#### **Tables**

#### Table 1 Units with special names and symbols<sup>1</sup>

ALL VALUES DECIMAL

	Unit Catagory	Dimension	The Universal Unit Systems						
	Unit Category			Rydberg constant(u)	Harmoni	Harmonic System (h)			
	base units	length	$m_{\rm u}$	272.102883 mm	$m_{h  or}  hm^2$	272.352206	mm		
	that are not	time	Su	390.267520 ms	Sh or nc	390.625115	ms		
	natural units	energy	$J_{\mathrm{u}}$	64.143274 mJ	$J_h$	64.084555	mJ		
		temperature <sup>3</sup>	Ku	58.441061 μK	K <sub>h</sub>	58.387561	μK		
	base units	plane angle	rad	$(2/\pi)$ arc $\sin(1)$		·			
	that are	logarithm	neper	log(e)					
t	natural units	amount of	mol <sub>n</sub> or	mol / 6.022140857 × 10. <sup>23.</sup>					
Coherent		substance	$N_{ m A}^{-1}$						
Coh		impedance	$\Omega_n$ or	$29.9792458~\Omega~(=1 sr/(\epsilon_0 c_0)^{-4}, is called 'nohm')$					
			$Z_{ m P}$						
	derived units of	charge	$C_{\mathrm{u}}$	28.896578 mC					
	electromagnetic	electric current	$A_{\mathrm{u}}$	74.043000 mA	$A_h$	73.975218	mA		
	quantities	field strength	E <sub>u</sub> 5	272.113986 mA/m	E <sub>h</sub>	271.616004	mA/m		
		flux density	G <sub>u</sub> <sup>5</sup>	390.283444 mC/m	G <sub>h</sub>	389.569207	mC/m <sup>2</sup>		
	derived units of	mass	$g_{\mathrm{u}}$	131.950080 g	$g_{h \text{ or }} \ell \ell$	131.829287	g		
	dynamical	power	$\mathbf{W}_{\mathrm{u}}$	164.357194 mW	$W_h$	164.056412	mW		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please see also http://www.asahi-net.or.jp/~dd6t-sg/univunit-e/units.pdf and https://www.tapatalk.com/groups/dozensonline/the-universal-unit-system-and-its-notaions-t371.html#p40 80904 for details. A web-based unit converter is available at http://hosi.org:8080/cgi-bin/conv.cgi . This converter also teaches us the representation of units that belong to various unit systems.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  'harmon(hm)', 'nic(nc)', 'looloh( $\ell\ell$ )', and 'nohm( $\Omega_n$ )' constitutes a quartet. These are the alias for common use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The unit of thermodynamic temperature has been changed. The new unit is one-1,0000;<sup>th</sup> of the old unit in the paper http://dozenal.com along with the introduction of the Earth local extension.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  If we adopt the elementary charge as one of the definition constants,  $\Omega_u$  is used in substitution for  $\Omega_n$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The unit symbol E(Ørsted) and G(Gauß) are associated with the units of CGS unit system. In this paper, we adopt the metric unit names named after the scientists' name as it is. However, an alternative proposal to replace them with the names of the goddesses with the same initials have (i.e., Joule→Juno, Watt→ Walküre, Newton→Nereide, Pascal→Polymnia, Coulomb→Clio, Ampere→Aoide, Ørsted→Erato, Gauß →Gaea, Kelvin→Korē) also been proposed.

		c		225 521 625		225 220205
	quantities	force	$N_{\rm u}$	235.731697 mN	N <sub>h</sub>	235.300297 mN
		Pressure	Pu	3.183843 Pa	$P_h$	3.172201 Pa
ent	defining constants	wave number	$R_{\infty}$	10,973,731.568508/	3/m ( is call	ed 'Rydberg')
here		velocity	$c_0$	299,792,458 m/s (de	lefined, and i	s called 'light')
Non-coherent		action	ħ	$1.054571800 \times 10^{-3}$	$_{^{-34}\cdot \mathrm{J_S}}$ ( is calle	d 'quantum')
Nc		heat capacity	1.38064852×1023.J/K ( is called 'Boltzmann')			
	supplementary	the total solid	$\Omega_k$	$\frac{k+1}{2}$		k=0,1, 2
	constants	angle of a		$\frac{2\pi^{\frac{k+1}{2}}}{\Gamma(\frac{k+1}{2})}  \text{ra}$	$\mathrm{ad}^k$	$\Omega_0=2$ $\Omega_1=2\pi \text{ rad}  \text{(cycle)}$
t		hypersphere		$\Gamma(\overline{2})$		$\Omega_1$ =2 $\pi$ rad (cycle) $\Omega_2$ =4 $\pi$ sr (turn)
Non-coherent		logarithm of an	$f_k$	$\log(2^k)$	k=1(bit).	d(figure), 4(nibble), 8(byte),
coh		integer				$d = log_2(12.)$
Non-		amount of	mol <sub>u</sub>	132.007618 m	nol	$(=12.^{24.}/N_{\rm A})$
		substance				
		elementary	e	1.6021766208×1	10. <sup>-19.</sup> C	$(\alpha h)$
		charge				$(=\sqrt{\frac{\alpha_n}{\alpha_n}})$

