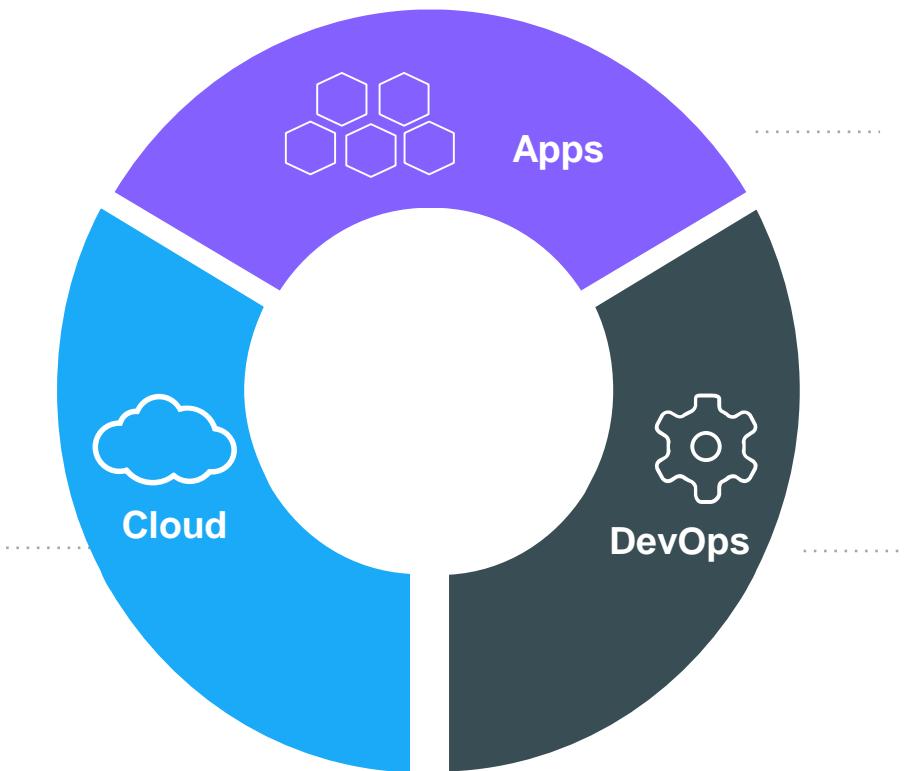


Introduction to Docker



The IT Landscape is Changing



Movement in the cloud



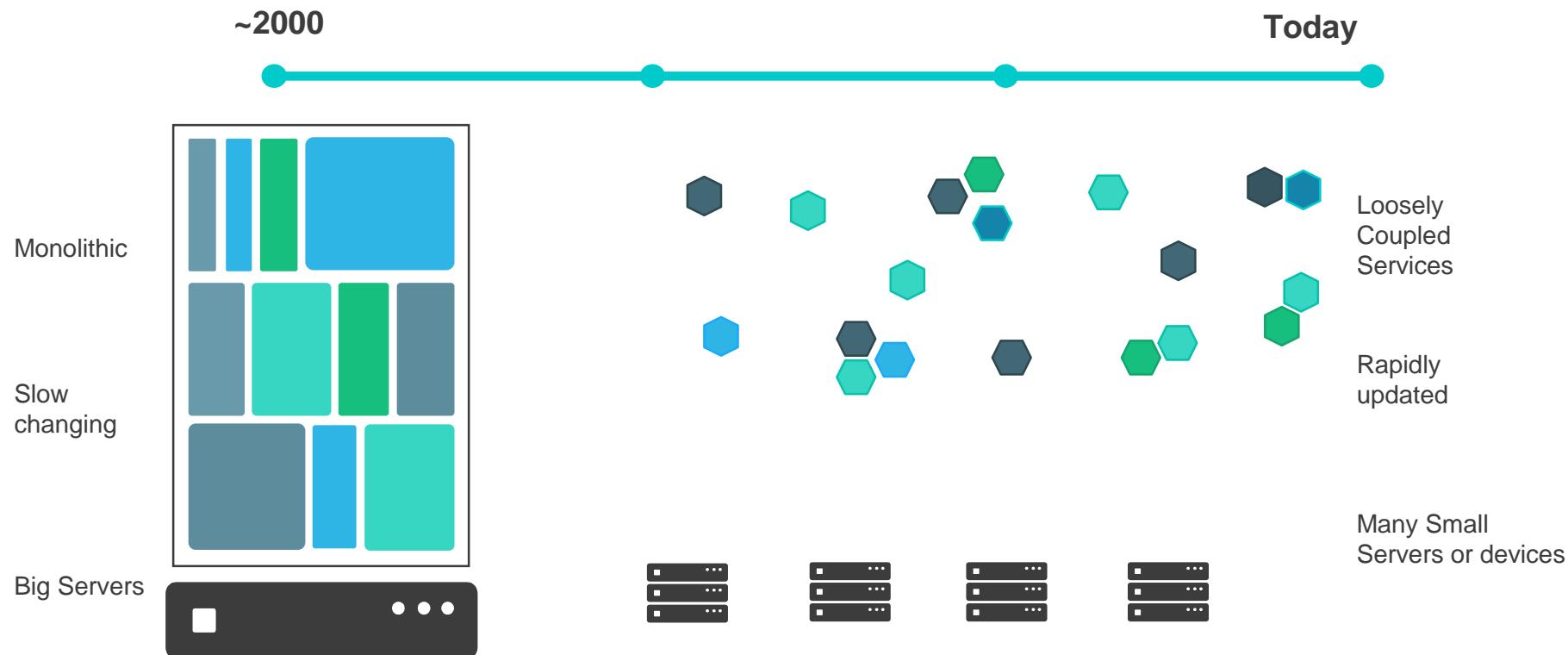
80%

Migrate workloads to cloud

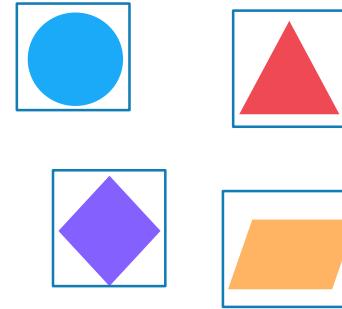
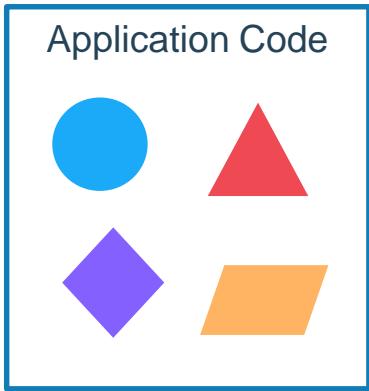
Portability across environments

Want to avoid cloud vendor lock-in

Applications are transforming



Application Modernization



Developer Issues:

- Minor code changes require full re-compile and re-test
- Application becomes single point of failure
- Application is difficult to scale

Microservices: Break application into separate operations

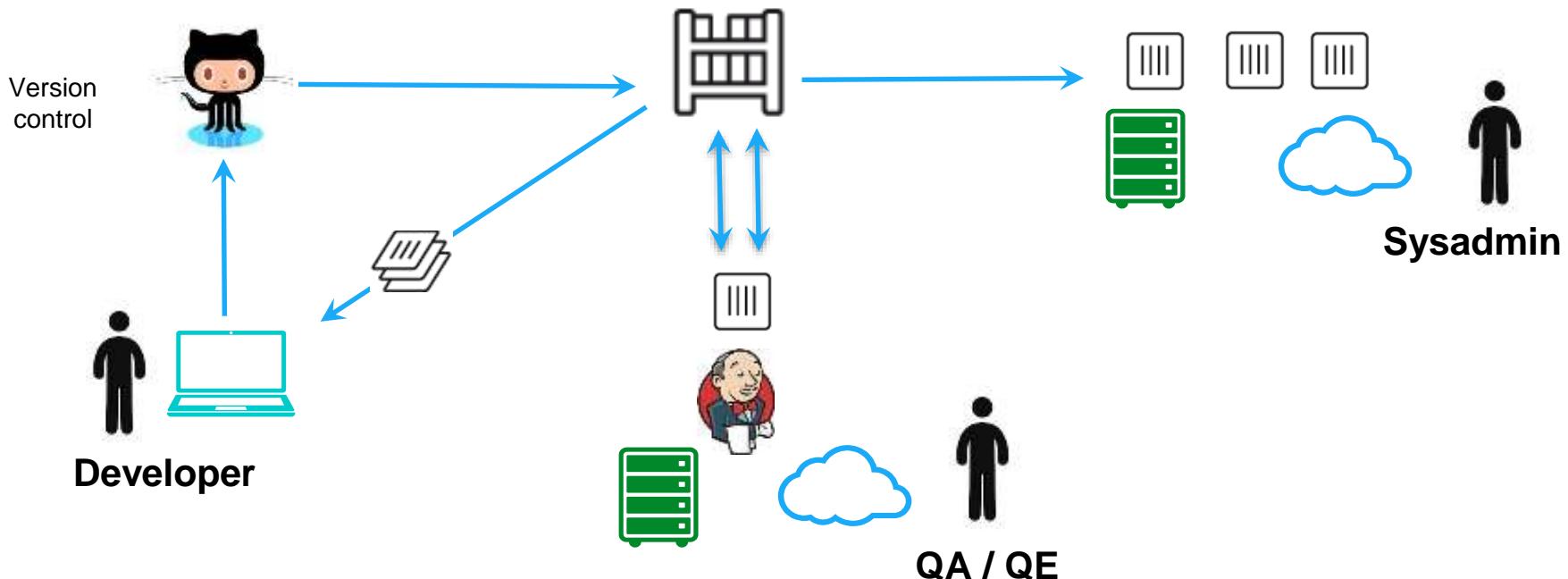
12-Factor Apps: Make the app independently scalable, stateless, highly available by design

