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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

0625 PHYSICS

0625/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



	Page 2			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – May/June 2007	0625	6
1	(a) $\theta_1 = 23$ unit °C correctly written				[1] [1]	
	(b)	19 (° 34 (°				[1] [1]
	(c)	(i) I	heat	loss (to surroundings)		[1]
		i 	insul lid spee repea	to record max temperature		
				de beaker in calculation		[2]
						[Total: 7]
2	(a)	and (I		d values orrect values for d 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30		[1] [1]
	(c)	<i>h</i> ₀ =	100	mm (including unit, cm/m allowed)		[1]
	(e)	corre	ect va	alues for b 40, 35, 32, 28, 24, 20 (ecf)		[1]
	(f)	plots best	ect <i>d</i> s to n fit st	axis labelled with symbol / unit learest ½ sq (-1 each error or omission) traight line e, thin and best fit		[1] [2] [1] [1]
	(g)	line r OR v	when	hrough origin n <i>b</i> increases, <i>d</i> decreases tive gradient		[1]
	(h)	use	of se	et square / protractor / spirit level / plumbline		[1] [Total: 11]

3	(a)	correct arithmetic for <i>R</i> values 7.92, 1.98 both <i>R</i> to 2sf OR both to 3sf	[1] [1]
		all correct units: V , A , Ω	[1]
	(b)	final box (ecf) second R (or I) about $\frac{1}{4}$ of first	[1] [1]
	(c)	lamp symbol correct ammeter and voltmeter symbols correct	[1] [1]
		correct parallel circuit (ONE ammeter and ONE voltmeter, no extra components, but accept switch if present, ignore power source or lack of)	[1]
			[Total: 8]
4	(a)	correct arithmetic for f , 0.154, 0.144 (any sf) correct average f (0.149, ecf) average f to 2/3 sf correct unit for average f (m)	[1] [1] [1] [1]
	(b)	precautions: any two from: use darkened area (wtte) metre rule on bench or clamped object and lens same height from bench mark on lens holder to show position of lens centre take more readings choosing mid point between acceptable positions parallax, action and reason	
		lens/screen perpendicular to bench	[2]
	(c)	inverted	[1]
			[Total: 7]

Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2007

Page 3

Syllabus 0625 Paper 6

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0625	6

5 (a) weight / load / force / W / L / F [1] length / l [1] extension / e / x / (l - l₀) [1] units N, mm, mm

(b) any three from length of spring / l₀ diameter/thickness of spring range of loads length of wire diameter / thickness of wire number of coils coil spacing do NOT allow 'size' or room temperature

[Total: 7]

[3]