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# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY 0610/03

Paper 3 Extended

May/June 2006

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
Total	

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Question 1 starts on page 3

e first has
[/1
[4]

[Total: 7]

2

(a) Annelids and nematodes are both worm-like animals.
State two features that distinguish annelids from nematodes.
1
2
[2]
(b) Fungi are a difficult group to classify because they have features found in both animals and plants.
State one 'animal feature' and one 'plant feature' that fungi possess.
'animal feature'
'plant feature'
[2]

(c)	(i)	Draw a large, labelled diagram to show <b>two</b> features present in most viruses.
		[3]
	(ii)	Outline how the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) affects the immune system.
		[3]
		[Total: 10]

- 3 Ahmed entered a very dark room. His irises responded by changing the pupil size and gradually he could see shapes of objects in the room. Dust in the air made him sneeze. Suddenly the door slammed shut, causing his heart beat to speed up. He switched on the light to find the door and he grabbed the door handle......
  - (a) Complete the table by stating two voluntary actions and two involuntary actions described in the text above.

voluntary actions	involuntary actions
1.	1.
2.	2.

4	

(b) Actions are caused by the stimulation of effect
---

(i) Name	the two	different ty	nes of effecto	or in the body.

1.	·	
2		[2

(ii) S	tate the	type o	f neurone	that s	stimulates	effectors
--------	----------	--------	-----------	--------	------------	-----------

[1	]

(c)	Pla	nts also respond to stimuli such as light.
	(i)	State the name of the response of plants to light.
		[1]
	Ahr	med was provided with several young plant shoots and a sample of auxin.
	(ii)	Describe an experiment he could carry out to show that auxin causes bending of a shoot.
		[4]
	(iii)	Explain the mechanism that results in a shoot bending towards light.
		[3]
(d)		nthetic plant hormones behave in a similar way to auxins. Describe how synthetic nt hormones are effective as weedkillers.
		701
	•••••	[2]

[Total: 17]

4

	ulin is a hormone produced to control blood glucose levels. Diabetics do not have a ural ability to control these levels.
(a)	Define the term hormone.
	[2]
	[2]
(b)	With reference to the pancreas and the liver, describe the role of insulin in controlling blood glucose levels.
	[4]
	[4]
(c)	<ul> <li>Insulin is a protein.</li> <li>Diabetics can control their blood glucose levels artificially by injecting insulin.</li> <li>Many medicines are swallowed as tablets.</li> </ul>
	Explain what would happen to the insulin in the stomach if it was swallowed as a tablet.
	[2]

(d) An alternative treatment to injecting insulin is being developed. The insulin is inhaled

into	the lungs as a spray. It is then absorbed into the bloodstream.
(i)	Suggest the path the spray would take from the mouth to enter the alveoli.
	[3]
(ii)	Suggest the process by which the insulin would pass from the alveoli into the bloodstream.
	[1]
(iii)	State three features of the alveoli that might help the insulin to pass into the blood stream efficiently.
	1
	2.
	3[3]
	[Total: 15]

Howeve	er, when the	water evaporates	orld needs the application of large volumes of water. from the soil, traces of salts are left behind. After of for most plants to grow in it.	
(a) (i)	State three	functions of water in	plants.	
	1			
	2			
			[3]	
(ii)		nce to the water po	otential gradient, explain why plants may die when	
	[3]			
<b>(b)</b> So	me plants are	able to pump salts	out of their roots.	
(i)				
(ii)	(ii) Suggest how the process named in (i) could affect the rate of growth of the plathe process was operating all the time.			
			[2]	
(iii)	Plants need mineral salts for normal, healthy growth. Complete the table by naming two minerals that plants need and stating their functions.			
	mineral	name	function	
	1			
	2			

(c)	An article in a school science magazine stated, 'Many plants contain genes which enable them to pump salts out of their roots. These genes can be made more active by genetic engineering, enabling the plants to remove salts before the plants are damaged.'
	Explain whether you think that the process described in the article above <b>is</b> an example of genetic engineering.
	[3]
(d)	Some scientists believe that washing the salts out of the soil using even more water is a better alternative to genetic engineering.
	State two problems that could be caused by washing the soil with extra water.
	1
	2[2]
	[Total:18]

**6** Fig. 6.1 shows population pyramids for a developing country and a developed country.

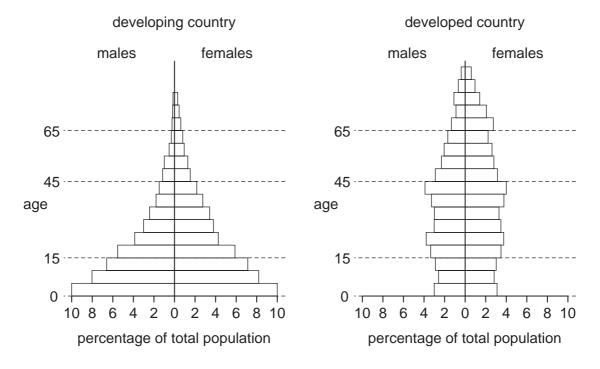


Fig. 6.1

(a)	Des	scribe now the percentage of people in the population varies with age in
	(i)	a developing country,
	(ii)	a developed country.
		[3]
(b)		ese countries have a similar population size. Inpare the two pyramids. State <b>one</b> difference between the populations
	(i)	at under 15,
	(ii)	over 65.

(c)	The pyramids can also be used to compare proportions of males and females in a population.
	State one way in which these pyramids are similar for people who live more than 65 years.
	[1]
(d)	With reference to <b>X</b> and <b>Y</b> chromosomes, explain the expected ratio of males to

females at birth.

[4]

(e) Fig. 6.2 shows survival curves for developing and developed countries, based on samples of 10 000 people. The graph can be used to estimate the average life expectancy, defined as the age at which 50% of people in the sample are still alive.

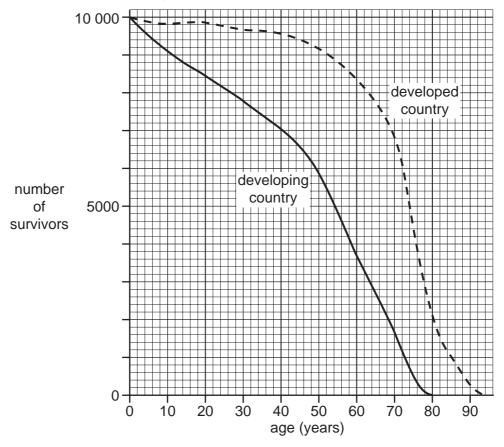


Fig. 6.2

(i) Using Fig. 6.2, estimate the average life expectancy for people in a developing country and a developed country. Write your answers in the table.

	average life expectancy
developing country	
developed country	

ì	г	1	•
	ı	- 1	
		•	

(ii) Suggest two reasons for the difference in life expectancy.

1.		
2.		
	[2	2
	IT stalled	٦.

[Total:13]

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