Continuous Integration and Delivery

1. Development

2. Test

3. Stage / Production



Tug of War Between Developers and Ops



Developers

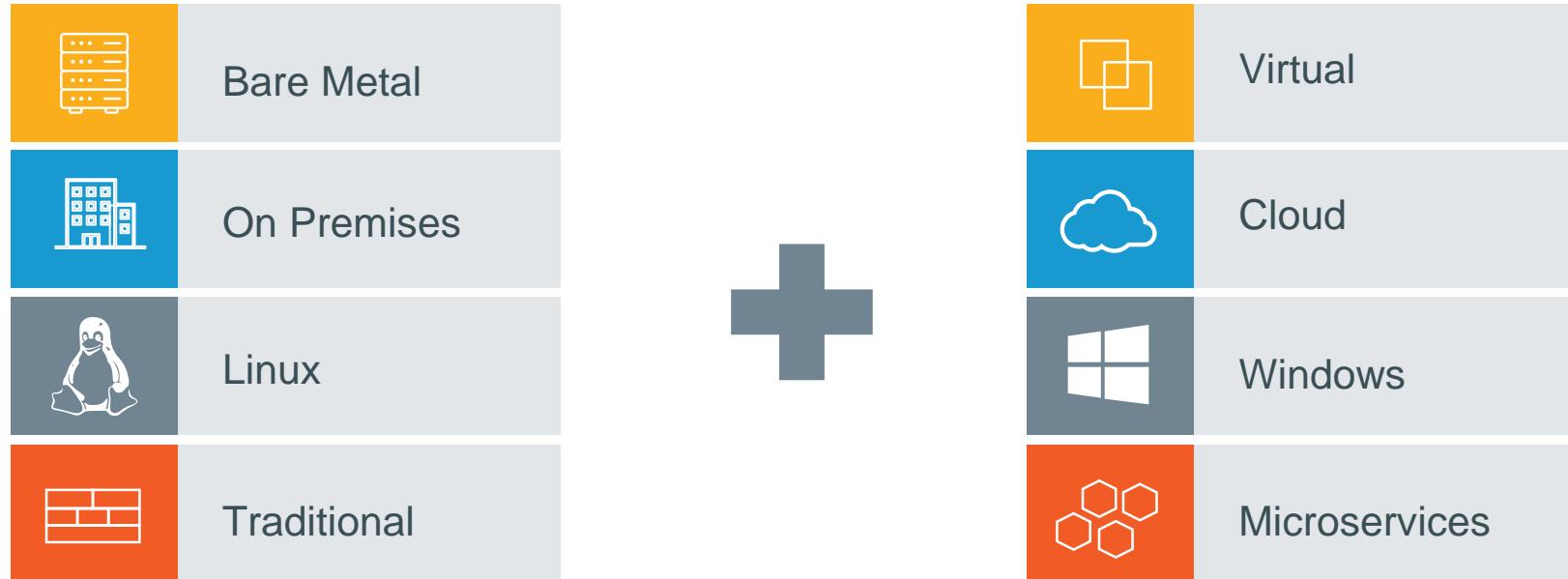
- Freedom to create and deploy apps fast
- Define and package application needs



IT Operations

- Quickly and flexibly respond to changing needs
- Standardize, secure, and manage

Organizations Must Deal with Diverse Technology



...and Diverse Organizations



Developers

- Freedom to create and deploy apps fast
- Define and package application needs



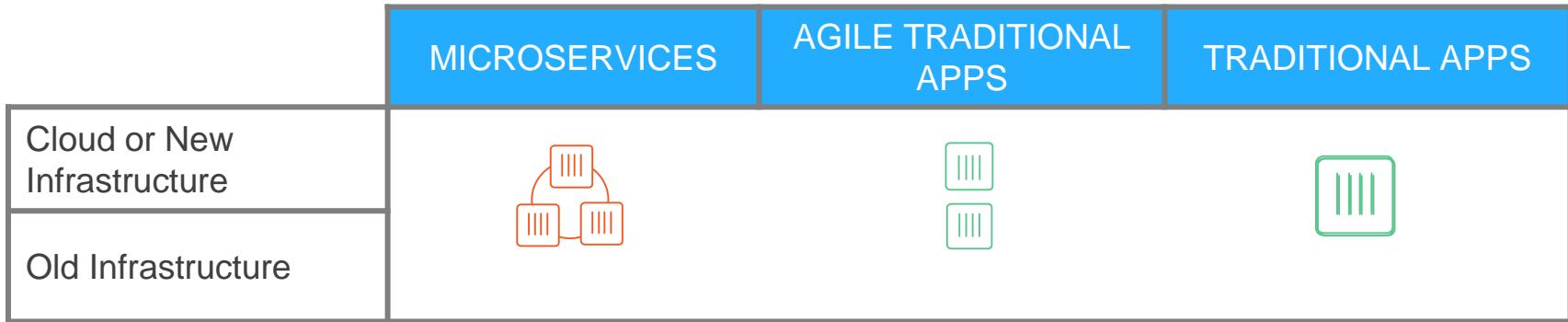
IT Operations

- Quickly and flexibly respond to changing needs
- Standardize, secure, and manage

The Myth of Bi-Modal IT

	MICROSERVICES	TRADITIONAL APPS
Cloud or New Infrastructure	You are either here..	
Old Infrastructure		...or here

Enabling a Journey

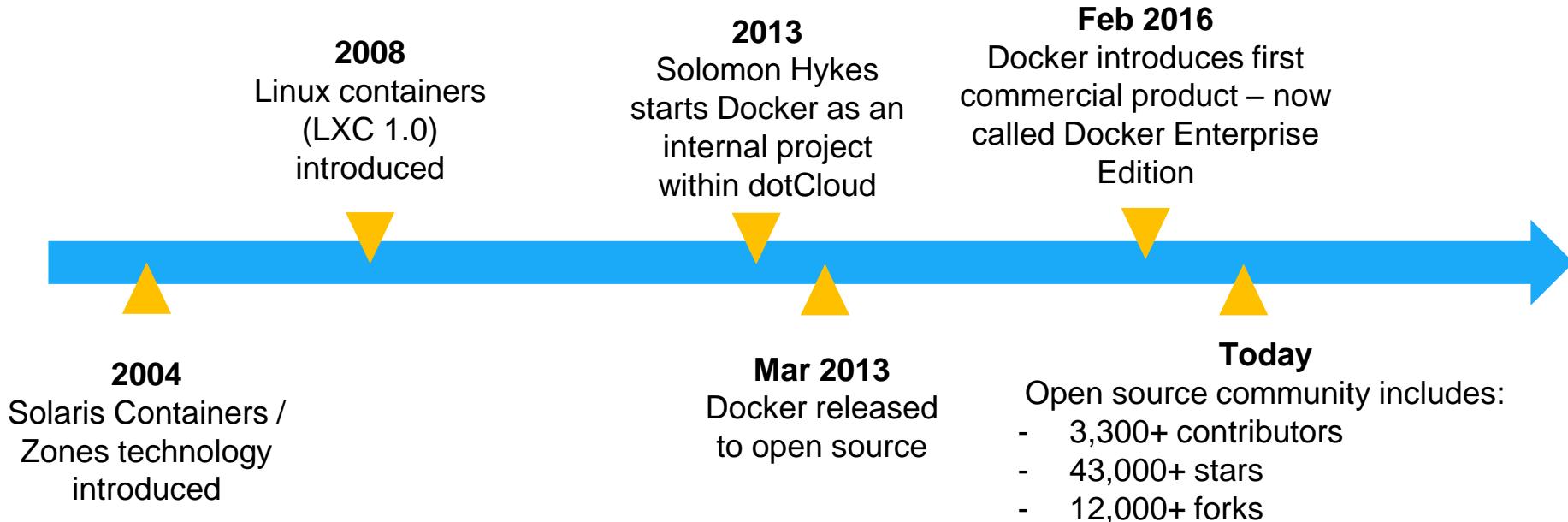


...that is past AND future proof

Docker and Container Overview



History of Docker

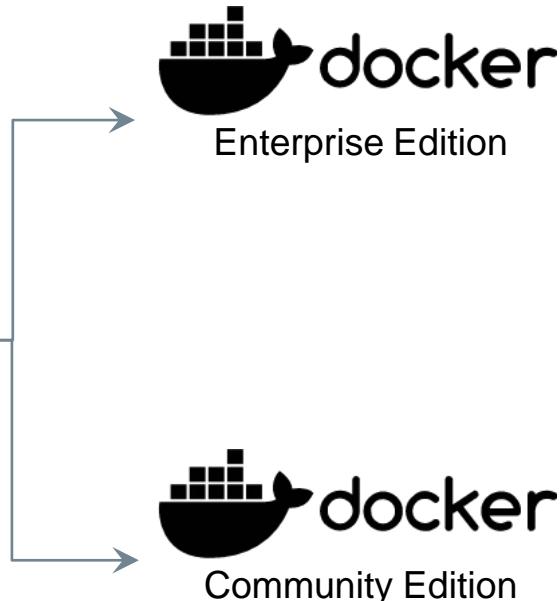


The Docker Family Tree



Open source **framework** for assembling core components that make a container platform

