MNN. Arrenne Babers Com

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

9702 PHYSICS

9702/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2008 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2008	9702	32	
1	(a)	(ii) Mea	surement of θ . $5 \le \theta \le 10^{\circ}$ Ignore d.p.			[1]
	(b)) Six sets of readings scores 6 marks, five sets scores 5 marks, etc. Help given, -1 (e.g. putting plumbline into position). Generally wrong trend, -1 . Allow $n = 0$.				[6]
		Range. N	Maximum angle $\theta_{\text{max}} \ge 45^{\circ}$.			[1]
		Table he	eadings. $\theta / \theta(\circ)$ No unit for $1/\cos\theta$.			[1]
		Consiste	ency in raw data – all values of $ heta$ given to the nearest 1° or	0.5°.		[1]
		- check	ed quantities. Allow small rounding errors. the specified value of $1/\cos\theta$ and tick if correct. divalue is the largest value of θ .			[1]
		•	<u> </u>			
		_	nt figures. ues of 1/cos $ heta$ should be to the same s.f. as (or one more the	an) the raw valu	e of θ .	[1]
		•	of data. close to Examiner's straight line. rend/curved trend – no mark.			[1]
	(c)	Points should occupy at least half the grid in both directions and scales should be sensible (not 3, 6, 9 or other awkward) and labelled with a quantity. Do not penalise reversed axes. Label FO. Ignore units.				[1]
		All tabula Do not a	nat one point is correctly plotted (error ≤ half a small square ated results to be plotted on graph grid. Ilow blobs (points ≥ half a small square). correct indicate correct position.	∋).		[1]
			est fit. 5 trend plots. Allow curved trend. or thick lines (≽ half a small square). No kinks.			[1]
	(d)	Read-off	chosen for gradient as a hypotenuse at least half the lengt is are on the line correct to within half a small square and c mark = 0 if curve used. If wrong write in correct read-off. C	orrect substitutio	n.	[1]
			calculated by a correct method or using the graph. extrapolation for curve at $n = 0$ (i.e. do not allow algebraic	errors with y = r	nx + c).	[1]
	(e)		method and substitution. k equal to $\left(\frac{\text{gradient}}{2m}\right)$. and value of M within 50% of Supervisor's value.			[1]
		M = inter	cept / k.			[1]

[Total: 20]

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- 2 (b) (i) Measurement of l 19.0 $\leq l \leq$ 21.0 cm. Ignore d.p. Supervisor's help -1. [1] (ii) Correct method of estimation of percentage uncertainty. $\Delta l = 1$ mm or 2 mm or half the range. [1] (iii) Correct calculation of first value of l^3 (20° = 8000). If incorrect write in correct value. Accept small rounding errors. [1] (iv) Justification for s.f. for l^3 . Same or one more than the raw value of l. Consistent with their own data. [1] (c) Measurement of T. $0.2 \le T \le 2.0 \text{ s}$ [1] (c) or (d) Measurement of raw t to the nearest 0.1 s or 0.01 s. [1] [1] Evidence of repeat readings of *t*. Evidence of $n \ge 10$ oscillations. [1] (d) Measurement of second *l* to nearest mm. [1] Measurement of second $T_{(d)} < T_{(c)}$. Penalise wrong trend.
 - (e) Correct method and calculation of k values.
 Valid comment on whether equation applies to results.
 Allow e.c.f. on arithmetic errors of k values. Evidence of correct ratio for one value of k is necessary to access this mark. k values within 10% to support relationship. Allow up to 20% if candidate stated a value.

(f)	(i) Problems [4]	(f) (ii) Improvements [4]
\mathbf{A}_{p}	Not enough readings (to draw a conclusion).	A _s More readings <u>and</u> plot a graph.
Bp	Time too fast/moves too fast/error in timing large compared to time measured.	B _{s 1} Video recorder, playback frame by frame/ slow motion with timer/stroboscope with scale.
		B _{s 2} Longer hacksaw blade/heavier mass (to increase time of oscillation)/more oscillations than already used (larger <i>n</i>).
Cp	Judging beginning/end of oscillation/complete oscillation.	C _s Motion/position sensor placed at side of mass/fiducial marker/(stationary) reference marker and stated purpose.
Dp	Length error e.g. parallax error in reading the ruler/difficulty in establishing centre of mass/ ends of blocks.	D _s Find the mid-point of the mass by finding the distance to both ends and taking an average/ thinner rule with reason/scale starts at 0 cm with reason/scale on blade/corrections for parallax error.
Ep	Difficulty in setting up the apparatus horizontally/difficulty in assembly with detail.	E _s Use spirit level/measure up from bench/ partner to help with <u>set up.</u>

[Total: 20]