

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper  
for the guidance of teachers**

**9701 CHEMISTRY**

**9701/31**

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	9701	31

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (a)	PDO layout	Two balance readings and mass of <b>FA 1</b> clearly recorded for each experiment. (Data for 2 <sup>nd</sup> experiment could be on page 4) <i>Examiner to check subtraction for each experiment – no penalty in this section but see section (e)</i>	1	[1]
(b)	PDO Recording  MMO Collection	<b>If the candidate has only performed one experiment the following points <u>only</u> can be awarded:</b> <b>(ii), (iii), (vi), (vii) and (x).</b> (i) Single table recording observations for both experiments. Times at ½ minute intervals. (ii) Appropriate headings and units <i>Allow times in minutes (min) or seconds</i> (iii) All temps recorded to nearest 0.5 °C (Must be more than one at .5 as well as .0) (iv) Some temps recorded before mixing and some after mixing for <b>each</b> expt. <b>or</b> Candidate records initial temperature and at least three temperatures after mixing for each experiment (v) First temperature after mixing is clearly taken 1 minute after adding the zinc powder <i>(Examiner judgement re temperatures recorded before mixing / temperatures only recorded after mixing)</i> <b>and</b> cooling for at least 5 minutes after recorded maximum temperature.	1  1  1  1   1	
If the candidate performs one experiment only, the following marks may <b>not</b> be awarded: (i) (iv) (viii) & (ix) (xi)				
<b>For Supervisor -</b>		calculate mean maximum $\Delta T$ to nearest 0.5 °C; calculate mean of time taken (to nearest ½ min) to reach max temperature after mixing.		
	MMO Quality	(vi) & (vii) 1 <sup>st</sup> expt. Compare $\Delta T$ with Supervisor. award (vi) and (vii) if within 2 °C award (vii) <b>only</b> if >2 °C and $\leq 5^\circ\text{C}$ (viii) & (ix) 2 <sup>nd</sup> expt. Compare $\Delta T$ with Supervisor. award (viii) and (ix) if within 2 °C award (ix) <b>only</b> if >2 °C and $\leq 5^\circ\text{C}$ (x) (1 <sup>st</sup> expt) & (xi) (2 <sup>nd</sup> expt). Compare time after mixing at which max temp is obtained with same time for Supervisor, for each expt. If Supervisor $\leq 3$ min; 1 mark for $\Delta$ time $\leq 1$ min. If Supervisor >3 min; 1 mark for $\Delta$ time $\leq 1\frac{1}{2}$ min.	2    2   1 1	[11]

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Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
(f)	ACE Conclusions	To gain this mark the candidate must refer to: (i) the 1:1 <u>mole</u> ratio from the equation <b>and</b> (ii) the relative <u>moles</u> of $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ and $\text{Zn(s)}$ used, as calculated in (e) <i>If candidate states that "more moles of zinc were present" and this fits the calculated values in (e) – accept as the relative statement.</i>	1	[1]
(g)	ACE Interpretation	Shows $(25 \times 4.3 \times \text{candidate mean } \Delta T)$ with appropriate unit, J or kJ, on final answer. (Allow use of 4.2 or 4.18 without penalty) <i>Award this mark for the correct expression and unit OR where the expression is not shown, a correct evaluation of that expression and unit</i>	1	[1]
Where candidate has given a maximum temperature in (g), allow use here (ecf). Also allow use of $\Delta T$ calculated in this section.				
(h)	ACE Interpretation	<b>No mark is awarded in this section if there is no division by (moles of zinc) or by (moles of <math>\text{Cu}^{2+}</math>).</b> Calculates <u>answer to (g)</u> <b>moles of reagent not stated as being in excess in (f)</b> <i>If (moles of zinc) is used in this expression, candidate may use either value from (e) or the mean of the (moles of zinc).</i> Examiner evaluates the candidate expression which should be: (i) correctly rounded for sig fig displayed, (allow variation of $\pm 1$ on 3 <sup>rd</sup> significant figure) (ii) have a -ve sign on the final answer; (iii) be correctly converted to kJ	1  1	[2]
(i)	ACE Interpretation	Candidate identifies one source of error in the experiment. This must be related to: Apparatus used or method described – no human error allowed. <i>Heat loss is most likely error to be seen Accept reference to the graduation (precision) of the thermometer.</i>	1	[1]
(j)	ACE Improvement	<b>Answer must follow on from (i)</b> Suggests a way in which method could be improved <i>e.g. Use of a lid or increased insulation to minimise heat loss.</i>	1	[1]
Qn 1	Total			[26]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
<b>FA 3</b> is $\text{MnSO}_4(\text{s})$ ; <b>FA 4</b> is $\text{PbCO}_3(\text{s})$ ; <b>FA 5</b> is $\text{CuCO}_3(\text{s})$				
<b>2 (a)</b>	MMO Collection	As <b>FA 5</b> is heated, observes: green or blue <b><u>solid</u></b> turning black, <b>or</b> green/blue (solid) turning to a black <b><u>solid or residue</u></b>	1	[2]
	MMO Decisions	Tests gas given off with: <i>Ignore results</i> limewater, <i>in any of</i> a glowing (not burning) splint, <i>these tests</i> red litmus paper	1	
<b>(b)</b>	MMO Collection	Observes <b>each</b> of the following: colourless solution with <b>FA 3 or</b> colourless solution with <b>FA 4, and</b> blue or green solution with <b>FA 5 and</b> observation of a gas evolved with <b>FA 4 or</b> with <b>FA 5</b> . <i>[Second mark from (a) may be awarded here if not already</i> <i>given in (a)]</i>	1	[1]
<b>(c)</b>	ACE Conclusion	Identifies carbonate in <b>FA 4 or FA 5</b> and refers to carbon dioxide; <i>providing there has been evidence in the tests:</i> <i>a positive test with limewater, or</i> <i>effervescence with dilute acid</i> <b>or</b> Identifies carbonate in <b>FA 4 or FA 5</b> and refers to specific test for carbon dioxide and its result in the conclusion.	1	[1]