Intended for:
Open source contributors + ecosystem developers



Subscription-based, commercially supported **products** for delivering a secure software supply chain

Intended for:
Production deployments + Enterprise customers

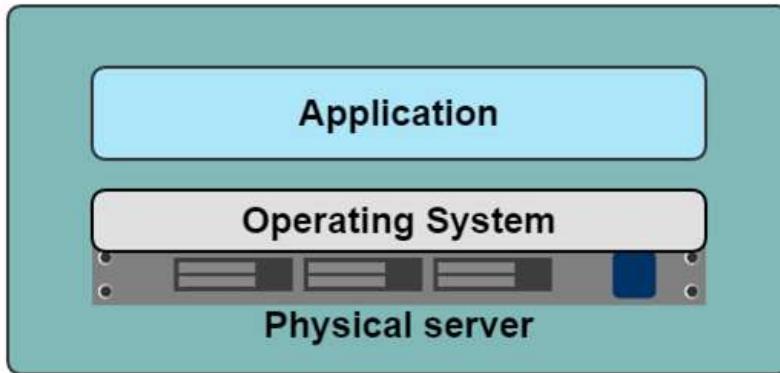
Free, community-supported **product** for delivering a container solution

Intended for:
Software dev & test

A History Lesson

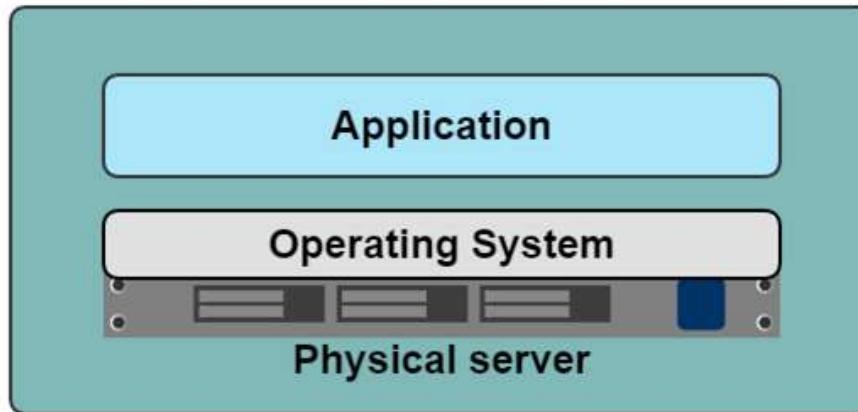
In the Dark Ages

One application on one physical server



Historical limitations of application deployment

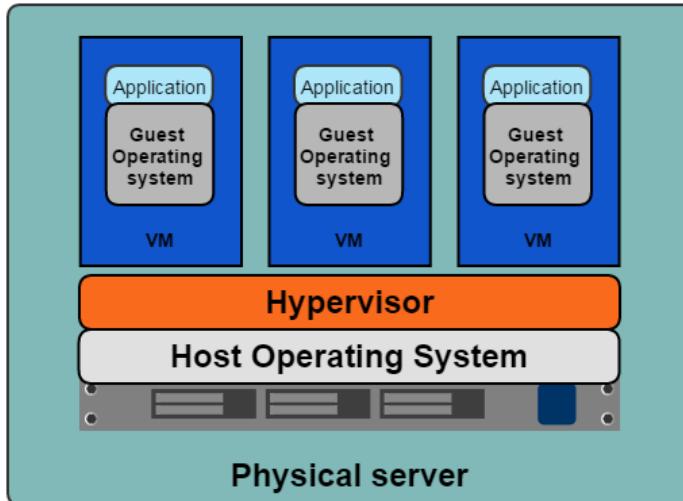
- Slow deployment times
- Huge costs
- Wasted resources
- Difficult to scale
- Difficult to migrate
- Vendor lock in



A History Lesson

Hypervisor-based Virtualization

- One physical server can contain multiple applications
- Each application runs in a virtual machine (VM)



Benefits of VMs

- Better resource pooling
 - One physical machine divided into multiple virtual machines
- Easier to scale
- VMs in the cloud
 - Rapid elasticity
 - Pay as you go model

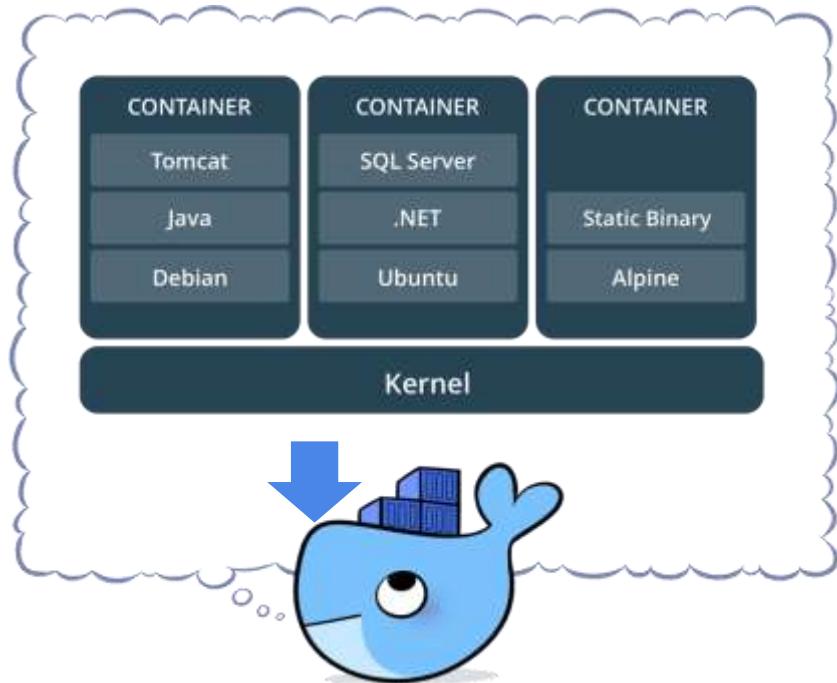


Limitations of VMs

- Each VM stills requires
 - CPU allocation
 - Storage
 - RAM
 - An entire guest operating system
- The more VMs you run, the more resources you need
- Guest OS means wasted resources
- Application portability not guaranteed



What is a container?

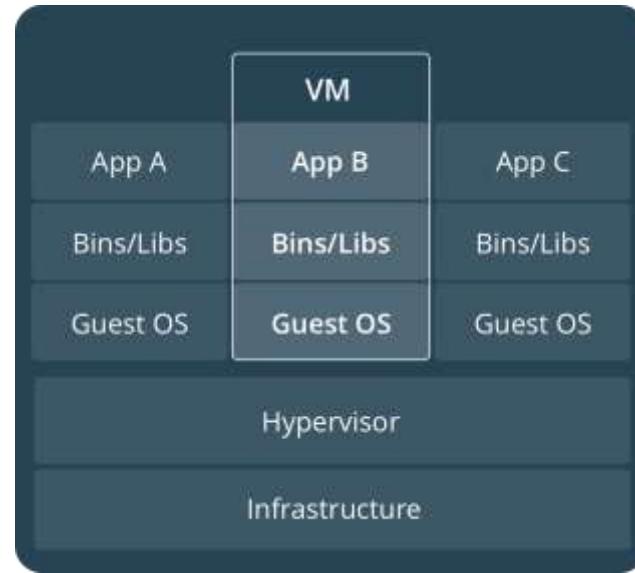


- Standardized packaging for software and dependencies
- Isolate apps from each other
- Share the same OS kernel
- Works with all major Linux and Windows Server

Comparing Containers and VMs

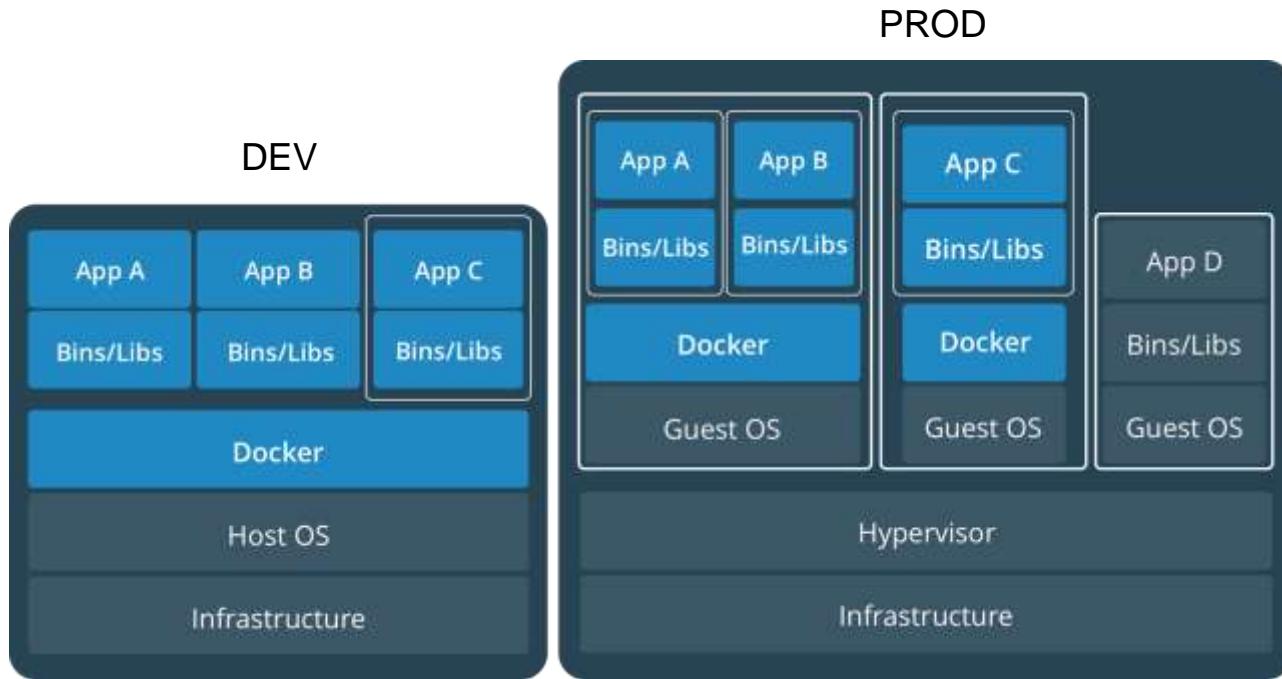


Containers are an app level construct



VMs are an infrastructure level construct to turn one machine into many servers

Containers and VMs together



Containers and VMs together provide a tremendous amount of flexibility for IT to optimally deploy and manage apps.

