Seminar 12

- 1. Pentru functia $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}, f(x,y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 15x 12y$ si punctul a = (-2, -1),precizati
 - a) $\nabla f(a)$, H(f)(a) si $d^2f(a)$
 - b) natura punctului a.
- 2. Determinati punctele critice si punctele de extrem local (specificand tipul acestora) pentru urmatoarele functii
 - a) $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x, y, z) = 2x^2 xy + 2xz y + y^3 + z^2$ b) $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 2x^2$
- 3. Determinati punctele de extrem conditionat (specificand tipul acestora) si valorile extreme ale functiei f relativ la multimea S indicata (stiind ca aceasta este compacta)

$$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x,y) = (1-x)(1-y), \quad S = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 | x^2 + y^2 = 1\}$$

- 4. Determinati valorile extreme ale urmatoarelor functii relativ la multimea S indicata
 - a) $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$, f(x, y, z) = x + 2y + 3z, $S = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 | x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1\}$ b) $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x, y) = x^2 2xy + 2y$, $S = [0, 2] \times [0, 4]$

Exercitii suplimentare

- 1. Determinati constanta $a \in \mathbb{R}$ pentru care functia $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x,y) = 4x^2 + 4xy + ay^2$ are puncte de extrem local si determinati aceste puncte.
- 2. Justificati ca a = (0,0) este punct critic, dar nu este punct de extrem local al functiei $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}, \ f(x,y) = (x^2 - y)(x^2 - 3y).$
- 3. Determinati punctele critice si punctele de extrem local (specificand tipul acestora) pentru urmatoarele functii
 - a) $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x,y) = x^3 + y^3 3xy$
 - b) $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x, y, z) = x^3 x + y^2 + z^2$

 - b) $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x, y, z) = x x + y + z$ c) $f: (0, \infty) \times \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x, y) = x(y^2 + \ln^2 x)$ d) $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x, y, z) = z^2(1 + xy) + xy$ e) $f: (0, \infty)^2 \to \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x, y) = xy + \frac{8}{x} + \frac{8}{y}$ f) $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x, y) = (1 + e^x) \cos y xe^x$
- 4. Determinati punctele de extrem conditionat (specificand tipul acestora) si valorile extreme ale urmatoarelor functii relativ la multimea S indicata (stiind ca aceasta este compacta)

 - a) $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$, f(x,y) = x + y, $S = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 | x^2 + xy + y^2 = 1\}$ b) $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$, f(x,y,z) = xyz, $S = \{(x,y,z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 | x + y + z = 0, x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1\}$
- 5. Determinati valorile extreme ale functiei f relativ la multimea S indicata

$$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x,y) = xy, \quad S = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 | x^2 + 2y^2 \le 2\}$$

6. Determinati distanta minima in plan de la punctul a = (0, -1) la hiperbola de ecuatie $xy = \sqrt{2}, x > 0, y > 0.$