Table 2 Physical, material and astronomical constants<sup>6</sup>

ALL VALUES DOZENAL

Constant Symbols and Name		Constant Valu	Expone	Unit	
	•	the Universa	nt N	Symbol	
	UNDERLINE INDICATES CONSTANT  1AINTAINS SAME VALUE BETWEEN	with the	Harmonic	of×	(u and h
IV.	SYSTEMS u AND h)	Rydberg	System (h)	10; <sup>N</sup>	suffixes
	STSTEMS (LAND II)	constant (u)			omitted)
$R_{\infty}$	Rydberg constant	1	1;00170000	6;	$\Omega_{l}/m$
$c_0$	the speed of light in vacuum	1		8;	m/s
$\hbar$	quantum of action	1		-26;	J s
$k_{\mathrm{B}}$	Boltzmann constant	1		-20;	J/K
$N_{\rm A}$	Avogadro constant	1		20;	mol <sup>-1</sup>
R	gas constant	1		0;	J/(mol K)
и	unified atomic mass unit	1;0009061	1;0024073	-20;	g <sup>7</sup>
$a_{\mathrm{B}}$	Bohr Radius	1;005E85686	1;00447X740	-9;	m
α fine structure constant		1;07399405		-2;	-
e	elementary charge	1;0374439E		-14;	С

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6}$  If CODATA (2014) values are required, see http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/Constants/index.html .

 $<sup>^7</sup>$  Because  $g_u$  is approximately 100;  $^{10;}$  u, I add alias name 'looloh'(lú:lov/əv) to  $g_h.$ 

$m_{\rm e}$	electron mass	0;E469222	0;E48324X	-23;	g
σ	Stefan-Boltzmann constant	1;E82E28	-1E;	W/(m <sup>2</sup> K <sup>4</sup> )	
$m_{G}$	gravitic meter $(\sqrt{2E}; l_P)$	1;0018	1;0001	-27;	m
$l_{\mathrm{P}}$	Planck length	2;0445	2;0413	-28;	m
$F_{\mathrm{P}}$	Planck force $(\hbar c_0/l_{\rm P}^2)$	2;XE23	2;XEE5(≑ 2;E) <sup>8</sup>	35;	N
G	Newtonian constant of gravitation $(c_0^4/F_P)$	4;1574	4;1463	-X;	$(m^4/s^4)/N$
$ heta_{ m W}$	weak mixing angle	E;304		-2;	$\Omega_1$
$V_{ m m}$	molar volume of an ideal gas	1;02X468	1;025664	2;	m³/mol
	under standard conditions				
	black-body radiation at the ice point	0;EX2462	0;EX8780	2;	$W/m^2$
	maximum density of water	1;088184	1;092X47 (\(\disp 15;\text{/14;}\)	2;	g/m <sup>3</sup>
	density of ice at the ice point	0;E7E9	0;E85E	2;	$g/m^3$
	specific heat of water <sup>9</sup>	0;6052	0;6045 (\(\dip 1/2\))	0;	J/(g K)
	surface tension of water at 25°C	0;EE68	0;EEE4	-1;	N/m
atm	standard atmosphere	1;65008E	1;659967 (\$\div 1;66)	4;	P
gn	standard gravitational acceleration	5;5X54XE9	5;5E21264 (≑ E;/2)	0;	m/s <sup>2</sup>
$r_{ m E}$	gravitational radius of Earth	2;41E8982X13	2;4180306534	-2;	m
011	astronomical unit	8;X67575537	8;X55509X33	X;	m
au	astronomical unit	9;E91731X53		-3;	$c_0 s_{\rm E}  {\rm day}$

