Elasticsearch Documentation

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Contents

1	Compatibility	3					
2	Installation	5					
3	Example Usage	7					
4	Features 4.1 Persistent Connections 4.2 Automatic Retries 4.3 Sniffing 4.4 Thread safety 4.5 SSL and Authentication 4.6 Logging	9 9 10 10 10					
5	Environment considerations 5.1 Compression	13 13 13					
6	Customization 6.1 Custom serializers	15					
7	Contents 7.1 API Documentation	17 17 64 79 80 84 87 91					
8	License	97					
9	Indices and tables	99					
Pv	Python Module Index						

Official low-level client for Elasticsearch. Its goal is to provide common ground for all Elasticsearch-related code in Python; because of this it tries to be opinion-free and very extendable.

For a more high level client library with more limited scope, have a look at elasticsearch-dsl - it is a more pythonic library sitting on top of elasticsearch-py.

Contents 1

2 Contents

CHAPTER 1

Compatibility

The library is compatible with all Elasticsearch versions since 0.90.x but you have to use a matching major version:

For **Elasticsearch 6.0** and later, use the major version 6 (6.x.y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 5.0** and later, use the major version 5(5.x.y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 2.0** and later, use the major version 2 (2 . x . y) of the library, and so on.

The recommended way to set your requirements in your setup.py or requirements.txt is:

```
# Elasticsearch 6.x
elasticsearch>=6.0.0,<7.0.0

# Elasticsearch 5.x
elasticsearch>=5.0.0,<6.0.0

# Elasticsearch 2.x
elasticsearch>=2.0.0,<3.0.0</pre>
```

If you have a need to have multiple versions installed at the same time older versions are also released as elasticsearch2 and elasticsearch5.

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Installation

Install the elasticsearch package with pip:

pip install elasticsearch

CHAPTER 3

Example Usage

```
from datetime import datetime
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()
doc = {
    'author': 'kimchy',
    'text': 'Elasticsearch: cool. bonsai cool.',
    'timestamp': datetime.now(),
res = es.index(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1, body=doc)
print(res['result'])
res = es.get(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1)
print(res['_source'])
es.indices.refresh(index="test-index")
res = es.search(index="test-index", body={"query": {"match_all": {}}})
print("Got %d Hits:" % res['hits']['total']['value'])
for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
   print("%(timestamp)s %(author)s: %(text)s" % hit["\_source"])
```

Features

This client was designed as very thin wrapper around Elasticsearch's REST API to allow for maximum flexibility. This means that there are no opinions in this client; it also means that some of the APIs are a little cumbersome to use from Python. We have created some *Helpers* to help with this issue as well as a more high level library (elasticsearch-dsl) on top of this one to provide a more convenient way of working with Elasticsearch.

4.1 Persistent Connections

elasticsearch-py uses persistent connections inside of individual connection pools (one per each configured or sniffed node). Out of the box you can choose between two http protocol implementations. See *Transport classes* for more information.

The transport layer will create an instance of the selected connection class per node and keep track of the health of individual nodes - if a node becomes unresponsive (throwing exceptions while connecting to it) it's put on a timeout by the <code>ConnectionPool</code> class and only returned to the circulation after the timeout is over (or when no live nodes are left). By default nodes are randomized before being passed into the pool and round-robin strategy is used for load balancing.

You can customize this behavior by passing parameters to the *Connection Layer API* (all keyword arguments to the *Elasticsearch* class will be passed through). If what you want to accomplish is not supported you should be able to create a subclass of the relevant component and pass it in as a parameter to be used instead of the default implementation.

4.2 Automatic Retries

If a connection to a node fails due to connection issues (raises <code>ConnectionError</code>) it is considered in faulty state. It will be placed on hold for <code>dead_timeout</code> seconds and the request will be retried on another node. If a connection fails multiple times in a row the timeout will get progressively larger to avoid hitting a node that's, by all indication, down. If no live connection is available, the connection that has the smallest timeout will be used.

By default retries are not triggered by a timeout (ConnectionTimeout), set retry_on_timeout to True to also retry on timeouts.

4.3 Sniffing

The client can be configured to inspect the cluster state to get a list of nodes upon startup, periodically and/or on failure. See *Transport* parameters for details.

Some example configurations:

4.4 Thread safety

The client is thread safe and can be used in a multi threaded environment. Best practice is to create a single global instance of the client and use it throughout your application. If your application is long-running consider turning on *Sniffing* to make sure the client is up to date on the cluster location.

By default we allow urllib3 to open up to 10 connections to each node, if your application calls for more parallelism, use the maxsize parameter to raise the limit:

```
# allow up to 25 connections to each node
es = Elasticsearch(["host1", "host2"], maxsize=25)
```

Note: Since we use persistent connections throughout the client it means that the client doesn't tolerate fork very well. If your application calls for multiple processes make sure you create a fresh client after call to fork. Note that Python's multiprocessing module uses fork to create new processes on POSIX systems.

4.5 SSL and Authentication

You can configure the client to use SSL for connecting to your elasticsearch cluster, including certificate verification and HTTP auth:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
# you can use RFC-1738 to specify the url
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```

Chapter 4. Features

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```
es = Elasticsearch(['https://user:secret@localhost:443'])
# ... or specify common parameters as kwargs
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
    scheme="https",
   port=443,
# SSL client authentication using client_cert and client_key
from ssl import create_default_context
context = create_default_context(cafile="path/to/cert.pem")
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
    scheme="https",
    port=443,
    ssl_context=context,
```

Warning: elasticsearch-py doesn't ship with default set of root certificates. To have working SSL certificate validation you need to either specify your own as cafile or capath or cadata or install certifi which will be picked up automatically.

See class Urllib3HttpConnection for detailed description of the options.

4.6 Logging

elasticsearch-py uses the standard logging library from python to define two loggers: elasticsearch and elasticsearch.trace. elasticsearch is used by the client to log standard activity, depending on the log level. elasticsearch.trace can be used to log requests to the server in the form of curl commands using pretty-printed json that can then be executed from command line. Because it is designed to be shared (for example to demonstrate an issue) it also just uses localhost: 9200 as the address instead of the actual address of the host. If the trace logger has not been configured already it is set to propagate=False so it needs to be activated separately.

4.6. Logging 11

12 Chapter 4. Features

CHAPTER 5

Environment considerations

When using the client there are several limitations of your environment that could come into play.

When using an HTTP load balancer you cannot use the *Sniffing* functionality - the cluster would supply the client with IP addresses to directly connect to the cluster, circumventing the load balancer. Depending on your configuration this might be something you don't want or break completely.

In some environments (notably on Google App Engine) your HTTP requests might be restricted so that GET requests won't accept body. In that case use the send_get_body_as parameter of Transport to send all bodies via post:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(send_get_body_as='POST')
```

5.1 Compression

When using capacity-constrained networks (low throughput), it may be handy to enable compression. This is especially useful when doing bulk loads or inserting large documents. This will configure compression on the *request*.

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(hosts, http_compress=True)
```

5.2 Running on AWS with IAM

If you want to use this client with IAM based authentication on AWS you can use the requests-aws4auth package:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
from requests_aws4auth import AWS4Auth
host = 'YOURHOST.us-east-1.es.amazonaws.com'
awsauth = AWS4Auth(YOUR_ACCESS_KEY, YOUR_SECRET_KEY, REGION, 'es')
```

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```
es = Elasticsearch(
   hosts=[{'host': host, 'port': 443}],
   http_auth=awsauth,
   use_ssl=True,
   verify_certs=True,
   connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection
)
print(es.info())
```

CHAPTER 6

Customization

6.1 Custom serializers

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

CHAPTER 7

Contents

7.1 API Documentation

All the API calls map the raw REST api as closely as possible, including the distinction between required and optional arguments to the calls. This means that the code makes distinction between positional and keyword arguments; we, however, recommend that people use keyword arguments for all calls for consistency and safety.

Note: for compatibility with the Python ecosystem we use from_instead of from and doc_type instead of type as parameter names.

7.1.1 Global options

Some parameters are added by the client itself and can be used in all API calls.

Ignore

An API call is considered successful (and will return a response) if elasticsearch returns a 2XX response. Otherwise an instance of *TransportError* (or a more specific subclass) will be raised. You can see other exception and error states in *Exceptions*. If you do not wish an exception to be raised you can always pass in an ignore parameter with either a single status code that should be ignored or a list of them:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()

# ignore 400 cause by IndexAlreadyExistsException when creating an index
es.indices.create(index='test-index', ignore=400)

# ignore 404 and 400
es.indices.delete(index='test-index', ignore=[400, 404])
```

Timeout

Global timeout can be set when constructing the client (see Connection's timeout parameter) or on a per-request basis using request_timeout (float value in seconds) as part of any API call, this value will get passed to the perform_request method of the connection class:

```
# only wait for 1 second, regardless of the client's default
es.cluster.health(wait_for_status='yellow', request_timeout=1)
```

Note: Some API calls also accept a timeout parameter that is passed to Elasticsearch server. This timeout is internal and doesn't guarantee that the request will end in the specified time.

Response Filtering

The filter_path parameter is used to reduce the response returned by elasticsearch. For example, to only return _id and _type, do:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._id', 'hits.hits._type'])
```

It also supports the * wildcard character to match any field or part of a field's name:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._*'])
```

7.1.2 Elasticsearch

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes cat, cluster, indices, ingest, nodes, snapshot and tasks that provide access to instances of CatClient, ClusterClient, IndicesClient, IngestClient, NodesClient, SnapshotClient and TasksClient respectively. This is the preferred (and only supported) way to get access to those classes and their methods.

