

clock pulses, the flip-flops will have the co-efficients of syndrome polynomial. After the message is loaded into the shift register, gate 2 is turned OFF & gate 1 is turned on and the information present in syndrome Calculating circuit is shifted to an exsox detection of correction circuit. P) Fox a (7,4) cyclic code, the received vector is 1110101 and the generator polynomial $g(x) = 1 + x + x^3$. Draw the syndrome calculation circuit & correct the single exxor in the received vector. n-k=7-4=3 bit shift register

Indicates Considex $g(x) = 1+x+x^3$ It is known that g(x), xg(x), x2g(x) &x3g(x) also represent the code vector polynomial of the same cyclic code. 9(x) = 1101000 x.9(x) = 0110100 $\infty^2 \cdot q(\infty) = 0011010$ $x^3.q(x) = 0001101$ ·: |G] = |01110100 m is sharing your screen. 000;1101

$$\frac{x^{2} \cdot g(x)}{x^{3} \cdot g(x)} = \frac{00011010}{00011010}$$

$$\frac{x^{3} \cdot g(x)}{x^{3} \cdot g(x)} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{10000}{10000}$$

$$\frac{000 \cdot 1100100}{11001000}$$

$$\frac{000 \cdot 1100100}{11001000}$$

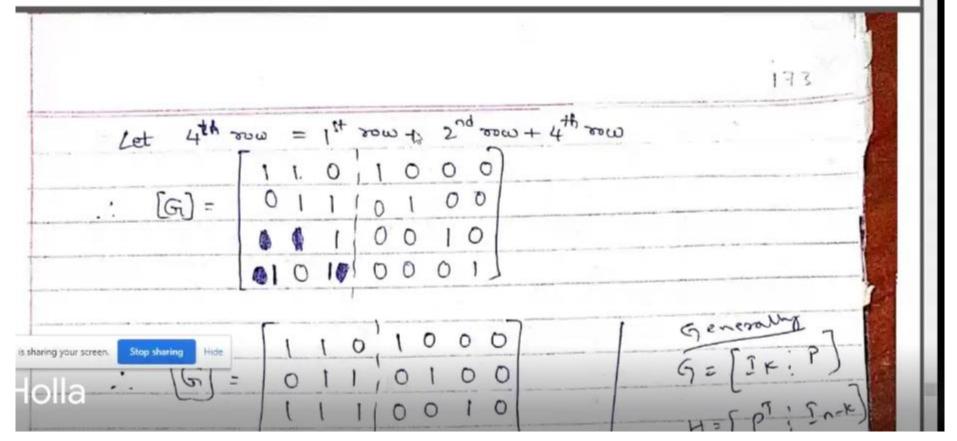
$$\frac{000 \cdot 110010}{11001000}$$

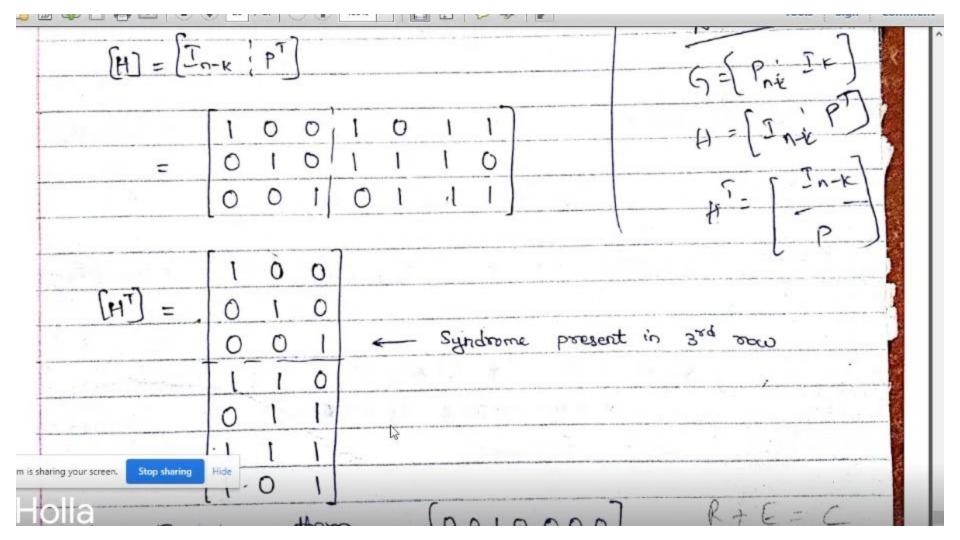
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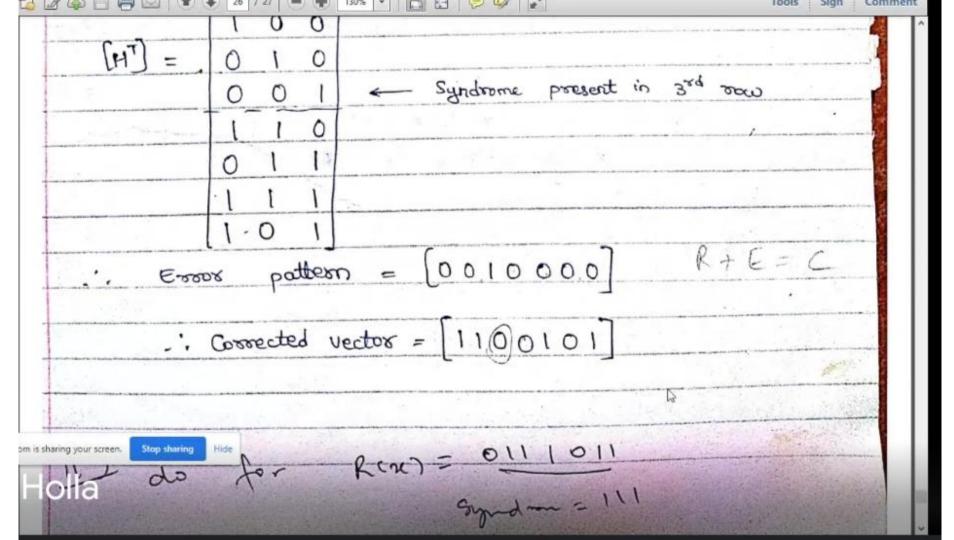
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A (15,5) Algebraic code (cyclic) is generated using generator polynomial g(x) = 1+x+x2+x4+x5+x8+sc10 i) Draw block diagram of encodes ii) Find code polynomial for message polynomial d=1+x2+x4 using encodex diagram d = (10101) g(x) = (11101100101)