Key Benefits of Docker Containers

Speed

- No OS to boot = applications online in seconds

Portability

- Less dependencies between process layers = ability to move between infrastructure

Efficiency

- Less OS overhead
- Improved VM density

Container Solutions & Landscape



Docker Basics



Image

The basis of a Docker container. The content at rest.



Container

The image when it is 'running.' The standard unit for app service



Engine

The software that executes commands for containers. Networking and volumes are part of Engine. Can be clustered together.



Registry

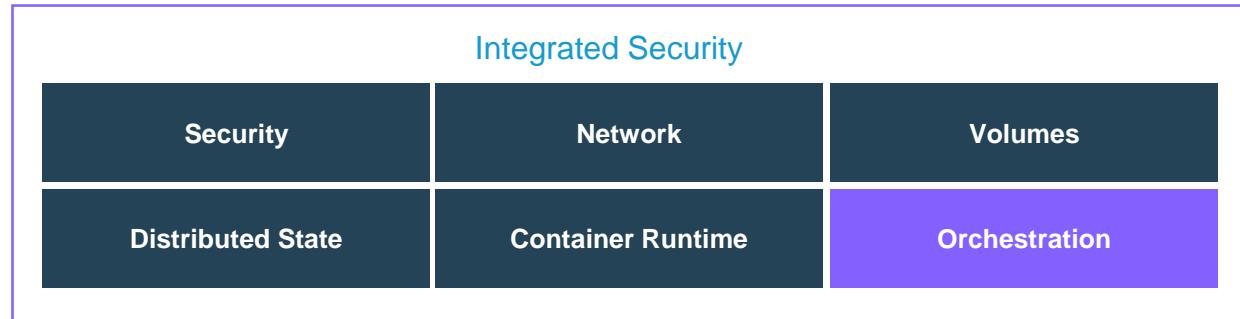
Stores, distributes and manages Docker images



Control Plane

Management plane for container and cluster orchestration

Foundation: Docker Engine

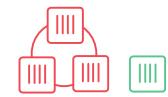
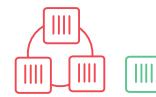


