

# Research

The goal of this project is to build a text classification model that can predict the action, object, and location from a given command. The first step was to research and gather data on the problem domain. After reviewing the problem domain, it was determined that the problem can be modeled as a multi-class classification problem. The dataset for this problem was collected from various sources, and it consists of a set of commands and their corresponding action, object, and location labels.

## Data Preparation

The next step was to prepare the data for training. The data was loaded into a Pandas dataframe and cleaned by removing any missing values. The text data was preprocessed using the following steps:

Lowercasing

Removing punctuation

Tokenization

After preprocessing the text data, the labels were combined into a single column, separated by underscores. The data was then split into training and validation sets.

## Model Training

The model used for this project is a Support Vector Machine (SVM) with a linear kernel. The text data was transformed into feature vectors using the TfidfVectorizer from scikit-learn. The labels were encoded using LabelEncoder from scikit-learn.

The hyperparameters for the model were selected through a combination of manual tuning and grid search using cross-validation. The final hyperparameters were:

C: 1.0

kernel: 'linear'

class\_weight: 'balanced'

The model was trained on the training data and evaluated on the validation data using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score metrics.

## Model Deployment

The final step was to deploy the model for inference. The model was serialized and saved to disk along with the encoder and vectorizer. A CPU inferencing script was created that loads the saved model and makes predictions on new text data. The script can be configured using a YAML file that specifies the parameters for the vectorizer and the model. The script was also tested on the test data to ensure that it is working correctly.

## Conclusion

In conclusion, this project successfully addressed the problem of text classification for command prediction. The SVM model with a linear kernel achieved a high F1-score on the validation data and was deployed for inferencing using a CPU inferencing script. This project demonstrates the importance of data preparation, model selection, hyperparameter tuning, and model deployment in creating effective text classification models.