

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper  
for the guidance of teachers**

**9701 CHEMISTRY**

**9701/35**

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills),  
maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A / AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9701	35

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (a)	PDO Layout	<b>I</b> Volume given for Rough titre. <b>and</b> accurate titre details tabulated.	1	
	MMO Collection	<b>II</b> Follows instructions – initial and final burette readings recorded for Rough titre <b>and</b> initial and final burette readings <b>and</b> volume of <b>FA 2</b> added recorded for each accurate titre <b>and</b> headings should match readings. <i>Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; more than one final burette reading is 50.(00); any burette reading is greater than 50.(00)</i>	1	
	MMO Decisions	<b>III</b> Has two uncorrected, accurate titres within $0.1 \text{ cm}^3$ <i>Do not consider the Rough even if ticked. Do not award this mark if having performed two titres within <math>0.1 \text{ cm}^3</math> a further titration is performed which is more than <math>0.10 \text{ cm}^3</math> from the closer of the initial <b>two</b> titres, unless a fourth titration, within <math>0.1 \text{ cm}^3</math> of the third titration has also been carried out.</i>	1	
	PDO Recording	<b>IV</b> All accurate burette readings (initial and final) recorded to nearest $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ <i>Assess this mark on burette readings only</i>	1	
	MMO Quality	<b>V, VI and VII</b> Round any burette readings to the nearest $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ . Check and correct subtractions in the titre table. <b>Select the “best” titre using the hierarchy:</b> two identical; titres within $0.05 \text{ cm}^3$ ; titres within $0.1 \text{ cm}^3$ ; etc.  Award <b><u>V, VI and VII</u></b> for a difference from Supervisor within $0.20 \text{ cm}^3$  Award <b><u>V and VI only</u></b> for a difference of $0.20+ \text{ cm}^3 - 0.30 \text{ cm}^3$  Award <b><u>V only</u></b> for a difference of $0.30+ - 0.50 \text{ cm}^3$ <i>If the “best” titres are <math>\geq 0.50 \text{ cm}^3</math> apart cancel one of the Q marks.</i>	3	[7]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A / AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9701	35

(b)	ACE Interpretation	<p>Calculates the mean, correct to 2 decimal places from any accurate titres within <math>0.20 \text{ cm}^3</math>.  <i>The third decimal place may be rounded to the nearest <math>0.05 \text{ cm}^3</math>.</i>  <i>A mean of exactly .x25 or .x75 is allowed but the candidate may round up or down to the nearest <math>0.05 \text{ cm}^3</math>.</i>  <i>If <b>ALL</b> burette readings are given to 1 decimal place then the mean can be given to 1 decimal place if numerically correct without rounding.</i>  <i>Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.35 (✓)</i>  <i>Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.4 (✗)</i></p> <p><b><i>Titres to be used in calculating the mean must be clearly shown – in an expression or ticked in the titration table.</i></b></p>	1	[1]
(c)	ACE Interpretation	<p>I Correctly evaluates <math>\frac{10.00}{40} = 0.25(0)</math></p> <p>II Uses <b>answer (i)</b> <math>\times \frac{\text{mean titre}}{1000}</math> in step (ii)</p> <p><b>and</b></p> <p><b>answer (ii)</b> <math>\times \frac{1000}{10}</math> in step (iii)</p> <p><i>If an answer, with no working, is given in any section allow if correct.</i></p>	1  1	[2]
	Total		[Total: 10]	

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A / AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9701	35

2	(a)	PDO Recording	<p>I Has correct headings (minimum three) and units in the weighing table in <b>(2)(a)</b> and correct units in the titration table in <b>(2)(b)</b></p> <p><i>Acceptable units are /g, (g), mass in grams, mass in g; similarly /cm<sup>3</sup>,</i></p> <p>II All three balance reading are read with constant precision (same no of decimal places) and to at least 1 decimal place</p>	1  <
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Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A / AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9701	35

