	ana a	Laingi	114	b-1	-1-1	I +		1.	4			ıl :
categ	egory	description	rad is called 'radian'	symbol rad	plain text rad	natural O	coherent	base	derived	core	geometrical	remarks
		plane angle	rad is called 'steradian'	rad ²	rad^2	0	0	0	0		0	1
		logarithm of Napier's constant	'naper'	naper	naper	Ö	Ö	0				
base units that are natural units			substance name	substance symbol	substance symbol							The SI noted "when the mole is used, the elementary entities must be
		reciprocal Avogadro constant (N_A^{-1})	(ex.Carbon dioxide)	(ex. CO ₂)	(ex. CO_2)	0	0	0				specified and may be atoms, molecules, ions, electrons, other particles, or
				mol		Ĭ	Ŭ	Ŭ				specified groups of such particles."
			or 'natural mole'		mol_n	_	_	_				
		natural unit of impedance	'natural Ohm' or 'nohm'	Ω _n , Z _{P or} nh	O_n, Z_P or nh	0	0	0				
base units that are not natural units		harmonic meter	harmonic meter or 'harmon'	$\mathbf{m_h}$ or $\mathbf{h}\mathbf{m}$	m_h or hm		0	0		0	0	If a unit is omitted after square or cube, the unit shall be deemed to as harmonic meter(α , exquere(β) expresses square harmonic meter', and cube(cb)' expresses subic harmonic meter). A square harmonic sub meter ($=(10^{+}m_{b})^{2}$) is symbolized as sh^{2} and sub square ($=10^{2}m_{b}^{2}$) is symbolized as ssq . A cubic harmonic sub meter ($=(10^{+}m_{b})^{2}$) is symbolized as sh^{3} and sub cube ($=107^{+}m_{b}^{3}$) is symbolized as sh^{3} and sub cube ($=107^{+}m_{b}^{3}$) is symbolized as sh^{3} .
		harmonic second	'harmonic second' or 'nic'	s _h or nc	s_h or nc		0	0		0		
		harmonic Joule	'harmonic Joule'	\mathbf{J}_{h}	J_h		0	0				The prefix 'effective' is added when the unit is used for equivalent dose. (ex. effective Joule/gram[J_e/g , J_e/g])
		harmonic Kelvin (=10; 4°S)	'harmonic Kelvin'	K _h	K_h		0	0				
derived units of dynamical quantities		harmonic gram	'harmonic gram' or 'looloh'	g _h or QQ	g_h or Ll	 	0		0	0		
		harmonic Watt	'harmonic Watt'	W_h	W_h		0		0			The prefix 'effective' is added when the unit is used for luminous flux. (ex. effective W_{e}, W_{e})
		harmonic Newton	'harmonic Newton'	N _h	N_h	ļ	0		0			
		harmonic Pascal	'harmonic Pascal'	P _h	P_h		0		0			The prefix 'effective' is added when the unit is used for phone pressure. (ex. effective Pascal[Pe, P_e])
derived units of electro- magnetic quantities		universal Coulomb	'universal Coulomb'	Cu	C_u		0		0			The prefix 'universal' shoud be used if the universal unit is equal to the harmonic unit.
		harmonic Ampere	'harmonic Ampere'	A_h	A h	†	0		0			mannonic witt
		harmonic Ørsted	'harmonic Ørsted'	Oh	O_h		Ö		Ö			
		harmonic Gauß	'harmonic Gauß' or 'harmonic Gauss'	G _h	G_h		0		0			
defining constants non-coherent supplementary constants		the Rydberg constant	'Rydberg'	R _∞	R_infinity	0						
		the speed of light in vacuum	'light'	c ₀	c_0	0						
		the quantum of action	'quantum' 'Boltzmann'	h k u	h_bar k_B	0						
		the Boltzmann constant		Ω_1	K_B O_1	0					0	
		total solid angle of a hypersphere	Ω ₂ is called 'sphere' or 'turn'	Ω_2	0_2	0					0	
		logarithm of an integer	f ₁ is called 'bit'	$\mathbf{f}_k \ (k=1,d,4,8,)$	f_1	Ö					_	
			f _d is called 'figure' (d = log12./log2)		f_d	0						
			f ₄ is called 'nibble'		f_4							
			f ₈ is called 'byte'		f_8							
		universal mol	'universal mole' with substance name (ex. universal mole Carbon dioxide)	mol _u substance symbol (ex. mol _u CO ₂)	mol_u substance symbol (ex. mol_u CO_2)							
		elementary electric charge	'electron'	e	e (cx. mor_u co_z)	0						
minor prefixes		10:4	'sub'	s	s	Ť						
		10;-8	'atomic'	-	-							The prefix 'harmonic' can be omitted if the expression includes the prefix 'atomic'.
major prefixes		10;1	'dirac'	D	D							'dirac' is used only when expressing the unit of the Gravitic System with the Harmonic System
		10:4	'super'	S	S				1			Harmonic System.
		10;8	'cosmic'	+	+							The prefix 'harmonic' can be omitted if the expression includes the prefix 'cosmic'.
		2nd power	APT.		2							cosmic.
non-coherent Earth local unit and supplementary constants		3rd power	'ter-'	3	3							
		4th power	'tetra-'	4	4							
		5th power	'penta-'	5	5							
		6th power	hexa-	6	6	}			 			
		7th power the meridian length of the Earth	'hepta-' 'Earth meridian'	7 M v	m E or meridian						0	
		the meridian length of the Earth the rotation period of the Earth	Earth meridian 'Earth solar'								0	
		(at the beginning of year 1900.) the gravitational acceleration of the Earth	'gee of Earth'	S _E	s_E or solar g_E or gee							
	units	difference of thermodynamic temperature and the base point $(0; ^{\circ}S \text{ is correspondent to } 118,2354; K_h)$	'degree S'	°S	deg S					0		the Earth local extension (not part of the Universal Unit System)
non-coherent		2 ⁶ years	'span' (or 'octal century')	span or "\"	span or ""						0	
Earth local		365. 31./128. days	'year'	y or a	y or a	_					0	
calendar time		1 Ω ₁	'day' 'nic-angle' (or 'octal second')	day na	day na	0					0	
		10; 3×2 ⁻⁷ (1/(1728.×128.)) day									0	100; times least valued currency unit for each country(or economic group)
out of the Universal Unit System		100; times least valued currency unit 10; harmon	'mon' with country name league'	mon country name	mon_country name						0	Its value is distinguished by attaching the name of country after 'mon'.
		10; narmon 10; harmon	'uncia'	un	un						0	10; harmon may be bicia, 10; harmon may be tricia,
		10;-8 light	'atol'	al	al		0		0		0	2.51 km/h
		1,					_		_			