

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper
for the guidance of teachers**

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Question	Mark scheme			Mark allocation	Guidance
1 (a) (i)	Mass of tissue g	Volume of oxygen cm ³ per 4 minutes		[2]	
		Sweet potato	Irish potato		
	2.0	32.0	12.5		
	2.0	20.0	9.0		
	2.0	35.5	8.5		
	2.0	28.0	10.0		
	total	115.5	40.0 ;		
	mean	28.875	10.0 ;		
	(ii)	Larger surface or area / to release more enzyme / faster reaction;			

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark allocation	Guidance
(b) (i)	<p>Simple column graph to show the range of readings for the sweet potato.</p> <p>A – labelled axes with units;</p> <p>S – scale;</p> <p>P – accurate plot of columns, $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square;</p> <p>B – neat bars of equal width, not touching and equal interspaces;</p> <p>M – mean line shown $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square;</p>	[5]	<p>A – accept experiment and volume gas or O_2 / cm^3 – numbers should be placed centrally under columns</p> <p>S – scale on y axis must be even and bars plotted to fill half or greater than half of grid on both axes. Ignore orientation of bars</p> <p>P – deduct mark if any incorrect</p> <p>Accept line columns</p> <p>Mean line does not need to be labelled</p> <p>If line graph allow A, P and M only max 3 If results for Irish potato allow A, B and M only</p>
(ii)	<p>two from: reference to temperature; different tubers / part of tuber / amounts catalase; reference to pH; difference in surface area; gas or oxygen escaping or difficulties in accurate measurement of gas volume / AW;</p>	[2]	<p>Ignore 'conditions were not the same' unless qualified Ignore references to activity / concentration of H_2O_2 Accept enzymes for catalase Ignore different amounts of potato Accept correct reference to size or no: pieces for surface area Ignore difficulties in reading measurements</p>

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark allocation	Guidance
(c)	<p>Two from:</p> <p>S: use of water bath / AW; E: correct reference to maintaining temperature / AW;</p> <p>S: use of stopwatch / data logger / computerised or monitoring system / AW; E: correct reference to accurate timing / AW;</p> <p>S: use of stirring device / same agitation or shaking / AW; E: to avoid tissue settling on bottom of flask;</p> <p>S: use the same size / similar apparatus; E: different apparatus or sizes would affect result;</p> <p>S: use burette / syringe / pipette / AW; E: for accurate measurement of volume of hydrogen peroxide;</p> <p>S: cut even size potato pieces / grind potato / AW; E: to keep surface area the same / AW;</p> <p>S: add buffer / pH controller / acid or alkali / AW; E: to maintain constant pH / AW;</p> <p>S: use funnel through bung to add H₂O₂ / AW; E: to save removing bung / prevent gas escape;</p> <p>S: use same concentration H₂O₂; E: to control substrate / make the experiment the same;</p> <p>S: repeat more times; E: to reduce anomalies / AW;</p> <p>AVP;</p>	<p>[max 4] [Total:14]</p>	<p>Mark in couplets – improvement with appropriate explanation</p> <p>If not in couplets, max 2 for S or E answers only</p> <p>Ignore more frequent / longer timings</p> <p>Accept maximising surface area for 'grinding' potato</p> <p>Accept reduce mistakes</p> <p>Ignore use of different tissues / plants</p>

