Supplementary Problems

Discrete Fourier Series

6.40 Find the DFS coefficients for the sequence

$$\tilde{x}(n) = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n}{10}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2\pi n}{10}\right)$$

- **6.41** Find the DFS coefficients for the sequence of period N = 8 whose first four values are equal to 1 and the last four are equal to 0.
- **6.42** If $\tilde{x}(n)$ is a periodic sequence with a period N,

$$x(n) = x(n + N)$$

 $\tilde{x}(n)$ is also periodic with period 3N. Let $\tilde{X}(k)$ denote the DFS coefficient of $\tilde{x}(n)$ when considered to be periodic with a period N, and let $\tilde{X}_3(k)$ be the DFS coefficients of $\tilde{x}(n)$ when considered to be periodic with a period 3N. Express the DFS coefficients $\tilde{X}_3(k)$ in terms of $\tilde{X}(k)$.

6.43 If the DFS coefficients of a periodic sequence $\tilde{x}(n)$ are real, $\tilde{X}(k) = \tilde{X}^*(k)$, what does this imply about $\tilde{x}(n)$?

The Discrete Fourier Transform

- **6.44** Find the 10-point DFT of each of the following sequences:
 - (a) $x(n) = \delta(n) + \delta(n-5)$
 - (b) x(n) = u(n) u(n-6)
- **6.45** Find the 10-point DFT of the sequence

$$x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}n\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{5}n\right)$$

6.46 Find the 10-point inverse DFT of

$$X(k) = \begin{cases} 3 & k = 0 \\ 2 & k = 3, 7 \\ 1 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

6.47 Find the *N*-point DFT of the sequence

$$x(n) = (-1)^n \qquad 0 \le n \le N - 1$$

where N is an even number.

6.48 Find the 16-point inverse DFT of

$$X(k) = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{16}3k\right) + 3j\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{16}5k\right)$$

DFT Properties

6.49 If x(n) is a finite-length sequence of length four with a four-point DFT X(k), find the four-point DFT of each of the following sequences in terms of X(k):

(a)
$$x(n) + \delta(n)$$

- (b) $x((3-n))_4$
- (c) $\frac{1}{2}[x(n) + x^*((-n))_4]$
- **6.50** If X(k) is the 10-point DFT of the sequence

$$x(n) = \delta(n-1) + 2\delta(n-4) - \delta(n-7)$$

what sequence, y(n), has a 10-point DFT

$$Y(k) = 2X(k)\cos\left(\frac{6\pi k}{N}\right)$$

- 6.51 If the 10-point DFTs of $x(n) = \delta(n) \delta(n-1)$ and h(n) = u(n) u(n-10) are X(k) and H(k), respectively, find the sequence w(n) that corresponds to the 10-point inverse DFT of the product H(k)X(k).
- **6.52** Let x(n) be a sequence that is zero outside the interval [0, N-1] with a z-transform X(z). If

$$y(n) = x(n) + x(N - n)$$

find the 2N-point DFT of y(n), and express it in terms of X(z).

- **6.53** If x(n) is real and x(n) = x(N-n), what can you say about the N-point DFT of x(n)?
- **6.54** If $x(n) = \delta(n) + 2\delta(n-2) \delta(n-5)$ has a 10-point DFT X(k), find the inverse DFT of (a) Re[X(k)] and (b) Im[X(k)].
- **6.55** If x(n) has an N-point DFT X(k), find the N-point DFT of $y(n) = \cos(2\pi n/N)x(n)$.
- **6.56** Find the inverse DFT of $Y(k) = |X(k)|^2$ where X(k) is the 10-point DFT of the sequence x(n) = u(n) u(n 6).
- **6.57** If X(k) is the N-point DFT of x(n), what is the N-point DFT of the sequence y(n) = X(n)?
- **6.58** Evaluate the sum

$$S = \sum_{n=0}^{15} x_1(n) x_2^*(n)$$

when

$$x_1(n) = \cos\left(\frac{3\pi n}{8}\right)$$

and

$$X_2(k) = 3$$
 $0 \le k \le 15$

Sampling the DTFT

6.59 The z-transform of the sequence

$$x(n) = u(n) - u(n-7)$$

is sampled at five points around the unit circle,

$$X(k) = X(z)|_{z=e^{j2\pi k/5}}$$
 $k = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$

Find the inverse DFT of X(k).

Linear Convolution Using the DFT

- 6.60 How many DFTs and inverse DFTs of length N = 128 are necessary to linearly convolve a sequence x(n) of length 1000 with a sequence h(n) of length 64 using the overlap-add method? Repeat for the overlap-save method.
- A sequence x(n) of length $N_1 = 100$ is circularly convolved with a sequence h(n) of length $N_2 = 64$ using DFTs of length N = 128. For what values of n will the circular convolution be equal to the linear convolution?