D. Tables

Table 1 Units with special names and symbols¹

ALL VALUES DECIMAL

Unit Category Dimer		Dimension	The Universal Unit Systems						
	Unit Category	Difficusion	with the l	with the Rydberg constant(u) Harmonic System (\pm)					
	base units	length	um	272.102883	mm	$\pm h^{-2}$	272.352206 mm		
	that are not	time	uS	390.267520	ms	$\pm n$	390.625115 ms		
	natural units	energy	$_{\mathrm{u}}\mathrm{J}$	64.143275	mJ	$_{\pm}J$	64.084556 mJ		
		temperature ³	uК	58.441041	μΚ	$\pm K$	58.387542 μK		
	base units	plane angle	rad	$(2/\pi)$ arc $\sin(1)$					
ıt	that are	logarithm	neper	log(e)					
Coherent	natural units	amount of	₄mol or	mol / 6.02214076×10. ^{23.}					
Coh		substance	$N_{ m A}^{-1}$	In this context ' \mathfrak{h} ' is equivalent to '3-' and \mathfrak{h} mol is called 'natural mol.'					
		impedance	βΩ or	29.979245796	$29.979245796 \Omega (=1 \text{sr/}(\epsilon_0 c_0)^{-4})$				
			$Z_{ m P}$	${}_{\natural}\Omega$ is called 'natural ohm' or more simply 'nohm.'					
	derived units of	charge	$\pm C$	28.896578	28.896578 mC (is called 'universal Coulomb' (or 'Cl				
	electromagnetic	electric current	uА	74.043001	mA	$\pm A$	73.975219 mA		
	quantities	field strength	_u E ^{5,6}	272.113988	mA/m	±E	271.616007 mA/m		
		flux density	uТ	390.283447	mC/m ²	$\pm T$	389.569211 mC/m ²		

¹ Please see also http://www.asahi-net.or.jp/~dd6t-sg/univunit-e/units.pdf for details. A web-based unit converter is available at http://hosi.org/cgi-bin/conv.cgi . This converter also teaches us the representation of units that belong to various unit systems.

However, under the <u>Harmonic</u> System, an alternative proposal suggests replacing these units with the names of Muses bearing the same initials — namely, Newton \rightarrow Nete, Pascal \rightarrow (Polymnia \rightarrow)Polym, Coulomb \rightarrow Clio, Ampere \rightarrow Aoide, Ørsted \rightarrow Erato, Tesla \rightarrow Thalia, and Kelvin \rightarrow Kalliope. This proposal has two advantages: (1) it does not honor any individual, and (2) it allows the omission of redundant 'harmonic' terms. The unit converter for this proposal is available at http://hosi.org/cgi-bin/conv_muse.cgi.

This proposal also renames units for which no corresponding Muse is found, such as **Joule** \rightarrow **Juno**, Watt \rightarrow (Walküre \rightarrow)**Walku**, **naper** \rightarrow (Nephelē \rightarrow)**nephe**, **dirac** \rightarrow **diana**, and Ω hm \rightarrow Ω (**Omega**). Since no suitable Muse exists for Joule, Watt, or naper, the proposal instead borrows names from Roman, Norse, and Greek mythology. Moreover, because of the electromagnetic symmetry required to pair ${}_{\natural}\Omega$ and Ω_2 (see the 3rd part of p.14), ' Ω (Omega)' is adopted without a Muse equivalent.

² 'harmon'($_{\pm}$ h), 'nic'($_{\pm}$ n), 'looloh'⁸($_{\pm}$ l, 'l' can also be a cursive ' $_{\parallel}$ ' (x2113)), and 'nohm'($_{\pm}$ Ω) constitutes a quartet. These are the alias for common use.

³ The unit of thermodynamic temperature has been changed. The new unit is one-1,0000;th of the old unit in the paper http://dozenal.com along with the introduction of the Earth local extension.

⁴ If we adopt the elementary charge as one of the definition constants, $\pm\Omega$ is used in substitution for ${}^{\text{t}}\Omega$.

 $^{^5}$ See electromagnetic units in Appendix E and §3.2.2 of the paper http://dozenal.com, and http://www.asahi-net.or.jp/~dd6t-sg/univunit-e/electromagnetism.pdf .

⁶ The unit symbol E (Ørsted) is associated with the CGS system. In this paper, we adopt metric unit names based on the scientists' names as is.