You can specify your own connection class which should be used by providing the <code>connection_class</code> parameter:

```
# create connection to localhost using the ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

If you want to turn on *Sniffing* you have several options (described in *Transport*):

```
# create connection that will automatically inspect the cluster to get
# the list of active nodes. Start with nodes running on 'esnode1' and
# 'esnode2'
es = Elasticsearch(
   ['esnode1', 'esnode2'],
    # sniff before doing anything
   sniff_on_start=True,
    # refresh nodes after a node fails to respond
   sniff_on_connection_fail=True,
    # and also every 60 seconds
```

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```
sniffer_timeout=60
)
```

Different hosts can have different parameters, use a dictionary per node to specify those:

If using SSL, there are several parameters that control how we deal with certificates (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs'
)
```

If using SSL, but don't verify the certs, a warning message is showed optionally (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
   ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
   # turn on SSL
   use_ssl=True,
   # no verify SSL certificates
   verify_certs=False,
   # don't show warnings about ssl certs verification
   ssl_show_warn=False
)
```

SSL client authentication is supported (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs',
    # PEM formatted SSL client certificate
    client_cert='/path/to/clientcert.pem',
    # PEM formatted SSL client key
    client_key='/path/to/clientkey.pem'
)
```

Alternatively you can use RFC-1738 formatted URLs, as long as they are not in conflict with other options:

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

Parameters

- hosts list of nodes we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "localhost", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host[:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the <code>Urllib3HttpConnection</code> class defaults will be used.
- transport_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the *Transport* class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

bulk (**kwargs)

Perform many index/delete operations in a single API call.

See the bulk () helper function for a more friendly API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-bulk.html

- body The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), separated by newlines
- index Default index for items which don't provide one
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or default list of fields to return, can be overridden on each sub- request
- _source_exclude Default list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- _source_include Default list of fields to extract and return from the _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- **fields** Default comma-separated list of fields to return in the response for updates, can be overridden on each sub-request
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with

- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the bulk operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

clear_scroll(**kwargs)

Clear the scroll request created by specifying the scroll parameter to search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

Parameters

- scroll_id A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear
- **body** A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear if none was specified via the scroll_id parameter

count (**kwargs)

Execute a query and get the number of matches for that query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-count.html

- index A list of index names or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names to restrict the results to
- body A query to restrict the results specified with the Query DSL (optional)
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- min_score Include only documents with a specific _score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value

create(**kwargs)

Adds a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. Behind the scenes this method calls index(..., op_type='create') http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index_.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id Document ID
- body The document
- parent ID of the parent document
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external_gte', 'force'
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete(**kwargs)

Delete a typed JSON document from a specific index based on its id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- parent ID of parent document
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external_gte', 'force'
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard

only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete_by_query(**kwargs)

Delete all documents matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete-by-query.html

- **index** A list of index names to search, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names to search; use *_all* or the empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the delete-by-query hits version conflicts?, default 'abort', valid choices are: 'abort', 'proceed'
- default_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- refresh Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests_per_second The throttle for this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle., default 0
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll size Size on the scroll request powering the update by query

- search_timeout Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query_then_fetch', 'dfs_query_then_fetch'
- **size** Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- slices The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks., default 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default '1m'
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the delete-by-query is complete., default True

delete script(**kwargs)

Remove a stored script from elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters id – Script ID

exists(**kwargs)

Returns a boolean indicating whether or not given document exists in Elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- source include A list of fields to extract and return from the source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control

• **version_type** – Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external gte', 'force'

exists_source(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external gte', 'force'

explain(**kwargs)

The explain api computes a score explanation for a query and a specific document. This can give useful feedback whether a document matches or didn't match a specific query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-explain.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- body The query definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- source include A list of fields to extract and return from the source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer for the query string query
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- **df** The default field for query string query (default: _all)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- parent The ID of the parent document

- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

field caps(**kwargs)

The field capabilities API allows to retrieve the capabilities of fields among multiple indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-field-caps.html

Parameters

- index A list of index names, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or the empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **body** Field json objects containing an array of field names
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **fields** A comma-separated list of field names
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

get (**kwargs)

Get a typed JSON document from the index based on its id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- source include A list of fields to extract and return from the source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external_gte', 'force'

get_script (**kwargs)

Retrieve a script from the API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters id - Script ID

get_source(**kwargs)

Get the source of a document by it's index, type and id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external_gte', 'force'

index (**kwargs)

Adds or updates a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index_.html

- index The name of the index
- body The document
- id Document ID
- doc type Document type, defaults to doc. Not used on ES 7 clusters.
- op_type Explicit operation type, default 'index', valid choices are: 'index', 'create'
- parent ID of the parent document
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document

- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external_gte', 'force'
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

info(**kwargs)

Get the basic info from the current cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/

mget (**kwargs)

Get multiple documents based on an index, type (optional) and ids. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-multi-get.html

Parameters

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index and type is provided in the URL.
- index The name of the index
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

msearch (**kwargs)

Execute several search requests within the same API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-multi-search.html

- body The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A list of index names, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names, to use as the default
- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on it's rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint., default 128

- **search_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query_then_fetch', 'query and fetch', 'dfs query then fetch', 'dfs query and fetch'
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

msearch template(**kwargs)

The /_search/template endpoint allows to use the mustache language to pre render search requests, before they are executed and fill existing templates with template parameters. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

Parameters

- body The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A list of index names, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names, to use as the default
- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- **search_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query_then_fetch', 'query_and_fetch', 'dfs_query_then_fetch', 'dfs_query_and_fetch'
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

mtermvectors (**kwargs)

Multi termvectors API allows to get multiple termvectors based on an index, type and id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-multi-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- **body** Define ids, documents, parameters or a list of parameters per document here. You must at least provide a list of document ids. See documentation.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- ids A comma-separated list of documents ids. You must define ids as parameter or set "ids" or "docs" in the request body
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True
- parent Parent id of documents. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default True
- **positions** Specifies if term positions should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random) .Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".

- realtime Specifies if requests are real-time as opposed to near- real-time (default: true).
- **routing** Specific routing value. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- term_statistics Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default False
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external_gte', 'force'

ping(**kwargs)

Returns True if the cluster is up, False otherwise. http://www.elastic.co/guide/

put_script (**kwargs)

Create a script in given language with specified ID. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- body The document

reindex(**kwargs)

Reindex all documents from one index to another. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-reindex.html

Parameters

- body The search definition using the Query DSL and the prototype for the index request.
- refresh Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub- requests per second. -1 means no throttle., default 0
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks., default 1
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default '1m'
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the reindex operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the reindex is complete., default True

reindex_rethrottle(**kwargs)

Change the value of requests_per_second of a running reindex task. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-reindex.html

- task_id The task id to rethrottle
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

render search template(**kwargs)

http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

Parameters

- id The id of the stored search template
- **body** The search definition template and its params

scroll(**kwargs)

Scroll a search request created by specifying the scroll parameter. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

Parameters

- scroll_id The scroll ID
- **body** The scroll ID if not passed by URL or query parameter.
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- rest_total_hits_as_int This parameter is used to restore the total hits as a number in the response. This param is added version 6.x to handle mixed cluster queries where nodes are in multiple versions (7.0 and 6.latest)

search (**kwargs)

Execute a search query and get back search hits that match the query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-search.html

- **index** A list of index names to search, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names to search; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **body** The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- allow_partial_search_results Set to false to return an overall failure if the request would produce partial results. Defaults to True, which will allow partial results in the case of timeouts or partial failures
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- batched_reduce_size The number of shard results that should be reduced at once on the coordinating node. This value should be used as a protection mechanism to reduce the memory overhead per search request if the potential number of shards in the request can be large, default 512
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string

- docvalue_fields A comma-separated list of fields to return as the docvalue representation of a field for each hit
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- explain Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **from** Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_concurrent_shard_requests The number of concurrent shard requests this search executes concurrently. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests, default 'The default grows with the number of nodes in the cluster but is at most 256.'
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on it's rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint., default 128
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- rest_total_hits_as_int This parameter is used to restore the total hits as a number in the response. This param is added version 6.x to handle mixed cluster queries where nodes are in multiple versions (7.0 and 6.latest)
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query_then_fetch', 'dfs_query_then_fetch'
- size Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return as part of a hit
- suggest_field Specify which field to use for suggestions
- **suggest_mode** Specify suggest mode, default 'missing', valid choices are: 'missing', 'popular', 'always'
- **suggest_size** How many suggestions to return in response
- **suggest_text** The source text for which the suggestions should be returned

- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- track_scores Whether to calculate and return scores even if they are not used for sorting
- track_total_hits Indicate if the number of documents that match the query should be tracked
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

search_shards(**kwargs)

The search shards api returns the indices and shards that a search request would be executed against. This can give useful feedback for working out issues or planning optimizations with routing and shard preferences. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-shards.html

Parameters

- **index** A list of index names to search, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names to search; use *_all* or the empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value

search template(**kwargs)

A query that accepts a query template and a map of key/value pairs to fill in template parameters. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

- **index** A list of index names to search, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names to search; use *_all* or the empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition template and its params
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- profile Specify whether to profile the query execution
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query_then_fetch', 'query_and_fetch', 'dfs_query_then_fetch', 'dfs_query_and_fetch'
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

termvectors (**kwargs)

Returns information and statistics on terms in the fields of a particular document. The document could be stored in the index or artificially provided by the user (Added in 1.4). Note that for documents stored in the index, this is a near realtime API as the term vectors are not available until the next refresh. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-termvectors.html

Parameters

- index The index in which the document resides.
- id The id of the document, when not specified a doc param should be supplied.
- body Define parameters and or supply a document to get termvectors for. See documentation.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned., default True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return.
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned., default True
- parent Parent id of documents.
