW2-_sdeekshi.R

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```
art = read.csv("art.csv", header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
str(art)
```

```
10000 obs. of 9 variables:
## 'data.frame':
                    "2012-01-03" "2012-01-03" "2012-01-03" "2012-01-04" ...
  $ date : chr
             ## $ year
                   "Qiaoli" "Qiaoli" "Barakat" "Thomas" ...
## $ rep
             : chr
## $ store
             : chr "Portland" "Portland" "Portland" "Davenport" ...
            : chr "watercolor" "drawing" "drawing" "watercolor" ...
## $ paper
## $ paper.type: chr "pad" "roll" "pads" "pad" ...
## $ unit.price: num 12.2 21 10.3 12.2 10.3 ...
## $ units.sold: int 1 1 1 2 1 1 16 2 1 1 ...
## $ total.sale: num 12.2 21 10.3 24.3 10.3 ...
```

```
#plot 1
par(mfrow=c(2,3))
par(bty = "n")
boxplot(art$total.sale ~ art$paper, col = c("pink","skyblue"), xlab= "Type of paper", ylab ="Tot
al sales")
mtext(text = "Distribution of total sales for water color and drawing papers", side =3, line =1,
adj = 0.5, col = "blue", cex= 1)

#plot 2
table(art$store)
```

```
## Davenport Dublin Portland Syracuse
## 1668 2447 3349 2536
```

```
z=list(art$store, art$year)
m = tapply(art$total.sale, list(art$store, art$year), sum)
m
```

```
## Davenport 7032.30 8167.02 8769.47 8804.64
## Dublin 10310.77 11691.09 12162.33 12682.70
## Portland 15228.44 15893.94 18270.23 18091.97
## Syracuse 11468.36 12743.54 13394.03 13465.43
```

```
options(scipen = 999)
x = as.numeric(colnames(m))

plot(colnames(m),m[1,], type = "l", col = "red", lwd = 3, xlab = "Year", ylab = "Sale",ylim = c(0,20000),xaxt = 'n')
axis(1, at =art$year)
# 1= below, 2= left, 3: top, 4:right
mtext( text = " Sales by region", side = 3, line = 1.5, cex = 1, adj=0.5)

lines(x, m[2,], col="blue", lwd = 3)
lines(x, m[3,], col="orange", lwd = 3)
lines(x, m[4,], col="pink", lwd = 3)
legend('bottomright', legend = rownames(m), lwd = 2, lty = 1, bty = "n", col = c("red", "blue", "orange","pink"),cex=0.75)

#plot 3

str(art)
```

```
## 'data.frame':
                 10000 obs. of 9 variables:
## $ date
            : chr
                   "2012-01-03" "2012-01-03" "2012-01-03" "2012-01-04" ...
## $ year
             ## $ rep
             : chr "Qiaoli" "Qiaoli" "Barakat" "Thomas" ...
             : chr "Portland" "Portland" "Davenport" ...
  $ store
##
             : chr "watercolor" "drawing" "drawing" "watercolor" ...
## $ paper
  $ paper.type: chr "pad" "roll" "pads" "pad" ...
##
  $ unit.price: num 12.2 21 10.3 12.2 10.3 ...
##
## $ units.sold: int 1 1 1 2 1 1 16 2 1 1 ...
## $ total.sale: num 12.2 21 10.3 24.3 10.3 ...
```

```
m = tapply(art$units.sold, list(art$paper, art$store), sum)
m
```

```
## Davenport Dublin Portland Syracuse
## drawing 1601 1250 2119 1606
## watercolor 1743 4673 5299 3898
```

```
barplot(m, beside = TRUE, col = c("pink", "skyblue"),xlab ="store region",ylab ="units sold" )
mtext( text = " Units sold by region", side = 3, line = 1.5, cex = 1, adj=0.5)
legend('topleft', legend = c('Drawing paper', 'watercolor paper'), lwd = 2, lty = 1, bty ="n",
      col = c("pink", "skyblue"), cex=0.75)
#answer 3: Do stores tend to sell the same ratios of each?
#no stores do not tend to sell the same ratios of each
#plot 4
art.watercolor = subset(art, art$paper =="watercolor")
str(art.watercolor)
## 'data.frame':
                  5902 obs. of 9 variables:
          : chr
                    "2012-01-03" "2012-01-04" "2012-01-04" "2012-01-04" ...
## $ date
## $ year
             ## $ rep
             : chr "Qiaoli" "Thomas" "Yunzhu" "Mohit" ...
             : chr "Portland" "Davenport" "Syracuse" "Davenport" ...
  $ store
             : chr "watercolor" "watercolor" "watercolor" ...
  $ paper
##
## $ paper.type: chr "pad" "pad" "pad" "pad" ...
## $ unit.price: num 12.2 12.2 12.2 12.2 19.3 ...
## $ units.sold: int 1 2 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ total.sale: num 12.2 24.3 12.2 48.6 19.3 ...
table(art.watercolor$paper.type)
##
## block
          pad roll sheet
## 1811 2513
               260 1318
m = tapply(art.watercolor$total.sale, list(art.watercolor$paper.type ,art.watercolor$store),
sum)
m
##
        Davenport
                   Dublin Portland Syracuse
## block
          4467.54 10888.42 14272.92 10192.18
## pad
          4835.70 12393.00 14580.00 10692.00
## roll
          2645.73 6761.31 9309.05 6761.31
```

sheet 836.99 2326.17 2514.82 1864.94

