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## **UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/61

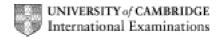
Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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Questions	N	lark Scheme			Guidance/comments
1 (a) (i)	temperature / °C  10  15  20  25  30  5	volume of juice collected / cm³  2  11  15  20  26  27			Lose 1 mark for each error.
	5	21	,,,	[3]	
(ii)	Graph plot A – axes – orientation and labels;  S – suitable scale, plots to fill ½ or > ½ grid;  P – plots;;  L – neat line passing through all points;		[5]	<ul> <li>x-axis - temperature / °C and y-axis – volume / cm³</li> <li>If incorrect scale penalised allow correct plot for that scale.</li> <li>+/- 0.5 square for points and line. Lose 1 mark for each error.</li> <li>Point to point ruled line or smooth curve passing through all points. No extrapolation.</li> <li>Allow e.c.f.</li> </ul>	
(iii)	increase in temperature – greater volume of juice collected ORA; almost the same volume / lowest increase in volume between 30 °C and 35 °C / AW; larger volume / largest increase between 10 °C and 15 °C;		[max 2]	I. direct quotes of figures, need trend I. reference to optimum I. flattens at 35 °C	

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(b)	<ol> <li>range of different pHs;</li> <li>detail of method planned / control of pH – use of buffers;</li> <li>same type pulp or apple or same volume / amount pulp or apple;</li> <li>same volume / mass of enzyme;</li> <li>same concentration enzyme;</li> <li>same temperature;</li> <li>same timings;</li> <li>filtration;</li> </ol>		Need reference to minimum 3 different pHs  A. several / many  A. methods to alter pH e.g. using different (named) acids and / or alkalis or changing amounts / drops / volumes of acids and / or alkalis
	<ul> <li>9. allow for repeat readings;</li> <li>10. calculate mean;</li> <li>11. plot data in graph form;</li> <li>12. safety feature e.g. goggles / lab. coat / tongs;</li> </ul>	[max 6]	<ul> <li>I. record the data</li> <li>I. gloves</li> <li>'Keep all conditions the same' = 1 if no marks awarded for points 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7.</li> </ul>
		[IIIax 6]  Total: 16]	points 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7.

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2 (a)	Drawing:  O: clear outline, drawing same size or larger than photograph;  P: reasonable proportions of parts of leg;  D: detail mark e.g. hairs / detail of segments at the end / claws / presence of segment attached to abdomen;	R. sketchy outline / incomplete outline (take account of scanning) / shading A. three parts, largest at the top, medium then smallest end part I. individual segments on end part I. segment of leg attached to abdomen R. parallel sided segments
	Labels: any 2 from joint / segment / jointed legs; hairs; claw;	A. articulation A. hooks I. fur [max 5] I. pointed end
(b) (i	20 +/– 1 (mm);	[1]
(ii)	working: measurement from (i); 500 0.04 (mm);	<b>A</b> . correct diameter = 2 marks <b>A</b> . $0.038 - 0.042$ mm Allow e.c.f <b>A</b> . $4 \times 10^{-2}$

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Starch   iodine solution;   colour change expected – (brown) to blue / black (if present);     Reducing sugar   Benedict's solution / correct chemicals / Clinistix; heat;   colour change expected;     Benedict's – green / orange / brick red (if present)   For each test do not award expected colour change if incorrect reagent.   N.B. Colour changes must be correctly linked to starch or reducing sugar     L'affects' organism if unqualified   A. correct reference to harm within a general definition of a parasite     A. insect / insectoid   L feature – wings / 3 pairs or 6 legs / 3 body parts or head + thorax + abdomen / 1 pair of antennae / (1 pair of) compound eyes;   Parasite – arachnida;   feature – 4 pairs of legs   A. arachnid / arachnoid   I. spider   I. 4 or more pairs of legs   I. spider   I. 4 or	(c)	Any four from safety feature e.g. goggles / tongs / lab. coat / water bath;		I. gloves
Benedict's solution / correct chemicals / Clinistix; heat; colour change expected;  (d) (i) it is a pest / causes harm / AW;  (d) (ii) it is a pest / causes harm / AW;  (d) (iii) it is a pest / causes harm / AW;  (iii) Mark independently:  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on insecta; feature – wings / 3 pairs or 6 legs / 3 body parts or head + thorax + abdomen / 1 pair of antennae / (1 pair of) compound eyes;  (ives on a cause harm / AW;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AVP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / blood /AW; AvP;  (ives on (adult) bees / blood		iodine solution; colour change expected – (brown) to blue / black (if		
A. correct reference to harm within a general definition of a parasite    A. correct reference to harm within a general definition of a parasite		Benedict's solution / correct chemicals / Clinistix; heat;	[max 4]	Clinistix – (pink - ) purple (if present) For each test do not award expected colour change if incorrect reagent.  N.B. Colour changes must be correctly linked to starch or
honey bee – insecta; feature – wings / 3 pairs or 6 legs / 3 body parts or head + thorax + abdomen / 1 pair of antennae / (1 pair of) compound eyes;  parasite – arachnida; feature – 4 pairs of legs;  A. insect / insectoid I. features common to arthropods e.g. jointed limbs  A. arachnid / arachnoid I. spider I. 4 or more pairs of legs	(d) (i)	lives on (adult) bees / (their) larvae; sucks / blood /AW;	[2]	A. correct reference to harm within a general definition of a
feature – 4 pairs of legs;  I. spider I. 4 or more pairs of legs	(ii)	honey bee – insecta; feature – wings / 3 pairs or 6 legs / 3 body parts or head + thorax + abdomen / 1 pair of antennae / (1 pair of) compound eyes;		I. features common to arthropods e.g. jointed limbs
[4] I. incorrect features  [Total: 18]		feature – 4 pairs of legs;		<ul><li>I. spider</li><li>I. 4 or more pairs of legs</li><li>I. negative features</li></ul>

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3	(a)	more with straight thumb ORA;  correct reference to figures for gender e.g. straight: 84 males and 87 females / more females / less males and /or hitch hiker: 12 males and 14 females / more females / less males;		<ul> <li>A. correct reference to figures e.g. 171 straight and 26 hitch hiker or approx 87% straight / 13% hitch hiker.</li> <li>A. independent of gender;</li> </ul>
		independent of their age /AW;	[3]	<ul><li>I. references to figures or differences in age groups.</li><li>A. varies with age</li></ul>
	(b)	discontinuous variation; no range of results / only two types /AW; hitch hiker thumb recessive (allele); straight thumb dominant (allele); not linked to sex / gender; not affected by age;	[max 3]	I. gene I. codominant I. Punnett squares
	[Total: 6]			·