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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except if figures specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

Units Incorrect units are not penalised, except where specified. More commonly, marks are allocated for specific units.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

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Not/NOT

Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

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		IGCSE – October/November 2011	0625	22	
1	394 – 2 ² 0.92 g/cm ³	in any form, letters, words, numbers OR 184 correct conversion to kg/m³, with unit)		C1 C1 A1 B1	
	(b) decreas	es		B1	[5]
2	` '	vaves hitting obstacle d/bounced back (from obstacle)		C1 A1	
	12.9	ed = distance/time in any form 9/1500 086 OR 8.6 × 10 ⁻³ (s)		C1 C1 A1	
	(ii) 130	– 150 (m)		B1	[6]
3	(a) turning	effect OR force x distance (from fulcrum)		B1	
	(b) (i) A <u>a</u>	nd idea of bigger distance from hinge/pivot		B1	
	(ii) clos	ses		B1	[3]
4	· ,	ature at which between solid and liquid (or v.v.)		B1 B1	
	(b) stays co	onstant (if (b) left blank, can score from (a) , if state	d there)	B1	
	`´ at −10°(curve, d	tion horizontal C ecreasing gradient, down to L end of horiz section f om R end of horiz section to −18, but no lower	from 50 at t = 0	M1 A1 A1 A1	[7]
5	(a) (i) dec	reases		B1	
	(ii) ther	rmistor		B1	
		put X in ice pure OR melting put X in steam/boiling water pure OR standard pressure ord ammeter reading mentioned somewhere in (b)(i	i)	M1 A1 M1 A1 B1	
	` '	a of not very accurate/ not linear ess more calibration points (between 0°C and 100°C	C)/other logic	M1 A1	[9]

Paper	
22	
B1	
and B1	
B1	
B1 M1 A1	
M1 A1	[8]
B1	
M1	
A1 A1	
B1 B1	[6]
B1	
B1	
B1	
B1 B1 B1	[6]
B1 B1 M1 A1	
B1	
B1 ce B1	
(B1 ce

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_		(ii)	zero/minimum/resistance		B1	[8]
10	(a)	(i)	voltmeter NOT voltameter		B1	
		(ii)	voltmeter connected in parallel across R symbol correct		B1 B1	
	(b)	(i)	2 (A)		B1	
		(ii)	2 (A)		B1	
	(c)	(i)	R = V/I in any form 8/2 4 (Ω)		C1 C1 A1	
		(ii)	candidate's (c)(i) + 4 correctly evaluated		B1	
	(d)	8 (\	V)		B1	[10]
11	(a)	oth (rad	ntaminated surfaces (any sort) er radioactive material nearby diation from) rocks/soil smic rays/radiation from space lon gas from ground		B1	
	(b)	bet	ha OR α a OR β if gamma mentioned)		B1 B1	
	(c)	any	value within range 45–55		B1	
	(d)	(i)	(all) larger		B1	
		(ii)	same		B1	
	(e)	any	y sensible precaution		B1	[7]
12	(a)	i.e. A c	rect form of equation $^{238}_{92}$ U \rightarrow $^{A}_{Z}$ Th + $^{4}_{2}$ He slearly 234 learly 90		B1 B1 B1	
	(b)		ss number OR nucleon number OR no. of nucleons eutrons	OR no. of protons	B1	

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(c) atomic number OR proton number OR no. of protons/positive charges IGNORE no. of electrons

B1 [5]