	derived units of	mass	ug	131.950082 g	±1 (x006C)	131.829289	g		
	dynamical	power	uW	164.357196 mW	$\pm W$	164.056415	mW		
	quantities	force	$_{\mathrm{u}}\mathrm{N}$	235.731701 mN	$_{\pm}N$	235.300301	mN		
		Pressure	uР	3.183843 Pa	$_{\pm}P$	3.172201	Pa		
	defining constants	wave number	R_{∞}	10,973,731.568157/m	(is called 'I	Rydberg')			
		velocity	c_0 or φ	299,792,458 m/s (defined, and is called 'light')					
		action	\hbar	$6.62607015 \times 10.^{-34} \text{Js/}2\pi$ (is called 'quantum')					
		heat capacity	k_{B}	1.380649×10^{-23} J/K (is	s called 'Bol	ltzmann')			
+2	supplementary	the total solid	Ω_k	$2\pi^{\frac{k+1}{2}}$),1, 2				
eren	constants	angle of a		$\frac{2\pi^{\frac{k+1}{2}}}{\Gamma(\frac{k+1}{2})} \text{rad}^k$	Ω_0	=2 =2π rad (is calle	od 'ovolo')		
Non-coherent		hypersphere		$I'(\frac{1}{2})$		=2π rad (is calle =4π sr (is calle			
-lov		logarithm of an	f_k	$\log(2^k)$ k		gure), 4(nibble),			
		integer			d=le	$og_2(12.)$			
		amount of	±mol	132.007620 mol (=		$(=12.^{24.}/N_{\rm A})$			
		substance		(±mol is called 'universal mo					
		elementary	e	$1.6021766340 \times 10^{-19}$	·C	αħ			
		charge		(e is called 'electron') (= 1	$(\overline{\Omega_n})$			

Table 2 Physical, material and astronomical constants⁷

ALL VALUES DOZENAL

Constant Symbols and Name		Constant Valu	Expone	Unit	
		the Universa	nt N	Symbol	
,	UNDERLINE INDICATES CONSTANT IAINTAINS SAME VALUE BETWEEN	with the Harmonic		of×	(u and h
IV.		Rydberg	lberg System (h)		prefixes
	SYSTEMS u AND h)	constant (u)			omitted)
R_{∞}	Rydberg constant	1	1;00170000	6;	Ω_1/m
c_0	the speed of light in vacuum	1	8;	m/s	
ħ	quantum of action	1	-26;	J s	
k_{B}	Boltzmann constant	1		-20;	J/K
$N_{\rm A}$	Avogadro constant	1		20;	mol ⁻¹
R	gas constant	1		0;	J/(mol K)
и	unified atomic mass unit	1;00090610	1;00240733	-20;	g 8
a_{B}	Bohr Radius	1;005E85684	1;00447X74	-9;	m
α	fine structure constant	1;0739940472		-2;	-

 $^{^7\,}$ If CODATA (2022) values are required, see http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/Constants/index.html .

⁸ Because ug is approximately $100;^{10}; u$, I add alias name 'looloh'(lú:loʊ/əʊ, ±l) to mass unit of the Harmonic System.

e	elementary charge	1;0374439E14		-14;	С
m_{e}	electron mass	0;E4692217E0	0;E48324X245	-23;	g
σ	Stefan-Boltzmann constant	1;E82E28	1;E82E28		W/(m ² K ⁴)
m _G	gravitic meter $(\sqrt{2E}; l_P)$	1;00186	1;00016	-27;	m
l_{P}	Planck length	2;0445E	2;04134	-28;	m
F_{P}	Planck force $(\hbar c_0/l_P^2)$	2;XE206	2;XEE32(\(\div 2;E)^9\)	35;	N
G	Newtonian constant of gravitation (c_0^4/F_P)	4;15768	4;14663	-X;	$(m^4/s^4)/N$
$ heta_{ m W}$	weak mixing angle	E;304		-2;	Ω_1
V_{m}	molar volume of an ideal gas	1;02X469	1;025665	2;	m³/mol
	under standard conditions				
	black-body radiation at the ice point	0;EX2466	0;EX8784	2;	W/m ²
	maximum density of water	1;088183	1;092X47 (\(\disp 15;\text{/14;}\)	2;	g/m ³
	density of ice at the ice point	0;E7E9	0;E85E	2;	g/m ³
	specific heat of water ¹⁰	0;6052	0;6045 (\(\disp 1/2\))	0;	J/(g K)
	surface tension of water at 25°C	0;EE68	0;EEE4	-1;	N/m
atm	standard atmosphere	1;65008E	1;659967 (\$\div 1;66)	4;	P
gn	standard gravitational acceleration	5;5X54XE9	5;5E21264 (≑ E;/2)	0;	m/s ²
$r_{ m E}$	gravitational radius of Earth	2;41E8982X0X	2;418030652	-2;	m
011	astronomical unit	8;X67575535	8;X55509X31	X;	m
au	astronomical unit	9;E91731X53		-3;	$c_0 s_{\rm E} {\rm day}$

Table 3 Power prefixes

THE PLANTS							
name	symbol	T _E X text	value	name	symbol	T _E X text	value
dirac ¹¹	∜ ♯	dirac	10;				
hyper	# (x266F)	hyper	10;4	sub	♭ (x266D)	sub	10;-4
cosmic	+	_+	10;8(=U)	atomic	-		U -1
di-cosmic	2+	_{2+}	U ²	di-atomic	2-	_{2-}	U -2
ter-cosmic	3+	_{3+}	U ³	ter-atomic	3-	_{3-}	U -3
tetra-cosmic	4+	_{4+}	U ⁴	tetra-atomic	4-	_{4-}	U -4
penta-cosmic	5+	_{5+}	U ⁵	penta-atomic	5-	_{5-}	U -5
hexa-cosmic	6+	_{6+}	U 6	hexa-atomic	6-	_{6-}	U -6
hepta-cosmic	7+	_{7+}	U ⁷	hepta-atomic	7-	_{7-}	U ⁻⁷

 $^{^{9}}$ If this is expressed as 2;E, the error from CODATA (2018) becomes -6;61(-6.51) times standard deviation.