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark allocation	Guidance
2 (a) (i)	Drawing: S: size greater than original; O: outline shape to show proportions of feather A; D: one correct detail; Label: one from rachis / calamus / after feathers / vane / shaft / quill / umbilicus / barb;	[4]	Award max 3 for drawing and max 1 for labels If feather B drawn, accept S [> 82 mm] only for drawing and accept correct label, max 2 Accept evidence of smooth surface top left / middle region / smoother base / two projections lower right / rachis Accept attachment to body / filaments
(ii)	insulation / trap (body) warmth / prevents loss of (body) warmth / traps air / protection against cold / AVP;	[1]	Ignore warm / heat the bird Ignore protect alone Ignore camouflage / attraction / breeding / cover
(iii)	flight; blade like / rigid / stiff / wind or air resistance / air will not pass through / aerodynamic / AW;	[2]	Accept glide Ignore feathers packed together Ignore increase surface area Less wind / air resistance loses second marking point.
(b) (i)	correct area / $12.5 \text{ cm}^2 (\pm 1 \text{ cm}^2)$; evidence that 1 square = 1 cm^2 ; marks on feather or grid to show it was used to calculate the area of feather; reference to number of whole and part squares in the working; double calculated area to give total surface area;	[max 3]	Accept $25 \text{ cm}^2 (\pm 1 \text{ cm}^2)$ if they have doubled the area Accept statement or correct use in calculation or on grid

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark allocation	Guidance
(ii)	<p>Divide feather into (geometric) shapes; measure and add together areas of each shape; OR Cut out shape of feather in paper and weigh mass; cut out known area of paper and weigh mass; calculate area of paper; OR Cut feather into small pieces; fit into 1 cm² squares; OR Use grid with smaller squares; count squares covered by feather / AW;</p> <p>Double calculated area to give total surface area;</p>	<p>[max 2]</p> <p>[Total: 12]</p>	<p>Ignore smaller grid unqualified</p> <p>This mark can be awarded with any other mark</p>
3 (a) (i)	<p>D (shoot / seedling) curves / bends / grows to one side; light from one / left side; unequal growth / more extension or growth of dark side / phototropism;</p>	<p>[3]</p>	<p>Ignore shorter because F is shorter Ignore reference to roots, D and E are the same grows / bends / curves to the side where light is coming from = 2 Accept reference to auxin / hormone</p>
(ii)	<p>E tall(er) (shoot / seedling); uniform light / light above stem / no light at all; competition for light / AW;</p>	<p>[3]</p>	<p>Ignore reference to roots, D and E are the same Accept big / long / grew a lot Ignore direct / plenty / large amounts of light / under the sky Accept etiolation / auxin not destroyed or equally distributed or produced</p>

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark allocation	Guidance								
(iii)	F (shoot / seedling) small(er) / AW; Slow(er) / reduced growth / less well developed; (grown in) colder or lower temperatures / diseased / lacks minerals / AVP;	[3]	Accept short(er) roots Accept no growth / undeveloped Ignore lack of water Accept extreme temperatures Ignore hot temperatures Ignore photosynthesis Accept nutrients / fertilisers								
(b) (i)	two from seeds / remains of stigma or style or pointed (tip) / stalk / seed attachment or seeds arranged at either side / seeds inside the fruit;;	[max 2]	Read through entire answer and award any correct points. e.g. 'Seeds at either side' = 2 Accept number / shape / type of seed for 'seeds' Accept (fruit) is smooth								
(ii)	Two rows from <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Fruit G</th><th>Fruit H</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Short(er) / rounded</td><td>Long(er) / narrow;</td></tr><tr><td>Less seeds / 6 seeds</td><td>more seeds / 13 seeds;</td></tr><tr><td>Seeds apart</td><td>seeds close together;</td></tr></tbody></table>	Fruit G	Fruit H	Short(er) / rounded	Long(er) / narrow;	Less seeds / 6 seeds	more seeds / 13 seeds;	Seeds apart	seeds close together;	[2]	Accept comparative answers on one side of the table Accept more fruit mass (grey area) versus less fruit mass Ignore seeds in a ring / AW
Fruit G	Fruit H										
Short(er) / rounded	Long(er) / narrow;										
Less seeds / 6 seeds	more seeds / 13 seeds;										
Seeds apart	seeds close together;										
(c)	bursts open / explosive / eaten / water / dries out / animals / wind / AW;	[1] [Total: 14]	Ignore seeds dispersed when fruit dies / rots								