

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
1 (a)	red ;	[1]	
(b) (i)	(surface area) $2(1 \times 1) + 4(2 \times 1)$; 10 ;	[2]	
(ii)	(volume) = 2 ; cm^3 ;	[2]	I working A both marks if correct answer
(c) (i)	Any two from: stopclock / suitable measuring device / knife or scalpel / ruler / tile / beaker / forceps / test-tube rack ;	[1]	
(c) (ii)	table with 2 columns ; column 1 heading <u>block/tube</u> ; column 2 heading <u>time</u> ; units column 2 – <u>seconds/s(ec)</u> ; 4 results recorded in seconds ;	[5]	

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(f)	Any 2 × 2		mark in pairs looking for a linked error and improvement
	source of error:		
	idea of cutting cubes accurately		
	idea of contamination / damage to cubes from handling		
	difficult to judge end point / AW		
	small cubes stick together so not all surface area exposed		
	amount / volume / concentration of sulphuric acid poured into each tube		
	timing all at the same time (so end point missed)		
	acid is added at different times ;		
		[4]	

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(g) (i)	bile required to emulsify / break down large fat droplets to smaller droplets ; (this) increase the surface area of the fat to react with <u>enzyme</u> (so tube F has the fastest reaction) ;	[2]	
(ii)	(as a) control / proves that the enzyme is needed for the reaction / for comparison ;	[1]	
		[Total: 23]	
2 (a) (i)	Any two correct labels : lamina / (leaf) blade ; (leaf) edge / margin ; <u>Petiole</u> ; midrib ; vein ;	max [2]	
(b) (i)	allow 50–60 cm ² ;	[1]	
(ii)	use a grid with smaller squares ;	[1]	
(c)	(H is lowest as) it has a larger surface area / is the largest ; to capture more light ;	[2]	

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(d) (i)	<p>A – axes labelled, with units and scaled evenly ;</p> <p>S – size to fill at least $\frac{1}{2}$ of grid ;</p> <p>P – plot ;</p> <p>L – line of best fit ;</p>	[4]	accurate plots to ± 0.5 of grid square
(ii)	<p>as surface area increases, water loss also increases ;</p> <p>reference to the linear pattern / proportional increase or description / positive correlation / some processing of data ;</p>	[2]	
(e)	<p>length of JK = 14 (mm) ; (measurement)</p> <p>$\frac{(\text{length of stomata})}{(\text{magnification})} = \frac{14}{400}$; (formula)</p> <p>= 0.035 (mm) ; (calculation)</p>	<p>[1]</p> <p>[2]</p>	<p>A ecf for calculations from an incorrect measurement</p> <p>Rounding of figures must be correct – ‘5’ rounds up</p>

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(f)	any 2 of: temperature ; wind (speed)/ air movement ; light wavelength ; time in the light / duration of light ; humidity ; age of leaf ; species of plant / type of plant ; carbon dioxide (concentration) ; surface area of leaf ; water supply to leaf / plant ;	max [2]	
		[Total: 17]	