Docker Engine

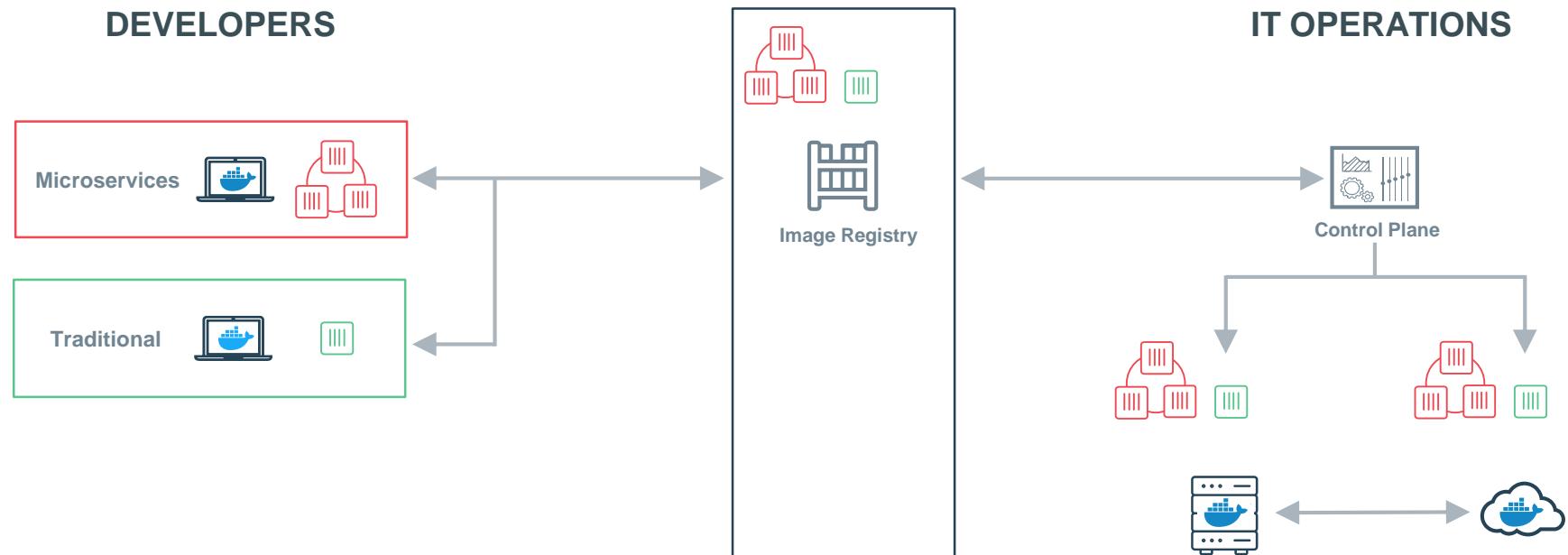
DEVELOPERS



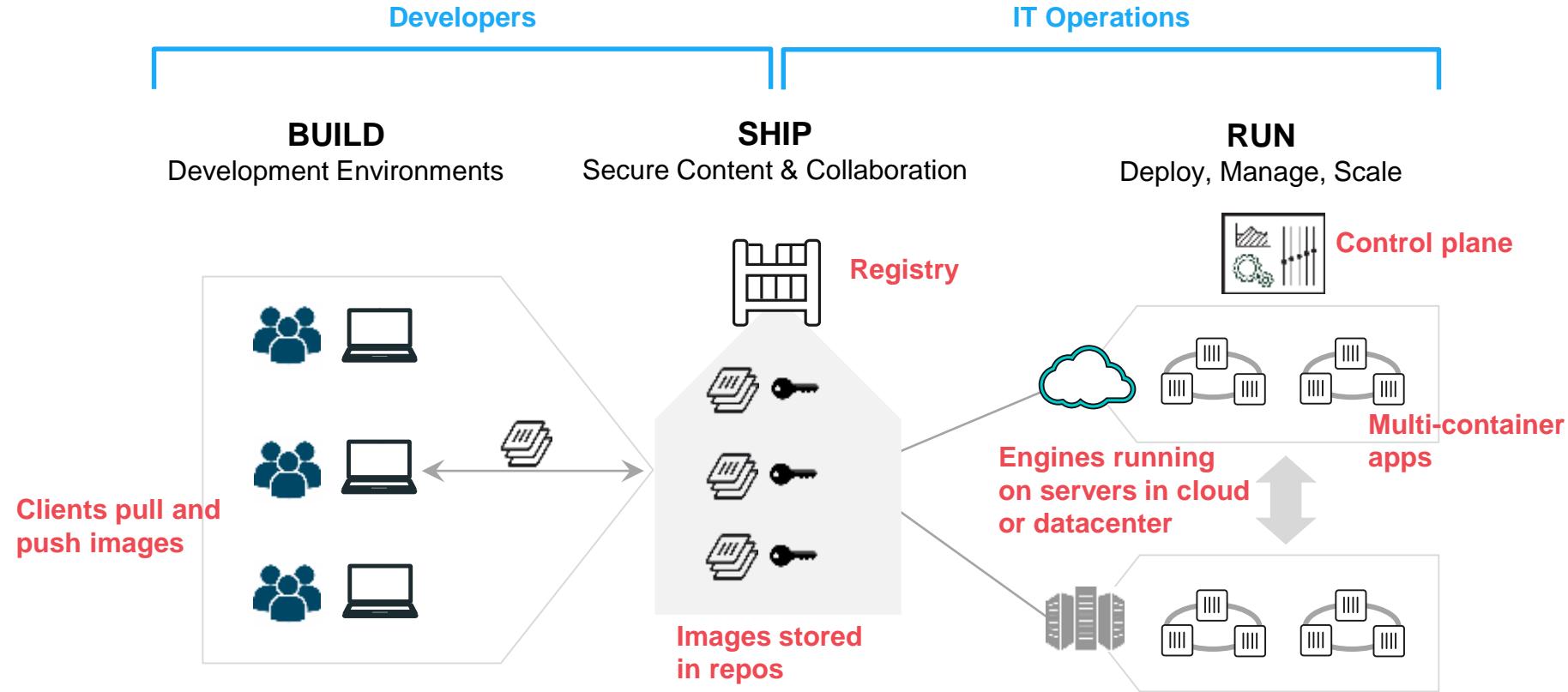
IT OPERATIONS



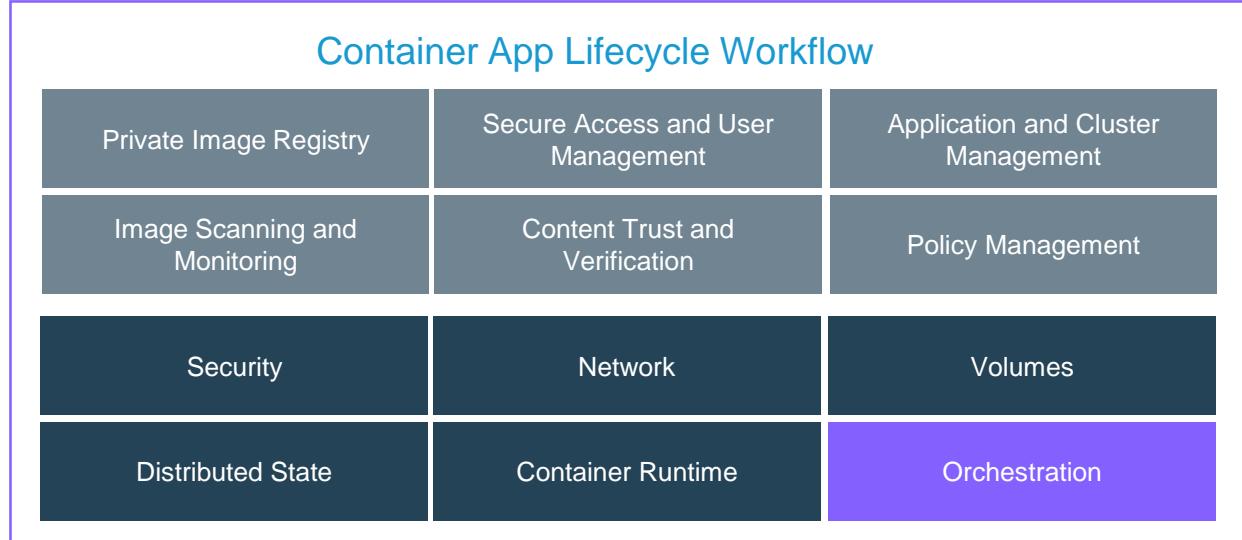
Building a Software Supply Chain



Containers as a Service



Building a Secure Supply Chain



Enterprise Edition



Docker Engine



Usable
Security



Trusted
Delivery



Portable

Build, Ship, and Run



Build, Ship, Run, Any App Anywhere

From Dev



Any App



MORE



Any OS



Windows



Linux

Anywhere



Physical



Virtual



Cloud



Some Docker vocabulary



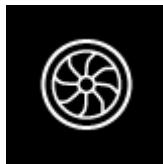
Docker Image

The basis of a Docker container. Represents a full application



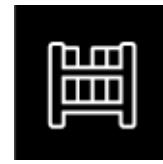
Docker Container

The standard unit in which the application service resides and executes



Docker Engine

Creates, ships and runs Docker containers deployable on a physical or virtual, host locally, in a datacenter or cloud service provider



Registry Service (Docker Hub or Docker Trusted Registry)

Cloud or server based storage and distribution service for your images

Basic Docker Commands

```
$ docker pull mikegcoleman/catweb:latest  
$ docker images  
$ docker run -d -p 5000:5000 --name catweb mikegcoleman/catweb:latest  
$ docker ps  
$ docker stop catweb (or <container id>)  
$ docker rm catweb (or <container id>)  
$ docker rmi mikegcoleman/catweb:latest (or <image id>)
```

How to find my Docker version?

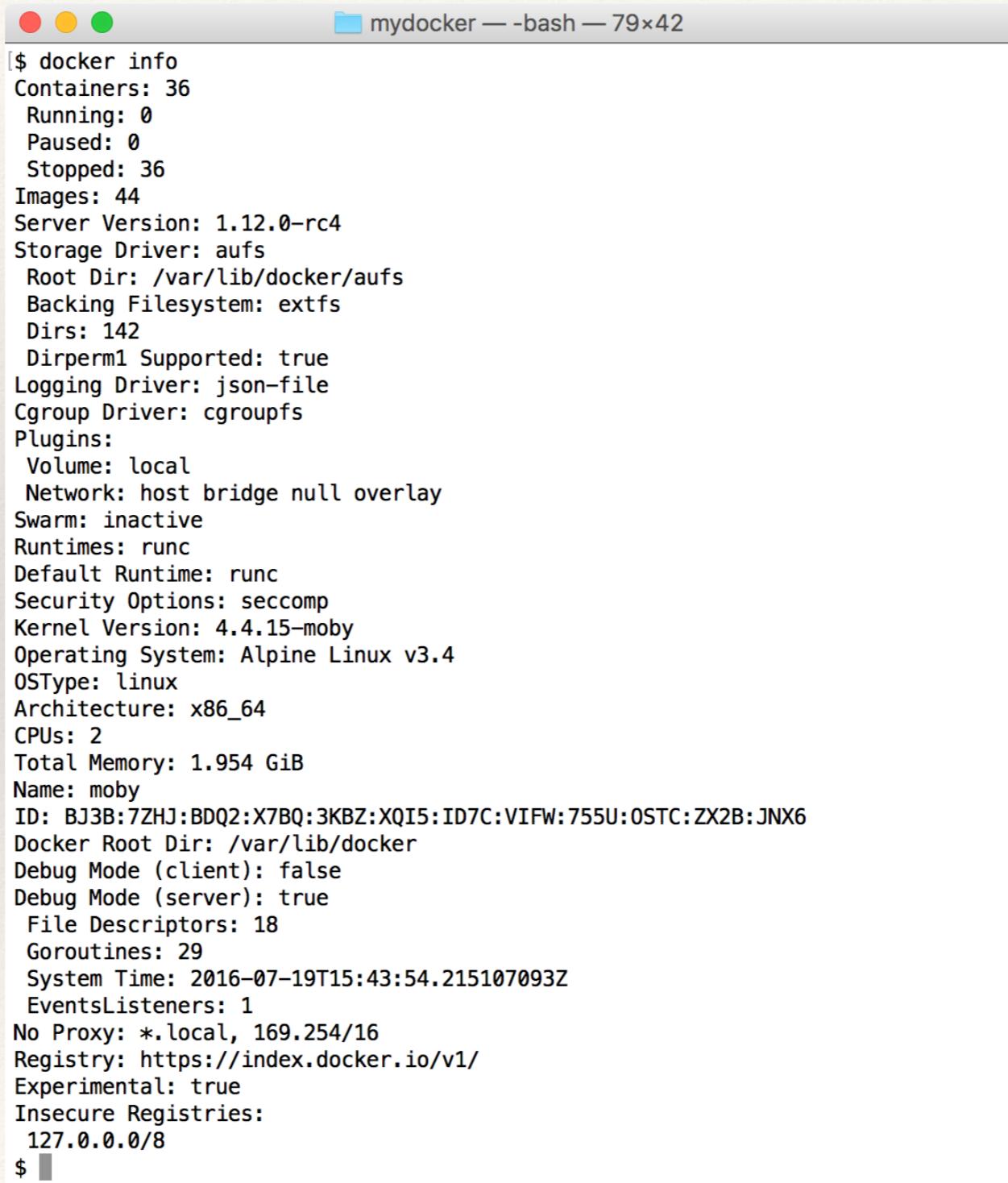
```
mydocker — -bash — 47x19
$ docker version
Client:
  Version:      1.12.0-rc4
  API version:  1.24
  Go version:   go1.6.2
  Git commit:   e4a0dbc
  Built:        Wed Jul 13 03:28:51 2016
  OS/Arch:      darwin/amd64
  Experimental: true

Server:
  Version:      1.12.0-rc4
  API version:  1.24
  Go version:   go1.6.2
  Git commit:   e4a0dbc
  Built:        Wed Jul 13 03:28:51 2016
  OS/Arch:      linux/amd64
  Experimental: true
$
```

How to find my Docker version?

```
$ docker -v  
Docker version 1.12.0-rc4, build e4a0dbc, experimental
```

How to find details of my Docker installation?



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "mydocker — -bash — 79x42". The window contains the output of the "docker info" command. The output provides detailed information about the Docker daemon's configuration and environment. Key details include:

- Containers: 36 (Running: 0, Paused: 0, Stopped: 36)
- Images: 44
- Server Version: 1.12.0-rc4
- Storage Driver: aufs (Root Dir: /var/lib/docker/aufs, Backing Filesystem: extfs, Dirs: 142, Dirperm1 Supported: true)
- Logging Driver: json-file
- Cgroup Driver: cgroupfs
- Plugins:
 - Volume: local
 - Network: host bridge null overlay
- Swarm: inactive
- Runtimes: runc
- Default Runtime: runc
- Security Options: seccomp
- Kernel Version: 4.4.15-moby
- Operating System: Alpine Linux v3.4
- OSType: linux
- Architecture: x86_64
- CPUs: 2
- Total Memory: 1.954 GiB
- Name: moby
- ID: BJ3B:7ZHJ:BDQ2:X7BQ:3KBZ:XQI5:ID7C:VIFW:755U:0STC:ZX2B:JNX6
- Docker Root Dir: /var/lib/docker
- Debug Mode (client): false
- Debug Mode (server): true
 - File Descriptors: 18
 - Goroutines: 29
 - System Time: 2016-07-19T15:43:54.215107093Z
 - EventsListeners: 1
- No Proxy: *.local, 169.254/16
- Registry: https://index.docker.io/v1/
- Experimental: true
- Insecure Registries:
 - 127.0.0.0/8

\$

Can I install Docker from cmdline?