(e)	ACE Conclusions	Explains one of the following:  If 5.5 g of $\text{CaCO}_3$ had been used the titre would be too small/not enough $\text{HCl}$ remains for the <u>titration</u> (not 'all the acid has reacted') <b>or</b> Difficult/takes too long to dissolve 5.5 g of solid/it will not all dissolve in <u>150 cm<sup>3</sup></u> (of acid) <b>or</b> Excessive/too fast effervescence/fizzing/rate of gas evolved <b>or</b> Acid spray	1	[1]
(f)	ACE Interpretation	(i) <b>If balance displays to 1 decimal place:</b> error in balance reading is $\pm 0.05 \text{ g}$ <b>or</b> $\pm 0.1(0) \text{ g}$ error in mass of <b>FA 3</b> is $\pm 0.1 \text{ g}$ <b>or</b> $\pm 0.2 \text{ g}$ <b>If balance displays to 2 decimal places:</b> error in balance reading is $\pm 0.005 \text{ g}$ <b>or</b> $\pm 0.01 \text{ g}$ error in mass of <b>FA 3</b> is $\pm 0.01 \text{ g}$ <b>or</b> $\pm 0.02 \text{ g}$ <b>If balance displays to 3 decimal places:</b> error in balance reading is $\pm 0.0005 \text{ g}$ <b>or</b> $0.001 \text{ g}$ error in mass of <b>FA 3</b> is $\pm 0.001 \text{ g}$ <b>or</b> $\pm 0.002 \text{ g}$  (ii) Correctly evaluates to at least 2 significant figures: <b>candidate's error in mass of FA 3</b> <b>mass of FA 3 used</b> $\times 100$	1  1	[2]
(g)	ACE Conclusions  ACE Improvements	(i) Gives correct equation for the thermal decomposition of calcium carbonate including state symbols  (ii) Outlines: weigh container weigh container + solid (heating and) weighing again repeated (heating and) weighing to constant mass <b>or</b> weigh container weighing container + solid (heating and) measuring gas volume when no further increase <b>and</b> cooled to room temperature / use of $pV = nRT$ / $\frac{PV}{T} = \text{constant}$	1  1	[2]
	<b>Total</b>			<b>[14]</b>

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A / AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9701	35

FA 7 is $\text{Fe}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3(\text{aq})$ ; FA 8 is $\text{CrCl}_3(\text{aq})$ ; FA 9 is $\text{ZnI}_2(\text{aq})$ [ $\text{ZnCl}_2 + \text{KI}$ ]				
3 (a)	PDO Layout	I (Tabulates) observations clearly, showing: observation when each reagent is first added <b>and</b> observation when reagent added to <u>excess</u> (if there is a ppt)	1	
	MMO Collection	II, III and IV 1 mark for correct observations in <b>each</b> of the columns or rows representing <b>FA 7, FA 8 and FA 9</b> <b>or</b> 1 mark for correct observations in the row or column representing a reagent added (initial and excess count as one row/column)	3	
	ACE Conclusions	<b>Award V only</b> if <b>one ion only</b> is correctly identified	1	
		<b>Award V and VI</b> if <b>all three ions</b> are correctly identified from candidate's observations. Allow ecf*	1	
				[6]

Minimum for observations marks:

Solution	FA 7	FA 8	FA 9
NaOH	red-brown/brown/rust ppt insoluble (in excess)	grey-green ppt <u>soluble</u> /dissolves (in excess) giving a dark green solution	White/milky white ppt soluble/dissolves (in excess)
NH <sub>3</sub>	red-brown ppt insoluble (in excess) (suitable qualified brown)	grey-green ppt insoluble (in excess)	White/milky white ppt soluble/dissolves (in excess)

Minimum for conclusions marks: (with incomplete but not CON observations)

- FA 7** red-brown ppt with either;  
**FA 8** grey-green ppt with either/(dark) green solution with excess NaOH;  
**FA 9** white ppt soluble in excess NH<sub>3</sub>.