¹⁰ This corresponds to the definition of the thermodynamic calorie.

¹¹ 'dirac' is only used when expressing the unit of the Gravitic System with the Harmonic System. (i.e., gravitic meter = tetra-atomic dirac harmon, gravitic second = penta-atomic dirac nic, gravitic gram = atomic dirac looloh)

Table 4 Examples of natural scale quantity representation 12

quantity symbol		value	refer to	
2E; penta-cosmic Newton 2E;5+N		2E;×U ⁵ [harmonic] Newton	the Planck force	
6;di-cosmic nic	6; ₂₊ n	6;×U ² [harmo]nic[second]	the age of the universe	
cosmic hyper bit [Boltzmann]	$+#f_1[k_B]$	U ^{1@4} log2 ¹ [Boltzmann]	1.01 Tera Byte(=2 ⁴³ .bit)	
cosmic harmon	₊ h	U ¹ harmon[ic meter]	the speed of light in vacuum	
ato[mic]l[ight]	-γ	harmon[ic meter]/ [harmo]nic[second]	U ⁻¹ light(≑2.51 km / hour)	
atomic unino[]h[armon]	1; '[0]-h ¹³	U ^{-1@1} harmon[ic meter]	the Bohr radius	
di-atomic Coulomb	2-C	U ⁻² [universal] Coulomb	the elementary charge	
di-atomic effective Watt 14	$_{2}$ - $\overline{\mathbf{W}}$	U ⁻² [harmonic]effective Watt	a photon power (540.THz)	
ter-atomic looloh	3-1	U ⁻³ looloh	the unified atomic mass unit	
2; tetra-atomic harmon	2; 4-h	2;×U ⁻⁴ harmon[ic meter]	the Planck length	

Table 5 The Earth local extension for the Harmonic Universal Unit System

cate	gory	name / description	symbol	plain text	value
Non-	units	year month	☼ (x263C) ೨ (x263D)	year month	$\math{3}$ =365.days 31.nodus (265; $^{\circ}$ 27; $\math{2}$ $\math{3}$ =10; $^{-1}$ $\math{3}$ $\math{3}$
coherent calendar time	day		5 _(x00B0) 7 _(x2032) π _(x2033) π _(x2034)	day unitia ditia tertia	Ω_1 =1 $^{\circ}$ =10; $^{\gamma}$ =100; $^{\tilde{m}}$ =1000; $^{\tilde{m}}$ 13 'day' corresponds to 86,400. s at the beginning of year 1900. Each calendar time unit symbol is distinguished from existing systems by adding a tilde ("~",x0303) or by superscripting the symbol itself.
nodus terno nodus→terno n(odus)→ternon hexaon nodus→hex(a)O(n) n(odus)→hexc			★ (x2606) ∇ (x25BD) ⑤ (x232C)	nodus ternon hexon	$^{\circ}$ =2 ⁺⁷ $\cancel{\%}$ $\cancel{\nabla}$ =10;-3 $\cancel{\%}$ $\cancel{\emptyset}$ =2 ⁺⁶ $\cancel{\cancel{\heartsuit}}$ =1;003628×10;+6 $\cancel{\%}$
Non- coherent unit and constants		difference between thermodynamic temperature and $T_{E}(=118,2354; {}_{\pm}\text{K (-74.36°C,-101.85°F)})$ $\boxed{ approximate formula } \\ \mathfrak{C} = \frac{1E;}{17;} \mathfrak{C} + 51;5$	°Н	deg H	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	supple- mentary constants the gravitational acceleration of the Earth (is called 'gee [of Earth] ')		$g_{ m E}$	g_E or gee	5;611X615 harmon/nic ² g_E is defined as $c_0^2 r_E (m_E \text{ rad})^{-2}$
		the rotation period of the Earth (is called '[Earth] solar') at the beginning of year 1900.		s_E or solar	0;EEEEE15336X nic/ ternon (This should be 'coordinated'.)
	the meridian length of the Earth (is called '[Earth] meridian')			m_E or meridian	4124,216E; harmon/ Ω_1

The part enclosed with '[]' can be omitted in Table 4 and Table 5.

 $^{^{13}\,}$ This is the notation explained at the end of Appendix C.

 $[\]overline{W}$ corresponds to 1;di-cosmic photon energy(540.THz) / nic and 115.667212 lumen.

¹⁴ Human sensitivity weighted units are indicated by 'effective' and symbolled by overline.

 $[\]overline{W}$ corresponds to 1;di-cosmic photon energy(540.THz) / nic and 115.667212 lumen.