

TUTORIAL QUESTIONS DEFORMATION OF SOLIDS

Question 1

A

Question 2

C

Question 3

$$F = kx$$

$$10 = k (40 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$k = 250 \text{ Nm}^{-1}$$

Total extension = 40 mm, each spring extension would be 20 mm

$$\text{So total energy stored} = \frac{1}{2} (250)(20 \times 10^{-3})^2 + \frac{1}{2} (250)(20 \times 10^{-3})^2 = 0.10 \text{ J}$$

Answer: B

Question 4

$$F = kx$$

$$6 = k 0.03$$

$$k = 200 \text{ Nm}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Additional strain energy} &= \frac{1}{2} (200)(0.04)^2 - \frac{1}{2} (200)(0.03)^2 \\ &= 0.07 \text{ J (Answer: C)} \end{aligned}$$

Question 5

$$F = (400)(20 \times 10^{-3}) = 8.0 \text{ N (Answer: A)}$$

Question 6

$$E = kL/x, k = Ex/L$$

So when length is halved, k would be doubled.

$$K' = 2K$$

Question 7

$$F = \frac{1}{2} kx$$

$$F = ma$$

$$ma = \frac{1}{2} kx$$

a is directly proportional to x. (Answer: A)

Question 8

a.) $F = kx$, $50 = k(0.1)$, $k = 500 \text{ Nm}^{-1}$
max. energy stored $= \frac{1}{2} (500)(0.15)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (500)(0.15)^2 = \mathbf{11.25 \text{ J}}$

b.) $mgh = 11.25$
 $h = 11.25 / (0.6 \times 10) = \mathbf{18.75 \text{ m}}$

Question 9

a.) $F = kx$
 $0.6 = (6)x_1$, $x_1 = \mathbf{0.1 \text{ m}}$
 $0.6 = (3)x_2$, $x_2 = \mathbf{0.2 \text{ m}}$

b.) $k_{\text{total}} = (1/k_1 + 1/k_2)^{-1} = \mathbf{2 \text{ Nm}^{-1}}$

c.) strain energy $= \frac{1}{2} (2)(0.3)^2 = \mathbf{0.09 \text{ J}}$

Question 10

a.) $mgh = (5 \times 9.81 \times 0.02) = \mathbf{0.981 \text{ J}}$

b.) energy stored $= \frac{1}{2}Fx = \frac{1}{2}(5 \times 9.81)(0.02) = \mathbf{0.491 \text{ J}}$

c.) **Energy lost as heat during the extension of the rubber cord.**

Question 11

a.) $F = kx$
 $\%k = \%F + \%x$
 $= [(0.02/4.00) + (0.1/(17.95 - 13.60))] \times 100\%$
 $= \mathbf{2.8 \%}$

b.) $k = (4/(17.95 - 13.60) \times 10^{-2}) = 91.95 \text{ Nm}^{-1}$
 $\Delta k = (2.8/100)(91.95) = \pm 2.57 = \pm 3 \text{ (1 s.f.)}$
 $k = \mathbf{92 \pm 3 \text{ Nm}^{-1}}$

c.) $\%x = \%F + \%k$
 $= [(0.02/2.00) + (3/92)] \times 100\%$
 $= \mathbf{4.3 \%}$

Question 12

(i) $\text{spring constant} = (3.8/2.1) = 1.8 \text{ N cm}^{-1}$

(ii)

1. $\Delta EP = mg\Delta h$
 $= (3.8) \times (1.5 \times 10^{-2})$
 $= 0.057 \text{ J}$
2. $ES = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$
 $\Delta ES = \frac{1}{2} \times 1.8 \times 10^{-2} (0.036^2 - 0.021^2)$
 $= 0.077 \text{ J}$
3. $\text{work done} = 0.077 - 0.057$
 $= 0.020 \text{ J}$

Question 13

Material	E / Pa	Breaking stress / Pa	Cross-sectional area / 10^{-4} m^2	Breaking force / N
Steel	2.0×10^{11}	9×10^8	1.0	9×10^4
Nylon	7.0×10^7	0.6×10^8	5.0	3×10^4
X	1.1×10^{11}	5×10^8	0.2	1×10^4
Y	5.5×10^{10}	1×10^9	0.2	2×10^4

- A.) Refer table
B.) Steel, X, Y, nylon
C.) Nylon, X, steel, Y
D.) X, 1×10^4
E.) Steel, 9×10^4
F.) Refer diagram
G.) Refer diagram

Stress

