

KINEMATICS

TUTORIAL ANSWERS

1.) Let v_y be the vertical velocity of the projectile, then

$$\tan \theta = v_y / v = (\sqrt{2gh}) / v$$

Value of $\tan \theta$ is the largest if h is the largest and v is the smallest. [So B is the answer.](#)

2.) $s = 1/2gt^2$

Where g is the uniform acceleration of the body, thus displacement increases at a increasing rate with respect to time, t .

Body starts from rest. Thus, the slope is zero at start. [So B is the best answer.](#)

3.) $s_y = u_y t + 1/2gt^2$ since $u_y = 0$, thus

$$s_y = 1/2gt^2 \text{ only.}$$

$$1.25 = \frac{1}{2}(9.81)(t)^2, t = 0.5 \text{ s.}$$

$$s_x = u_x t, u_x = s_x / t = 10 / 0.5 = \underline{20 \text{ ms}^{-1}}$$

4.) For such a projectory path described by a stone thrown into the air, the vertical component of the acceleration is always the acceleration of free fall, g taken as 9.81 ms^{-2} , towards the centre of Earth. Thus, vertical component of acceleration at point P is the same as that at point T and is equal to g . [Answer is D.](#)

5.) Overall average speed of the car is $= \frac{\text{total distance travelled}}{\text{total time taken}} = \frac{(20 \times 2.0) + (40 \times 2.0) + (60 \times 6.0)}{(2.0 + 2.0 + 6.0)}$

$$= \underline{48 \text{ ms}^{-1}}$$

6.) Area under graph $= \frac{1}{2} (0.8)(2.5) = \underline{1.0 \text{ m}}$

7.) Value of the velocity-time graph is the gradient of displacement-time graph.

First part of the graph shows value of velocity is becoming more and more positive.

Thus gradient of displacement-time graph must be more and more positive too.

Second part of the graph shows value of velocity is constant positive.

Thus gradient of displacement-time graph must be constant positive too.

Third part of the graph shows value of velocity is becoming less and less positive.

Thus gradient of displacement-time graph must be less and less positive too.

Answer is C.

7.) The value of velocity is given by the gradient of the displacement-time graph.

Answer is C.

8.) At maximum height, velocity of the ball is zero. Answer is D.

Point B cannot be the answer even though the velocity is zero because it is the point where the ball hits the ground, not highest point.

9.) $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

$$20^2 = 10^2 + 2(a)(100)$$

$a = 1.5 \text{ ms}^{-2}$