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned., default True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned., default True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random).
- realtime Specifies if request is real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- routing Specific routing value.
- **term_statistics** Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned., default False
- **version** Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external_gte', 'force'

update(**kwargs)

Update a document based on a script or partial data provided. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-update.html

Parameters

• index – The name of the index

- id Document ID
- body The request definition using either script or partial doc
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- source include A list of fields to extract and return from the source field
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- if_seq_no -
- if_primary_term -
- lang The script language (default: painless)
- parent ID of the parent document. Is is only used for routing and when for the upsert request
- refresh If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_forarg retry_on_conflict: Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'force'
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

update_by_query(**kwargs)

Perform an update on all documents matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-update-by-query.html

- **index** A list of index names to search, or a string containing a comma-separated list of index names to search; use *_all* or the empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)

- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the update by query hits version conflicts?, default 'abort', valid choices are: 'abort', 'proceed'
- default_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- pipeline Ingest pipeline to set on index requests made by this action. (default: none)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- refresh Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub- requests per second. -1 means no throttle., default 0
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll_size Size on the scroll request powering the update_by_query
- **search_timeout** Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query_then_fetch', 'dfs_query_then_fetch'
- **size** Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks., default 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default '1m'
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- **version_type** Should the document increment the version number (internal) on hit or not (reindex)

- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the update by query operation is complete., default True

7.1.3 Indices

class elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient (client)

analyze(**kwargs)

Perform the analysis process on a text and return the tokens breakdown of the text. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-analyze.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index to scope the operation
- **body** Define analyzer/tokenizer parameters and the text on which the analysis should be performed
- format Format of the output, default 'detailed', valid choices are: 'detailed', 'text'
- prefer_local With *true*, specify that a local shard should be used if available, with *false*, use a random shard (default: true)

clear_cache (**kwargs)

Clear either all caches or specific cached associated with one ore more indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-clearcache.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- field_data Clear field data
- fielddata Clear field data
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to clear when using the *field_data* parameter (default: all)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- query Clear query caches
- recycler Clear the recycler cache
- request Clear request cache
- request_cache Clear request cache

close(**kwargs)

Close an index to remove it's overhead from the cluster. Closed index is blocked for read/write operations. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-open-close.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

create(**kwargs)

Create an index in Elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-create-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **body** The configuration for the index (*settings* and *mappings*)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.
- include_type_name Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

delete(**kwargs)

Delete an index in Elasticsearch http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-delete-index.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use _all or * string to delete all indices
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open), default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete alias(**kwargs)

Delete specific alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

index – A comma-separated list of index names (supports wildcards); use _all for all indices

- name A comma-separated list of aliases to delete (supports wildcards); use _all to delete all aliases for the specified indices.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timeout for the operation

delete_template(**kwargs)

Delete an index template by its name. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists(**kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given index exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-exists.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open), default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices., default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists_alias(**kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given alias exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'all', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists template(**kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given template exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The comma separated names of the index templates
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

exists_type(**kwargs)

Check if a type/types exists in an index/indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-types-exists.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all to check the types across all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to check
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

flush(**kwargs)

Explicitly flush one or more indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-flush.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **force** Whether a flush should be forced even if it is not necessarily needed ie. if no changes will be committed to the index. This is useful if transaction log IDs should be incremented even if no uncommitted changes are present. (This setting can be considered as internal)
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- wait_if_ongoing If set to true the flush operation will block until the flush can be executed if another flush operation is already executing. The default is true. If set to false the flush will be skipped iff if another flush operation is already running.

flush_synced(**kwargs)

Perform a normal flush, then add a generated unique marker (sync_id) to all shards. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-synced-flush.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

forcemerge(**kwargs)

The force merge API allows to force merging of one or more indices through an API. The merge relates to the number of segments a Lucene index holds within each shard. The force merge operation allows to reduce the number of segments by merging them.

This call will block until the merge is complete. If the http connection is lost, the request will continue in the background, and any new requests will block until the previous force merge is complete. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-forcemerge.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- max_num_segments The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- only_expunge_deletes Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents
- operation_threading TODO: ?

get (**kwargs)

The get index API allows to retrieve information about one or more indexes. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-index.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)

- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open), default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices., default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- include_type_name Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

get_alias(**kwargs)

Retrieve a specified alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases. html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'all', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_field_mapping(**kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of a specific field. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-field-mapping.html

- fields A comma-separated list of fields
- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc type A comma-separated list of document types
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_defaults Whether the default mapping values should be returned as well
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

• include_type_name - Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

get_mapping(**kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of index or index/type. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- include_type_name Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

get settings(**kwargs)

Retrieve settings for one or more (or all) indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-settings.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- name The name of the settings that should be included
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default ['open', 'closed'], valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices., default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_template (**kwargs)

Retrieve an index template by its name. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

Parameters

• name – The name of the template

- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- include_type_name Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

get_upgrade (**kwargs)

Monitor how much of one or more index is upgraded. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-upgrade.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

open (**kwargs)

Open a closed index to make it available for search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-open-close.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'closed', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

put alias(**kwargs)

Create an alias for a specific index/indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the alias should point to (supports wild-cards); use *_all* to perform the operation on all indices.
- name The name of the alias to be created or updated
- body The settings for the alias, such as routing or filter
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timeout for the operation

put_mapping(**kwargs)

Register specific mapping definition for a specific type. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-put-mapping.html

Parameters

- **doc_type** The name of the document type
- body The mapping definition
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the mapping should be added to (supports wildcards); use *_all* or omit to add the mapping on all indices.
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **include_type_name** Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

put_settings(**kwargs)

Change specific index level settings in real time. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-update-settings.html

Parameters

- body The index settings to be updated
- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **preserve_existing** Whether to update existing settings. If set to *true* existing settings on an index remain unchanged, the default is *false*

put_template(**kwargs)

Create an index template that will automatically be applied to new indices created. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition

- **create** Whether the index template should only be added if new or can also replace an existing one, default False
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **order** The order for this template when merging multiple matching ones (higher numbers are merged later, overriding the lower numbers)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- include_type_name Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

recovery (**kwargs)

The indices recovery API provides insight into on-going shard recoveries. Recovery status may be reported for specific indices, or cluster-wide. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-recovery.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- active_only Display only those recoveries that are currently on-going, default False
- detailed Whether to display detailed information about shard recovery, default False

refresh(**kwargs)

Explicitly refresh one or more index, making all operations performed since the last refresh available for search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-refresh.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

rollover(**kwargs)

The rollover index API rolls an alias over to a new index when the existing index is considered to be too large or too old.

The API accepts a single alias name and a list of conditions. The alias must point to a single index only. If the index satisfies the specified conditions then a new index is created and the alias is switched to point to the new alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-rollover-index.html

- alias The name of the alias to rollover
- new_index The name of the rollover index
- body The conditions that needs to be met for executing rollover
- dry_run If set to true the rollover action will only be validated but not actually performed even if a condition matches. The default is false

- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the newly created rollover index before the operation returns.
- include_type_name Specify whether requests and responses should include a type name (default: depends on Elasticsearch version).

segments (**kwargs)

Provide low level segments information that a Lucene index (shard level) is built with. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-segments.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the
 operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation_threading TODO: ?
- verbose Includes detailed memory usage by Lucene., default False

shard_stores(**kwargs)

Provides store information for shard copies of indices. Store information reports on which nodes shard copies exist, the shard copy version, indicating how recent they are, and any exceptions encountered while opening the shard index or from earlier engine failure. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-shards-stores.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation_threading TODO: ?
- **status** A comma-separated list of statuses used to filter on shards to get store information for, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red', 'all'

shrink(**kwargs)

The shrink index API allows you to shrink an existing index into a new index with fewer primary shards. The number of primary shards in the target index must be a factor of the shards in the source index. For example an index with 8 primary shards can be shrunk into 4, 2 or 1 primary shards or an index with 15 primary shards can be shrunk into 5, 3 or 1. If the number of shards in the index is a prime number it can only be shrunk into a single primary shard. Before shrinking, a (primary or replica) copy of every shard

in the index must be present on the same node. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-shrink-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the source index to shrink
- target The name of the target index to shrink into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the shrunken index before the operation returns.

stats (**kwargs)

Retrieve statistics on different operations happening on an index. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-stats.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- metric Limit the information returned the specific metrics.
- **completion_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fielddata_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for *search* index metric
- include_segment_file_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested), default False
- **level** Return stats aggregated at cluster, index or shard level, default 'indices', valid choices are: 'cluster', 'indices', 'shards'
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

update aliases(**kwargs)

Update specified aliases. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases. html

Parameters

- **body** The definition of *actions* to perform
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Request timeout

upgrade (**kwargs)

Upgrade one or more indices to the latest format through an API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-upgrade.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- only_ancient_segments If true, only ancient (an older Lucene major release) segments will be upgraded
- wait_for_completion Specify whether the request should block until the all segments are upgraded (default: false)

validate_query (**kwargs)

Validate a potentially expensive query without executing it. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-validate.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The query definition specified with the Query DSL
- all_shards Execute validation on all shards instead of one random shard per index
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both, default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **explain** Return detailed information about the error
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- operation_threading TODO: ?
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- rewrite Provide a more detailed explanation showing the actual Lucene query that will be executed.

7.1.4 Ingest

class elasticsearch.client.IngestClient(client)

delete_pipeline (**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

Parameters

- id Pipeline ID
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

