MMM. Arrenne Papers. Com

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/02

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 80

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

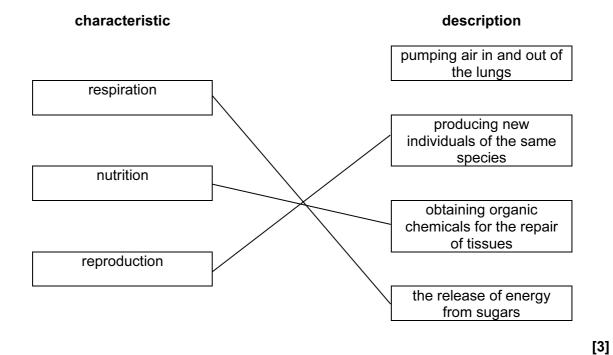
• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0610	02

1 (a)



(b) excretion;

growth;

movement; I – locomotion

sensitivity / irritability; [2]

[Total: 5]

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0610	02

2 (a) clear land for agriculture / cattle / crops;

clear land for building / factories / houses;

clear land for roads / airports;

remove timber for use,

Any two – 1 mark each [2]

(b) (i) reduced photosynthesis;

because of less plants;

decreased removal from / increases carbon dioxide levels in atmosphere;

increased release of carbon dioxide into atmosphere;

from burning / increased rotting;

accept other valid points

Any four – 1 mark each [4]

(ii) erosion by rain;

more leaching by rain;

because of lack of canopy;

reduced humus input to soil;

desertification;

Any two – 1 mark each [2]

(iii) disrupt food chains;

knock on effect within food webs / alter balance in food web;

destruction of potential resources;

loss of genetic pool material;

loss of biodiversity;

loss of habitats;

Any two – 1 mark each [2]

[Total: 10]

		IG	CSE – May/June 2006	0610	02
(a)	(i) label	linked to sperm du	ct;		
	(ii) label	linked to ureter;			
	(iii) label	linked to urethra;			
(b)	produce s	perm;			
	produce to	estosterone / male	hormone;		
(c)	condom p	laced over penis;			
	cutting an	d tying sperm duct	/ vasectomy;		
(d)	male pare	ent / father has XY	sex chromosome;		
	passes ei	ther X or Y to each	child;		
	if X then o	child is female;			
	if Y then o	child is male;			
	as female	s always pass X to	all children;		
	Any three	– 1 mark each			
	Credit rele	evant points shown	on annotated genetic diagram		
					[Tot
(a)	(i) white				
	(ii) Rr;				
(b)	Rr x	Rr	parents;		
	Rr	R r	gametes;		
	RR R		offspring genotypes;		
		ers : 1 white flo			
		ratio of seeds / 133	3 : 44;		
, ,		- 1 mark each			
` ,		er : 1 white flower;			
(d)	water;	·			
	oxygen / a		o oroturo:		
	neat / war	mth / suitable tem	perature;		[T - 4
					[To

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 3

F	Page 4				k Scheme			Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE –	May/June 20	006		0610	02
a)	(i)	sun;							
	(ii)	evapo	oration;						
	(iii)	transp	oiration / eva	ootranspirati	ion;				
	(iv)	moist	air rises;						
		coolin	ng happens;						
		conde	ensation;						
		Any t	wo – 1 mark	each					
b)	use	in pho	otosynthesis	raw materia	al for reactio	ns;			
;	acts	s as a s	solvent;						
1	trar	sporta	ition / carries	substances	as it moves	in plan	t;		
;	sup	port / t	turgor;						
4	Any	two –	1 mark each	ı					
c)	(i)	water	absorbed by	osmosis;					
		cell ha	as partially p	ermeable m	embrane;	R-	- wall		
		conce	entration grad	lient (water)	between so	il and c	ell;		
		soil w	ith higher (w	ater) concer	itration;				
		Any th	hree – 1 mar	k each					
	(ii)	sea w	ater reverse	s concentrat	ion (water) ເ	gradient	.,		
		plants	s /roots lose	vater/ exosn	nosis occurs	s;			
		wilting	g occurs;						
		water	logged soil;						
		no / lit	ttle oxygen;						
		root c	ells die / acti	ve transport	stops;				
		Any th	hree – 1 mar	k each					
									[T

Page 5		e 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – May/June 2006	0610	02
(a)	(i)	boy ir	n puberty / still g	rowing;		
		musc	le development;			
		protei	n needed for gr	owth and repair;		
		30 ye	ar old only need	ds protein for repair;		
		Any th	nree – 1 mark e	ach		
	(ii)	femal	es regularly lose	e some in menstruation;		
		ref. to	difference in si	ze of 14 year olds;		
		iron n	eeded for haem	noglobin / red blood cells;		
		Any to	wo – 1 mark ead	ch		
	(iii)	pregn	ant woman nee	ds more calcium;		
		neede	ed for both herse	elf and for fetus;		
		calciu	m needed for b	ones / teeth;		
		Any to	wo – 1 mark ead	ch		
(b)	mai	intain t	issues / prevent	scurvy;		
						[Т
(a)	(i)	pass	air through lime	water;		
		limew	ater goes white	/ milky / cloudy;		
(b)	(i)	gluco	se →;	R – ref to oxygen		
		lactic	acid;	R – ref to carbon dioxide		
	(ii)	carbo	n dioxide releas	sed;		
		forms	bubbles of gas	in dough;		
		bread	rises / spongy	texture formed;		
	(iii)	heat k	kills yeast;			
		evapo	orates any ethar	nol;		
		gas b	ubbles expand ı	more;		
		Any to	wo – 1 mark ead	ch		

[Total: 11]

[2]

(c) aerobic respiration needs oxygen but anaerobic does not;

aerobic respiration releases more energy than anaerobic;

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0610	02	

8 (a)

name of structure	letter label
duodenum	Z;
gall bladder	W;
liver	V;
pancreas	Y;
stomach	X;

[5] **(b) (i)** bile; [1] (ii) adrenaline; A - insulin / glucagon; [1] (c) (i) stomach / X; [1] (ii) duodenum / small intestine / Z; [1] (d) (i) hepatic artery; [1] (ii) red blood cells / haemoglobin; [1] (iii) hepatic vein; [1] (iv) plasma; [1] [Total: 13]