

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

www.xiremenapers.com

| * | |
|----------|--|
| Ø | |
| N | |
| 7 | |
| W | |
| 0 | |
| 0 | |
| ∞ | |
| μ | |
| W | |
| 0 | |
| | |

| CANDIDATE NAME | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|
| CENTRE NUMBER | | CANDIDATE NUMBER | | |

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS

0606/23

Paper 2

October/November 2011

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

Electronic calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 80.

| For Examiner's Use | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | | | | |
| 2 | | | | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | | | | |
| 5 | | | | |
| 6 | | | | |
| 7 | | | | |
| 8 | | | | |
| 9 | | | | |
| 10 | | | | |
| 11 | | | | |
| 12 | | | | |
| Total | | | | |

This document consists of 16 printed pages.



Mathematical Formulae

For Examiner's Use

1. ALGEBRA

Quadratic Equation

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$,

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} .$$

Binomial Theorem

$$(a+b)^n = a^n + \binom{n}{1}a^{n-1}b + \binom{n}{2}a^{n-2}b^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{r}a^{n-r}b^r + \dots + b^n,$$

where *n* is a positive integer and $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$.

2. TRIGONOMETRY

Identities

$$\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1$$
$$\sec^2 A = 1 + \tan^2 A$$
$$\csc^2 A = 1 + \cot^2 A$$

Formulae for $\triangle ABC$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc \cos A$$
$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A$$

© UCLES 2011 0606/23/O/N/11

1 Solve the inequality x(2x-1) > 15.

For Examiner's Use

[3]

[2]

2 (i) Given that $y = (12 - 4x)^5$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

(ii) Hence find the approximate change in y as x increases from 0.5 to 0.5 + p, where p is small.

| 3 | (i) | Find the coefficient of x^3 | in the expansion | of $(1 - 2)$ | $(x)^{7}$. |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| • | (-) | 1 1110 tile totallatelle of # | THE CALL COMPANIES OF THE CALL | or (| , . |

For Examiner's Use

[2]

(ii) Find the coefficient of x^3 in the expansion of $(1 + 3x^2)(1 - 2x)^7$.

[3]

0606/23/O/N/11

4 Without using a calculator, find the positive root of the equation

[6]

$$(5 - 2\sqrt{2})x^2 - (4 + 2\sqrt{2})x - 2 = 0,$$

giving your answer in the form $a + b\sqrt{2}$, where a and b are integers.

| A so | chool council of 6 people is to be chosen from a group of 8 students and 6 teachers. Calcumber of different ways that the council can be selected if | ılate | For Examine Use |
|------------|--|-------|-----------------------|
| (i) | there are no restrictions, | [2] | |
| (ii) | there must be at least 1 teacher on the council and more students than teachers. | [3] | |
| | | | |
| | er the council is chosen, a chairperson and a secretary have to be selected from the 6 cournbers. | ıcil | |
| (iii) | Calculate the number of different ways in which a chairperson and a secretary can be selected. | [1] | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

© UCLES 2011 0606/23/O/N/11 6 (i) In the space below sketch the graph of y = |(2x+3)(2x-7)|.

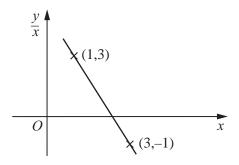
For Examiner's Use

[4]

(ii) How many values of x satisfy the equation |(2x+3)(2x-7)| = 2x?

[2]





The variables x and y are related in such a way that when $\frac{y}{x}$ is plotted against x a straight line is obtained, as shown in the graph. The line passes through the points (1, 3) and (3, -1).

(i) Express
$$y$$
 in terms of x .

[2]

(ii) Find the value of x and of y such that
$$\frac{y}{x} = -9$$
.

0606/23/O/N/11

| 8 | ector of a circle, of radius r cm, has a perimeter of 200 cm. | | For Examiner's | |
|---|---|--|----------------|---------|
| | (i) | Express the area, $A \text{ cm}^2$, of the sector in terms of r . | [3] | Use Use |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | (;;) | Civan that a con year, find the stationary value of A | г 2 1 | |
| | (ii) | Given that r can vary, find the stationary value of A . | [3] | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| | | 10 | | |
|---|-----------|--|--------------------|------|
| 9 | An 480 | aircraft, whose speed in still air is $350 \mathrm{kmh^{-1}}$, flies in a straight line from <i>A</i> to <i>B</i> , a distance km. There is a wind of $50 \mathrm{kmh^{-1}}$ blowing from the north. The pilot sets a course of 130° . | of For Examine Use | er's |
| | (i) | Calculate the time taken to fly from <i>A</i> to <i>B</i> . | 5] | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | (ii) | Calculate the bearing of <i>B</i> from <i>A</i> . | 3] | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

© UCLES 2011 0606/23/O/N/11 10 The line y = 2x + 10 intersects the curve $2x^2 + 3xy - 5y + y^2 = 218$ at the points A and B. Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AB. [9]

11 (i) Solve
$$4\cot\frac{1}{2}x = 1$$
, for $0^{\circ} < x < 360^{\circ}$.

For Examiner's Use

[3]

(ii) Solve
$$3(1 - \tan y \cos y) = 5\cos^2 y - 2$$
, for $0^\circ < y < 360^\circ$.

[5]

© UCLES 2011 0606/23/O/N/11 (iii) Solve $3 \sec^2 z = 4$, for $0 < z < 2\pi$ radians.

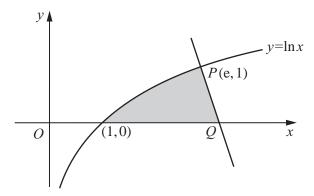
For Examiner's Use

[3]

12 Answer only **one** of the following two alternatives.

For Examiner's Use

EITHER



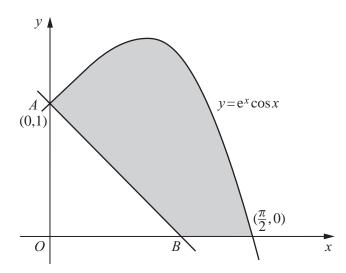
The diagram shows part of the curve $y = \ln x$ cutting the x-axis at the point (1, 0). The normal to the curve at the point P(e, 1) cuts the x-axis at the point Q.

(i) Show that
$$Q$$
 is the point $\left(e + \frac{1}{e}, 0\right)$. [4]

(ii) Show that
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x \ln x) = 1 + \ln x$$
. [1]

(iii) Hence find
$$\int \ln x dx$$
 and the area of the shaded region. [5]

OR



The diagram shows part of the curve $y = e^x \cos x$, cutting the *x*-axis at the point $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, 0\right)$. The normal to the curve at the point A(0, 1) cuts the *x*-axis at the point B.

(i) Find the coordinates of
$$B$$
. [4]

(ii) Show that
$$\frac{d}{dx}[e^x(\cos x + \sin x)] = 2e^x \cos x$$
. [2]

(iii) Hence find
$$\int e^x \cos x dx$$
 and the area of the shaded region. [4]

© UCLES 2011 0606/23/O/N/11

| Start your answer to Question 12 here. | | | | For |
|--|--------|--------|---|-------------------|
| Indicate which question you are answering. | EITHER | | | Examiner's Use |
| | OR | | - | |
| | | I | 1 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | ••••• | ••••• | | |
| | | ••••• | | |
| | | ••••• | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | ••••• | | |
| | ••••• | •••••• | | |
| | •••••• | ••••• | | |
| | | •••••• | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Continue your answer here if necessary. | For |
|---|-------------------|
| | Examiner's Use |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2011 0606/23/O/N/11