```
barplot(m, beside = TRUE, col = c("sienna", "peachpuff3", "slategray3", "thistle4"), xlab = "store r
egion",ylab ="total sale" )
mtext( text = " Total sale by region for each watercolor paper type", side = 3, line = 1, cex =
1, adj=0.5)
legend('topleft', legend = c('Block', 'Pad', 'Roll', 'Sheet'), lwd = 2, lty = 1, bty = "n",
      col = c("sienna", "peachpuff3", "slategray3", "thistle4"), cex=0.75)
#answer 4: For watercolor only, how are the total sales of the different paper types similar or
different for each store?
# for watercolor, the total sales of the different paper types is different for each store
#plot 5
str(art)
                  10000 obs. of 9 variables:
## 'data.frame':
                     "2012-01-03" "2012-01-03" "2012-01-03" "2012-01-04" ...
## $ date
             : chr
              ## $ year
             : chr "Qiaoli" "Qiaoli" "Barakat" "Thomas" ...
## $ rep
              : chr "Portland" "Portland" "Portland" "Davenport" ...
## $ store
             : chr "watercolor" "drawing" "drawing" "watercolor" ...
## $ paper
## $ paper.type: chr "pad" "roll" "pads" "pad" ...
## $ unit.price: num 12.2 21 10.3 12.2 10.3 ...
## $ units.sold: int 1 1 1 2 1 1 16 2 1 1 ...
## $ total.sale: num 12.2 21 10.3 24.3 10.3 ...
art.davenport = subset(art, art$store =="Davenport")
str(art.davenport)
                  1668 obs. of 9 variables:
## 'data.frame':
                     "2012-01-04" "2012-01-04" "2012-01-04" "2012-01-05" ...
## $ date : chr
## $ year
             : chr "Thomas" "Mohit" "Mohit" "Thomas" ...
## $ rep
             : chr "Davenport" "Davenport" "Davenport" ...
## $ store
## $ paper
             : chr "watercolor" "drawing" "watercolor" "drawing" ...
## $ paper.type: chr "pad" "pads" "pad" "journal" ...
## $ unit.price: num 12.2 10.3 12.2 24.9 24.9 ...
## $ units.sold: int 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 ...
## $ total.sale: num 24.3 20.5 48.6 24.9 24.9 ...
table(art.davenport$rep)
##
```

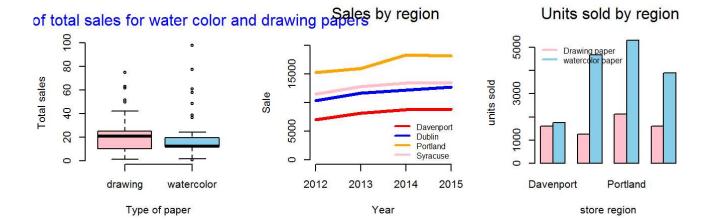
Mohit Thomas

667

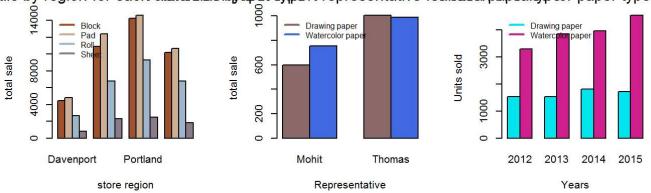
1001

##

```
m = tapply(art.davenport$units.sold,list(art.davenport$paper,art.davenport$rep ),sum)
View(m)
barplot(m, beside = TRUE, col = c("rosybrown4", "royalblue"),xlab = "Representative",ylab = "total
mtext( text = " Total sales by Davenport representative for each paper type", side = 3, line =
1, cex = 1, adj=0.5)
legend('topleft', legend = c('Drawing paper','Watercolor paper'), lwd = 2, lty = 1, bty ="n",
       col =c("rosybrown4", "royalblue"),cex=0.75)
#answer 5:In the Davenport store, do the sales representatives tend to sell the same amounts of
water color and drawing paper?
#No, the representaives of davenport do not tend to sell the same amounts of water color and dra
wing paper
#plot 6
m=tapply(art$units.sold,list(art$paper,art$year),sum)
#View(m)
barplot(m, beside = TRUE, col = c("turquoise2", "violetred"),xlab ="Years",ylab ="Units sold" )
mtext( text = "Variation in sales for paper types by years", side = 3, line = 1, cex = 1, adj=0.
5)
legend('topleft', legend = c('Drawing paper', 'Watercolor paper'), lwd = 2, lty = 1, bty = "n", ce
x = 0.75,
       col = c("turquoise2", "violetred"))
```







#answer 6: Over the years, does the ratio of units sold for water color and drawing paper stay t he same? Is one growing while the other stays constant? # watercolor increases, but drawing paper stays same for 2 years and then increases and then dec

reses.