Yes! from get.docker.com

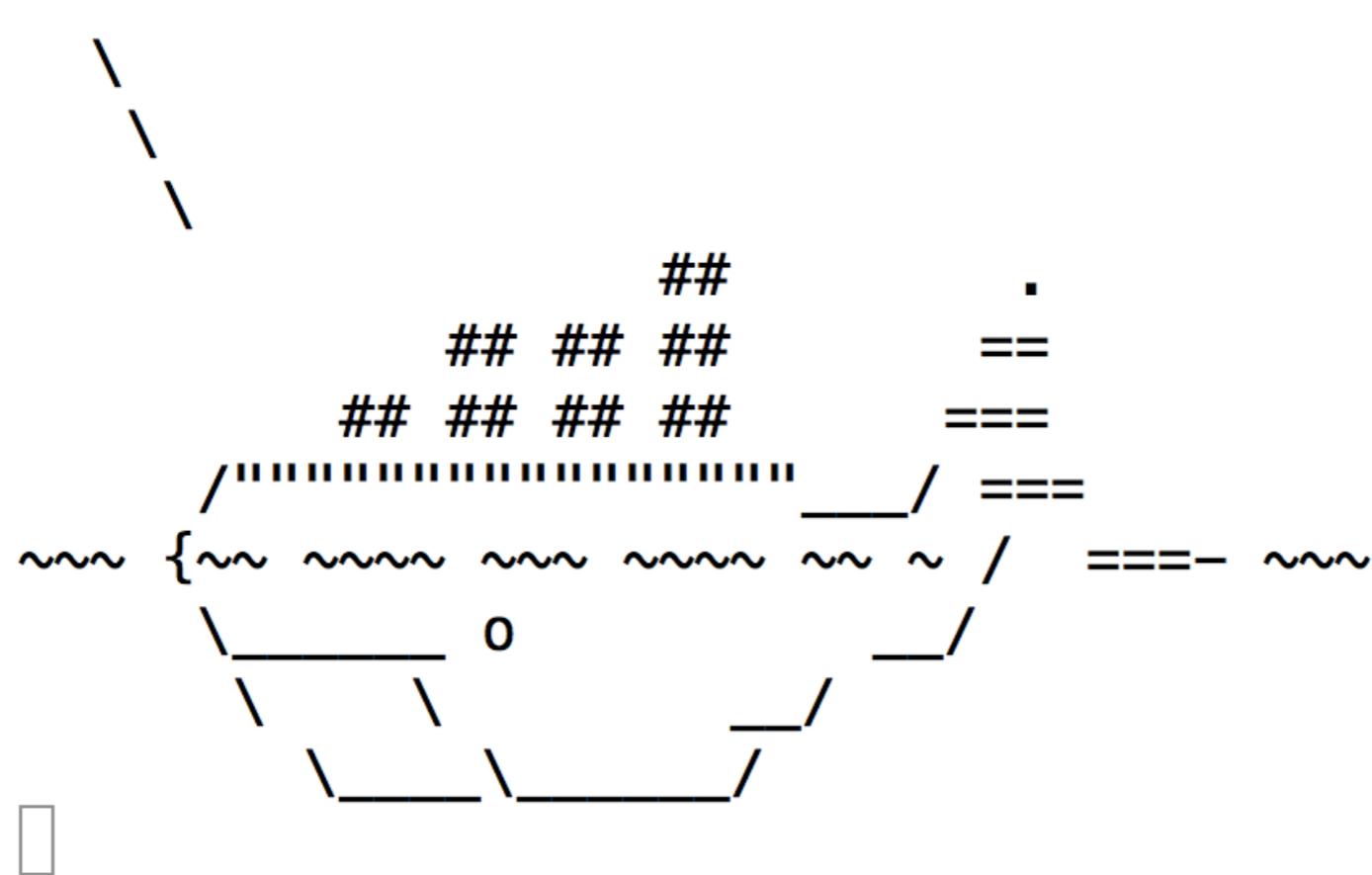
```
# This script is meant for quick & easy install via:  
# 'curl -sSL https://get.docker.com/ | sh'  
# or:  
# 'wget -qO- https://get.docker.com/ | sh'
```

How to do “hello world” in Docker?

```
$ docker run docker/whalesay cowsay Hello world
```

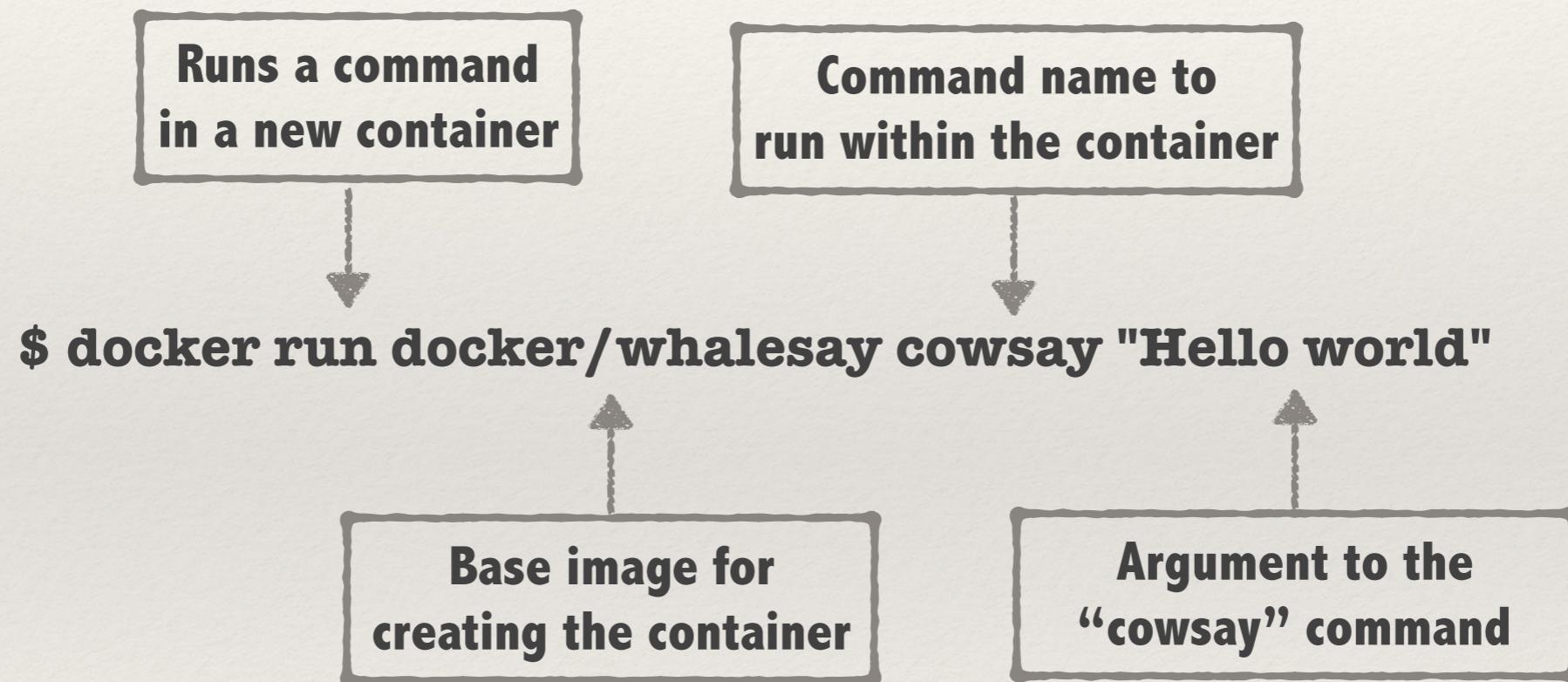
```
[\$ docker run docker/whalesay cowsay Hello world
```

```
< Hello world >
```



```
$ █
```

How to do “hello world” in Docker?



How to do “hello world” in Docker?

\$ docker run -it hello-world

```
$ docker run -it hello-world
```

Hello from Docker!

This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:

1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub.
3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with:

```
$ docker run -it ubuntu bash
```

Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker Hub account:

<https://hub.docker.com>

For more examples and ideas, visit:

<https://docs.docker.com/engine/userguide/>

The term “Docker” can be confusing: the client and the daemon both are called Docker!

How to get help on commands to use?

Use “docker -h” command, as in:

```
$ docker -h
Usage: docker [OPTIONS] COMMAND [arg...]
      docker [ --help | -v | --version ]
```

A self-sufficient runtime for containers.

Options:

--config=~/.docker	Location of client config files
-D, --debug	Enable debug mode
-H, --host=[]	Daemon socket(s) to connect to
-h, --help	Print usage
-l, --log-level=info	Set the logging level

...

Commands:

attach	Attach to a running container
--------	-------------------------------

Docker commands look like Linux commands - so familiarity with Linux commands can really help to get up to speed quickly with Docker.