```
get_pipeline(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

Parameters

- id Comma separated list of pipeline ids. Wildcards supported
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

```
put_pipeline(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

Parameters

- id Pipeline ID
- body The ingest definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

```
simulate(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

Parameters

- body The simulate definition
- id Pipeline ID
- **verbose** Verbose mode. Display data output for each processor in executed pipeline, default False

7.1.5 Cluster

class elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient(client)

```
allocation_explain(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-allocation-explain.html

- **body** The index, shard, and primary flag to explain. Empty means 'explain the first unassigned shard'
- include_disk_info Return information about disk usage and shard sizes (default: false)

• include_yes_decisions - Return 'YES' decisions in explanation (default: false)

get settings(**kwargs)

Get cluster settings. cluster-update-settings.html

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/

Parameters

- flat settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default clusters setting., default False
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

health(**kwargs)

Get a very simple status on the health of the cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-health.html

Parameters

- index Limit the information returned to a specific index
- **level** Specify the level of detail for returned information, default 'cluster', valid choices are: 'cluster', 'indices', 'shards'
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Wait until the specified number of shards is active
- wait_for_events Wait until all currently queued events with the given priority are processed, valid choices are: 'immediate', 'urgent', 'high', 'normal', 'low', 'languid'
- wait_for_no_relocating_shards Whether to wait until there are no relocating shards in the cluster
- wait_for_nodes Wait until the specified number of nodes is available
- wait_for_status Wait until cluster is in a specific state, default None, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red'

pending_tasks(**kwargs)

The pending cluster tasks API returns a list of any cluster-level changes (e.g. create index, update mapping, allocate or fail shard) which have not yet been executed. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-pending.html

Parameters

- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

put settings(**kwargs)

Update cluster wide specific settings. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-update-settings.html

- body The settings to be updated. Can be either transient or persistent (survives cluster restart).
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

reroute (**kwargs)

Explicitly execute a cluster reroute allocation command including specific commands. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-reroute.html

Parameters

- **body** The definition of *commands* to perform (*move*, *cancel*, *allocate*)
- **dry_run** Simulate the operation only and return the resulting state
- explain Return an explanation of why the commands can or cannot be executed
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics. Defaults to all but metadata, valid choices are: '_all', 'blocks', 'metadata', 'nodes', 'routing_table', 'master_node', 'version'
- retry_failed Retries allocation of shards that are blocked due to too many subsequent allocation failures
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

state(**kwargs)

Get a comprehensive state information of the whole cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-state.html

Parameters

- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- flat settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

stats (**kwargs)

The Cluster Stats API allows to retrieve statistics from a cluster wide perspective. The API returns basic index metrics and information about the current nodes that form the cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-stats.html

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.6 Nodes

class elasticsearch.client.NodesClient(client)

hot_threads (**kwargs)

An API allowing to get the current hot threads on each node in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-hot-threads.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- type The type to sample (default: cpu), valid choices are: 'cpu', 'wait', 'block'
- ignore_idle_threads Don't show threads that are in known-idle places, such as waiting on a socket select or pulling from an empty task queue (default: true)
- interval The interval for the second sampling of threads
- **snapshots** Number of samples of thread stacktrace (default: 10)
- threads Specify the number of threads to provide information for (default: 3)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

info(**kwargs)

The cluster nodes info API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes information. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-info.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use _local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric A comma-separated list of metrics you wish returned. Leave empty to return all
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

reload_secure_settings(**kwargs)

Reload any settings that have been marked as "reloadable" https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/secure-settings.html#reloadable-secure-settings

stats (**kwargs)

The cluster nodes stats API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes statistics. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-stats.html

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- **index_metric** Limit the information returned for *indices* metric to the specific index metrics. Isn't used if *indices* (or *all*) metric isn't specified.
- **completion_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fielddata_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for *search* index metric
- include_segment_file_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested), default False
- level Return indices stats aggregated at index, node or shard level, default 'node', valid choices are: 'indices', 'node', 'shards'
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

usage (**kwargs)

The cluster nodes usage API allows to retrieve information on the usage of features for each node. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-usage.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use _local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.7 Cat

class elasticsearch.client.CatClient(client)

aliases (**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-alias.html

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False

- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

allocation(**kwargs)

Allocation provides a snapshot of how shards have located around the cluster and the state of disk usage. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-allocation.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

count (**kwargs)

Count provides quick access to the document count of the entire cluster, or individual indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-count.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- ullet v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

fielddata(**kwargs)

Shows information about currently loaded fielddata on a per-node basis. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-fielddata.html

Parameters

• fields - A comma-separated list of fields to return the fielddata size

- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

health(**kwargs)

health is a terse, one-line representation of the same information from health () API https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-health.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- ts Set to false to disable timestamping, default True
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

help(**kwargs)

A simple help for the cat api. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat.html

Parameters

- **help** Return help information, default False
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by

indices (**kwargs)

The indices command provides a cross-section of each index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-indices.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- health A health status ("green", "yellow", or "red" to filter only indices matching the specified health status, default None, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red'
- help Return help information, default False

- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- pri Set to true to return stats only for primary shards, default False
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

master (**kwargs)

Displays the master's node ID, bound IP address, and node name. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-master.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

nodeattrs (**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-nodeattrs.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

nodes (**kwargs)

The nodes command shows the cluster topology. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-nodes.html

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- full_id Return the full node ID instead of the shortened version (default: false)
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

pending_tasks(**kwargs)

pending_tasks provides the same information as the pending_tasks() API in a convenient tabular format. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-pending-tasks.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

plugins (**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-plugins.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

recovery (**kwargs)

recovery is a view of shard replication. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-recovery.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

repositories (**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-repositories.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node, default False
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

segments (**kwargs)

The segments command is the detailed view of Lucene segments per index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-segments.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

shards (**kwargs)

The shards command is the detailed view of what nodes contain which shards. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-shards.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

snapshots(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository Name of repository from which to fetch the snapshot information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- ignore_unavailable Set to true to ignore unavailable snapshots, default False
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

tasks(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

Parameters

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- **detailed** Return detailed task information (default: false)
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task_id Return tasks with specified parent task id. Set to -1 to return all.
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

templates (**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-templates.html

- name A pattern that returned template names must match
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

thread pool(**kwargs)

Get information about thread pools. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-thread-pool.html

Parameters

- thread_pool_patterns A comma-separated list of regular-expressions to filter the thread pools in the output
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- size The multiplier in which to display values, valid choices are: ", 'k', 'm', 'g', 't', 'p'
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

7.1.8 Snapshot

class elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient(client)

create(**kwargs)

Create a snapshot in repository http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body The snapshot definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

create_repository(**kwargs)

Registers a shared file system repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

- repository A repository name
- body The repository definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **verify** Whether to verify the repository after creation

delete(**kwargs)

Deletes a snapshot from a repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

delete_repository(**kwargs)

Removes a shared file system repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get (**kwargs)

Retrieve information about a snapshot. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a NotFoundError *snapshot_missing_exception* is thrown
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **verbose** Whether to show verbose snapshot info or only show the basic info found in the repository index blob

get_repository(**kwargs)

Return information about registered repositories. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

restore(**kwargs)

Restore a snapshot. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body Details of what to restore

- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

status (**kwargs)

Return information about all currently running snapshots. By specifying a repository name, it's possible to limit the results to a particular repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a NotFoundError *snapshot_missing_exception* is thrown
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

verify_repository(**kwargs)

Returns a list of nodes where repository was successfully verified or an error message if verification process failed. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.9 Tasks

class elasticsearch.client.TasksClient(client)

cancel (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

Parameters

- task id Cancel the task with specified task id (node id:task number)
- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be cancelled. Leave empty to cancel all.
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task_id Cancel tasks with specified parent task id (node_id:task_number). Set to -1 to cancel all.

get (**kwargs)

Retrieve information for a particular task. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

- task_id Return the task with specified id (node_id:task_number)
- wait_for_completion Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)

• **timeout** – Maximum waiting time for *wait_for_completion*

list(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

Parameters

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- detailed Return detailed task information (default: false)
- group_by Group tasks by nodes or parent/child relationships, default 'nodes', valid choices are: 'nodes', 'parents'
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task_id Return tasks with specified parent task id (node_id:task_number). Set to -1 to return all.
- wait_for_completion Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)
- timeout Maximum waiting time for wait_for_completion

7.2 X-Pack APIs

X-Pack is an Elastic Stack extension that bundles security, alerting, monitoring, reporting, and graph capabilities into one easy-to-install package. While the X-Pack components are designed to work together seamlessly, you can easily enable or disable the features you want to use.

7.2.1 Info

X-Pack info provides general info about the installed X-Pack.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.XPackClient(*args, **kwargs)

```
info(**kwargs)
```

Retrieve information about xpack, including build number/timestamp and license status https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/info-api.html

Parameters

- categories Comma-separated list of info categories. Can be any of: build, license, features
- human Presents additional info for humans (feature descriptions and X-Pack tagline)

usage(**kwargs)

Retrieve information about xpack features usage

Parameters master_timeout - Specify timeout for watch write operation

7.2.2 Graph Explore

X-Pack Graph Explore enables you to extract and summarize information about the documents and terms in your Elasticsearch index.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.graph.GraphClient(client)

```
explore (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/graph-explore-api.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body Graph Query DSL
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.2.3 Licensing API

Licensing API can be used to manage your licences.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient(client)

```
delete(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

```
get (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

Parameters local – Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

```
get basic status(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

```
get_trial_status(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

```
post (**kwargs
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

Parameters

- body licenses to be installed
- acknowledge whether the user has acknowledged acknowledge messages (default: false)

```
post_start_basic(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

Parameters acknowledge – whether the user has acknowledged acknowledge messages (default: false)

7.2. X-Pack APIs 65

```
post_start_trial(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

Parameters

- acknowledge whether the user has acknowledged acknowledge messages (default: false)
- **doc_type** The type of trial license to generate (default: "trial")

7.2.4 Machine Learning APIs

Machine Learning can be useful for discovering new patterns about your data. For a more detailed explanation about X-Pack's machine learning please refer to the official documentation.

```
class elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient (client)
```

```
close_job(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-close-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The name of the job to close
- body The URL params optionally sent in the body
- allow_no_jobs Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes _all string or when no jobs have been specified)
- force True if the job should be forcefully closed
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a job has closed. Default to 30 minutes

Parameters calendar_id - The ID of the calendar to delete

Parameters

- calendar_id The ID of the calendar to modify
- **event_id** The ID of the event to remove from the calendar

Parameters

- calendar_id The ID of the calendar to modify
- job_id The ID of the job to remove from the calendar

```
delete_datafeed(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-delete-datafeed.html

- datafeed id The ID of the datafeed to delete
- force True if the datafeed should be forcefully deleted

Parameters filter id - The ID of the filter to delete

delete_forecast (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-delete-forecast.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job from which to delete forecasts
- **forecast_id** The ID of the forecast to delete, can be comma delimited list. Leaving blank implies *_all*
- allow_no_forecasts Whether to ignore if _all matches no forecasts
- timeout Controls the time to wait until the forecast(s) are deleted. Default to 30 seconds

delete_job(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-delete-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to delete
- force True if the job should be forcefully deleted, default False
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default True

delete_model_snapshot (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-delete-snapshot.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to fetch
- snapshot_id The ID of the snapshot to delete

find_file_structure(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-file-structure.html

Parameters

- body The contents of the file to be analyzed
- **charset** Optional parameter to specify the character set of the file
- **column_names** Optional parameter containing a comma separated list of the column names for a delimited file
- **delimiter** Optional parameter to specify the delimiter character for a delimited file must be a single character
- **explain** Whether to include a commentary on how the structure was derived, default False
- **format** Optional parameter to specify the high level file format, valid choices are: 'ndjson', 'xml', 'delimited', 'semi_structured_text'
- grok_pattern Optional parameter to specify the Grok pattern that should be used to extract fields from messages in a semi-structured text file

7.2. X-Pack APIs 67

- has_header_row Optional parameter to specify whether a delimited file includes the column names in its first row
- lines_to_sample How many lines of the file should be included in the analysis, default 1000
- quote Optional parameter to specify the quote character for a delimited file must be a single character
- should_trim_fields Optional parameter to specify whether the values between delimiters in a delimited file should have whitespace trimmed from them
- timeout Timeout after which the analysis will be aborted, default '25s'
- timestamp_field Optional parameter to specify the timestamp field in the file
- timestamp_format Optional parameter to specify the timestamp format in the file may be either a Joda or Java time format

flush_job(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-flush-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The name of the job to flush
- **body** Flush parameters
- advance_time Advances time to the given value generating results and updating the model for the advanced interval
- calc_interim Calculates interim results for the most recent bucket or all buckets within the latency period
- **end** When used in conjunction with calc_interim, specifies the range of buckets on which to calculate interim results
- **skip_time** Skips time to the given value without generating results or updating the model for the skipped interval
- **start** When used in conjunction with calc_interim, specifies the range of buckets on which to calculate interim results

forecast (**kwargs)



Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to forecast for
- duration The duration of the forecast
- **expires_in** The time interval after which the forecast expires. Expired forecasts will be deleted at the first opportunity.

get_buckets (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-bucket.html

- job_id ID of the job to get bucket results from
- timestamp The timestamp of the desired single bucket result
- body Bucket selection details if not provided in URI
- anomaly score Filter for the most anomalous buckets

- desc Set the sort direction
- end End time filter for buckets
- exclude interim Exclude interim results
- expand Include anomaly records
- from skips a number of buckets
- size specifies a max number of buckets to get
- sort Sort buckets by a particular field
- start Start time filter for buckets

Parameters

- calendar_id The ID of the calendar containing the events
- end Get events before this time
- from Skips a number of events
- job_id Get events for the job. When this option is used calendar_id must be '_all'
- size Specifies a max number of events to get
- start Get events after this time

Parameters

- calendar id The ID of the calendar to fetch
- body The from and size parameters optionally sent in the body
- **from** skips a number of calendars
- size specifies a max number of calendars to get

get_categories (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-category.html

Parameters

- job_id The name of the job
- category_id The identifier of the category definition of interest
- body Category selection details if not provided in URI
- from skips a number of categories
- size specifies a max number of categories to get

get_datafeed_stats(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-datafeed-stats.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeeds stats to fetch
- allow_no_datafeeds Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no datafeeds. (This includes *all* string or when no datafeeds have been specified)

7.2. X-Pack APIs 69

get datafeeds (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed id The ID of the datafeeds to fetch
- allow_no_datafeeds Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no datafeeds. (This includes _all string or when no datafeeds have been specified)

Parameters

- filter_id The ID of the filter to fetch
- from skips a number of filters
- size specifies a max number of filters to get

get_influencers (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-influencer.html

Parameters

- job_id None
- body Influencer selection criteria
- **desc** whether the results should be sorted in decending order
- end end timestamp for the requested influencers
- exclude_interim Exclude interim results
- **from** skips a number of influencers
- influencer_score influencer score threshold for the requested influencers
- size specifies a max number of influencers to get
- sort sort field for the requested influencers
- **start** start timestamp for the requested influencers

```
get job stats(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-job-stats.html

Parameters

- job id The ID of the jobs stats to fetch
- allow_no_jobs Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes _all string or when no jobs have been specified)

```
get_jobs (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the jobs to fetch
- allow_no_jobs Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes _all string or when no jobs have been specified)

