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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 question paper

9702 PHYSICS

9702/06 Options maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

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Option A - Astrophysics and Cosmology

1	(a) (i) (ii)	distance at which 1 AU subtends an angle	B1 M1	[1]
	(b)	of one arc-second $arc = r\theta$ $1.5 \times 10^{11} = r \times 2\pi / (360 \times 60 \times 60)$	A1 C1 M1	[2]
2	(a)	$1.0 \text{ pc} = 3.09 \times 10^{16} \text{ m}$ e.g. 3 K microwave background radiation	A1	[3]
		redshift of light from galaxies any two sensible suggestions, 1 each, max 2	B2	[2]
	(b)	If Universe is static and infinite then every line of sight would end on a star so night would be as bright as day	B1 M1 A1	[3]
	(c)	depends on (mean) density of matter in the Universe greater than a certain value, Universe will expand and then contract below this certain value, Universe will expand indefinitely	B1 B1 B1	[3]
3	(a)	e.g. absorption of IR by water vapour in atmosphere much stray IR at Earth's surface		
	4.	any two sensible suggestions, 1 each, max 2	B2	[2]
	(b)	e.g. distant galaxies moving so fast that they are red-shifted into IR e.g. cool objects (brown dwarfs) give off IR but not visible light	B1 B1 B1 B1	[4]
		allow any two sensible suggestions (2) + reasoning (1 + 1)	וט	[+]

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Option F - The Physics of Fluids

4	(a)	e.g. incompressible fluid / constant density horizontal flow non-viscous streamline		
		any three, 1 each, max 3	В3	[3]
	(b)	force = $A\Delta p$ = $25 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 1.2 \times (85^2 - 75^2)$ = $2.4 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$	C1 C1 A1	[3]
5	(ii)	centre of mass of displaced fluid B shown at centre of submerged section upthrust acts upwards through B weight acts downwards through C these two forces provide a restoring couple	B1 B1 B1 B1	[1] [1]
	` ,	becomes less decrease increases	B1 B1 B1	[1] [1] [1]
	(c)	C and B coincide no longer providing a restoring couple	M1 A1	[2]
6	(a)	non-steady / haphazard flow of fluid	B1	[1]
	(b)	turbulence represents (continuous) transfer of kinetic energy this transfer of energy per unit time represents power power = $F_D \times$ speed so more power means larger F_D	B1 B1 B1	[3]

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Option M - Medical Physics

7	(a)	electrons accelerated / high speed electrons bombard metal target electrons decelerated greatly → e.m. radiation wide range of decelerations gives continuous spectrum electrons in target atoms excited de-excitation of these electrons gives line spectrum	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1	[6]
	(b) (i) (ii)	•	B1 B1	[1] [1]
8	(a)	short sight (myopia)	B1	[1]
	(b) (i) (ii)	concave lens drawn rays diverge after passing through the concave lens rays converge on the retina	B1 B1 B1	[1] [2]
9	(a) (i) (ii)	intensity: energy per unit area per unit time (normal to area) loudness: subjective response (of a person) to (a given) intensity ability to distinguish between two different intensities of sound	B1 B1 B1	[3]
	(b)	intensity level = $10 \lg (I / I_0)$ $89 = 10 \lg I / (1.0 \times 10^{-12})$ $I_{89} = 7.94 \times 10^{-4} \text{ W m}^{-2}$ $92 = 10 \lg I / (1.0 \times 10^{-12})$ $I_{92} = 1.58 \times 10^{-3} \text{ W m}^{-2}$ ratio = $I_{89} / (I_{92} - I_{89})$ = 1.0	C1 C1 C1 C1 A1	[5]

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Option P - Environmental Physics

10	(a)		diagram:	closed box with glass top metal base and water tubing blackened interior	B1 B1 B1	[3]
	(b)		largest area	a normal to sunlight	B1	[1]
	(c)		800 × 0.35	w rate \times $c \times \Delta\theta$ \times 1.4 = flow rate \times 4200 \times 15 6.2×10^{-3} kg s ⁻¹	C1 C1 A1	[3]
11	(a)		without any the change	oressure and volume (and temperature) ((thermal) energy entering or leaving the system takes place rapidly energy to flow in/out of the gas	M1 A1 B1 B1	[2] [2]
	(b)	(i) (ii)		ection shown (clockwise) tion marked (vertical section on left of diagram)	B1 B1	[1] [1]
12	(a)			empounds are released as air pollution comment e.g. cause mental disorders, enter food chain via plants	B1 B1	[2]
	(b)		e.g. noise, any two se	visual nsible suggestions, 1 each, max 2	B2	[2]
	(c)	(i) (ii)		rithout using (fossil) fuels t produce air pollution,no mining/transportation	B1	[1]
		(11)	•	nsible suggestions, 1 each, max 2	B2	[2]

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Option T - Telecommunications

13	(a)	signal is in the form of a series of pulses of light/IR pulses pass along a glass fibre as a result of total internal reflection	B1 B1 B1	[3]
	(b)	technological: e.g. greater bandwidth, less noise, less power loss per unit leng any two sensible suggestions, 1 each, max 2 social: e.g. increased security, cheaper, less bulky any two sensible suggestions, 1 each, max 2	gth B2 B2	[4]
14	(a)	thermal energy (in the cable) / resistance loss = $10 \lg(0.55 / 0.60)$ = (-) $0.38 dB$ loss per unit length = $0.38 / 75 \times 10^{-3}$ = $5.0 dB km^{-1}$	B1 C1 C1 C1 A1	[1]
	(b)	unwanted (random) signal power e.g. molecular/lattice vibrations, pick-up of e.m. signals	B1	[1]
15		digital more reliable than analogue fewer people employed in telephone industry greater multiplexing means reduced cost per call reduced costs means available to more people huge expansion international calls huge expansion of non-voice communications development/expansion of internet introduction of multichannel cable TV companies any five sensible statements, 1 each, max 5	B2 B5	[2]