## **Table 3 Power prefixes**

name	symbol	Plain text	value	name	symbol	Plain text	value
dirac 10		D	10;				
hyper		Н	10;4	sub	S		10;-4
cosmic	+	_+	10;8(=U)	atomic	-	١.	U ·1
di-cosmic	2+	_2+	U <sup>2</sup>	di-atomic	2-	_2-	U -2
ter-cosmic	3+	_3+	U <sup>3</sup>	ter-atomic	33-		U -3
tetra-cosmic	4+	_4+	U <sup>4</sup>	tetra-atomic	4-	_4-	U -4
penta-cosmic	5+	_5+	U <sup>5</sup>	penta-atomic	5-	_5-	U -5
hexa-cosmic	6+	_6+	U <sup>6</sup>	hexa-atomic	66-		U -6

 $<sup>^{8}</sup>$  If this is expressed as 2;E, the error from CODATA (2014) becomes -2;53(-2.44) times standard deviation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> This corresponds to the definition of the thermodynamic calorie.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> 'dirac' is only used when expressing the unit of the Gravitic System with the Harmonic System. (i.e., gravitic meter = tetra-atomic dirac harmon, gravitic second = penta-atomic dirac nic, gravitic gram = atomic dirac looloh)

hepta-cosmic	7+	_7+	U <sup>7</sup>	hepta-atomic	7-	_7-	U -7
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# Table 4 Examples of natural scale quantity representation 11

quantity symbol		value	refer to	
2E; penta-cosmic Newton	2E;5+N	2E;×U <sup>5</sup> [harmonic] Newton	the Planck force	
6;di-cosmic nic	6; 2+nc	6;×U <sup>2</sup> [harmo]nic[second]	the age of the universe	
cosmic hyper bit [Boltzmann]	$_{+}\mathrm{Hf}_{1}[k_{\mathrm{B}}]$	U <sup>1@4</sup> log2 <sup>1</sup> [Boltzmann]	1.01 Tera Byte(=2 <sup>43</sup> ·bit)	
cosmic harmon	+hm	U <sup>1</sup> harmon[ic meter]	the speed of light in vacuum	
unino atomic harmon	0;1-hm	U <sup>-1@1</sup> harmon[ic meter]	the Bohr radius	
di-atomic Coulomb	2- <b>C</b>	U-2 [universal] Coulomb	the elementary charge	
di-atomic effective Watt 12	2-W <sub>e</sub>	U <sup>-2</sup> [harmonic]effective Watt	a photon power (540.THz)	
ter-atomic looloh	3-ll	U <sup>-3</sup> looloh	the unified atomic mass unit	
2; tetra-atomic harmon	2; <sub>4-</sub> hm	2;×U <sup>-4</sup> harmon[ic meter]	the Planck length	

## Table 5 The Earth local extension for the Harmonic Universal Unit System

cate	gory	name / description	symbol	plain text	value		
Non-	units	clock	c (terno clock→tc)		2 <sup>-7</sup> day		
coherent calendar		day	d (terno day→td)		$1 \Omega_1$ 'day' corresponds to 86,400. s at the beginning of year 1900.		
time		year		or a	365.days 31.clocks		
		span (or octal century)	spar	1 or """	64. years		
Non-		difference between	°H	deg H	1,0000; $K_h$ ( $\pm 1.210724 \text{ K} \pm 23./19. \text{ K}$ )		
coherent		thermodynamic temperature and			100; 0000°H is 99.9839 °C		
unit and		118,2354; $K_h (\doteqdot -74.36^{\circ}C)$			78;0000°H is 37.0262°C		
constants		approximate formula			61;0000°H is 14.0224°C		
		$C = \frac{1E;}{17;}$ °H-62;4			51;5026°H is 0.0000°C		
					99.9839 °C is the boiling point of		
					water at the standard atmosphere.		
	supple- mentary constants	the gravitational acceleration of the Earth (is called 'gee [of Earth] ')	$g_{ m E}$	g_E or gee	5;611X615 harmon/nic <sup>2</sup> $g_{\rm E}$ is defined as $c_0^2 r_{\rm E} (m_{\rm E} {\rm \ rad})^{-2}$		
		the rotation period of the Earth (is called '[Earth] solar') at the beginning of year 1900.	$s_{ m E}$	s_E or solar	0;EEEEE153565 nic/terno clock (This should be 'coordinated'.)		
		the meridian length of the Earth (is called '[Earth] meridian')	$m_{ m E}$	m_E or meridian	4124,216E; harmon/ $\Omega_1$		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The part enclosed with '[]' can be omitted in Table 4 and Table 5.

 $W_{e}$  corresponds to 1;di-cosmic photon energy(540.THz) / nic and 115.667210 lumen.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Units for quantity weighted by dimensionless human sensitivity are indicated by 'effective'.