```
get model snapshots(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-snapshot.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to fetch
- snapshot_id The ID of the snapshot to fetch
- body Model snapshot selection criteria
- desc True if the results should be sorted in descending order
- end The filter 'end' query parameter
- **from** Skips a number of documents
- size The default number of documents returned in queries as a string.
- sort Name of the field to sort on
- start The filter 'start' query parameter

get_overall_buckets(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-overall-buckets.html

Parameters

- job_id The job IDs for which to calculate overall bucket results
- body Overall bucket selection details if not provided in URI
- allow_no_jobs Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes _all string or when no jobs have been specified)
- bucket_span The span of the overall buckets. Defaults to the longest job bucket_span
- end Returns overall buckets with timestamps earlier than this time
- **exclude_interim** If true overall buckets that include interim buckets will be excluded
- overall_score Returns overall buckets with overall scores higher than this value
- start Returns overall buckets with timestamps after this time
- top_n The number of top job bucket scores to be used in the overall_score calculation

get_records (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-record.html

Parameters

- job_id None
- body Record selection criteria
- desc Set the sort direction
- end End time filter for records
- exclude_interim Exclude interim results
- from skips a number of records
- record score -
- size specifies a max number of records to get
- sort Sort records by a particular field
- **start** Start time filter for records

7.2. X-Pack APIs 71

```
info(**kwargs)
     '<>'_
open_job (**kwargs)
     http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-open-job.html
         Parameters job id - The ID of the job to open
post_calendar_events(**kwargs)
         Parameters
             • calendar_id - The ID of the calendar to modify
             • body – A list of events
post_data(**kwargs)
     http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-post-data.html
         Parameters
             • job_id - The name of the job receiving the data
             • body – The data to process
             • reset_end - Optional parameter to specify the end of the bucket resetting range
             • reset_start - Optional parameter to specify the start of the bucket resetting range
preview_datafeed(**kwargs)
     http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-preview-datafeed.html
         Parameters datafeed_id - The ID of the datafeed to preview
put_calendar(**kwargs)
     '<>'
         Parameters
             • calendar_id - The ID of the calendar to create
             • body – The calendar details
put_calendar_job(**kwargs)
     '<>'
         Parameters
             • calendar_id - The ID of the calendar to modify
             • job id – The ID of the job to add to the calendar
put datafeed(**kwargs)
     http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-put-datafeed.html
             • datafeed_id - The ID of the datafeed to create
             • body – The datafeed config
put_filter(**kwargs)
     '<>'
         Parameters
```

• filter id - The ID of the filter to create

72

• body – The filter details

put_job(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-put-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to create
- body The job

revert_model_snapshot(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-revert-snapshot.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to fetch
- snapshot_id The ID of the snapshot to revert to
- body Reversion options
- **delete_intervening_results** Should we reset the results back to the time of the snapshot?

set_upgrade_mode (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-set-upgrade-mode.html

Parameters

- enabled Whether to enable upgrade_mode ML setting or not. Defaults to false.
- timeout Controls the time to wait before action times out. Defaults to 30 seconds

start_datafeed(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-start-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed id The ID of the datafeed to start
- body The start datafeed parameters
- end The end time when the datafeed should stop. When not set, the datafeed continues in real time
- **start** The start time from where the datafeed should begin
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a datafeed has started. Default to 20 seconds

stop_datafeed(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-stop-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeed to stop
- allow_no_datafeeds Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no datafeeds. (This includes _all string or when no datafeeds have been specified)
- **force** True if the datafeed should be forcefully stopped.
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a datafeed has stopped. Default to 20 seconds

update_datafeed(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-update-datafeed.html

Parameters

7.2. X-Pack APIs 73

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeed to update
- **body** The datafeed update settings

Parameters

- **filter_id** The ID of the filter to update
- **body** The filter update

```
update_job(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-update-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to create
- body The job update settings

```
update_model_snapshot(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-update-snapshot.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to fetch
- **snapshot_id** The ID of the snapshot to update
- body The model snapshot properties to update

Parameters body – The detector

7.2.5 Security APIs

Security API can be used to help secure your Elasticsearch cluster. Integrating with LDAP and Active Directory.

```
class elasticsearch.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient(client)
```

```
authenticate(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-authenticate.html

```
change_password(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-change-password.html

Parameters

- **body** the new password for the user
- username The username of the user to change the password for
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

clear cached realms(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-clear-cache.html

Parameters

- realms Comma-separated list of realms to clear
- usernames Comma-separated list of usernames to clear from the cache

clear_cached_roles(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-clear-role-cache.html

Parameters name – Role name

create_api_key(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-create-api-key.html

Parameters

- body The api key request to create an API key
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

delete_privileges (**kwargs)

TODO

Parameters

- application Application name
- name Privilege name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

delete role(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-delete-role.html

Parameters

- name Role name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

delete role mapping(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-delete-role-mapping.html

Parameters

- name Role-mapping name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

delete_user(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-delete-user.html

Parameters

• username - username

7.2. X-Pack APIs 75

• **refresh** – If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

disable_user(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-disable-user.html

Parameters

- username The username of the user to disable
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

```
enable_user(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-enable-user.html

Parameters

- **username** The username of the user to enable
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

```
get_api_key(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-get-api-key.html

Parameters

- id API key id of the API key to be retrieved
- name API key name of the API key to be retrieved
- realm_name realm name of the user who created this API key to be retrieved
- username user name of the user who created this API key to be retrieved

```
get_privileges (**kwargs)
TODO
```

Parameters

- application Application name
- name Privilege name

```
get_role(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-get-role.html

Parameters name - Role name

```
get_role_mapping(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-get-role-mapping.html

Parameters name – Role-Mapping name

```
get_token(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-get-token.html

Parameters body – The token request to get

```
get_user(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-get-user.html

Parameters username – A comma-separated list of usernames

```
get_user_privileges(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-get-user-privileges.html

has_privileges (**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-has-privileges.html

Parameters

- body The privileges to test
- user Username

invalidate_api_key(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-invalidate-api-key.html

Parameters body – The api key request to invalidate API key(s)

```
invalidate_token(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-invalidate-token.html

Parameters body – The token to invalidate

```
put_privileges (**kwargs)
TODO
```

Parameters

- body The privilege(s) to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

```
put_role(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-put-role.html

Parameters

- name Role name
- body The role to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

```
put_role_mapping(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-put-role-mapping.html

Parameters

- name Role-mapping name
- body The role to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait for'

```
put_user (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-put-user.html

Parameters

- username The username of the User
- body The user to add

7.2. X-Pack APIs 77

• **refresh** – If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait_for'

7.2.6 Watcher APIs

Watcher API can be used to notify you when certain pre-defined thresholds have happened.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient(client)

```
ack_watch(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-ack-watch.html

Parameters

- watch_id Watch ID
- action_id A comma-separated list of the action ids to be acked

```
activate_watch(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-activate-watch.html

Parameters watch id - Watch ID

deactivate watch(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-deactivate-watch.html

Parameters watch id - Watch ID

delete watch(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-delete-watch.html

Parameters id – Watch ID

execute_watch(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-execute-watch.html

Parameters

- id Watch ID
- body Execution control
- **debug** indicates whether the watch should execute in debug mode

get_watch(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-get-watch.html

Parameters id – Watch ID

put watch(**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-put-watch.html

Parameters

- id Watch ID
- body The watch
- active Specify whether the watch is in/active by default
- **if_primary_term** only update the watch if the last operation that has changed the watch has the specified primary term

- if_seq_no only update the watch if the last operation that has changed the watch has the specified sequence number
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control

```
start (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-start.html

```
stats(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-stats.html

Parameters

- metric Controls what additional stat metrics should be include in the response
- emit_stacktraces Emits stack traces of currently running watches

```
stop (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-stop.html

7.2.7 Migration APIs

Migration API helps simplify upgrading X-Pack indices from one version to another.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.migration.MigrationClient(client)

deprecations (**kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/migration/current/migration-api-deprecation.html

Parameters index – Index pattern

7.3 Exceptions

class elasticsearch.ImproperlyConfigured

Exception raised when the config passed to the client is inconsistent or invalid.

class elasticsearch.ElasticsearchException

Base class for all exceptions raised by this package's operations (doesn't apply to ImproperlyConfigured).

class elasticsearch.SerializationError(ElasticsearchException)

Data passed in failed to serialize properly in the Serializer being used.

class elasticsearch.TransportError(ElasticsearchException)

Exception raised when ES returns a non-OK (>=400) HTTP status code. Or when an actual connection error happens; in that case the status_code will be set to 'N/A'.

error

A string error message.

info

Dict of returned error info from ES, where available, underlying exception when not.

status code

The HTTP status code of the response that precipitated the error or 'N/A' if not applicable.

class elasticsearch.ConnectionError(TransportError)

Error raised when there was an exception while talking to ES. Original exception from the underlying Connection implementation is available as .info.

7.3. Exceptions 79

```
class elasticsearch.ConnectionTimeout (ConnectionError)
    A network timeout. Doesn't cause a node retry by default.

class elasticsearch.SSLError(ConnectionError)
    Error raised when encountering SSL errors.

class elasticsearch.NotFoundError(TransportError)
    Exception representing a 404 status code.

class elasticsearch.ConflictError(TransportError)
    Exception representing a 409 status code.

class elasticsearch.RequestError(TransportError)
    Exception representing a 400 status code.
```

7.4 Connection Layer API

All of the classes responsible for handling the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster. The default subclasses used can be overriden by passing parameters to the *Elasticsearch* class. All of the arguments to the client will be passed on to *Transport*, *ConnectionPool* and Connection.

For example if you wanted to use your own implementation of the <code>ConnectionSelector</code> class you can just pass in the <code>selector_class</code> parameter.

Note: ConnectionPool and related options (like selector_class) will only be used if more than one connection is defined. Either directly or via the *Sniffing* mechanism.

7.4.1 Transport

```
 \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{class} & \texttt{elasticsearch.Transport} \ (\textit{hosts}, & \textit{connection\_class=Urllib3HttpConnection}, \\ & \textit{connection\_pool\_class=ConnectionPool}, \\ & \textit{host\_info\_callback=construct\_hosts\_list}, & \textit{sniff\_on\_start=False}, \\ & \textit{sniffer\_timeout=None}, & \textit{sniff\_on\_connection\_fail=False}, & \textit{serial-izer=JSONSerializer()}, & \textit{max\_retries=3}, **kwargs) \end{array}
```

Encapsulation of transport-related to logic. Handles instantiation of the individual connections as well as creating a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform_request* method.