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
(d)	PDO Recording	(i) All observations in a single table. Both reagents are required <i>There must be no repetition of "headings".</i>	1	
	MMO Collection	(ii) Reports addition of reagents to excess whenever a precipitate is formed on first addition of the reagent. (Minimum of 2 ppt)	1	
		(iii) white / off-white / buff / (light or pale) brown precipitate with solution from <b>FA 3</b> . Precipitate insoluble in excess <u>with both reagents</u> <b>and</b> turning brown (light or pale brown precipitate darkening) recorded for at least one of the reagents	1	
		(iv) Give <b>one mark</b> for both observations. <b>FA 4</b> – white precipitate – both reagents. soluble in excess NaOH; insoluble in excess $\text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$ . <b>and</b> <b>FA 5</b> – blue precipitate – both reagents. insoluble in excess NaOH; soluble in excess $\text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$ <b>or</b> colour goes to dark/deep blue. <i>Mark conclusions consequentially to observations.</i>	1	
	ACE Conclusions	(v) Expected cations: <b>FA 3</b> ( $\text{Mn}^{2+}$ ) <b>and</b> <b>FA 5</b> ( $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ) <i>Minimum observations required:</i>  <i><math>\text{Mn}^{2+}</math> – off-white (buff, pale or light brown) ppt with each reagent but NOT from white ppt alone. Allow from white ppt turning brown.</i>  <i><math>\text{Cu}^{2+}</math> – blue ppt insoluble in excess NaOH <b>or</b> dark blue colour with aqueous <math>\text{NH}_3</math></i>	1	
		(vi) Identifies $\text{Pb}^{2+}$ and $\text{Al}^{3+}$ as possible cations. (a single consequential ion is acceptable)	1	[6]



Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
(e)	MMO Decisions	<p><b>If no pair of ions is given in (d), no mark can be awarded in this section</b></p> <p><i>Mark consequentially</i></p> <p>Selects appropriate reagent to distinguish between any pair of cations identified in (d).</p> <p>For <math>Pb^{2+}/Al^{3+}</math> accept HCl, <math>H_2SO_4</math> KI or chromate/dichromate</p> <p><i>The candidate should name a reagent, e.g. potassium dichromate.</i></p> <p><i>If <math>Cr_2O_7^{2-}</math>, or dichromate is given as the reagent the (aq) state symbol must also be given or reference made to an aqueous solution of the ions.</i></p>	1	[2]
	MMO Collection	<p><i>If selected reagent is suitable; mark consequentially for chosen reagent and <math>Pb^{2+}</math>.</i></p> <p>For <math>Pb^{2+}/Al^{3+}</math></p> <p><b>FA 4</b> gives white precipitate with HCl and with <math>H_2SO_4</math> and yellow precipitate with chromate/dichromate or iodide.</p> <p><i>Ignore any conclusion.</i></p>	1	
(f)	MMO Collection	<p>Observes as <b>only</b> reaction:</p> <p><b>FA 3</b> gives white precipitate with <math>Ba(NO_3)_2</math> which is insoluble in dilute nitric acid,</p> <p><b>but</b></p> <p><i>Ignore any white ppt or cloudiness with <b>FA 3</b> and silver nitrate, <b>and</b></i></p> <p><i>ignore cation precipitates on adding <math>NH_3(aq)</math></i></p>	1	[2]
	ACE Conclusions	<p><i>Accept a dash in the boxes for reaction of</i></p> <p><b>FA 3, FA 4 and FA 5</b> with barium nitrate and with silver chloride as evidence of “no reaction” with that reagent</p> <p>A conclusion that fits observations for</p> <p>(i) barium chloride with all solutions</p> <p><b>or</b></p> <p>(ii) silver nitrate with all solutions</p>	1	
Qn 2	Total			[14]