

Experiment 6.

AIM: Write a C Program to implement Sliding window protocol for Goback N.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <time.h>

#define WINDOW_SIZE 4 // Example window size

void sender(int total_frames) {
    int frames_sent = 0;
    int next_frame_to_send = 0;
    int ack_expected = 0;

    printf("Sender: Starting transmission...\n");

    while (ack_expected < total_frames) {
        // Send frames within the window
        for (int i = 0; i < WINDOW_SIZE && (next_frame_to_send < total_frames); i++) {
            printf("Sender: Sending Frame %d\n", next_frame_to_send);
            frames_sent++;
            next_frame_to_send++;
        }

        // Simulate acknowledgment or timeout
        // For simplicity, we'll assume a random success/failure for the first frame in the window
        // In a real scenario, this involves timers and actual network communication
        if (rand() % 5 != 0) { // Simulate successful ACK for the first frame in the window
            printf("Receiver: Acknowledgment received for Frame %d\n", ack_expected);
```

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        ack_expected++;
    } else { // Simulate timeout or lost ACK

        printf("Sender: Timeout! Retransmitting from Frame %d\n", ack_expected);

        next_frame_to_send = ack_expected; // Go back N
    }

    printf("\n");
}

printf("Sender: All frames transmitted successfully.\n");
}

```

```

int main() {

    srand(time(NULL)); // Seed for random number generation

    int total_frames;

    printf("Enter the total number of frames to send: ");

    scanf("%d", &total_frames);

    sender(total_frames);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT