

5.4 EXERCISE 4 – manganate (VII) and dichromate (VI) titrations

1. Ammonium iron (II) sulphate crystals have the following formula: $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{FeSO}_4 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$. In an experiment to determine n , 8.492 g of the salt were dissolved and made up to 250 cm^3 of solution with distilled water and dilute sulphuric acid. A 25 cm^3 portion of the solution was further acidified and titrated against potassium manganate (VII) solution of concentration 0.0150 mol dm^{-3} . A volume of 22.5 cm^3 was required. Determine n .
2. Calculate x in the formula $\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}$ from the following data: 24.4 g of iron (II) sulphate crystals were made up to 1 dm^3 of aqueous solution acidified with sulphuric acid. 25.0 cm^3 of the solution required 16.6 cm^3 of 0.022M $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ for complete reaction.
3. A solution of hydrogen peroxide of volume 25 cm^3 was diluted to 500 cm^3 . A 25.0 cm^3 portion of the diluted solution was acidified and titrated against 0.0150 mol dm^{-3} potassium permanganate solution, and 45.7 cm^3 were required. Calculate the concentration of the original hydrogen peroxide solution before dilution, given that hydrogen peroxide is oxidized according to the following equation:
$$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^-$$
4. An steel wire (steel is mostly iron) of mass 3.225g was dissolved in dilute sulphuric acid and the solution made up to 250 cm^3 . A 25 cm^3 portion of this solution was further acidified and titrated against potassium dichromate (VI) of concentration 0.031 mol dm^{-3} . The volume required was 31.0 cm^3 . Calculate the percentage of iron in the steel wire.
5. The ethanedioate ion, $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}(\text{aq})$ is a reducing agent: $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^-$
A sample of ethanedioic acid, $\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}$, weighing 2.24 g was dissolved in water and the solution made up to 250 cm^3 . 25 cm^3 samples of the solution were taken and the ethanedioate in the solution required 35.6 cm^3 of 0.020M potassium manganate (VII) for reaction.
Calculate the value of x .
6. 25.0 cm^3 of a 0.1 mol dm^{-3} solution of KNO_2 is completely oxidized by 50.0 cm^3 of 0.0200 mol dm^{-3} potassium manganate (VII) solution. To what oxidation number was the N oxidized?