Parameters

- hosts list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a *connection_class* instance
- connection class subclass of Connection to use
- connection_pool_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- host_info_callback callback responsible for taking the node information from /_cluser/nodes, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as *hosts* parameter)
- sniff_on_start flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluser at startup time
- **sniffer_timeout** number of seconds between automatic sniffs

- sniff_on_connection_fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers a sniff
- **sniff_timeout** timeout used for the sniff request it should be a fast api call and we are talking potentially to more nodes so we want to fail quickly. Not used during initial sniffing (if sniff_on_start is on) when the connection still isn't initialized.
- serializer serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- **default_mimetype** when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to 'application' json'
- max_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- retry_on_status set of HTTP status codes on which we should retry on a different node. defaults to (502, 503, 504)
- retry_on_timeout should timeout trigger a retry on different node? (default False)
- **send_get_body_as** for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter *source*.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection_class* when creating and instance unless overridden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

add connection (host)

Create a new Connection instance and add it to the pool.

Parameters host – kwargs that will be used to create the instance

close()

Explicitly closes connections

get_connection()

Retreive a Connection instance from the ConnectionPool instance.

mark_dead (connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection - instance of Connection that failed

perform_request (method, url, headers=None, params=None, body=None)

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to *max_retries* times).

If the operation was successful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

Parameters

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- headers dictionary of headers, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class

- params dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serializes using serializer and passed to the connection

set_connections (hosts)

Instantiate all the connections and create new connection pool to hold them. Tries to identify unchanged hosts and re-use existing Connection instances.

Parameters hosts – same as __init__

sniff_hosts (initial=False)

Obtain a list of nodes from the cluster and create a new connection pool using the information retrieved.

To extract the node connection parameters use the nodes_to_host_callback.

Parameters initial – flag indicating if this is during startup (sniff_on_start), ignore the sniff_timeout if True

7.4.2 Connection Pool

Container holding the Connection instances, managing the selection process (via a ConnectionSelector) and dead connections.

It's only interactions are with the Transport class that drives all the actions within ConnectionPool.

Initially connections are stored on the class as a list and, along with the connection options, get passed to the *ConnectionSelector* instance for future reference.

Upon each request the *Transport* will ask for a *Connection* via the *get_connection* method. If the connection fails (it's *perform_request* raises a *ConnectionError*) it will be marked as dead (via *mark_dead*) and put on a timeout (if it fails N times in a row the timeout is exponentially longer - the formula is *default_timeout* * 2 ** (*fail_count - 1*)). When the timeout is over the connection will be resurrected and returned to the live pool. A connection that has been previously marked as dead and succeeds will be marked as live (its fail count will be deleted).

Parameters

- connections list of tuples containing the Connection instance and it's options
- dead_timeout number of seconds a connection should be retired for after a failure, increases on consecutive failures
- timeout_cutoff number of consecutive failures after which the timeout doesn't increase
- **selector_class** ConnectionSelector subclass to use if more than one connection is live
- randomize_hosts shuffle the list of connections upon arrival to avoid dog piling effect across processes

close()

Explicitly closes connections

get_connection()

Return a connection from the pool using the *ConnectionSelector* instance.

It tries to resurrect eligible connections, forces a resurrection when no connections are available and passes the list of live connections to the selector instance to choose from.

Returns a connection instance and it's current fail count.

```
mark dead(connection, now=None)
```

Mark the connection as dead (failed). Remove it from the live pool and put it on a timeout.

Parameters connection – the failed instance

```
mark live(connection)
```

Mark connection as healthy after a resurrection. Resets the fail counter for the connection.

Parameters connection – the connection to redeem

```
resurrect (force=False)
```

Attempt to resurrect a connection from the dead pool. It will try to locate one (not all) eligible (it's timeout is over) connection to return to the live pool. Any resurrected connection is also returned.

Parameters force – resurrect a connection even if there is none eligible (used when we have no live connections). If force is specified resurrect always returns a connection.

7.4.3 Connection Selector

```
class elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector(opts)
```

Simple class used to select a connection from a list of currently live connection instances. In init time it is passed a dictionary containing all the connections' options which it can then use during the selection process. When the *select* method is called it is given a list of *currently* live connections to choose from.

The options dictionary is the one that has been passed to *Transport* as *hosts* param and the same that is used to construct the Connection object itself. When the Connection was created from information retrieved from the cluster via the sniffing process it will be the dictionary returned by the *host_info_callback*.

Example of where this would be useful is a zone-aware selector that would only select connections from it's own zones and only fall back to other connections where there would be none in it's zones.

Parameters opts – dictionary of connection instances and their options

```
select (connections)
```

Select a connection from the given list.

Parameters connections – list of live connections to choose from

7.4.4 Urllib3HttpConnection (default connection_class)

If you have complex SSL logic for connecting to Elasticsearch using an *SSLContext* object might be more helpful. You can create one natively using the python SSL library with the *create_default_context* (https://docs.python.org/3/library/ssl.html#ssl.create_default_context) method.

To create an SSLContext object you only need to use one of cafile, capath or cadata:

```
>>> from ssl import create_default_context
>>> context = create_default_context(cafile=None, capath=None, cadata=None)
```

- cafile is the path to your CA File
- capath is the directory of a collection of CA's
- cadata is either an ASCII string of one or more PEM-encoded certificates or a bytes-like object of DER-encoded certificates.

Please note that the use of SSLContext is only available for Urllib3.

```
class elasticsearch.Urllib3HttpConnection (host='localhost', port=9200, http_auth=None, use_ssl=False, verify_certs=None, ssl_show_warn=True, ca_certs=None, client_cert=None, client_cert=None, ssl_version=None, ssl_assert_hostname=None, ssl_assert_fingerprint=None, max-size=10, headers=None, ssl_context=None, http_compress=False, **kwargs)
```

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

Parameters

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
 if using client_key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL_* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl_assert_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- **ssl_assert_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https: //urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http compress Use gzip compression

close()

Explicitly closes connection

7.5 Transport classes

List of transport classes that can be used, simply import your choice and pass it to the constructor of *Elasticsearch* as *connection class*. Note that the *RequestsHttpConnection* requires requests to be installed.

For example to use the requests-based connection just import it and use it:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection)
```

The default connection class is based on urllib3 which is more performant and lightweight than the optional requests-based class. Only use RequestsHttpConnection if you have need of any of requests advanced features like custom auth plugins etc.

7.5.1 Connection

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (*perform request*) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

Parameters

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)

7.5.2 Urllib3HttpConnection

class elasticsearch.connection.Urllib3HttpConnection(host='localhost',

port=9200, http_auth=None, use ssl=False. verify certs=None, ssl show warn=True, ca_certs=None, client_cert=None, client_key=None, *ssl_version=None*, ssl_assert_hostname=None, *ssl_assert_fingerprint=None*, maxsize=10, headers=None, ssl_context=None, http_compress=False, **kwargs)

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

Parameters

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*

- verify_certs whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
 if using client key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL_* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl_assert_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- **ssl_assert_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https: //urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http_compress Use gzip compression

7.5.3 RequestsHttpConnection

Connection using the requests library.

Parameters

- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple. Any value will be passed into requests as *auth*.
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- **ssl_show_warn** show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. By default standard requests' bundle will be used.
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
 if using client_key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests

ers=None, **kwargs)

7.6 Helpers

Collection of simple helper functions that abstract some specifics or the raw API.

7.6.1 Bulk helpers

There are several helpers for the bulk API since its requirement for specific formatting and other considerations can make it cumbersome if used directly.

All bulk helpers accept an instance of Elasticsearch class and an iterable actions (any iterable, can also be a generator, which is ideal in most cases since it will allow you to index large datasets without the need of loading them into memory).

The items in the action iterable should be the documents we wish to index in several formats. The most common one is the same as returned by <code>search()</code>, for example:

Alternatively, if _source is not present, it will pop all metadata fields from the doc and use the rest as the document data:

```
"_id": 42,
   "_routing": 5,
   "title": "Hello World!",
   "body": "..."
}
```

The bulk () api accepts index, create, delete, and update actions. Use the _op_type field to specify an action (_op_type defaults to index):

```
{
    '_op_type': 'delete',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
}
{
    '_op_type': 'update',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    'doc': {'question': 'The life, universe and everything.'}
}
```

7.6. Helpers 87

Example:

Lets say we have an iterable of data. Lets say a list of words called mywords and we want to index those words into individual documents where the structure of the document is like { "word": "<myword>"}.

For a more complete and complex example please take a look at https://github.com/elastic/elasticsearch-py/blob/master/example/load.py#L76-L130

Note: When reading raw json strings from a file, you can also pass them in directly (without decoding to dicts first). In that case, however, you lose the ability to specify anything (index, type, even id) on a per-record basis, all documents will just be sent to elasticsearch to be indexed as-is.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.streaming_bulk (client, actions, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, raise_on_error=True, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, raise_on_exception=True, max_retries=0, initial_backoff=2, max_backoff=600, yield_ok=True, *args, **kwargs)
```

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use bulk() which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

If you specify max_retries it will also retry any documents that were rejected with a 429 status code. To do this it will wait (**by calling time.sleep which will block**) for initial_backoff seconds and then, every subsequent rejection for the same chunk, for double the time every time up to max_backoff seconds.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterable containing the actions to be executed
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max chunk bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- raise_on_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- max_retries maximum number of times a document will be retried when 429 is received, set to 0 (default) for no retries on 429

- initial_backoff number of seconds we should wait before the first retry. Any subsequent retries will be powers of initial backoff * 2**retry number
- max_backoff maximum number of seconds a retry will wait
- yield_ok if set to False will skip successful documents in the output

```
elasticsearch.helpers.parallel_bulk (client, actions, thread_count=4, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, queue_size=4, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, *ares. **kwares)
```

Parallel version of the bulk helper run in multiple threads at once.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- thread_count size of the threadpool to use for the bulk requests
- **chunk size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max_chunk_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- raise_on_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- **queue_size** size of the task queue between the main thread (producing chunks to send) and the processing threads.

elasticsearch.helpers.bulk(client, actions, stats_only=False, *args, **kwargs)

Helper for the <code>bulk()</code> api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if <code>stats_only</code> is set to <code>True</code>. Note that by default we raise a <code>BulkIndexError</code> when we encounter an error so options like <code>stats_only</code> only apply when <code>raise_on_error</code> is set to <code>False</code>.

When errors are being collected original document data is included in the error dictionary which can lead to an extra high memory usage. If you need to process a lot of data and want to ignore/collect errors please consider using the streaming_bulk() helper which will just return the errors and not store them in memory.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- **actions** iterator containing the actions
- **stats_only** if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to <code>streaming_bulk()</code> which is used to execute the operation, see <code>streaming_bulk()</code> for more accepted parameters.