\* ecfs allowed

- FA 8** allow  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  if green ppt insoluble in excess NaOH (no grey-green ppts)  
**FA 9** allow  $\text{Al}^{3+}$  **and**  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$  if white ppt insoluble in excess NH<sub>3</sub>  
**FA 9** allow  $\text{Ba}^{2+}$  **and**  $\text{NH}_4^+$  if no ppt with either  
**FA 9** allow  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$  if white ppt insoluble in excess of both

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	GCE A / AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9701	35

(b)	MMO Decisions	<b>I</b> Selects barium chloride or barium nitrate for the test in step (i) <i>Do not allow <math>Ba^{2+}</math> alone <math>Ba^{2+}(aq)</math> or soln containing <math>Ba^{2+}</math> (ions) is acceptable</i>	1	
	MMO Collection	<b>II</b> Records white/off-white precipitate with <u>only</u> <b>FA 7</b>	1	
	MMO Decisions	<b>III</b> Selects silver nitrate or lead nitrate in (ii) to add to the solutions (that do not contain sulfate) <i>Do not allow <math>Ag^+</math> or <math>Pb^{2+}</math> alone Aqueous ions or solutions containing the ion are acceptable as above</i>	1	
	MMO Collection	<b>IV</b> Appropriate observations <b>FA 8</b> white ppt with $Ag^+$ /white ppt or no ppt with $Pb^{2+}$ <b>FA 9</b> yellow ppt with either <i>Ignore observations with any solution candidate has identified as sulfate</i>	1	
	ACE Conclusions	<b>V</b> <b>FA 8</b> is chloride, <b>FA 9</b> is iodide Credit if the supporting evidence fits the ion identified and the practical performed for <b>FA 8</b> and <b>FA 9</b> provided there is no CON observation in (i) <i>Do not credit if <math>Ag^+</math> gives a ppt with <b>FA 7</b></i>  Marks <b>IV</b> and <b>V</b> may be awarded from <b>FA 8</b> white ppt chloride ( <b>IV</b> ) <b>FA 9</b> yellow ppt iodide ( <b>V</b> )	1	
				[5]

Other possibilities:

Two white ppts with aqueous  $Ba^{2+}$  then remaining solution tested with aqueous  $Ag^+/Pb^{2+}$   
This would score marks **I**, **III** and may score one of **IV** or **V**

Aqueous  $Ba^{2+}$  gives positive result with solution other than **FA 7** and tests with aqueous  $Ag^+/Pb^{2+}$  performed

(This would score marks **I** and **III**)

Ignore observation and conclusion with **FA 7**

Award correct observation and valid conclusion for third ion thus scoring one of **IV** or **V**

Aqueous  $Ba^{2+}$  gives positive result with all three solutions

Award mark **I**, and mark **III** may be awarded for selection of aqueous  $Ag^+/Pb^{2+}$  or statement that no further testing is required **but no other marks can be awarded** in this section.



Page 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A / AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9701	35

FA 10 is $\text{NaNO}_3(\text{s})$ ; FA 11 is $\text{NaNO}_2(\text{s})$				
(c) (i)	MMO Collection	I Solid/FA 10 melts/to a liquid/solution (on heating)	1	
		II Observes <u>bubbles</u> of gas in liquid/solution or Liquid/solution turns yellow/pale yellow	1	
	MMO Decisions	III Describes an appropriate test <u>in either (i) or (ii)</u> for any of the following <u>gases</u> : $\text{O}_2$ , $\text{CO}_2$ , $\text{NH}_3$ or $\text{SO}_2$ <i>There must be a reference to gas being evolved before this mark can be awarded.</i>	1	
	MMO Collection	IV Positive identification of oxygen gas in (i): glowing splint rekindles/relights/glows brighter (gas evolved rekindles a glowing splint would gain marks III and IV) (‘glowing splint rekindles’ would gain mark III not IV)	1	
	(ii)	V On adding acid to residue to FA 11, observes brown/yellow-brown gas (not yellow, orange or red-brown) or blue solution (allow greenish blue)	1	
Total				[5]
				[16]