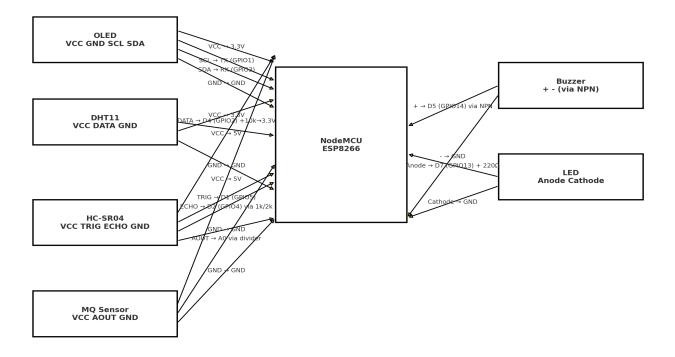
NodeMCU ESP8266 Project Wiring Guide

This document contains the wiring reference for your NodeMCU ESP8266 project with OLED, DHT11, HC-SR04, MQ Sensor, Buzzer, and LED.

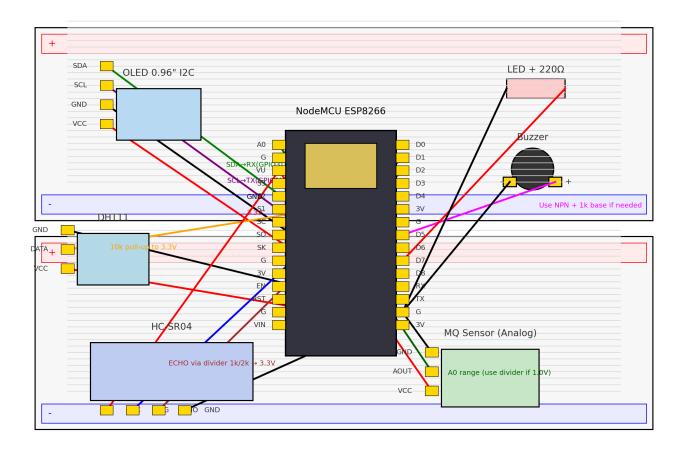
Wiring Table

Component	Pin	NodeMCU Pin	GPIO	Notes
OLED (SSD1306 I2C)	VCC	3.3V		Power
OLED (SSD1306 I2C)	GND	GND		Ground
OLED (SSD1306 I2C)	SCL	TX	GPIO1I2C	Clock (as per your table; typical is D1)
OLED (SSD1306 I2C)	SDA	RX	GPIO3 I2C	Data (as per your table; typical is D2)
DHT11	VCC	3.3V		Power
DHT11	DATA	D4	GP10/02ire d	ata; add 10k pull-up to 3.3V if needed
DHT11	GND	GND		Ground
HC-SR04	VCC	5V		Power
HC-SR04	Trig	D1	GPIO5	Trigger
HC-SR04	Echo	D2	GPIO4	Echo via 1k/2k divider to 3.3V
HC-SR04	GND	GND		Ground
MQ Gas Sensor (Analog)	VCC	5V		Power
MQ Gas Sensor (Analog)	GND	GND		Ground
MQ Gas Sensor (Analog)	AOUT	A0	ADD 100 bugh	divider to match A0 range (see note)
Buzzer (TMB12A12 active)	+	D5	GPIO14	Drive via NPN transistor + 1k base
Buzzer (TMB12A12 active)	-	GND		Ground
LED (external)	Anode +	D7	GPIO13	Series 220Ω resistor
LED (external)	Cathode -	GND		Ground

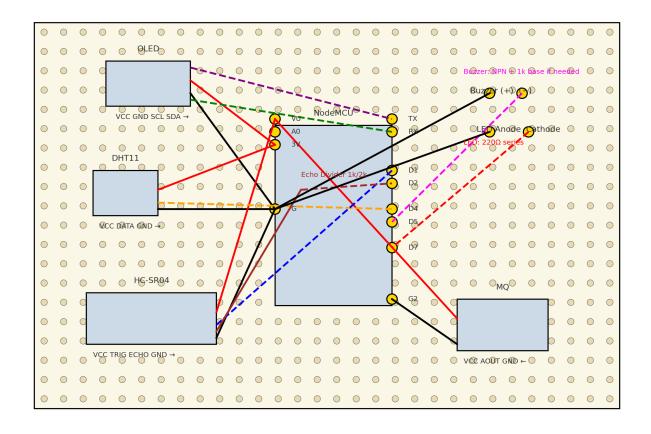
Schematic Diagram



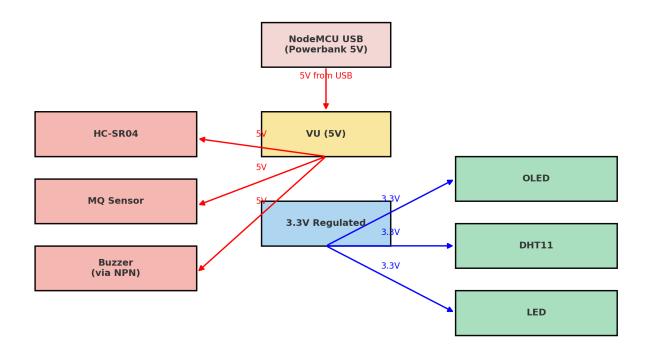
Breadboard Realistic Wiring (Prototype)



Perfboard Soldering Layout (Permanent Assembly)



Power Distribution Diagram



Note:
- MQ & HC-SR04 need 5V from VU (USB 5V)
- OLED & DHT11 use 3.3V regulator
- LED on 3.3V (with series resistor)
- Buzzer powered from 5V but driven via GPIO+transistor

Important Build Notes:

- OLED on TX/RX pins (GPIO1/GPIO3). Avoid Serial.print while OLED connected.
- HC-SR04 Echo requires a voltage divider (5V to 3.3V).
- MQ Sensor AOUT may require divider depending on NodeMCU version (1.0V vs 3.3V A0).
- Buzzer should be driven via NPN transistor + 1k base resistor, diode if coil type.
- LED should have 220Ω series resistor.
- Powerbank (≥1A) is recommended for stable operation.