7.6. Helpers 89

7.6.2 Scan

```
elasticsearch.helpers.scan (client, query=None, scroll='5m', raise_on_error=True, preserve_order=False, size=1000, request_timeout=None, clear_scroll=True, scroll_kwargs=None, **kwargs)
```

Simple abstraction on top of the <code>scroll()</code> api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

By default scan does not return results in any pre-determined order. To have a standard order in the returned documents (either by score or explicit sort definition) when scrolling, use preserve_order=True. This may be an expensive operation and will negate the performance benefits of using scan.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- query body for the search () api
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- raise_on_error raises an exception (ScanError) if an error is encountered (some shards fail to execute). By default we raise.
- **preserve_order** don't set the search_type to scan this will cause the scroll to paginate with preserving the order. Note that this can be an extremely expensive operation and can easily lead to unpredictable results, use with caution.
- size size (per shard) of the batch send at each iteration.
- request_timeout explicit timeout for each call to scan
- **clear_scroll** explicitly calls delete on the scroll id via the clear scroll API at the end of the method on completion or error, defaults to true.
- scroll_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scroll()

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial search () call:

```
scan(es,
    query={"query": {"match": {"title": "python"}}},
    index="orders-*",
    doc_type="books"
)
```

7.6.3 Reindex

Reindex all documents from one index that satisfy a given query to another, potentially (if *target_client* is specified) on a different cluster. If you don't specify the query you will reindex all the documents.

Since 2.3 a reindex () api is available as part of elasticsearch itself. It is recommended to use the api instead of this helper wherever possible. The helper is here mostly for backwards compatibility and for situations where more flexibility is needed.

Note: This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

Parameters

- **client** instance of *Elasticsearch* to use (for read if *target_client* is specified as well)
- source_index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target_index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- query body for the search () api
- target_client optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scan_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scan ()
- bulk_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to bulk ()

7.7 Changelog

7.7.1 7.0.0 (dev)

- Removed deprecated option update_all_types.
- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify_cert=False) raises a warning, this can be not showed with ssl show warn=False
- Add support for 7.x api's in Elasticsearch both xpack and oss flavors

7.7.2 6.3.0 (2018-06-20)

- · Add an exponential wait on delays
- Fix issues with dependencies
- Adding X-pack Docs
- Adding forecast to x-pack ML client

7.7.3 6.2.0 (2018-03-20)

- cleanup for SSL Context
- Add X-Pack clients to -py
- · Adding Gzip support for capacity constrained networks
- _routing in bulk action has been deprecated in ES. Introduces a breaking change if you use routing as a field in your documents.

7.7. Changelog 91

7.7.4 6.1.1 (2018-01-05)

- Updates to SSLContext logic to make it easier to use and have saner defaults.
- · Doc updates

7.7.5 6.1.0 (2018-01-05)

· bad release

7.7.6 6.0.0 (2017-11-14)

• compatibility with Elasticsearch 6.0.0

7.7.7 5.5.0 (2017-11-10)

- streaming_bulk helper now supports retries with incremental backoff
- scan helper properly checks for successful shards instead of just checking failed
- compatible release with elasticsearch 5.6.4
- fix handling of UTF-8 surrogates

7.7.8 5.4.0 (2017-05-18)

• bulk helpers now extract pipeline parameter from the action dictionary.

7.7.9 5.3.0 (2017-03-30)

Compatibility with elasticsearch 5.3

7.7.10 5.2.0 (2017-02-12)

The client now automatically sends Content-Type http header set to application/json. If you are explicitly passing in other encoding than json you need to set the header manually.

7.7.11 5.1.0 (2017-01-11)

· Fixed sniffing

7.7.12 5.0.1 (2016-11-02)

Fixed performance regression in scan helper

7.7.13 5.0.0 (2016-10-19)

Version compatible with elasticsearch 5.0

- when using SSL certificate validation is now on by default. Install certifi or supply root certificate bundle.
- elasticsearch.trace logger now also logs failed requests, signature of internal logging method log_request_fail has changed, all custom connection classes need to be updated
- added headers arg to connections to support custom http headers
- passing in a keyword parameter with None as value will cause that param to be ignored

7.7.14 2.4.0 (2016-08-17)

- ping now ignores all TransportError exceptions and just returns False
- expose scroll_id on ScanError
- increase default size for scan helper to 1000

Internal:

• changed Transport.perform_request to just return the body, not status as well.

7.7.15 2.3.0 (2016-02-29)

- added client_key argument to configure client certificates
- debug logging now includes response body even for failed requests

7.7.16 2.2.0 (2016-01-05)

Due to change in json encoding the client will no longer mask issues with encoding - if you work with non-ascii data in python 2 you must use the unicode type or have proper encoding set in your environment.

- adding additional options for ssh ssl_assert_hostname and ssl_assert_fingerprint to the default connection class
- · fix sniffing

7.7.17 2.1.0 (2015-10-19)

• move multiprocessing import inside parallel bulk for Google App Engine

7.7.18 2.0.0 (2015-10-14)

• Elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility release

7.7. Changelog 93

7.7.19 1.8.0 (2015-10-14)

- removed thrift and memcached connections, if you wish to continue using those, extract the classes and use them separately.
- added a new, parallel version of the bulk helper using thread pools
- In helpers, removed bulk_index as an alias for bulk. Use bulk instead.

7.7.20 1.7.0 (2015-09-21)

- elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility
- · thrift now deprecated, to be removed in future version
- make sure urllib3 always uses keep-alive

7.7.21 1.6.0 (2015-06-10)

- Add indices.flush_synced API
- helpers.reindex now supports reindexing parent/child documents

7.7.22 1.5.0 (2015-05-18)

- Add support for query_cache parameter when searching
- helpers have been made more secure by changing defaults to raise an exception on errors
- removed deprecated options replication and the deprecated benchmark api.
- Added AddonClient class to allow for extending the client from outside

7.7.23 1.4.0 (2015-02-11)

- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify_cert=False) raises a warning
- reindex accepts a query parameter
- enable reindex helper to accept any kwargs for underlying bulk and scan calls
- when doing an initial sniff (via sniff_on_start) ignore special sniff timeout
- option to treat TransportError as normal failure in bulk helpers
- fixed an issue with sniffing when only a single host was passed in

7.7.24 1.3.0 (2014-12-31)

- Timeout now doesn't trigger a retry by default (can be overriden by setting retry_on_timeout=True)
- Introduced new parameter retry_on_status (defaulting to (503, 504,)) controls which http status code should lead to a retry.
- Implemented url parsing according to RFC-1738
- Added support for proper SSL certificate handling

- Required parameters are now checked for non-empty values
- ConnectionPool now checks if any connections were defined
- DummyConnectionPool introduced when no load balancing is needed (only one connection defined)
- Fixed a race condition in ConnectionPool

7.7.25 1.2.0 (2014-08-03)

Compatibility with newest (1.3) Elasticsearch APIs.

- · Filter out master-only nodes when sniffing
- · Improved docs and error messages

7.7.26 1.1.1 (2014-07-04)

Bugfix release fixing escaping issues with request_timeout.

7.7.27 1.1.0 (2014-07-02)

Compatibility with newest Elasticsearch APIs.

- Test helpers ElasticsearchTestCase and get_test_client for use in your tests
- Python 3.2 compatibility
- Use simple json if installed instead of stdlib json library
- Introducing a global request_timeout parameter for per-call timeout
- · Bug fixes

7.7.28 1.0.0 (2014-02-11)

Elasticsearch 1.0 compatibility. See 0.4.X releases (and 0.4 branch) for code compatible with 0.90 elasticsearch.

- major breaking change compatible with 1.0 elasticsearch releases only!
- Add an option to change the timeout used for sniff requests (sniff_timeout).
- empty responses from the server are now returned as empty strings instead of None
- get_alias now has name as another optional parameter due to issue #4539 in es repo. Note that the order of params have changed so if you are not using keyword arguments this is a breaking change.

7.7.29 0.4.4 (2013-12-23)

- helpers.bulk_index renamed to helpers.bulk (alias put in place for backwards compatibility, to be removed in future versions)
- Added helpers.streaming bulk to consume an iterator and yield results per operation
- helpers.bulk and helpers.streaming_bulk are no longer limited to just index operations.
- unicode body (for incices.analyze for example) is now handled correctly

7.7. Changelog 95

- changed perform_request on Connection classes to return headers as well. This is a backwards incompatible change for people who have developed their own connection class.
- changed deserialization mechanics. Users who provided their own serializer that didn't extend JSONSerializer need to specify a mimetype class attribute.
- · minor bug fixes

7.7.30 0.4.3 (2013-10-22)

- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index, better error handling
- More benevolent hosts argument parsing for Elasticsearch
- requests no longer required (nor recommended) for install

7.7.31 0.4.2 (2013-10-08)

- ignore param accepted by all APIs
- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index

7.7.32 0.4.1 (2013-09-24)

Initial release.

CHAPTER 8

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98 Chapter 8. License

CHAPTER 9

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

е

```
elasticsearch.client,37
elasticsearch.client.xpack,64
elasticsearch.client.xpack.graph,65
elasticsearch.client.xpack.license,65
elasticsearch.client.xpack.migration,
79
elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml,66
elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher,78
elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher,78
elasticsearch.connection,85
elasticsearch.helpers,88
```

102 Python Module Index

A	clear_scroll() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch
ack_watch() (elastic-search.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient method), 78	method), 21 close() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 37 close() (elasticsearch.ConnectionPool method), 82
<pre>activate_watch()</pre>	close() (elasticsearch.Transport method), 81 close() (elasticsearch.Urllib3HttpConnection
add_connection() (elasticsearch.Transport method), 81	close_job() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method), 66
aliases() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 54 allocation() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient	ClusterClient (class in elasticsearch.client), 50 ConflictError (class in elasticsearch), 80 Connection (class in elasticsearch.connection), 85 ConnectionError (class in elasticsearch), 79 ConnectionPool (class in elasticsearch), 82 ConnectionSelector (class in elasticsearch), 83 ConnectionTimeout (class in elasticsearch), 79
authenticate() (elastic- search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient method), 74	<pre>count() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 55 count() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 21 create() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method),</pre>
B bulk() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 20 bulk() (in module elasticsearch.helpers), 89	<pre>create() (elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient method), 61 create() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 21 create_api_key() (elastic-</pre>
C cancel() (elasticsearch.client.TasksClient method), 63 CatClient (class in elasticsearch.client), 54 change_password() (elastic- search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient method), 75 create_repository() (elastic- search.client.SnapshotClient method), 61 D
method), 74 clear_cache() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 37	deactivate_watch() (elastic- search.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient
clear_cached_realms() (elastic- search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient method), 74	method), 78 delete() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 38 delete() (elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient
clear_cached_roles() (elastic-search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient method), 75	method), 61 delete() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient method), 65 delete() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 22