Docker Images

How to get list of images?

\$ docker images	REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
	prasantk/average	latest	de756e5f8b96	10 days ago	34.22 MB
	<none>	<none>	3d02168f00fc	10 days ago	34.22 MB
	<none>	<none>	d3a03f4665ab	10 days ago	34.22 MB
	<none>	<none>	827527375287	10 days ago	34.22 MB
	<none>	<none>	264584ac458e	10 days ago	745.6 MB
	python	3.5	7fd24fb1b492	10 days ago	686 MB
	example/docker-node-hello	latest	92baf9b777b8	2 weeks ago	658.6 MB
	centos	latest	05188b417f30	2 weeks ago	196.8 MB
	hello-world	latest	c54a2cc56cbb	2 weeks ago	1.848 kB
	ubuntu	latest	0f192147631d	2 weeks ago	132.8 MB
	node	0.10	8beaba2e26be	3 weeks ago	642.4 MB
	alpine	latest	4e38e38c8ce0	3 weeks ago	4.799 MB
	fedora	latest	f9873d530588	4 weeks ago	204.4 MB
	nginx	latest	0d409d33b27e	6 weeks ago	182.8 MB
	docker/whalesay	latest	6b362a9f73eb	14 months ago	247 MB
	training/webapp	latest	6fae60ef3446	14 months ago	348.8 MB
	progrium/stress	latest	db646a8f4087	2 years ago	281.8 MB

How to search for an image?

```
$ docker search debian
```

NAME	DESCRIPTION	STARS	OFFICIAL	AUTOMATED
debian	Debian is a Linux distribution that's comp...	1503	[OK]	
neurodebian	NeuroDebian provides neuroscience research...	25	[OK]	
armbuild/debian	ARMHF port of debian	8		[OK]
jesselang/debian-vagrant	Stock Debian Images made Vagrant-friendly ...	8		[OK]
eboraas/debian	Debian base images, for all currently-avai...	5		[OK]
mschuerig/debian-subsonic	Subsonic 5.1 on Debian/wheezy.	4		[OK]
reinblau/debian	Debian with usefully default packages for ...	2		[OK]
webhippie/debian	Docker images for debian	1		[OK]
datenbetrieb/debian	minor adaption of official upstream debian...	1		[OK]
opennsm/debian	Lightly modified Debian images for OpenNSM	1		[OK]
lucasbarros/debian	Basic image based on Debian	1		[OK]
lephare/debian	Base debian images	1		[OK]
eeacms/debian	Docker image for Debian to be used with EE...	1		[OK]
maxexcloo/debian	Docker base image built on Debian with Sup...	1		[OK]
servivum/debian	Debian Docker Base Image with Useful Tools	1		[OK]
konstruktoid/debian	Debian base image	0		[OK]
icedream/debian-jenkinsslave	Debian for Jenkins to be used as slaves.	0		[OK]
visono/debian	Docker base image of debian 7 with tools i...	0		[OK]
nimmis/debian	This is different version of Debian with a...	0		[OK]
vcatechnology/debian	A Debian image that is updated daily	0		[OK]
ustclug/debian	debian image for docker with rustic mirror	0		[OK]
fike/debian	Debian Images with language locale installed.	0		[OK]
pl31/debian	Debian base image.	0		[OK]
mariorez/debian	Debian Containers for PHP Projects	0		[OK]
gnumoksha/debian	[PT-BR] Imagem básica do Debian com ajust...	0		[OK]

```
$ □
```

How to get an image?

Use “docker pull <image_name>” command

```
$ docker pull debian
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/debian
5c90d4a2d1a8: Already exists
Digest: sha256:8b1fc3a7a55c42e3445155b2f8f40c55de5f8bc8012992b26b570530c4bded9e
Status: Downloaded newer image for debian:latest
```

In my case debian image was already pulled. If it were not there, Docker would have pulled it afresh

How to get details of an image?

Use “docker inspect <image_name>” command

```
docker inspect debian
[
{
  "Id": "sha256:1b088884749bd93867ddb48ff404d4bbff09a17af8d95bc863efa5d133f87b78",
  "RepoTags": [
    "debian:latest"
  ],
  "RepoDigests": [
    "debian@sha256:8b1fc3a7a55c42e3445155b2f8f40c55de5f8bc8012992b26b570530c4bded9e"
  ],
  "Parent": "",
  "Comment": "",
  "Created": "2016-06-09T21:28:43.776404816Z",
  "Container": "2f3dc897cf758418389d50784c73b43b1fd7db09a80826329496f05eef7b377",
  "ContainerConfig": {
    "Hostname": "6250540837a8",
    "Domainname": "",
    "User": "",
    "AttachStdin": false,
    "AttachStdout": false,
    "AttachStderr": false,
    "Tty": false,
    "OpenStdin": false,
    // ...
  }
}
```

How to see “layers” in an image?

Use “docker history <image_name>” command

IMAGE	CREATED	CREATED BY	SIZE	COMMENT
a0b516dc1799	5 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c set -x && dpkg-divert --divert /u	8.657 MB	
<missing>	5 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c echo '/usr/local/lib64' > /etc/ld.	49.69 kB	
<missing>	5 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c buildDeps='flex' && set -x && ap	841.3 MB	
<missing>	5 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV GCC_VERSION=6.1.0	0 B	
<missing>	5 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c set -xe && for key in \$GPG_KEYS;	140.8 kB	
<missing>	5 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop) ENV GPG_KEYS=B215C1633BCA04	0 B	
<missing>	6 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install	318.5 MB	
<missing>	6 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install	131.2 MB	
<missing>	6 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install	44.69 MB	
<missing>	6 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop) CMD ["/bin/bash"]	0 B	
<missing>	6 weeks ago	/bin/sh -c #(nop) ADD file:76679eeb94129df23c	125.1 MB	

Each of these lines are layers and the size column shows the exact size of each layer in the image

How can I load and store images?

Use “docker save” and “docker load” commands

```
$ docker save nginx -o nginx.tar
$ ls -ltr nginx.tar
-rw----- 1 gsamarthyam staff 190775808 Jul 20 11:04 nginx.tar
$ docker load -i ./nginx.tar
Loaded image: nginx:latest
```

How do I delete an image?

Use “`docker rmi <image-tag>`”

```
$ docker images alpine
REPOSITORY      TAG      IMAGE ID      CREATED      SIZE
alpine          latest   4e38e38c8ce0  4 weeks ago  4.799 MB
$ docker rmi alpine
Untagged: alpine:latest
Untagged: alpine@sha256:3dcdb92d7432d56604d4545cbd324b14e647b313626d99b889d0626de158f73a
$ docker images alpine
REPOSITORY      TAG      IMAGE ID      CREATED      SIZE
```

How to delete all docker images?

Use “\$docker rmi \$(docker images -q)”

docker images -q
lists all image ids

How to find “dangling images”?

Use “`docker images -f "dangling=true"`”

\$ docker images -f "dangling=true"				
REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
<none>	<none>	777f9424d24d	7 minutes ago	125.2 MB
<none>	<none>	3d02168f00fc	12 days ago	34.22 MB
<none>	<none>	0f192147631d	3 weeks ago	132.8 MB

How to remove “dangling images”?

Use “`docker rmi $(docker images -f "dangling=true" -q)`”

How can I create my own Docker image?

Create “Dockerfile” - its like Makefile for Docker

```
$ cat myimage/Dockerfile
FROM ubuntu
RUN echo "my first image" > /tmp/first.txt
$ docker build myimage
Sending build context to Docker daemon 2.048 kB
Step 1 : FROM ubuntu
--> ac526a356ca4
Step 2 : RUN echo "my first image" > /tmp/first.txt
--> Running in 18f62f47d2c8
--> 777f9424d24d
Removing intermediate container 18f62f47d2c8
Successfully built 777f9424d24d
$ docker images | grep 777f9424d24d
<none>           <none>          777f9424d24d        4 minutes ago      125.2 MB
$ docker run -it 777f9424d24d
root@2dcd9d0caf6f:/# ls
bin  boot  core  dev  etc  home  lib  lib64  media  mnt  opt  proc  root  run  sbin  srv
sys  tmp   usr   var
root@2dcd9d0caf6f:/# cat /tmp/first.txt
my first image
root@2dcd9d0caf6f:/# exit
exit
$
```

How to name/tag an image when building?

Use “`docker build <<dirname>> -t"imagename:tag"` command

```
$ docker build myimage -t"myfirstimage:latest"
Sending build context to Docker daemon 2.048 kB
Step 1 : FROM ubuntu
--> ac526a356ca4
Step 2 : RUN echo "my first image" > /tmp/first.txt
--> Using cache
--> 777f9424d24d
Successfully built 777f9424d24d
$ docker images myfirstimage
REPOSITORY          TAG           IMAGE ID      CREATED        SIZE
myfirstimage        latest        777f9424d24d   58 minutes ago  125.2 MB
$
```

Docker Containers

How to get list of containers?

