





PHYSICS 9702/31

CANDIDATE

NUMBER

Paper 31 Advanced Practical Skills 1

CANDIDATE NAME

CENTRE

NUMBER

May/June 2007

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: As listed in the Confidential Instructions.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE ON ANY BARCODES.

Answer both questions.

You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of one hour for each question.

You are expected to record all your observations as soon as these observations are made, and to plan the presentation of the records so that it is not necessary to make a fair copy of them. The working of the answers is to be handed in.

Additional answer paper and graph paper should be submitted only if it becomes necessary to do so.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

All questions in this paper carry equal marks.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
Total	

This document consists of 9 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



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You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 1 In this experiment you will measure the potential difference across a resistor R_2 of resistance R_2 as the resistance of the circuit is varied.
 - (a) (i) Connect the circuit shown in Fig. 1.1 using one of the resistors in the chain.

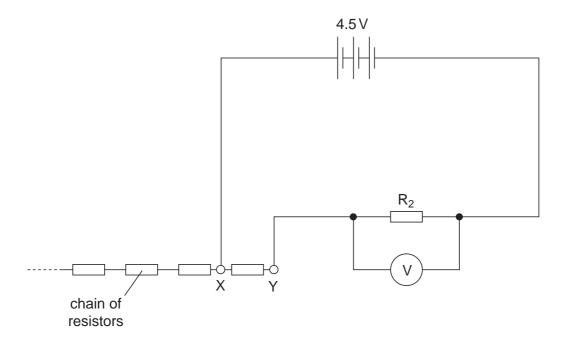


Fig. 1.1

(ii)	Record the	value of the	potential	difference	V across I	R ₂ .
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(b) Change the number *n* of resistors between X and Y and repeat **(a)(ii)** until you have six sets of readings for *V* and *n*. Include values of 1/*V* in your table of results.

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of 1/V (y-axis) against n (x-axis).
 - (ii) Draw the line of best fit.
 - (iii) Determine the gradient and the *y*-intercept of the graph.

gradient =

y-intercept =

5

For Examiner's Use

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(d) V and n are related by the equation

$$\frac{1}{V} = \frac{nR_1}{ER_2} + \frac{1}{E}$$

where R_1 is the resistance of each of the resistors in the chain and E is the e.m.f. of the battery.

Using your answers from (c)(iii), determine values of E and the ratio $\frac{R_1}{R_2}$.

You should include units where appropriate.

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \dots$$

You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 2 In this experiment you will investigate the height to which a ball rises when it has been released from a stretched piece of rubber.
 - (a) (i) Suspend the piece of rubber from a clamp and stand using the two small blocks of wood. Attach the ball to the lower end of the rubber. The arrangement should be as shown in Fig. 2.1.

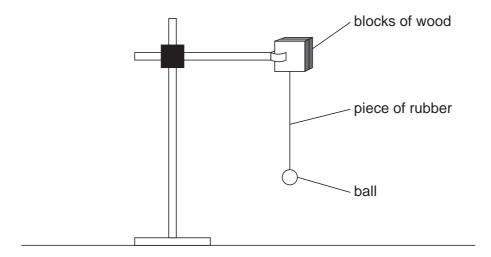


Fig. 2.1

- (ii) Clamp the rule vertically. Position the rule near to the suspended ball.
- (iii) Record the position of the centre of mass of the ball when it is in equilibrium.

position of centre of mass of the ball =

(b)	(i)	Pull the ball vertically downwards. Record the new position of the centre of mass of the ball and determine its vertical displacement <i>x</i> .	Use
		new position of centre of mass of the ball =	
		X =	
	(ii)	Release the ball and note the position of its centre of mass when the ball reaches maximum height.	
		position of centre of mass at maximum height =	
	(iii)	Calculate the maximum height h of the ball above the equilibrium position.	
		h =	
(c)	Est	mate the percentage uncertainty in <i>h</i> , showing your working.	
		percentage uncertainty in h =	

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(d)	Change the value of x and repeat (b) . Record the new values of x and h.	Use Use
	position of centre of mass when displaced =	
	position of centre of mass at maximum height =	
	<i>x</i> =	
	h =	
(e)	It is suggested that h is directly proportional to x^2 . Do the results of your experiment support this idea? You should explain your reasoning clearly.	

(f)	(i)	State four sources of error or limitations of the procedure in this experiment.	Use
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		2	
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	(ii)	Suggest four improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.	
		1	
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