	_alias() (elasticsearch.client.l method), 38	IndicesClient	<pre>deprecations() (elas</pre>	
	_by_query() (elasticsearch.l	Elasticsearch	method), 79	
	method), 23		disable_user() (elas	tic-
delete_	_calendar()	(elastic-	search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient 66	method),	method), 76	
delete_	_calendar_event()	(elastic-	E	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method),	Elasticsearch (class in elasticsearch), 18	
	66		elasticsearch (module), 18, 79, 80	
delete_	_calendar_job()	(elastic-	elasticsearch.client (module), 37	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method),	elasticsearch.client.xpack(module),64	
	66		elasticsearch.client.xpack.graph (m	od-
delete_	_datafeed()	(elastic-	ule), 65	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient 66	method),	elasticsearch.client.xpack.license(m ule),65	od-
delete_	_expired_data()	(elastic-	elasticsearch.client.xpack.migration	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method),	(<i>module</i>), 79	
	66		elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml(module),	66
delete_	_filter()	(elastic-	elasticsearch.client.xpack.security	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method),	(module), 74	
	67		elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher(m	od-
delete_	_forecast()	(elastic-	ule), 78	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method),	elasticsearch.connection(module), 85	
	67	(1	elasticsearch.helpers(module),88	
delete_	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	(elastic- method),	ElasticsearchException (class in elasticsearch 79	ch),
	67		enable_user() (elas	tic-
delete_	_model_snapshot()	(elastic-	search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method),	method), 76	
	67	<i>(</i> 1	error (elasticsearch.TransportError attribute), 79	
delete_	_pipeline()	(elastic-	execute_watch() (elas	tic-
1-1-4-	search.client.IngestClient method).		search.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient	
gerere_	_privileges()	(elastic-	method), 78	T .
	search.client.xpack.security.Securi method), 75		exists() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method 39)d),
	_repository()	(elastic-	exists() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 24	
	search.client.SnapshotClient method		exists_alias() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesCli	ent
delete_		(elastic-	method), 39	
	search.client.xpack.security.Securi method), 75	•	exists_source() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch.etasticsearch	rch
delete_	_role_mapping()	(elastic-	exists_template() (elas	tic-
	search.client.xpack.security.Securi	tyClient	search.client.IndicesClient method), 39	
	method), 75		exists_type() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesCli	ent
	_script() (elasticsearch.l	Elasticsearch	method), 40	
	method), 24	(-1	explain() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 25	
	_template() search.client.IndicesClient method	* *	explore() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.graph.Graph method), 65	Client
delete_		(elastic-	Е	
	search.client.xpack.security.Securi	tyClient	F	
	method), 75	(1	field_caps() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method)d),
delete_	_watch()	(elastic-	26	
	search.client.xpack.watcher.Watchemethod), 78	erClient	fielddata() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient metho	od),

find_file_structure() (elastic-	70
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	
67	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),
flush() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 40	
flush_job() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	
method), 68	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),
flush_synced() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 40	70 get_jobs() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient
forcemerge() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient	
method), 41	get_mapping() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient
forecast() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	
method), 68	<pre>get_model_snapshots() (elastic-</pre>
	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),
G	70
get() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 41	<pre>get_overall_buckets() (elastic-</pre>
get() (elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient method), 62	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),
get () (elasticsearch.client.TasksClient method), 63	71
get () (elasticsearch.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient	<pre>get_pipeline() (elasticsearch.client.IngestClient</pre>
method), 65	method), 50
get () (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 26	<pre>get_privileges() (elastic- search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient</pre>
get_alias() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient	method), 76
<pre>method), 42 get_api_key() (elastic-</pre>	
<pre>get_api_key()</pre>	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),
method), 76	71
get_basic_status() (elastic-	<pre>get_repository() (elastic-</pre>
search.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient	search.client.SnapshotClient method), 62
method), 65	get_role() (elastic-
get_buckets() (elastic-	
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	
68	get_role_mapping() (elastic-
get_calendar_events() (elastic-	7 Th = 6
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	get_script() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method).
69 get_calendars() (elastic-	26
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	
69	method), 51
get_categories() (elastic-	<pre>get_settings() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient</pre>
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	method), 43
69	<pre>get_source() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method),</pre>
<pre>get_connection() (elasticsearch.ConnectionPool</pre>	
method), 82	<pre>get_template() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient</pre>
get_connection() (elasticsearch.Transport	
method), 81	get_token() (elastic-
get_datafeed_stats() (elastic-	search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	<pre>method), 76 get_trial_status() (elastic-</pre>
69 got datafoods() (algoria	search.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient
<pre>get_datafeeds() (elastic- search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),</pre>	method), 65
метоа), 69	get_upgrade() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient
get_field_mapping() (elastic-	method), 44
search.client.IndicesClient method), 42	get_user() (elastic-
get_filters() (elastic-	search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	method), 76

got wash primileges () (alastic	MigrationClient (alass in alastic	
get_user_privileges() (elastic- search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	MigrationClient (class in elastic- search.client.xpack.migration), 79	
method), 76	MlClient (class in elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml), 66	
get_watch() (elastic-	msearch() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 28	
search.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient method), 78	<pre>msearch_template() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch</pre>	
GraphClient (class in elastic-	mtermvectors() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch	
search.client.xpack.graph), 65	method), 29	
Н	N	
has_privileges() (elastic-	nodeattrs() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method),	
search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	57	
method), 77	nodes () (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 57	
health() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 56	NodesClient (class in elasticsearch.client), 53	
health() (elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient method), 51	NotFoundError (class in elasticsearch), 80	
help() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 56	0	
<pre>hot_threads() (elasticsearch.client.NodesClient</pre>	open() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 44	
method), 53	open_job() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	
	method), 72	
I		
ImproperlyConfigured (class in elasticsearch), 79	P	
index() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 27	<pre>parallel_bulk() (in module elasticsearch.helpers),</pre>	
indices() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 56	89	
IndicesClient (class in elasticsearch.client), 37	<pre>pending_tasks() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient</pre>	
info (elasticsearch.TransportError attribute), 79	method), 58	
info() (elasticsearch.client.NodesClient method), 53	<pre>pending_tasks() (elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient</pre>	
info() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method), 51	
method), 71	perform_request() (elasticsearch.Transport	
info() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.XPackClient	method), 81	
method), 64 info() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 28	ping() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 30	
IngestClient (class in elasticsearch.client), 50	plugins () (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 58	
invalidate_api_key() (elastic-	post () (elasticsearch.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient	
search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	<pre>method), 65 post_calendar_events() (elastic-</pre>	
method), 77	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	
invalidate_token() (elastic-	72	
search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	post_data() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	
method), 77	method), 72	
	post_start_basic() (elastic-	
L	search.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient	
LicenseClient (class in elastic-	method), 65	
search.client.xpack.license), 65	<pre>post_start_trial() (elastic-</pre>	
list() (elasticsearch.client.TasksClient method), 64	search.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient	
N //	method), 65	
M	preview_datafeed() (elastic-	
<pre>mark_dead() (elasticsearch.ConnectionPool method),</pre>	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method), 72	
mark_dead() (elasticsearch.Transport method), 81	<pre>put_alias() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient</pre>	
mark_live() (elasticsearch.ConnectionPool method),	method), 44	
83	<pre>put_calendar() (elastic-</pre>	
master() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 57	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	
mget () (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 28	72	

<pre>put_calendar_job() (elastic-</pre>	repositories() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 58
72	RequestError (class in elasticsearch), 80
<pre>put_datafeed() (elastic-</pre>	RequestsHttpConnection (class in elastic-
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	search.connection), 86
72	reroute() (elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient
<pre>put_filter() (elastic-</pre>	method), 52
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),	restore() (elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient
72	method), 62
<pre>put_job() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient</pre>	resurrect() (elasticsearch.ConnectionPool method), 83
<pre>put_mapping() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient</pre>	revert_model_snapshot() (elastic- search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),
put_pipeline() (elasticsearch.client.IngestClient	73
method), 50	rollover() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient
put_privileges() (elastic-	method), 46
search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	memou), 40
method), 77	S
put_role() (elastic-	scan () (in module elasticsearch.helpers), 90
search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	scroll() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 31
method), 77	search() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 31
<pre>put_role_mapping()</pre>	search_shards() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch
search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	method), 33
method), 77	search_template() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch
<pre>put_script() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method),</pre>	method), 33
30	SecurityClient (class in elastic-
put_settings() (elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient	search.client.xpack.security), 74
method), 51	segments() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method),
put_settings() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient	59
method), 45	segments() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient
put_template() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient	method), 47
method), 45	select() (elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector method),
put_user() (elastic-	83
search.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient	SerializationError (class in elasticsearch), 79
<pre>method), 77 put_watch() (elastic-</pre>	set_connections() (elasticsearch.Transport
<pre>put_watch() (elastic- search.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient</pre>	method), 82
method), 78	set_upgrade_mode() (elastic-
memou), 78	search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method),
R	73
	shard_stores() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient
recovery() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 58	method), 47
	shards () (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method), 59
method), 46	shrink() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 47
refresh() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 46	simulate() (elasticsearch.client.IngestClient method), 50
reindex() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch method), 30	SnapshotClient (class in elasticsearch.client), 61
reindex() (in module elasticsearch.helpers), 90	snapshots() (elasticsearch.client.CatClient method),
reindex_rethrottle() (elastic-	59
search.Elasticsearch method), 30	sniff_hosts() (elasticsearch.Transport method), 82
reload_secure_settings() (elastic-	SSLError (class in elasticsearch), 80
search.client.NodesClient method), 53	start() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient
render_search_template() (elastic-	method), 79

search.Elasticsearch method), 30

start_datafeed() search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	(elastic- method),	upgrade() (elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient method), 48
state() (elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient	method),	Urllib3HttpConnection (class in elasticsearch), 84
stats() (elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient 52	method),	Urllib3HttpConnection (class in elastic- search.connection), 85 usage() (elasticsearch.client.NodesClient method), 54
stats()(elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient m	-41 1\ 52	usage() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.XPackClient
stats() (elasticsearch.client.nodesCitent me stats() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher.V method), 79	<i>WatcherClie</i>	v ^{nt} V
status() (elasticsearch.client.Snap. method), 63	shotClient	validate() (elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient method), 74
status_code (elasticsearch.TransportError 79		<pre>validate_detector()</pre>
stop () (elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher.Wa method), 79	aicnerCiien	t 74 validate_query() (elastic-
stop_datafeed()	(elastic-	search.client.IndicesClient method), 49
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient 73	method),	verify_repository() (elastic-search.client.SnapshotClient method), 63
streaming_bulk() (in module search.helpers), 88	elastic-	W
Т		WatcherClient (class in elastic- search.client.xpack.watcher), 78
${\tt tasks()} \ ({\it elastic search. client. CatClient method} \\ {\tt TasksClient} \ ({\it class in elastic search. client}),$	63	X
templates () (elasticsearch.client.CatClient 60	t method),	XPackClient (class in elasticsearch.client.xpack), 64
termvectors () (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch	h method),	
thread_pool() (elasticsearch.client.method), 60	.CatClient	
Transport (class in elasticsearch), 80 TransportError (class in elasticsearch), 79	9	
U		
update() (elasticsearch.Elasticsearch metho	d), 34	
update_aliases()	(elastic-	
search.client.IndicesClient method),		
<pre>update_by_query() (elasticsearch.Ela method), 35</pre>	sticsearch	
update_datafeed()	(elastic-	
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient	method),	
<pre>update_filter()</pre>	(elastic-	
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient 74	method),	
update_job()	(elastic-	
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient 74	method),	
<pre>update_model_snapshot()</pre>	(elastic-	
search.client.xpack.ml.MlClient 74	method),	