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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0625 PHYSICS

0625/53

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE – May/June 2014	0625	53 [1]	
1	(a)(i)(ii) m₁a	i) m_1 and m_2 present and in g <u>and</u> V_1 in cm ³			
	(iii	i) m ₂ >	$m_2 > m_1$		[1]	
	(iv		unit of g/cm ³ or kg/m ³ seen in (a) , (b) or (c) and not contradicted (unit must match value)			
	(b)(i)((b)(i)(ii) m_3 present and V_2 present with $V_2 > V_1$			[1]	
	(iii	i) corre	correct calculation of V_3		[1]	
	(iv	ρ_2 to	2/3 sig. figs.		[1]	
	(c) ρ	_{AV} in raı	nge 0.9 to 1.1 (or 900 to 1100)		[1]	
	(d) a	read	reading perpendicularly/at right angles to scale I bottom of meniscus			
	•	othe	er suitable precaution		[1]	
			ate source of inaccuracy, other than in (d) ince not at zero/test-tube catches on side of measu	ıring cylinder	[1]	
		-	hing effect on ρ with explanation ρ greater as volume smaller		[1]	
	o.g. ρ groater as mass reading larger ρ groater as volume ema		irialici			
					[Total: 10]	
2	(a)(b)	units	s correct in symbols or words, s, °C, °C		[1]	
		t val	ues correct <u>0</u> , 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180		[1]	
		θ for	r 200 cm ³ decreasing		[1]	
		θ for	$^{\circ}$ 100 cm 3 decreasing and evidence of $ heta$ to at least 1	°C	[1]	
		large	er/same change over 180s for 100 cm ³		[1]	
	e	.g. rate	ate definite pattern which fully matches candidate's of temperature drop greater at start than at end ted pattern which partly matches results	results	[1]	
			nt matching temperature changes no significant difference' if appropriate)		[1]	
	-		ion referring to results and involving comparative ch cific mention of <u>in the same time</u>	ange in temperature	[1]	

Pa	ige 3	Mark Scheme Syllabus	Paper				
		IGCSE – May/June 2014 0625	53				
(e)	 (e) any two from: room temperature/external temperature (but not outside temperature/environmental factor such as draughts/sunshine initial water temperature/start temperature same amount of stirring/wait same time before reading keep thermometer at same depth same size/thickness/material/surface area of beaker same volumes of water 						
			[Total: 10]				
3 (a)((a)(b)(c) p.d.s all < 3.0 V <u>and</u> to at least 1d.p.						
		currents all < 1.50 A and to at least 2 d.p.	[1]				
(d)	unit	s both correct, symbols or words, V, A	[1]				
(e)	(i)	R calculations correct	[1]				
		correct unit seen at least once and not contradicted	[1]				
		consistent 2 or consistent 3 sig. figs. for R	[1]				
	(ii)	statement matches results (expect 'Yes' but allow 'No' if difference >10%) with <u>matching</u> and <u>correct</u> justification (which refers to figures) e.g. 'within limits of expt accuracy' owtte if 'Yes' or 'too different' owtte if 'No' is the property of the statement of the statement matches results (expect 'Yes' but allow 'No' if difference >10%) with matching and correct justification (which refers to figures)					
(f)	•	one from: switch off between readings only switch on for short time use smaller currents/p.d.s	741				
	•	suitable means of dissipating thermal energy	[1]				
(g)	(i)	correct circuit symbol (rectangle with strike-through arrow only)	[1]				
	(ii)	X shown in series circuit (not between crocodile clips)	[1]				
			[Total: 10]				
4 (a)	all v	v and h present and both increasing	[1]				
(b)	(i)	correct s calculations	[1]				

Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2014	0625	53
	•	ropriate reason e.g. w and h not the same (need reference to square she difficult to measure shadows/edges not distinct card might not be perpendicular/card might be tilter lamp is not a point source improve reliability	. ,	[1]
(c)	axes lab	elled with quantity and unit		[1]
	scales a	opropriate, plots covering at least ½ grid		[1]
	plots cor	rect to ½ small square		[1]
	well judg	ed curve		[1]
	thin, con	tinuous line, precise plots		[1]
(d)	allow 'en	b between plots for 25 and 15 cm sure curve is consistent', 'gaps becoming larger' 'more plots, more accurate', 'make line more accur	ate'	[1]
(e)	shaddiffe	able reason e.g. dow would be too big (for screen) rence between <i>w</i> and <i>h</i> becomes larger dows become less distinct/more blurred/too distort	ed	[1]