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## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/33

Paper 33 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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(b)			or $l$ between 0.010 and 0.080 m (1.0–8.0 cm), or $\pm$ lue(s) <b>to nearest mm.</b>	2.0 cm of supe	ervisor's value. [1]
(c)	Two values of height given.				
			llation. Ignore POT error. If method incorrect to work not available.	k out <i>v</i> ,	[1]
(d)	No h	elp fror	n supervisor.		[1]
	Add	up num	values scores 3 marks, five sets scores 2 marks etc aber of sets of readings for $M$ and $l$ and put a ringed l-1 (Correct trend $M$ increases, $l$ increases).		[3] le.
	Ran	ge of M	includes 100g or 150g and 400g or 450g.		[1]
	Igno The	re units e must	n heading must contain a quantity and a unit where in the body of the table. be a distinguishing mark between the quantity and xpected, accept brackets e.g. M/kg, 1/m, v/m, M/v /	the unit.	[1]
		•	$\epsilon$ of presentation of raw readings. Fraw $\ell$ are given to the same number of decimal pla	ices.	[1]
	Significant figures for $M/v$ must be the same as, or one more than the least number of significant figures used in $M$ or $v$ . Check each row. If $v$ = constant, quality mark not available AND final (f) mark not available.				
	Check the specified value of $M/v$ correct. (Expect around 1–3 kg m <sup>-1</sup> or 10–30 g cm <sup>-1</sup> ) [9] Ignore POT. If incorrect write in correct value. Allow small rounding errors.				cm <sup>-1</sup> ) [1]
Gra	ph				
(e)	( )	Scale n Scales grid in b	e scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) narkings should be no more than three large square must be chosen so that the plotted points must occouth <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Allow inverted axes. Do not must be labelled with the quantity which is being plo	es apart. upy at least half allow wrong gra	the graph
		Ring an Work to	ervations must be plotted. Put a ringed total of plotted check a <u>suspect plot</u> . Tick if correct. Re-plot if income an accuracy of not greater than half a small square allow blobs (i.e. diameter > half a small square).	orrect.	[1]
(e)		There n	best fit by scatter of points about the candidate's line. nust be a fair scatter of points either side of the line 5 trend plots required.		[1]
		Judge b All poin	This mark is not available for the wrong graph or way scatter of all the points about a best fit line.  Its in the table (of which there must be at least 5 plo	ts) must be plot	

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

**Syllabus** 

**Paper** 

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1

final (f) mark not available.)

Allow  $\pm$  0.3 cm to scale on the x-axis. (If v = constant, quality mark not available AND

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	(e) (iii) Gradient. Check <i>dy/dx</i> [1] The hypotenuse must be at least half the length of the drawn line on the graph grid. Read-offs must be read to at least half a small square. If read-off incorrect write in correct value. Be prepared to check both read-offs. If both incorrect do not allow ecf in the <i>y</i> -intercept if using one of the read-offs from the gradient.				
			cept. Check substitution only. Check both read-offs to ead from graph to half a small square as long as no fals	•	are. [1]
	(f)		<u>values</u> of <i>y</i> -intercept and gradient used correctly to fin = $qk$ AND <i>y</i> -intercept = $qC$ or <i>y</i> -intercept = (grad/ $k$ ) × 0		[1]
			C in range 0 to ± 1 N, consistent with unit or refer to sumethod needed.	upervisor's results	s. [1]
			d of working out $v$ incorrect or if $v$ = constant in table, the	nis mark is not av	ailable.
					[Total: 20]
2	(a)	Evidence	e of repeat measurements of d.		[1]
		Value of	raw $d(s)$ given to nearest 0.1 mm or 0.01 mm (-1 if hel	p given by super	visor). [1]
	(b)	If repeate otherwise	age uncertainty in <i>d.</i> ed readings have been done then the uncertainty could be absolute uncertainty must be 0.1 mm or 0.01 mm contains at idea required.		
	(d)	Method o	of calculation of $l$ correct. 1.5 $\pi$ d		[1]
		Significa	nt figures in $\it l$ same or one more than the raw values o	f d. Ignore units.	[1]
	(e)		$m_1$ in range 60 to 300 g, consistent with unit. visor notes that hanger moved at 50 g allow $m_1$ = 50 g.		[1]
	(f)	Evidence	e of repeat readings for first or second value of <i>m</i> .		[1]
		Second	value of <i>m</i> .		[1]
		Second	value of <i>l</i> greater than first <i>l</i> .		[1]
		Second	value of $m \ge 2 \times m_{1.}$		[1]
	(g)		on of the two values of $m^2/l^3$ or equivalent. ne value and correct substitutions.		[1]
			on consistent with candidate's $k$ values. be permitted variation in $k$ if candidate does not suggest	a value.	[1]

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## (h) (i) and (ii)

Sources of error or limitation. [4]			Improvements. Use of other apparatus or different procedures. [4]		
Ap	Only two readings/Two readings are not enough (to draw a valid conclusion).	As	Take many (sets of) readings <u>and plot a</u> <u>graph/find more values of <i>k</i>'s.</u> Be clear NOT just repeat readings.		
Bp	<u>Circumference/1</u> imprecise <u>because</u> helical/coiled/slanted/spiral/thickness of thread/non-uniform diameter of rod.	Bs	Mark string and measure length/wrap so coils are closer/allow for thickness of thread/diameter to be taken at different places along/diameter taken at different angles (at same position).		
Cp	Use of (10 g) increments imprecise.	Cs	Use smaller mass increments/use newtonmeter/other valid method (water or sand).		
Dp	Difficulty to judge/tell when the string starts to slip/gradual movement.	Ds	Practical method of detecting movement: fixed marker or scale/motion sensor/(travelling) microscope/measure height from table.		
Ep	Large scatter in repeated readings of mass/non-uniform surface bar/varying friction.	Es			
Fp	<u>Difficult to add masses</u> without swinging/pushing the hanger/masses do not fit hanger.	Fs	Lower masses slowly/support underneath and remove hand slowly/scissor jack.		

Ignore reference to light gates, video, reaction time, repeat readings, micrometer, fans, parallax or sanding.

[Total: 20]