\$ docker ps -a	CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
	6322b8204a5d	ubuntu	"/bin/bash"	6 days ago	Exited (0) 6 days ago		desperate_aryabhata
	1e95fcfd15893	fedora	"/bin/bash"	6 days ago	Exited (0) 6 days ago		stoic_agnesi
	73c773524c8a	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon off"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 9 days ago		serene_hoover
	70f0d1e4cd08	nginx	"-bridge:my-bridge-ne"	10 days ago	Created		happy_hawking
	c2e2f1fd2352	ubuntu	"/bin/bash -c export"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		sad_galileo
	77ded5de4b2f	prasantk/average	"node average.js 1 2 "	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		mad_darwin
	c676058126b1	prasantk/average	"node average.js 1 2 "	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		ecstatic_lalande
	6bddbe7885f5	prasantk/average	"node average.js"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		big_thompson
	0a3ad84c2221	3d02168f00fc	"node average.js"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		peaceful_minsky
	47e697c3fc12	3d02168f00fc	"node average.js"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		hungry_lamport
	78797aa37937	3d02168f00fc	"-e '1 2 3'"	10 days ago	Created		drunk_mayer
	8c13665a8ca8	3d02168f00fc	"1"	10 days ago	Created		loving_carson
	2afe5e6f1384	3d02168f00fc	"1 2 3"	10 days ago	Created		nostalgic_leavitt
	5d7403525309	3d02168f00fc	"1 2 3"	10 days ago	Created		happy_newton
	1045734ecd5c	3d02168f00fc	"node average.js"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		reverent_williams
	8989e7fc7d7a	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon off"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 9 days ago		kickass_lichterman
	a08eb10ae2fa	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon off"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		docker-nginx
	e447a0763ff1	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon off"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		hopeful_dijkstra
	9a1eab880312	alpine	"/bin/sh"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		hungry_sinoussi
	1932e28ef5cc	alpine	"/bin/bash"	10 days ago	Created		modest_engelbart
	454adf9473f9	alpine	"echo hello"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		elated_curran
	ad834018d0a3	alpine	"echo hello"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		sleepy_davinci
	4a678e2c1c11	hello-world	"/hello"	10 days ago	Exited (0) 10 days ago		thirsty_keller
	369e76f97dd7	training/webapp	"python app.py"	13 days ago	Exited (0) 13 days ago	0.0.0.0:32771->5000/tcp	boring_roentgen
	826204fae788	hello-world	"/hello"	13 days ago	Exited (0) 13 days ago		happy_kalam
	4c8bacdd231a	docker/whalesay	"cowsay foobar"	13 days ago	Exited (0) 13 days ago		big_carson
	60809ce0320d	docker/whalesay	"cowsay boo"	13 days ago	Exited (0) 13 days ago		distracted_wilson
	1e5d8f24be78	ubuntu	"/bin/bash"	2 weeks ago	Exited (0) 2 weeks ago		fervent_agnesi
	8a23c6c978f3	ubuntu:latest	"/bin/bash"	2 weeks ago	Created		berserk_pare
	64c20bcac482	ubuntu	"echo hello"	2 weeks ago	Exited (0) 2 weeks ago		gloomy_darwin
	213605afcc24	ubuntu	"hello"	2 weeks ago	Created		goofy_jones
	6575e1b2ae09	ubuntu	"hello"	2 weeks ago	Created		condescending_shirley
	8345b4e82a5b	ubuntu	"hello"	2 weeks ago	Created		serene_jepsen
	ce31cb01a791	ubuntu	"echo hello"	2 weeks ago	Exited (0) 2 weeks ago		small_bhaskara
	cf3b1580e3d1	ubuntu	"hello"	2 weeks ago	Created		evil_heyrovsky
	f46a4880894e	ubuntu	"hello"	2 weeks ago	Created		sick_lamport

How to run a container?

Use “`docker run OPTIONS <<image-tag>> CMD ARGS`”

```
$ docker run fedora /bin/echo 'Hello world'  
Hello world  
$
```

The diagram illustrates the components of a Docker run command. It shows the command `docker run fedora /bin/echo 'Hello world'` with callouts pointing to its parts:

- Image name:** Points to the word `fedora`.
- Command name:** Points to the word `/bin/echo`.
- Command argument:** Points to the string `'Hello world'`.

```
docker run fedora /bin/echo 'Hello world'
```

How to run a container interactively?

```
$ docker run -t -i fedora /bin/bash
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# pwd
/
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# whoami
root
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# ls
bin  boot  dev  etc  home  lib  lib64  lost+found  media  mnt  opt  proc  root  run  sbin  srv
sys  tmp   usr  var
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# cc
bash: cc: command not found
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# gcc
bash: gcc: command not found
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# java
bash: java: command not found
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# tar
bash: tar: command not found
[root@00eef5289c91 /]# exit
exit
$
```

Create a terminal
to interact with

`docker run -t -i fedora /bin/bash`

short for “—interactive”

How to run a container in the background?

short for “—detach” and it runs
container in the background

```
$ docker run -d ubuntu /bin/sh -c "while true; do echo current date and time is: $(date); sleep 10; done"
9128bf57e03c3b32f0bf784a92332953996236d7e358a77c62c10bdec95fd5b9
$ docker ps
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE       COMMAND       CREATED          STATUS          PORTS
9128bf57e03c        ubuntu      "/bin/sh -c 'while tr'"   About a minute ago   Up About a
minute              lonely_einstein
$ docker logs 9128bf57e03c3b32f0bf784a92332953996236d7e358a77c62c10bdec95fd5b9
current date and time is: Fri Jul 22 15:42:49 IST 2016
current date and time is: Fri Jul 22 15:42:49 IST 2016
current date and time is: Fri Jul 22 15:42:49 IST 2016
current date and time is: Fri Jul 22 15:42:49 IST 2016
// output elided
```

How to attach to a running container?

short for “—detach” and it runs
container in the background

```
$ docker run -d ubuntu /bin/sh -c "while true; do echo current date and time is: $(date); sleep 10; done"  
acc349675098a0133366076f2082db6171ee4a0cd2e1e45ada9a485684ea4c01  
$ docker attach acc349675098a0133366076f2082db6171ee4a0cd2e1e45ada9a485684ea4c01  
current date and time is: Mon Aug 1 10:30:13 IST 2016  
current date and time is: Mon Aug 1 10:30:13 IST 2016
```

The “attach” command attaches
to a running container

How do I create an image from a running container?

Use “docker commit” command

```
$ docker run -d alpine echo "hello world"
9884347880f62f7c5d43702c3d701e3b87a49f9bdde5843380af1479f4dc0755
$ docker logs 9884347880f62f7c5d43702c3d701e3b87a49f9bdde5843380af1479f4dc0755
hello world
$ docker commit -m "my first image from container"
9884347880f62f7c5d43702c3d701e3b87a49f9bdde5843380af1479f4dc0755 myalpine:latest
sha256:b707ef35394c365bece70240213942e43da7f882107d30482ad6bec6b4bacfb7
$ docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG      IMAGE ID      CREATED
SIZE
myalpine            latest   b707ef35394c  18 hours ago
4.799 MB
$ docker run -it b707ef35394c365bece70240213942e43da7f882107d30482ad6bec6b4bacfb7
hello world
$
```

How to get list of containers?

Use “docker ps” command

\$ docker ps	CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
	3651758ff308	wordpress:latest	"/entrypoint.sh apach"	2 days ago	Up 2 days	0.0.0.0:8000->80/tcp	mywordpress_wordpress_1
	b9538054539	mysql:5.7	"docker-entrypoint.sh"	2 days ago	Up 2 days	3306/tcp	mywordpress_db_1

How do I see all the containers?

Use “docker ps -a” command

\$ docker ps -a	CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
	2c378c6b84b1	fedora	"/bin/echo 'Hello wor"	4 minutes ago	Exited (0) 4 minutes ago		grave_thompson
	c4b2db95f268	hello-world	"/hello"	5 minutes ago	Exited (0) 5 minutes ago		amazing_jones
	2dcd9d0caf6f	777f9424d24d	"/bin/bash"	42 minutes ago	Exited (0) 42 minutes ago		prickly_khorana
	3651758ff308	wordpress:latest	"/entrypoint.sh apach"	2 days ago	Up 2 days	0.0.0.0:8000->80/tcp	mywordpress_wordpress_1
	b95388054539	mysql:5.7	"docker-entrypoint.sh"	2 days ago	Up 2 days	3306/tcp	mywordpress_db_1
	4b984664f9aa	golang:latest	"go run myapp.go"	2 days ago	Exited (1) 2 days ago		mydocker_app_1
	63cd7661a8ad	hello-world	"/hello"	2 days ago	Exited (0) 2 days ago		adoring_sammet
	c191fbeae884	ubuntu	"/bin/bash"	2 days ago	Exited (0) 2 days ago		clever_mcclintock
	08e173332d46	docker/whalesay	"cowsay Hello world"	2 days ago	Exited (0) 2 days ago		tender_joliot
	6322b8204a5d	0f192147631d	"/bin/bash"	9 days ago	Exited (0) 9 days ago		desperate_aryabhata
...							

How do I remove a container?

Use “docker rm” command

```
$ docker stop mywordpress_db_1  
mywordpress_db_1  
$ docker rm mywordpress_db_1  
mywordpress_db_1
```

You have to first stop a container before trying to remove it

How do I remove all the containers?

Use “`docker stop $(docker ps -a -q)`” and
“`docker rm $(docker ps -a -q)`” commands

```
$ docker stop $(docker ps -a -q)
00eef5289c91
8553eebfab94
696a04db91db
// rest of the output elided
$ docker rm $(docker ps -a -q)
00eef5289c91
8553eebfab94
696a04db91db
// rest of the output elided
$ docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE NAMES          COMMAND      CREATED      STATUS
```

Note how the output
shows no containers